UNITED STATES ACADEMIC DECATHLON®

ECONOMICS PRACTICE TEST

2017-2018

INSTRUCTIONS: On your answer sheet, mark the lettered space (a, b, c, d, or e) corresponding to the answer that BEST completes or answers each of the following test items.

- 1. In an economy, the nominal GDP is \$10,000 and the supply of money is \$1,000. In this case, what is the velocity of money?
 - a. 10,000
 - b. 1,000
 - c. 9,000
 - d. 10
 - e. 1
- 2. There are salmon and minnows in a lake. Fisherman Stacey is able to catch 7 salmon in an hour or 6 minnows in an hour. Fisherman Joan, however, can only catch 5 salmon an hour or 3 minnows an hour. In this case, Fisherman Stacey is said to have
 - a. an adequate aberration
 - b. an absolute advantage
 - c. a production possibility
 - d. an unequal advantage
 - e. a better work ethic
- 3. Shifts in the demand curve are caused by all of the following EXCEPT
 - a. technology
 - b. consumer income
 - c. prices of related goods
 - d. consumer expectations
 - e. consumer tastes
- 4. The country of Wifivia has \$30 million in currency, \$75 million in nonbank travelers checks, and \$30 million in checking deposits. Wifivia also has \$50 million in credit card credit, \$25 million in citizen savings accounts, and \$80 million in retail money funds. What is Wifivia's total money stock?
 - a. \$5.145 billion
 - b. \$290 million
 - c. \$210 million
 - d. \$240 million
 - e. \$160 million

5.	One of	f the earliest known theorists who discussed the principles of economics was
	a.	Marcus Aurelius
	b.	Adam Smith
	c.	Aristotle
	d.	Jean Jacque Rousseau
	e.	Vegetius
6.		market model, when the price of a commodity is below the equilibrium price, there will be that commodity.
	a.	market collapse
	b.	excess demand
	c.	market balance
	d.	excess supply
	e.	equilibrium
7.		price of a can of soda falls 25% and the daily demand for soda increases by 15%, then the price city of soda cans is
	a.	0.5
	b.	0.25
	c.	0.6
	d.	0.45
	e.	1
8.		will pay \$40 for a necklace. Casey will pay \$55, Kwajo will pay \$80, Vanka will pay \$90, and Justin bay \$70. If the hat costs \$40, which potential buyer is the marginal buyer?
	a.	Elise
	b.	Casey
	c.	Kwajo
	d.	Vanka
	e.	Justin
9.		rding to economic estimates, approximately how many Africans are there for each government nistrator?
	a.	32,000
	b.	28,000
	c.	16,000
	d.	38,000
	e.	19,000
10.	Whic	ch of the following was the first African colony to become independent in 1957?
	a.	Ghana
	b.	South Africa
	c.	Zaire
	d.	Zimbabwe
	e.	Tonga
		o

- 11. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics calculates this monthly, by measuring the cost of purchasing a market basket of goods and services intended to be representative of the consumption of a typical consumer.
 - a. Customer Purchasing Index
 - b. Client Price Increment
 - c. Customer Price Index
 - d. Consumer Penalty Increment
 - e. Consumer Price Index
- 12. Shifts in the supply curve can be caused by all of the following factors EXCEPT
 - a. number of sellers in the market
 - b. changes in technology
 - c. number of buyers in the market
 - d. supplier expectations
 - e. the input prices
- 13. The line on a graph that estimates a demand schedule is called the
 - a. demand line
 - b. demand trend
 - c. demand curve
 - d. demand estimate
 - e. demand variable
- 14. The price and quantity sold of any chosen commodity in a market economy is determined by
 - a. all buyers in the market
 - b. all sellers in the market
 - c. a special subset of buyers in the market
 - d. all buyers and sellers in the market
 - e. a specially subset of sellers in the market
- 15. All of the paper bills and coins in the hands of the public is called
 - a. spoils
 - b. currency
 - c. specie
 - d. cash
 - e. barters
- 16. If depositors begin to fear that they may not be able to withdraw their deposits, they will hurry to the bank to get their deposits ahead of other depositors. This is called a(n)
 - a. inflation rush
 - b. quick run
 - c. reserve encounter
 - d. bank run
 - e. money sprint

17.	This is others.	the term that indicates using political influence to increase one's economic profits at the expense of
	a.	recession
	b.	pork barrel politics
	c.	gerrymandering
	d.	rent seeking
	e.	tragedy of the commons
18.		rs want to purchase 8,000 gallons of gasoline at \$2.00 per gallon but suppliers want to sell 9,000 at \$2.00 per gallon, this state is referred to as
	a.	equal demand
	b.	excess supply
	c.	unfulfilled demand
	d.	excess demand
	e.	equilibrium state
19.		ing to Okun's Law, if cyclical unemployment increased from 1% to 2% , then the output gap would m 2% to $_\{\%}$.
	a.	3
	b.	4
	c.	5
	d.	6
	e.	7
20.		ntry has a population of 100 million and that country's GDP is \$7 billion per year, that country's GDP per capita?
	a.	\$70,000
	b.	\$7,000
	c.	\$700
	d.	\$70
	e.	\$7
21.	This me trade.	edieval African kingdom experienced significant economic prosperity due in large part to the gold
	a.	the Kingdom of Egypt
	b.	the Kingdom of the Sahara
	c.	the Kingdom of Mali
	d.	the Kingdom of Senusi
	e.	the Kingdom of the Kongo

- 22. According to modern historical estimates, what was the volume of the African slave trade?
 - 4 million people a.
 - b.
 - 6 million people 8 million people c.
 - d. 10 million people
 - 12 million people

- 23. This was developed with the intention of capturing the ability of people in a given country "to lead a long and healthy life, to acquire knowledge and to have access to resources needed for a decent standard of living."
 - a. Human Expenditure Index
 - b. Consumer Price Index
 - c. Personal Capacity Index
 - d. Individual Expenditure Index
 - e. Human Development Index
- 24. An oligopoly is a market involving
 - a. a single seller
 - b. only one consumer
 - c. only a few sellers
 - d. multiple consumers
 - e. a market with a nearly infinite number of sellers
- 25. There is only one point where the supply and demand curves will intersect. This is the point at which the market is at
 - a. symmetry
 - b. balance
 - c. equity
 - d. equilibrium
 - e. balance
- 26. If an economy's total output is \$200 million per year and that economy has 100,000 workers, what is that economy's average labor productivity?
 - a. \$25,000
 - b. \$2,000
 - c. \$4,000
 - d. \$200
 - e. \$1,000
- 27. In an economy where ten people produce \$100 worth of goods and services, which situation is NOT Pareto efficient?
 - a. Each citizen receives \$9 in benefits.
 - b. One citizen receives \$99.10 in benefits and the rest receive \$0.10 each.
 - c. Every citizen receives \$10 in benefits.
 - d. Four citizens receive \$20 in benefits, two citizens receive \$5 in benefits, and the rest receive \$2.50.
 - e. One citizen receives \$91 in benefits and the rest receive \$1 each.
- 28. Which of the following is considered the central topic of microeconomics?
 - a. highs and lows
 - b. cause and effect
 - c. supply and demand
 - d. ups and downs
 - e. gain and loss

29.	For mo	ost goods, also called normal goods, when income, the quantity demanded
	a.	rises, stays the same
	b.	rises, falls
	c.	stays the same, falls
	d.	falls, falls
	e.	falls, rises
30.	When	exports exceed imports, economists say that the country is running a trade
	a.	deficit
	b.	shortfall
	c.	margin
	d.	bonus
	e.	surplus
31.	The rec	current alternation of expansions and recessions in an economy is referred to as the
	a.	business cycle
	b.	business rotation
	c.	business oscillation
	d.	business institution
	e.	business plan
32.		e two decades of economic growth since the late 1990s, the levels of this statistic are only now ng to levels reached 50 years ago.
	a.	unemployment
	b.	GDP per capita
	c.	per capita income
	d.	CPI
	e.	GDP
33.		el will pay \$40 for a ticket to a football game. Anja will pay \$60 for that ticket, and Lindsey will pay if the price of the ticket is \$40, what is the total consumer surplus Michael, Anja and Lindsey receive?
	a.	\$120
	b.	\$100
	c.	\$40
	d.	\$220
	e.	\$180
34.		graphing a buyer's willingness to pay for a good, the total area below the demand curve and above the price measures
	a.	consumer surplus
	b.	producer availability
	c.	consumer excess
	d.	producer surplus
	e.	consumer equilibrium

35.		any particular outcome, economists would say that it was efficient if there is no way to we at least one person's well-being without reducing the well-being of someone else.
	a.	Keynes
	b.	Pareto
	c.	Smith
	d.	Preston
	e.	Rousseau
36.		or Gross Domestic Product, is the measure of the total quantity of goods and services produced in a y's economy, adjusted to remove the effects of
	a.	imported goods
	b.	global disruption of trade
	c.	environmental changes
	d.	unemployment
	e.	inflation
37.		ding to some economists, the presence or absence of which factor(s) of production influence relative, and therefore the structure of both economic and political institutions?
	a.	land
	b.	labor
	c.	capital
	d.	both land and labor
	e.	land, labor, and capital
38.	Price _	of demand measures how much the quantity demanded responds to a change in price.
	a.	supply
	b.	excess
	c.	elasticity
	d.	addition
	e.	augmentation
39.		ime, people will buy more fuel-efficient cars, move closer to their jobs, and make other changes that low them to more significantly reduce their demand. This adjustment taking time is referred to as the
	a.	time distance
	b.	time elasticity
	c.	time span
	d.	time horizon
	e.	time drift
40.		stic residents of a country purchase foreign capital or financial assets totaling \$6 million while ners purchase \$4 million in domestic assets. Given this state, what is the net capital outflow of that y?
	a.	\$24 million
	b.	\$2 million
	c.	\$6 million
	d.	\$4 million
	e.	\$10 million

41.	The pu	urchasing of Rockefeller Center by Mitsubishi in 1989 is an example of
	a.	financial coordination
	b.	foreign proxy purchasing
	c.	net capital outflow
	d.	foreign direct investment
	e.	portfolio investment
42.	Thic to	rea of economics uses the tools of economic analysis to describe and explain economic phenomens and
42.		rpe of economics uses the tools of economic analysis to describe and explain economic phenomena and the predictions about what will happen under particular circumstances.
	a.	normative economics
	b.	consumptive economics
	c.	efficiency economics
	d.	positive economics
	e.	predictive economics
43.		y goods are substitutes when a in the price of one good causes a in the quantity ded of another.
	a.	decline, stagnation
	b.	growth, stagnation
	c.	decline, reduction
	d.	increase, reduction
	e.	decline, increase
44.	If an e	conomy sells 50 coats at \$25 per coat and 80 computers at \$300 per computer, the GDP of that my is
	a.	\$22,750
	b.	\$325
	c.	\$24,000
	d.	\$1,250
	e.	\$25,250
45.	The to	psoil in Africa, particularly in West Africa, limited opportunities for the of agricultural etion.
	a.	intensification
	b.	marginalization
	c.	augmentation
	d.	variability
	e.	proliferation
46.	Arour	ad 1500CE, which region had the GREATEST population density?
	a.	sub-Saharan Africa
	b.	Central and South America
	c.	North America
	d.	Western Europe
	e.	China

- 47. In a situation of unit elastic demand, elasticity equals
 - a. (
 - b. less than 1
 - c. 1
 - d. greater than 1
 - e. infinity
- 48. The tendency of government deficits to reduce private investment is called
 - a. crowding out
 - b. peripherizing
 - c. marginalizing
 - d. peripheral margins
 - e. boxing out
- 49. Which of the following was NOT a major trade route for the African slave exports between 1500 and 1800?
 - a. the Atlantic
 - b. East Africa
 - c. the Sahara
 - d. the Red Sea
 - e. South Africa
- 50. A family has to decide how much of its income they spend on food, clothing, and vacation travel. This is an example of
 - a. balancing
 - b. shortages
 - c. rarity
 - d. scarcity
 - e. comparatives

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ANSWER KEY

1. D 26. B 2. B 27. A 3. A 28. C 4. D 29. D 5. C 30. E 6. B 31. A 7. C 32. C 8. A 33. B 9. B 34. A 10. A 35. B 11. E 36. E 12. C 37. E 13. C 38. C 14. D 39. D
2. B 27. A 3. A 28. C 4. D 29. D 5. C 30. E 6. B 31. A 7. C 32. C 8. A 33. B 9. B 34. A 10. A 35. B 11. E 36. E 12. C 37. E 13. C 38. C
3. A 28. C 4. D 29. D 5. C 30. E 6. B 31. A 7. C 32. C 8. A 33. B 9. B 34. A 10. A 35. B 11. E 36. E 12. C 37. E 13. C 38. C
4. D 5. C 6. B 7. C 8. A 9. B 10. A 11. E 12. C 13. C
5. C 6. B 7. C 8. A 9. B 10. A 11. E 12. C 13. C
6. B 7. C 8. A 9. B 10. A 11. E 12. C 13. C
6. B 7. C 8. A 9. B 10. A 11. E 12. C 13. C
7. C 8. A 9. B 10. A 11. E 12. C 13. C
8. A 9. B 10. A 11. E 12. C 13. C 33. B 34. A 35. B 36. E 37. E 38. C
9. B 34. A 10. A 35. B 11. E 36. E 12. C 37. E 13. C 38. C
10. A 35. B 11. E 36. E 12. C 37. E 13. C 38. C
11. E 12. C 13. C 36. E 37. E 38. C
12. C 13. C 37. E 38. C
13. C 38. C
11. D
15. B 40. B
16. D 41. D
17. D 42. D
18. B 43. C
19. B 44. E
20. D 45. A
21. C 46. D
22. E 47. C
23. E 48. A
24. C 49. E
25. D 50 D