## **Summary: Lecture 9**

Summary for the chapter 10.3. [2, 1]

#### **Function problems**

#### Function problem

Finding a specific solution to a problem if possible, else return no.

- focus so far: languages deciding decision problems
- give *yes* or *no* as answer
- now: focus on finding a solution:
  - find satisfying truth assignment for a boolean expression
  - find optimal tour for Tsp
  - $\rightarrow$  function problems
- decision problems are helpful for negative results of function problems
- complexity of the decision problem helps to specify the complexity of the corresponding function problem

#### SAT and FSAT

#### SAT

The Sat (satisfiability) problem is the problem of determining if there exists an interpretation that satisfies a given Boolean formula. [3]

#### **FSAT**

The FSAT (satisfiability) problem is a function problem.

Given a boolean expression  $\phi$ .

If  $\phi$  is satisfiable, return a satisfying truth assignment and otherwise return no.

- for input  $\phi$  there might be no satisfying truth assignment
  - return no
- for input  $\phi$  there might be more than one satisfying truth assignment
  - return any satisfying truth assignment
- if SAT can be solved in polynomial time, FSAT can be solved in polynomial time, too

#### Algorithm for FSAT:

- expression  $\phi$  with variables  $x_1, ..., x_n$
- ask if  $\phi$  is satisfiable:
  - if no: stop and return no
  - if yes: come up with satisfying truth assignment

- \* consider two expressions:  $\phi[x_1 = \text{true}]$  and  $\phi[x_1 = \text{false}]$
- \* check which one is satisfiable (if both are, chose one)
- \* substitute the value of  $x_1$  in  $\phi$
- \* continue with  $x_2$
- \* at most 2n calls to find the satisfying truth assignment

#### Self-reducibilty:

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#### TODO

Self-reducibility

Questions:

## TSP and TSP(D)

### TSP(D)

Given a list of cities and the distances between each pair of cities.

Is there a possible route of length k that visits each city exactly once and returns to the origin city?

#### **TSP**

Given a list of cities and the distances between each pair of cities.

What is the shortest possible route that visits each city exactly once and returns to the origin city?

- solve Tsp with an algorithm for Tsp(D)
- find optimum cost C of the tour with binary search (between 0 and  $2^n$ )
- remove one intercity distance at a time to check if it is part of the optimal tour
- ullet after  $n^2$  calls only entries of the distance matrix are there that are used for the optimum tour

#### TODO

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algorithm TSP (?) maybe example (?) Questions:
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#### FP and FNP

#### Lanugage L

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L = \{x : (x, y) \in R \text{ for some } y\}
 L \text{ gets an input } x \text{ and finds a } y \text{ with } ((x, y) \in R \text{ and the relation } R \subseteq \Sigma^* \times \Sigma^*.
```

#### NP

The language  $L \subseteq \Sigma^*$  is in NP only if there is a polynomially decidable and polynomially balanced relation R such that  $L = \{x : (x, y) \in R \text{ for some } y\}.$ 

Relationship between decision and function problems:

- L is a lanuage in NP
  - Decision problem:

There is a string y with R(x, y) only if  $x \in L$ .

- Function problem:

Given x, find a string y such that R(x, y) if it exists, else return no.

Content

#### **FNP**

Content

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#### **TODO**

Questions:

## Reductions between function problems

#### Title

Content

- translate answers back to the original problem
- reduction is a pair (R, S):
  - -R translates input x to input x'
  - S translates result y' to result y
- A' is B there (A' does not exist on the slides)

#### TODO

Questions:

### How to prove FP = FNP?

## Title

Content

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### TODO

Questions:

## Computing a satisfying assignment bit by bit

Title
Content
• Sat' is a formular $\varphi$ plus an assignment that satisfies $\varphi$
$\bullet$ assignment as clauses that connects the single variables or their negation with $\wedge$
TODO Questions:
If FP=FNP optimuzation problems become easy
Title
Content
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TODO Questions:
Another argument
Title
Content
• cryptographic argument: if P=NP, no safe encoding exists
TODO Questions:
Total FNP
Title
Content
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TODO Questions:

# References

- [1] Martin Berglund. Lecture notes in Computational Complexity.
- [2] Christos H. Papadimitriou. Computational Complexity. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1994.
- [3] Prof. Dr. Thomas Schwentick. Lecture notes in Grundbegriffe der theoretischen Informatik. https://www.cs.tu-dortmund.de/nps/de/Studium/Ordnungen\_Handbuecher\_Beschluesse/Modulhandbuecher/Archiv/Bachelor\_LA\_GyGe\_Inf\_Modellv/\_Module/INF-BfP-GTI/index.html.