

Summary: Lecture 9

Summary for the chapter 10.3. [2, 1]

Function problems

Function problem

Finding a specific solution to a problem if possible, else return *no*.

- focus so far: languages deciding decision problems
- give *yes* or *no* as answer
- now: focus on finding a solution:
 - find satisfying truth assignment for a boolean expression
 - find optimal tour for TSP→ function problems
- decision problems are helpful for negative results of function problems
- complexity of the decision problem helps to specify the complexity of the corresponding function problem

SAT and FSAT

SAT

The SAT (satisfiability) problem is the problem of determining if there exists an interpretation that satisfies a given Boolean formula. [3]

FSAT

The FSAT (satisfiability) problem is a function problem.

Given a boolean expression ϕ .

If ϕ is satisfiable, return a satisfying truth assignment and otherwise return *no*.

- for input ϕ there might be no satisfying truth assignment
 - return *no*
- for input ϕ there might be more than one satisfying truth assignment
 - return any satisfying truth assignment
- if SAT can be solved in polynomial time, FSAT can be solved in polynomial time, too

TSP and TSP(D)

TSP(D)

Given a list of cities and the distances between each pair of cities.

Is there a shortest possible route that visits each city exactly once and returns to the origin city?

TSP

Given a list of cities and the distances between each pair of cities.

What is the shortest possible route that visits each city exactly once and returns to the origin city?

TODO

Questions:

FP and FNP

FP

Content

FNP

Content

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TODO

Questions:

Reductions between function problems

Title

Content

- translate answers back to the original problem
- reduction is a pair (R, S) :
 - R translates input x to input x'
 - S translates result y' to result y
- A' is B there (A' does not exist on the slides)

TODO

Questions:

How to prove $FP = FNP$?

Title

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Questions:

Computing a satisfying assignment bit by bit

Title
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- SAT' is a formula φ plus an assignment that satisfies φ
- assignment as clauses that connects the single variables or their negation with \wedge

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Questions:

If $FP=FNP$ optimization problems become easy

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Questions:

Another argument

Title
Content

- cryptographic argument: if $P=NP$, no safe encoding exists

TODO

Questions:

Total FNP

Title
Content

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TODO

Questions:

References

- [1] Martin Berglund. *Lecture notes in Computational Complexity*.
- [2] Christos H. Papadimitriou. *Computational Complexity*. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, 1994.
- [3] Prof. Dr. Thomas Schwentick. *Lecture notes in Grundbegriffe der theoretischen Informatik*.
https://www.cs.tu-dortmund.de/nps/de/Studium/Ordnungen_Handbuecher_Beschluesse/Modulhandbuecher/Archiv/Bachelor_LA_GyGe_Inf_Modellv/_Module/INF-BfP-GTI/index.html.