

UMEÅ UNIVERSITY

MANAGING THE DIGITAL ENTERPRISE

Individual Assignment 2

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1 Digital Transformation in Incumbent Companies

Digitalization is a defining force in today's business landscape, reshaping company's operations and competitive strategies across various industries. They are changing constantly and rapidly to adapt to shifting market conditions and evolving circumstances. This transformation has also an impact on incumbent companies. [7, 12]

Incumbent company

Incumbent company refers to a well-established entity that has a significant presence and history within a particular industry or market. These companies have been in operation for a long period, often for many years or decades, and have typically achieved a level of market leadership, brand recognition, and customer base. [9, 10]

The adaptation of incumbent companies to the digital progress is often a necessity to remain relevant and competitive in a world where technology and customer expectations are constantly changing. [9, 10]

The digital transformation alters whole businesses and their strategies by focussing more on the customer. Incumbent companies are particularly facing challenges in changing and adapting quickly, because their organizational structures and strategies have already been executed without change for many years. [7]

Three key factors related to the digitalization of the business and technology environments around incumbent companies and their motivations for engaging in digital transformation are described below.

1.1 Customer Expectations

Changing customer expectations due to digitalization are an aspect of the evolving business landscape. As technology advances, consumers have come to expect seamless and personalized experiences when interacting with businesses, including e-commerce, mobile apps, personal recommendations or customer service. Consumers demand easy access, instant responses, and tailored solutions. [1, 6, 7, 9, 10]

In the following are listed some aspects of the change in customer expectations due to digitalization:

- **Personalization and Customization:**

Digitalization enables businesses to collect and analyse data about their customers. As a result, customers expect a more personalized and tailored experience. They even expect that businesses will use their data to provide recommendations, promotions, and content that align with their preferences and behaviours. [6, 7, 9, 10]

One example for a company that has a tight connection with their customers wishes is the active wear brand Popflex¹. They redesign their clothes with the feedback and wishes of their customers, to make it fit on different body types and be as practical as possible.

- **Convenience and Accessibility:**

The convenience of digital channels, such as e-commerce websites, mobile apps, and online services, are the new standard. Customers expect quick and easy access to products, services, and information. [7, 10]

- **Customer Support and Real-Time Interactions:**

The internet has enabled real-time communication, which lead customers to expect quick responses and solutions. This includes not only customer support but also the way businesses handle transactions and other processes. Social media platforms and instant messaging services have created an expectation of immediate communication. [6, 9, 10]

- **Transparency and Trust:**

Digitalization has increased the transparency of company practices, making it easier for customers to access information about the products, prices and processes of a company. Customers now expect honesty and integrity from businesses. Any discrepancy between a company's digital image and its real-world actions can lead to a loss of trust. Customers even expect businesses to show a commitment to sustainability and social responsibility. [3]

- **User-Friendly Design and Social Media Marketing:**

The design and usability of digital interfaces and the digital marketing on social media have become crucial. Customers expect intuitive, user-friendly websites and applications and suitable social media marketing, including product placements, promotions or crowd sourcing. A poor user experience can drive customers away, even if the product or service is valuable. [6] In addition to this, customers rely on reviews and forums and social proof when making purchasing decisions. They might even expect companies to provide a platform for reviews and actively respond to feedback. [6]

- **Security and Privacy:**

With the increased sharing and collecting of data, customers are more concerned about their privacy and data security. They expect businesses to take robust measures to protect their information and to be secure against cyber attacks. [7, 8]

Incumbent companies must adapt to these changing expectations to remain competitive. Traditional businesses are forced to establish an online presence and enhance their digital channels to engage with customers effectively. Companies that fail to meet these expectations risk losing relevance on the market. [6, 7, 9, 10]

¹The brand can be found at <https://www.popflexactive.com/> and the designer of the clothes is really strong at social media marketing, for example at <https://www.youtube.com/@blogilates>.

1.2 Data-Driven Decision-Making

The digital environment enables companies the option to collect big amounts of data that can be analysed for insights, predictions, and informed decision-making. Companies that effectively use data analytics can have a competitive advantage by understanding customer behaviour, optimizing their operations and predicting trends. [4, 7]

In the following are listed some advantages and applications of data-driven decision-making:

- **Personalization and Targeting:**

Digitalization and the information that was gained by collected data allows personalized and targeted marketing and product recommendations. A certain level of personalization enhances the customer experience and can increase sales. [4, 6]

- **Operational Efficiency:**

Data-driven decision-making is not only applied to improve the customer experience. Businesses can optimize their internal processes and operations by analyzing data to identify bottlenecks, inefficiencies, and areas for improvement. This can result in cost decreasing and increased productivity. [4]

- **Predictive Analytics:**

Digitalization enables companies to use analytics and predict market trends and customer preferences. [4, 7, 10]

- **Market Responsiveness:**

Today's markets are changing rapidly. Data-driven decision-making enables companies to respond to these changes more effectively or even in real-time. They can quickly identify trends and adapt their strategies to new market demands. [4, 9, 10]

Organizations that use data-driven decision-making are enabled to have a significant competitive advantage. They can make informed decisions based on concrete data, leading to more successful business operations, including product launches, targeted marketing campaigns and optimized supply chains. Data-driven decision-making enables companies to stay competitive. [4, 9, 10]

1.3 New Technologies

The digitalization of the business environment has introduced new technologies. Innovations like artificial intelligence (AI), blockchain, Internet of Things (IoT), and data analytics are reshaping industries and enabling new business models. [2, 4, 5, 11]

New Technologies

AI	Artificial Intelligence is the use of computer systems to perform tasks that typically require human intelligence. [2]
Blockchain	Blockchain is a distributed ledger technology to record and verify transactions across a network of computers. [11]
IoT	The Internet of Things refers to a network of interconnected devices and objects. [5]
Data analytics	Data analytics involves the examination of data sets to extract valuable insights, patterns, and trends (Section 1.2). [4]

These technologies offer companies new tools to enhance their operations, optimize processes, and create innovative products and services. Businesses that adapt to these technologies can gain a significant competitive advantage. Companies that do not implement digital transformation risk falling behind and decreasing their success to competitors that better understand and adapt to today's changing market dynamics.

In summary, adapting to changing customer expectations (Section 1.1) and the advantages of data-driven decision-making (Section 1.2) and new technologies (Section 1.3) motivate incumbent companies to engage in digital transformation. Adapting to these aspects is crucial for their long-term success and companies that do not implement these changes risk losing relevance on the market.

2 Key challenges for established companies

The digital transformation of incumbent companies can lead to challenges due to their existing structures, cultures, and customer bases. Some potential key challenges are listed below.

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1. **Legacy Systems and Technical Debt:** Many established companies have older IT infrastructure and systems that may not easily integrate with newer digital technologies. Upgrading or replacing these systems can be complex and costly.
2. **Cultural Resistance:** A significant challenge is overcoming resistance to change within the organization. Employees and leadership may be accustomed to traditional ways of doing things and may resist adopting digital practices.
3. **Lack of Digital Expertise:** Traditional companies might not have in-house expertise in digital technologies, which can hinder decision-making and execution of digital transformation strategies.
4. **Regulatory and Compliance Issues:** Companies in highly regulated industries, like finance or healthcare, may face regulatory challenges when integrating digital solutions, as they must adhere to strict compliance standards.
5. **Customer Transition:** Transitioning existing customers to new digital platforms or services can be challenging, as they may be used to the traditional business model and reluctant to change.
6. **Data Security and Privacy:** As digital transformation often involves the collection and use of vast amounts of data, companies must ensure robust data security and privacy measures to protect customer information.
7. **Scalability and Performance:** Ensuring that digital solutions can scale to meet increasing demands while maintaining performance is a significant concern, particularly for companies with a large customer base.
8. **Competitive Disruption:** Digital transformation can attract new, agile competitors who can disrupt traditional markets and challenge established companies' market share.
9. **Cost Management:** Digital transformation projects can be expensive, and cost overruns are common. Companies need to manage costs effectively to ensure a positive return on investment.
10. **Talent Attraction and Retention:** Attracting and retaining digital talent is a challenge, as these individuals are in high demand, and established companies may not be perceived as attractive as startups or tech giants.

11. **Change Management:** Effectively managing change within the organization is crucial. Leaders need to communicate the vision, provide necessary training, and build a culture that supports digital innovation.
12. **Integration of Ecosystem Partners:** Establishing and managing partnerships with other digital players, startups, or technology providers can be complex and requires a different approach to traditional business relationships.

To overcome these challenges, established companies need a well-defined digital transformation strategy, leadership buy-in, a willingness to invest in technology and talent, and a clear roadmap for gradual adoption of digital solutions, all while keeping a close eye on the evolving digital landscape.

3 Strategies for overcoming challenges

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