Chemical compounds

Chemical compounds are a great real-world illustration of ratio and proportion. A chemical compound like water, H_2O , is made up of two hydrogen atoms and one oxygen atom, and in these kinds of chemical compound problems, you can figure out the proportion of the hydrogen compared to the entire compound, or the proportion of oxygen compared to the entire compound.

In other words, in this lesson we'll learn how to find the molar mass of a chemical compound given the molar masses of the elements (of the periodic table) that make up the compound, and how to find the molar mass of an individual element in a compound given the molar mass of the compound.

The molar mass of a compound is the sum of products of the molar masses of the elements that make up the compound and the numbers of atoms of those elements in one molecule of that compound.

Molar mass is measured in **grams per mole**, which is often abbreviated g/mol.

Let's look at a few examples.

Example

Find the molar mass of table sugar.

Table sugar has the molecular formula $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$.



Carbon has a molar mass of 12.01 g/mol.

Hydrogen has a molar mass of 1.01 g/mol.

Oxygen has a molar mass of 16.00 g/mol.

You can see that one molecule of table sugar $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$ has 12 carbon atoms, 22 hydrogen atoms, and 11 oxygen atoms.

Multiply the numbers of atoms by the corresponding molar masses, and add them up.

carbon:

12(12.01) = 144.12 g in 1 mole of table sugar

hydrogen:

22(1.01) = 22.22 g in 1 mole of table sugar

oxygen:

11(16.00) = 176.00 g in 1 mole of table sugar

Find the total.

144.12 + 22.22 + 176.00 = 342.34 g in 1 mole of table sugar

Therefore, the molar mass of table sugar is 342.34 g/mol.

Let's look at an example where we know the molar mass of a compound and we want the molar mass of an individual element in that compound.

Example



What is the mass of cadmium in one mole of cadmium carbonate?

Cadmium carbonate is made of cadmium, carbon, and oxygen; its molecular formula is CdCO₃

CdCO₃ has a molar mass of about 172.42 g/mol.

Carbon has a molar mass of 12.01 g/mol.

Oxygen has a molar mass of 16.00 g/mol.

We haven't been told the molar mass of cadmium, so we'll use the variable x for that unknown quantity.

Let's summarize the information we have about cadmium carbonate.

cadmium: 1x = x g in 1 mole of cadmium carbonate

carbon: 1(12.01) = 12.01 g in 1 mole of cadmium carbonate

oxygen: 3(16.00) = 48.00 g in 1 mole of cadmium carbonate

CdCO₃: 172.42 g/mol

Now let's set up an equation to solve for the molar mass of cadmium.

$$x + 12.01 + 48.00 = 172.42$$

$$x + 60.01 = 172.42$$

$$x = 112.41 \text{ g/mol}$$

In this case we know that the mass of cadmium in one mole of cadmium carbonate is 112.41 g, because there is only one cadmium atom in a molecule of cadmium carbonate.

