Topic: Trichotomy

Question: Which answer best illustrates the idea of trichotomy?

Answer choices:

A If
$$a = b$$
 and $b = c$, then $a = c$

B If
$$x \not\geq y$$
, then $x < y$

C If
$$x > y$$
, then $x > y$

D
$$x = 3$$

Solution: B

Trichotomy is the idea that the relationship between two numbers a and b is always defined in one of three ways:

$$a = b$$

Answer choice B illustrates the trichotomy by saying that if $x \not> y$ and $x \neq y$, then it must be true that x < y, because we've removed two of the three options in the trichotomy, leaving only one option.



Topic: Trichotomy

Question: Solve the inequality.

$$4(1-x) \nleq 5(2-x)$$

Answer choices:

A
$$x < -6$$

B
$$x \ge -6$$

$$C x > 6$$

D
$$x < 6$$

Solution: C

Expand both sides by doing the multiplication.

$$4(1-x) \nleq 5(2-x)$$

$$4 - 4x \le 10 - 5x$$

Subtract 4 from both sides.

$$4 - 4x - 4 \not\leq 10 - 5x - 4$$

$$-4x \nleq 6 - 5x$$

Add 5x to both sides.

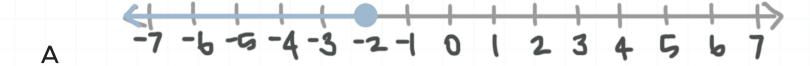
$$-4x + 5x \nleq 6 - 5x + 5x$$

If x is not less than 6 and also not equal to 6, the trichotomy law tells us that it must be greater than 6. Therefore, we can rewrite the solution as

Topic: Trichotomy

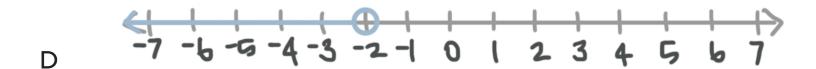
Question: Graph $2x - 1 \ge x - 3$ on a number line.

Answer choices:









Solution: A

First, simplify the inequality. Add 1 to both sides.

$$2x - 1 \not> x - 3$$

$$2x - 1 + 1 \ge x - 3 + 1$$

$$2x \not> x - 2$$

Subtract *x* from both sides.

$$2x - x \geqslant x - 2 - x$$

$$x \ge -2$$

If x is not greater than -2, the trichotomy law tells us that is must be less than or equal to -2. Therefore, we can rewrite the solution as $x \le -2$. A graph of that would look like

