**Topic**: Fractional exponents

**Question**: Choose the equivalent expression.

$$3^{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

## **Answer choices:**

$$A \qquad \frac{1}{3^2}$$

$$\mathsf{B} \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{9}}$$

C 
$$-3^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

D 
$$9^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Solution: B

First, we'll deal with the negative exponent.

Remember that

$$x^{-a} = \frac{1}{x^a}$$

and

$$x^a = \frac{1}{x^{-a}}$$

Therefore, we can rewrite  $3^{-2/3}$  as

$$\frac{1}{3^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

In the fractional exponent 2/3, 2 is the power and 3 is the root, which means we can rewrite the expression as

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3^2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{9}}$$

**Topic**: Fractional exponents

Question: Simplify the expression.

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

## **Answer choices:**

$$A \qquad \frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\mathsf{B} \qquad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

C 
$$\frac{1}{9}$$

D 
$$\frac{1}{3}$$

Solution: A

We can rewrite the expression by breaking up the exponent.

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\left[ \left( \frac{1}{3} \right)^3 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Raising a number to the power 1/2 is the same as taking the square root of that number, so we get

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{27}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1}}{\sqrt{27}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{9\cdot 3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{9}\sqrt{3}}$$

$\frac{1}{3\sqrt{3}}$										
2 /2	-									
3\13										

**Topic**: Fractional exponents

**Question**: Simplify the radical expression.

$$\sqrt[3]{6\sqrt{6}}$$

## **Answer choices:**

 $6^3$ Α

 $6^{\frac{2}{3}}$ В

C  $\sqrt{6}$ D  $\sqrt[3]{6^{\frac{1}{4}}}$ 

## Solution: C

We need to remember that  $\sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{1}{2}}$  and rewrite

$$\sqrt[3]{6\sqrt{6}}$$

as

$$\sqrt[3]{6\cdot 6^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{6 \cdot 6^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$
 $\sqrt[3]{6^1 \cdot 6^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ 

Since  $x^a \cdot x^b = x^{a+b}$ , we can add the exponents and get

$$\sqrt[3]{6^{1+\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{6^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

Since  $\sqrt[3]{x} = x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ , we can change the expression to

$$\left(6^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Now we have an expression of the form  $(6^c)^d$ , with c = 3/2 and d = 1/3, so we can multiply the exponents.

$$6^{\frac{3}{2}\cdot\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$6^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\sqrt{6}$$