

# Uniform motion

In this lesson we'll look at how to compare and solve for values of the variables in the equation

$$\text{Distance} = \text{Rate} \cdot \text{Time}$$

$$D = RT$$

when you have a case of uniform motion and a pair of related scenarios:

- a pair of scenarios with the same distance but different speeds and times,
- a pair of scenarios with the same speed but different distances and times, or
- a pair of scenarios with the same time but different distances and speeds.

Let's look at an example.

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## Example

One train leaves Station *A* at a constant speed and arrives at Station *B* in 8 hours. A second train leaves Station *A* at a constant rate of 40 mph and arrives at Station *B* in 10 hours. What was the speed of the first train?



Since each train is traveling at a uniform speed, we recognize this as a uniform motion problem. We can use subscripts to create a unique equation for each train. We'll call them Train 1 and Train 2.

$$\text{Train 1: } D_1 = R_1 T_1$$

$$\text{Train 2: } D_2 = R_2 T_2$$

Let's organize the information we know about each train.

Train 1:

$$D_1 = ?$$

$$R_1 = ?$$

$$T_1 = 8 \text{ hours}$$

Train 2:

$$D_2 = ?$$

$$R_2 = 40 \text{ mph}$$

$$T_2 = 10 \text{ hours}$$

Now let's plug this information into the equations for Train 1 and Train 2.

$$D_1 = R_1 T_1$$

$$D_1 = R_1 (8 \text{ hrs})$$

and



$$D_2 = R_2 T_2$$

$$D_2 = (40 \text{ mph})(10 \text{ hrs})$$

$$D_2 = 400 \text{ miles}$$

The two trains traveled the same distance ( $D_1 = D_2$ ), so we can equate the value we just found for  $D_2$  to the expression we found for  $D_1$  (and then solve for  $R_1$ ).

$$D_2 = D_1$$

$$400 \text{ miles} = r_1(8 \text{ hrs})$$

$$50 \text{ mph} = r_1$$

The first train traveled at a constant speed of 50 mph from Station  $A$  to Station  $B$ .

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Let's do another example.

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### Example

Cassie is driving at a constant rate of 30 mph on the highway. Four hours later, her friend Susan starts from the same point and drives at a constant rate of 60 mph and passes Cassie. How many hours had each woman been traveling at the time that Susan passed Cassie? And how far had each woman traveled at that time?



Since each woman is traveling at a uniform rate, we recognize this as a uniform motion problem, so we can use the equation  $D = RT$ , where  $D$  is the distance each of them traveled,  $R$  is the rate at which they traveled, and  $T$  is the time it took them to get to the place where Susan passed Cassie. We can use subscripts to set up a unique equation for each woman's travel.

$$\text{Cassie: } D_c = R_c T_c$$

$$\text{Susan: } D_s = R_s T_s$$

The problem tells us that Cassie traveled at a rate of 30 mph, that Susan traveled at a rate of 60 mph, and that it took Susan 4 hours less than Cassie to travel the same distance (because she left 4 hours later).

Let's set up what we know.

Cassie:

$$D_c = ?$$

$$R_c = 30 \text{ mph}$$

$$T_c = ?$$

$$D_c = (30 \text{ mph})T_c$$

Susan:

$$D_s = ?$$

$$R_s = 60 \text{ mph}$$



$$T_s = T_c - 4$$

$$D_s = (60 \text{ mph})(T_c - 4)$$

Cassie and Susan traveled the same distance ( $D_c = D_s$ ), so can equate the expression we found for  $D_c$  to the expression we found for  $D_s$  (and then solve for  $T_c$ ).

$$(30 \text{ mph})T_c = (60 \text{ mph})(T_c - 4)$$

$$\frac{(30 \text{ mph})T_c}{60 \text{ mph}} = \frac{(60 \text{ mph})(T_c - 4)}{60 \text{ mph}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}T_c = T_c - 4$$

$$\frac{1}{2}T_c - T_c = T_c - T_c - 4$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}T_c = -4$$

$$-2\left(-\frac{1}{2}T_c\right) = -2(-4)$$

$$T_c = 8 \text{ hours}$$

We now know that it took Cassie 8 hours to get to the point at which Susan passed her, so we can substitute 8 for  $T_c$  in the equation we found for  $T_s$  (and then compute the value of  $T_s$ ).

$$T_s = T_c - 4$$



$$T_s = 8 - 4$$

$$T_s = 4 \text{ hours}$$

Now that we have a rate and a time for both Cassie and Susan, we can find the distance that each of them traveled (and verify that it was the same for both of them).

Cassie:

$$D_c = R_c T_c$$

$$D_c = 30(8)$$

$$D_c = 240 \text{ miles}$$

Susan:

$$D_s = R_s T_s$$

$$D_s = 60(4)$$

$$D_s = 240 \text{ miles}$$

