

**Topic: Vertical Line Test**

**Question:** If a perfectly straight vertical line crosses a graph at more than one point, the graph fails the Vertical Line Test.

**Answer choices:**

- A      True
- B      False



**Solution: A**

A graph passes the Vertical Line Test if it's impossible to draw a perfectly straight vertical line that crosses the graph more than once.

If you can draw a perfectly straight vertical line that crosses the graph more than once, then the graph fails the Vertical Line Test, and the graph does not represent a function.



**Topic: Vertical Line Test**

**Question:** Which of the following will never pass the Vertical Line Test and therefore can never represent a function?

**Answer choices:**

- A      A horizontal line
- B      A graph that consists of six points all of which have different  $x$ -coordinates
- C      A “slanted” line (neither vertical nor horizontal)
- D      A circle



**Solution: D**

A graph fails the Vertical Line Test when you can draw a vertical line that crosses the graph more than once. Since you'll always be able to draw a vertical line that crosses the graph of a circle more than once, a circle will always fail the Vertical Line Test, and therefore can never represent a function.



**Topic: Vertical Line Test**

**Question:** Does the graph of the equation pass the Vertical Line Test?

$$2x^2 + 2y^2 = 18$$

**Answer choices:**

- A Yes, because  $2x^2 + 2y^2 = 18$  is a function.
- B No, because  $2x^2 + 2y^2 = 18$  is a function.
- C No, because  $2x^2 + 2y^2 = 18$  is not a function.
- D Yes, because  $2x^2 + 2y^2 = 18$  is not a function.



**Solution: C**

In order for a graph to pass the Vertical Line Test, it must be the graph of a function, because only functions pass the Vertical Line Test. The test is simply that a vertical line drawn at any point in the graph must only pass through it once.

The equation  $2x^2 + 2y^2 = 18$  is a circle. The graph of a circle allows for a vertical line to pass through it twice at many points, which means it automatically fails the Vertical Line Test. This means that a circle is not a function.

We could also solve the equation algebraically to prove that it doesn't represent a function.

$$2x^2 + 2y^2 = 18$$

$$\frac{2x^2}{2} + \frac{2y^2}{2} = \frac{18}{2}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 9$$

$$x^2 - x^2 + y^2 = 9 - x^2$$

$$y^2 = 9 - x^2$$

$$\sqrt{y^2} = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{9 - x^2}$$

Now that we have the equation in this form, we can find values of  $x$  that return multiple  $y$ -values. For instance, at  $x = 1$ ,



$$y = \pm \sqrt{9 - 1^2}$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{8}$$

$$y = \pm 2\sqrt{2}$$

Because the equation takes on the values  $y = -2\sqrt{2}$  and  $y = 2\sqrt{2}$  at the single value  $x = 1$ , we know the equation doesn't represent a function.

