

A NOTE OF TOPOLOGICAL METHODS IN GROUP THEORY

PING WAN

ABSTRACT. This is a course note of 2026 Spring MATH 569, taught by Daniel Groves at UIC, on the topic of Topological Methods in Group Theory. Reference textbooks are: Topological Methods in Group Theory, Cohomology of Groups.

CONTENTS

1. ASPHERICAL SPACES AND SAMPLE EARLY THEOREMS

In this course we will explore the relationship between aspherical spaces and (discrete) groups. A convention: unless otherwise stated, all spaces in this course will be CW complexes.

Definition 1.1 ($K(G, 1)$). Let G be a group. A $K(G, 1)$ is a connected space such that $\pi_1(K(G, 1)) \cong G$ and whose universal covering space $\widehat{K}(G, 1)$ is contractible.

It is also called *the classifying space* or *Eilenberg-MacLane space*.

Definition 1.2 (Aspherical Space). If X is a connected space such that \widetilde{X} is contractible, then we say X is a $K(\pi, 1)$ (i.e. $K(\pi_1(X), 1)$). We call such X *aspherical*.

Theorem 1.3 (Hatcher 1.B.7-9). *For any group G , there exists a (CW) $K(G, 1)$ which is unique up to homotopy equivalence. In fact, for any two groups G, H , there exists a bijection*

$$\text{hom}(G, H) \leftrightarrow$$

REFERENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, STATISTICS, AND COMPUTER SCIENCE, UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT CHICAGO, 322 SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING OFFICES (M/C 249), 851 S. MORGAN ST., CHICAGO, IL 60607-7045

Email address: pwan5@uic.edu