Ch-07 08 R Codes

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Textbook: Montgomery, D. C. (2012). Design and analysis of experiments, 8th Edition. John Wiley & Sons. Online handouts: https://github.com/PingYangChen/ANOVA_Course_R_Code

7.21

By the defining contrast, to confound eight blocks with ABCD, ACE and ABEF, let

$$L_1 = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4$$

$$L_2 = x_1 + x_3 + x_5$$

$$L_3 = x_1 + x_2 + x_5 + x_6$$

```
designMat <- data.frame(</pre>
    A = rep(0:1, 32),
    B = rep(rep(0:1, each = 2), 16),
    C = rep(rep(0:1, each = 4), 8),
    D = rep(rep(0:1, each = 8), 4),
    E = rep(rep(0:1, each = 16), 2),
    F = rep(0:1, each = 32)
#print(head(designMat, 6))
letterMat <- sapply(1:ncol(designMat), function(j) {</pre>
  ifelse(designMat[,j] == 1, letters[j], "")
})
#print(head(letterMat, 6))
effectNames <- sapply(1:nrow(letterMat), function(i) {</pre>
  ifelse(all(letterMat[i,] == ""), "(1) ", pasteO(letterMat[i,], collapse = ""))
rownames(designMat) <- effectNames</pre>
print(head(designMat, 6))
```

```
## A B C D E F
## (1) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## a 1 0 0 0 0 0
## b 0 1 0 0 0 0
```

```
## ab 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 ## c 0 0 1 0 0 0 ## ac 1 0 1 0 0 0
```

Compute the linear combinations $L_1(i)$, $L_2(i)$ and $L_3(i)$, and take (mod 2) for each of them, i = 1, 2, ..., 64.

```
attach(designMat)
assignBlock <- data.frame(
    L1 = (A + B + C + D) %% 2,
    L2 = (A + C + E) %% 2,
    L3 = (A + B + E + F) %% 2
)
detach(designMat)</pre>
```

Get the block IDs for each run.

```
blockId <- as.matrix(assignBlock) %*% c(2^2, 2, 1) + 1
```

Present the runs in each block.

```
result <- matrix("", 8, 8)
for (i in 1:8) {
   result[,i] <- effectNames[which(blockId == i)]
}
colnames(result) <- sprintf("Block %d", 1:8)
print(data.frame(result))</pre>
```

```
##
     Block.1 Block.2 Block.3 Block.4 Block.5 Block.6 Block.7 Block.8
## 1
        (1)
                  ac
                           ab
                                    bc
                                           abc
                                                     b
                                                              С
## 2
        abcd
                  bd
                           cd
                                    ad
                                             d
                                                    acd
                                                            abd
                                                                     bcd
## 3
         bce
                  abe
                                                             be
                                                                    abce
                          ace
                                    е
                                            ae
                                                     се
## 4
         ade
                  cde
                          bde
                                abcde
                                          bcde
                                                   abde
                                                           acde
                                                                      de
## 5
         acf
                    f
                          bcf
                                   abf
                                            bf
                                                   abcf
                                                             af
                                                                      cf
## 6
         bdf
                abcdf
                          adf
                                   cdf
                                          acdf
                                                     df
                                                           bcdf
                                                                    abdf
## 7
        abef
                           ef
                                                          abcef
                                                                     bef
                bcef
                                  acef
                                           cef
                                                    aef
## 8
        cdef
                 adef abcdef
                                 bdef
                                         abdef
                                                 bcdef
                                                            def
                                                                   acdef
```

The other effects confounded with blocks:

$$(ABCD)(ACE) = A^2BC^2DE = BDE$$

$$(ABCD)(ABEF) = A^2B^2CDEF = CDEF$$

$$(ACE)(ABEF) = A^2BCE^2F = BCF$$

$$(ABCD)(BCF) = AB^2C^2DF = ADF$$

8.11

 2^{5-2} fractional factorial design with defining relation

$$I = ACE$$
 and $I = BDE$

1. generate the 2^3 full factorial design

```
lvl \leftarrow c(-1, 1)
FF3 <- data.frame(
    A = rep(lvl, 4),
    B = rep(rep(lvl, each = 2), 2),
    C = rep(lvl, each = 4)
print(FF3)
##
     A B C
## 1 -1 -1 -1
## 2 1 -1 -1
## 3 -1 1 -1
## 4 1 1 -1
## 5 -1 -1 1
## 6 1 -1 1
## 7 -1 1 1
## 8 1 1 1
```

2. add two columns D and E to form the 2^{5-2} by the defining relation

$$I = ACE \implies E = AC$$

 $I = BDE \implies D = BE \implies D = BAC$

```
attach(FF3)
augmentFrF <- data.frame(</pre>
    D = A * B * C,
    E = A * C
detach(FF3)
FrF5_2 <- cbind(FF3, augmentFrF)</pre>
# Get letters of each effect
letterMat <- sapply(1:ncol(FrF5_2), function(j) {</pre>
  ifelse(FrF5_2[,j] == 1, letters[j], "")
})
# Combine letters
effectNames <- sapply(1:nrow(letterMat), function(i) {</pre>
  ifelse(all(letterMat[i,] == ""), "(1) ", paste0(letterMat[i,], collapse = ""))
})
rownames(FrF5_2) <- effectNames</pre>
print(FrF5_2)
```

```
## cd -1 -1 1 1 -1
## ace 1 -1 1 -1 1
## bc -1 1 1 -1 -1
## abcde 1 1 1 1 1
```

Complete defining relation is

```
I = ACE = BDE = ABCD
```

All aliases are

```
A = CE = BCD \quad AB = CD
B = DE = ACD \quad AD = BC
C = AE = ABD \quad AC = BD
D = BE = ABC
E = AC = BD
```

Add column of the response variable.

The estimation of main effects are:

halfqqnorm <- function(input, tol = 0.5) {</pre>

 $nq \leftarrow qnorm(seq(0.5, 0.99, length = length(y)))$

y <- sort(abs(input))</pre>

```
# Compute the model matrix of all effect terms without intercept
mmat5 <- model.matrix( ~ A+B+C+D+E - 1, data = frfData)</pre>
# Calculate the effect sizes using the +/- signs of the model matrix
eff5 <- numeric(ncol(mmat5))</pre>
for (i in 1:ncol(mmat5)) {
  eff5[i] <- 2*mean(frfData$y*mmat5[,i])</pre>
names(eff5) <- colnames(mmat5)</pre>
##
    Factor Est.Effect
## 1
                -1.525
          Α
## 2
          В
                 -5.175
          С
## 3
                 2.275
## 4
          D
                 -0.675
## 5
          Ε
                  2.275
# Half Normal Plot
```

(d) From part (b), we have AB and AD are aliased with other effects. Suppose CD and BC are negligible, we can try include AB and AD solely into the main effect model. First, the estimated effects are

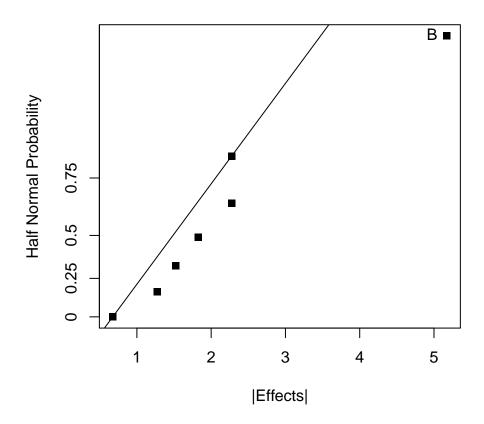
```
# Compute the model matrix of all effect terms without intercept
mmat_add2fi <- model.matrix( ~ A + B + C + D + E + A:B + A:D - 1, data = frfData)
# Calculate the effect sizes using the +/- signs of the model matrix
eff_add2fi <- numeric(ncol(mmat_add2fi))
for (i in 1:ncol(mmat_add2fi)) {
   eff_add2fi[i] <- 2*mean(frfData$y*mmat_add2fi[,i])
}
names(eff_add2fi) <- colnames(mmat_add2fi)</pre>
```

```
Factor Est.Effect
##
## 1
          Α
                 -1.525
## 2
          В
                 -5.175
## 3
          C
                  2.275
## 4
          D
                 -0.675
## 5
          Ε
                  2.275
## 6
        A:B
                  1.825
## 7
        A:D
                 -1.275
```

The half normal plot shows that only the effect of B is large indicating that AB and AD could be pooled as an estimate of error.

```
halfqqnorm(eff_add2fi)
```

Half Normal Plot



The final ANOVA result is

```
##
              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                           4.65
## A
                   4.65
                                 0.938 0.4349
                          53.56 10.807 0.0814 .
## B
                1 53.56
                   10.35
## C
                          10.35
                                  2.089 0.2853
## D
                   0.91
                            0.91
                                   0.184 0.7098
                1
## E
                1
                  10.35
                          10.35
                                   2.089 0.2853
## Residuals
                2
                   9.91
                            4.96
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```