

# Authentication (Auth0) & Billing (Stripe) — Implementation Plan

**Crivline** — Feature Flag SaaS Stack: Next.js 15 (App Router), Prisma, PostgreSQL, Redis, Auth0, Stripe Plans: Free (\$0) / Pro (\$29/mo) / Team (\$69/mo)

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## What Exists Today

Area	Status
Prisma schema (User, Tenant, Subscription, Usage)	Exists, needs Plan enum update
Auth0 integration	Nothing — no SDK, no routes, no middleware
Stripe integration	Nothing — no SDK, no routes, no webhooks
Dashboard auth	None — all routes open, hardcoded user
Onboarding flow	None
Billing UI	None (landing page has pricing component)

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## Phase 1: Schema Migration (do first)

### 1.1 Update Plan Enum

The schema currently has FREE / STARTER / PRO. Update to match the landing page:

```
enum Plan {  
  FREE  
  PRO  
  TEAM  
}
```

- STARTER → PRO
- PRO → TEAM
- If you have existing data rows using the old values, you'll need a SQL data migration

### 1.2 Add Auth0 ID to User Model

```
model User {  
  auth0Id String? @unique @map("auth0_id")  
  // ... keep all existing fields  
}
```

This links the Auth0 sub claim (e.g., auth0|abc123) to the local User. Used for lookup on every authenticated request.

### 1.3 Run Migration

```
cd packages/db  
npx prisma migrate dev --name auth-and-plan-tiers
```

### Files to touch

- packages/db/prisma/schema.prisma
  - packages/db/prisma/seed.ts (update if it references old Plan values)
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## Phase 2: Auth0 Setup

### 2.1 Auth0 Dashboard (external setup)

1. Create an Auth0 **Application** (type: Regular Web Application)
2. Set **Allowed Callback URLs**: `http://localhost:3000/api/auth/callback`
3. Set **Allowed Logout URLs**: `http://localhost:3000`
4. Note your **Domain**, **Client ID**, **Client Secret**

### 2.2 Install SDK

```
cd apps/dashboard
pnpm add @auth0/nextjs-auth0
```

### 2.3 Environment Variables

Add to `.env.example` and create `.env.local`:

```
AUTH0_SECRET=<random 32+ char string - run `openssl rand -hex 32`>
AUTH0_BASE_URL=http://localhost:3000
AUTH0_ISSUER_BASE_URL=https://YOUR_TENANT.auth0.com
AUTH0_CLIENT_ID=<from Auth0 dashboard>
AUTH0_CLIENT_SECRET=<from Auth0 dashboard>
```

### 2.4 Auth API Route (catch-all)

Create `apps/dashboard/app/api/auth/[auth0]/route.ts`:

```
import { handleAuth } from '@auth0/nextjs-auth0';

export const GET = handleAuth();
```

This single file gives you: - GET `/api/auth/login` — redirects to Auth0 login page - GET `/api/auth/callback` — handles the OAuth callback - GET `/api/auth/logout` — logs the user out - GET `/api/auth/me` — returns the user's session data

### 2.5 Middleware (route protection)

Create `apps/dashboard/middleware.ts`:

```
import { withMiddlewareAuthRequired } from '@auth0/nextjs-auth0/edge';

export default withMiddlewareAuthRequired();

export const config = {
  matcher: ['/dashboard/:path*', '/onboarding/:path*'],
};
```

This protects all `/dashboard/*` and `/onboarding/*` routes. Unauthenticated users get redirected to `/api/auth/login` automatically.

### 2.6 Auth Provider (root layout)

Wrap your root layout with `<AuthProvider>`:

```
// apps/dashboard/app/layout.tsx
import { AuthProvider } from '@auth0/nextjs-auth0/client';

export default function RootLayout({ children }: { children: ReactNode }) {
```

```

return (
  <html lang="en">
    <body>
      <UserProvider>{children}</UserProvider>
    </body>
  </html>
);
}

```

This makes the `useUser()` hook available in all client components.

### Files to create/modify

File	Action
apps/dashboard/app/api/auth/[auth0]/route.ts	Create
apps/dashboard/middleware.ts	Create
apps/dashboard/app/layout.tsx	Modify (add UserProvider)
.env.example	Modify (add Auth0 vars)

## Phase 3: User Provisioning & Onboarding

### 3.1 First-Login Detection

After Auth0 authenticates a user, check if they exist in your DB:

- In a server component or the Auth0 `afterCallback` hook, look up User by **email** (from the Auth0 session)
- **Found** → continue to dashboard
- **Not found** → redirect to `/onboarding`

The simplest approach: check this in a dashboard layout server component. If the user has no DB record yet, `redirect('/onboarding')`.

### 3.2 Onboarding Wizard (3 steps)

**Route:** `apps/dashboard/app/onboarding/page.tsx` (client component with local step state)

**Step 1 — Organization** - Text input: organization name - Auto-generate slug from name (lowercase, hyphens, no special chars) - Validate: slug must be unique

**Step 2 — First Project** - Text input: project name - Optional: description - Inform user: “We’ll auto-create Development, Staging, and Production environments”

**Step 3 — Invite Team (optional)** - Text input: comma-separated email addresses - “Skip for now” button - Store invites in DB but don’t send emails yet (email integration later)

**On final submit — server action or API route:**

Everything in a Prisma `$transaction`:

1. Create **Tenant** (name, slug)
2. Create **User** (email, name, avatarUrl from Auth0 profile, role: **OWNER**, auth0Id from session **sub**, linked to tenant)
3. Create **Subscription** (tenantId, plan: **FREE**, status: **ACTIVE** — no stripeCustomerId yet, Stripe customer gets created lazily on first checkout)
4. Create **Project** (name, slug, linked to tenant)

5. Create 3 × Environment:
  - Development (slug: `dev`, color: `#22C55E`, sortOrder: 0)
  - Staging (slug: `staging`, color: `#EAB308`, sortOrder: 1)
  - Production (slug: `prod`, color: `#EF4444`, isProduction: true, sortOrder: 2)
6. Redirect to `/dashboard`

## Files to create

File	Action
<code>apps/dashboard/app/onboarding/page.tsx</code>	Create
<code>apps/dashboard/app/onboarding/_components/step-org.tsx</code>	Create
<code>apps/dashboard/app/onboarding/_components/step-project.tsx</code>	Create
<code>apps/dashboard/app/onboarding/_components/step-invite.tsx</code>	Create
<code>apps/dashboard/app/api/onboarding/route.ts</code>	Create

## Phase 4: Wire Auth into the Dashboard

### 4.1 `getCurrentUser()` Helper

Create `apps/dashboard/lib/auth.ts`:

```
import { getSession } from '@auth0/nextjs-auth0';
import { prisma } from '@crivline/db';

export async function getCurrentUser() {
  const session = await getSession();
  if (!session?.user) return null;

  const user = await prisma.user.findUnique({
    where: { auth0Id: session.user.sub },
    include: {
      tenant: {
        include: { subscription: true },
      },
    },
  });

  return user;
}
```

Use this at the top of every server component in the dashboard to get the current user + tenant + subscription.

### 4.2 Tenant Scoping

Every Prisma query in the dashboard needs to be scoped to the current tenant. Example:

```
// Before (fetches ALL flags)
const flags = await prisma.flag.findMany();

// After (fetches only this tenant's flags)
const user = await getCurrentUser();
const flags = await prisma.flag.findMany({
```

```
    where: { project: { tenantId: user.tenantId } },
  });
```

Go through every page and add this scoping: - apps/dashboard/app/dashboard/page.tsx - apps/dashboard/app/dashboard/...  
- Any future pages

### 4.3 Sidebar — Real User Data

Replace the hardcoded “Alex Rivera” in sidebar.tsx with real user data. Either: - Pass user as a prop from a server component parent - Or use Auth0’s useUser() hook (gives Auth0 profile data — name, picture, email)

#### Files to create/modify

File	Action
apps/dashboard/lib/auth.ts	Create
apps/dashboard/app/dashboard/_components/sidebar.tsx	Modify
apps/dashboard/app/dashboard/page.tsx	Modify
apps/dashboard/app/dashboard/flags/page.tsx	Modify

## Phase 5: Stripe Integration

### 5.1 External Setup (Stripe Dashboard)

1. Create **Products**:
  - **Crivline Pro** — two Prices: \$29/mo and \$290/yr
  - **Crivline Team** — two Prices: \$69/mo and \$690/yr
2. Note all 4 Price IDs (price\_xxx)
3. No product for Free — Free is the absence of a subscription

### 5.2 Install & Configure

```
cd apps/dashboard
pnpm add stripe
```

Create apps/dashboard/lib/stripe.ts:

```
import Stripe from 'stripe';

export const stripe = new Stripe(process.env.STRIPE_SECRET_KEY!, {
  apiVersion: '2024-12-18.acacia', // pin the version
});
```

Add to .env.example:

```
STRIPE_SECRET_KEY=sk_test_...
STRIPE_WEBHOOK_SECRET=whsec_...
NEXT_PUBLIC_STRIPE_PUBLISHABLE_KEY=pk_test_...
```

### 5.3 Plan Limits Config

Create apps/dashboard/lib/billing/plans.ts:

```
import { Plan } from '@crivline/db';
```

```

export const PLAN_LIMITS = {
  [Plan.FREE]: { maxFlags: 5, maxProjects: 1, maxEnvironments: 2, maxMAU: 1_000 },
  [Plan.PRO]: { maxFlags: -1, maxProjects: 5, maxEnvironments: 5, maxMAU: 10_000 },
  [Plan.TEAM]: { maxFlags: -1, maxProjects: -1, maxEnvironments: -1, maxMAU: 50_000 },
} as const;

// Map Stripe Price IDs → Plan (fill in your real price IDs)
export const PRICE_TO_PLAN: Record<string, Plan> = {
  'price_pro_monthly': Plan.PRO,
  'price_pro_annual': Plan.PRO,
  'price_team_monthly': Plan.TEAM,
  'price_team_annual': Plan.TEAM,
};

```

-1 means unlimited.

## 5.4 Checkout API Route

apps/dashboard/app/api/billing/checkout/route.ts

1. Authenticate (read Auth0 session)
2. Get current user + tenant
3. Check: does tenant already have an active subscription? If yes → return error (“Already subscribed, use billing portal to change plans”)
4. Get or create Stripe Customer:
  - If subscription.stripeCustomerId exists → use it
  - If not → stripe.customers.create({ email, metadata: { tenantId } }) → save the ID
5. Create Checkout Session:

```

stripe.checkout.sessions.create({
  customer: stripeCustomerId,
  mode: 'subscription',
  line_items: [{ price: priceId, quantity: 1 }],
  success_url: `${baseUrl}/dashboard/settings/billing?success=true`,
  cancel_url: `${baseUrl}/dashboard/settings/billing`,
  metadata: { tenantId },
})

```

6. Return { url: session.url }

## 5.5 Portal API Route

apps/dashboard/app/api/billing/portal/route.ts

1. Authenticate
2. Get tenant's stripeCustomerId
3. Create Portal Session:

```

stripe.billingPortal.sessions.create({
  customer: stripeCustomerId,
  return_url: `${baseUrl}/dashboard/settings/billing`,
})

```

4. Return { url: session.url }

**Important:** Configure the Customer Portal in Stripe Dashboard first (which plans can be swapped, whether cancellation is allowed, etc.)

## 5.6 Webhook Handler

apps/dashboard/app/api/webhooks/stripe/route.ts

**Critical:** Read the body as raw text, not JSON. This is the #1 Stripe webhook bug in Next.js.

```
export async function POST(request: Request) {
  const body = await request.text(); // NOT request.json()
  const signature = request.headers.get('stripe-signature')!;

  const event = stripe.webhooks.constructEvent(body, signature, webhookSecret);

  switch (event.type) {
    case 'checkout.session.completed': { /* ... */ }
    case 'invoice.paid': { /* ... */ }
    case 'invoice.payment_failed': { /* ... */ }
    case 'customer.subscription.updated': { /* ... */ }
    case 'customer.subscription.deleted': { /* ... */ }
  }

  return new Response('OK', { status: 200 });
}
```

Event handlers:

Event	What to do
checkout.session.completed	Extract tenantId from metadata. Fetch full subscription from Stripe. Upsert Subscription record with plan (mapped from priceId), status, period dates.
invoice.paid	Update Subscription period dates. Confirm status is ACTIVE.
invoice.payment_failed	Set Subscription status to PAST_DUE.
customer.subscription.updated	Sync everything: plan, status, priceId, cancelAtPeriodEnd, period dates. Use upsert.
customer.subscription.deleted	Set Subscription status to CANCELED. Set plan to FREE.

All handlers use upsert (not create) for idempotency. Stripe may deliver the same event more than once.

Local development:

stripe listen --forward-to localhost:3000/api/webhooks/stripe

Use the webhook signing secret from the CLI output as STRIPE\_WEBHOOK\_SECRET.

Files to create

File	Action
apps/dashboard/lib/stripe.ts	Create
apps/dashboard/lib/billing/plans.ts	Create
apps/dashboard/app/api/billing/checkout/route.ts	Create
apps/dashboard/app/api/billing/portal/route.ts	Create
apps/dashboard/app/api/webhooks/stripe/route.ts	Create

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## Phase 6: Billing Dashboard Page

Route: `apps/dashboard/app/dashboard/settings/billing/page.tsx`

### What it shows:

For **Free** users: - Current plan: “Free” with a badge - Usage summary (X/5 flags, X/1 projects) - Pricing cards for Pro and Team with “Upgrade” buttons - “Upgrade” clicks → POST to `/api/billing/checkout` → redirect to Stripe Checkout

For **Paid** users (Pro/Team): - Current plan name + ACTIVE badge - Billing period: “Jan 15 — Feb 15, 2026” - Usage summary against plan limits - “Manage Subscription” button → POST to `/api/billing/portal` → redirect to Stripe Portal - If `cancelAtPeriodEnd` is true: show “Your plan will be downgraded to Free on [date]”

### Sidebar

Add a “Billing” link in `sidebar.tsx`, either as a top-level nav item or nested under Settings.

### Files to create/modify

File	Action
<code>apps/dashboard/app/dashboard/settings/billing/page.tsx</code>	Create
<code>apps/dashboard/app/dashboard/_components/sidebar.tsx</code>	Modify

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## Phase 7: Landing Page Alignment

### Update Pricing Component

In `apps/web/src/components/landing/pricing.tsx`:

- Make sure tier names/prices match: Free (\$0), Pro (\$29/mo), Team (\$69/mo)
- Update features lists to match `PLAN_LIMITS`
- Change CTA `href` values:
  - “Get Started” (Free) → `http://localhost:3000/api/auth/login` (dashboard login)
  - “Start Trial” (Pro) → same URL (user signs up, then upgrades from billing page)
  - “Contact Sales” (Team) → `/contact` or same login URL

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## Implementation Order

1. Schema migration → 2. Auth0 setup → 3. Onboarding wizard

6. Billing page      5. Stripe      4. Wire auth into dashboard

7. Landing page alignment

Start with the schema because everything depends on the updated models. Then auth (you can’t do anything else without knowing who the user is). Then onboarding (first-time user path). Then wire auth into existing pages. Then Stripe. Then billing UI. Then landing page cleanup.



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## Verification Checklist

- ☐ Visit dashboard → redirected to Auth0 login
  - ☐ Sign up with new Auth0 account → lands on onboarding wizard
  - ☐ Complete onboarding → Tenant + Project + 3 Environments created, land on `/dashboard`
  - ☐ Sidebar shows real user name + avatar
  - ☐ Dashboard page + flags page only show current tenant's data
  - ☐ Billing page shows Free plan + upgrade options
  - ☐ Click “Upgrade to Pro” → Stripe Checkout opens
  - ☐ Pay with test card 4242 4242 4242 4242 → webhook fires → plan updates to PRO
  - ☐ Billing page now shows Pro plan + “Manage Subscription” button
  - ☐ “Manage Subscription” → Stripe Portal opens
  - ☐ Cancel in portal → webhook fires → plan set to cancel at period end
  - ☐ Log out → redirected to Auth0 login
  - ☐ Log back in → goes straight to dashboard (no onboarding again)
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## Key Libraries

Package	Install where	Purpose
@auth0/nextjs-auth0	apps/dashboard	Authentication, session, middleware
stripe	apps/dashboard	Stripe API (server-side only)

## Key Environment Variables

```
# Auth0
AUTH0_SECRET=
AUTH0_BASE_URL=http://localhost:3000
AUTH0_ISSUER_BASE_URL=https://YOUR_TENANT.auth0.com
AUTH0_CLIENT_ID=
AUTH0_CLIENT_SECRET=

# Stripe
STRIPE_SECRET_KEY=sk_test_...
STRIPE_WEBHOOK_SECRET=whsec_...
NEXT_PUBLIC_STRIPE_PUBLISHABLE_KEY=pk_test_...

# Existing
DATABASE_URL=postgres://crivline:crivline@localhost:5432/crivline?schema=public
REDIS_URL=redis://localhost:6379
```

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