PKPD Single Ascending Dose User Manual

Document Version:00

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1. OVERALL DESCRIPTION

1.1 Description

The PKPD Single Ascending Dose is intended to allow the user to plot Exposure-Response relationship of summaries of PK/PD over time by different dose levels. This document contains exploratory plots for single ascending dose PK and PD data as well as the R code that generates these graphs. The plots presented here are based on simulated data.

1.2 Operating Environment

The function will be used with R Version 4.0.2 and RStudio.

1.3 Parameters

Parameters	Created	Usage
ID	N	Integer; unique subject ID
TIME	N	Numeric; time relative to first drug administration
NOMTIME	N	Numeric; nominal time
LIDV	N	Numeric; observation on a linear scale
		(observation type determined by CMT), units
		determined by EVENTU column
CMT	N	Integer; compartment number (determines
		observation type):
		CMT1 = Dosing event
		CMT2 = PK concentration
		CMT3 = Continuous response data
CENS	N	Integer; censored values (0 = not censored, 1 =
		censored)
TRTACT	N	Factor; treatment group label
PROFTIME	N	Numeric; time within PROFDAY
DOSE	N	Integer; Dose in mg
IPRED	N	Numeric; individual prediction
DAY_label	Y	Factor; label the day (Day 0 = Baseline)

TRTACT_low2high	Y	Factor; arrange TRTACT levels from low to high
TRTACT_high2low	Y	Factor; arrange TRTACT levels from high to low
LIDVNORM	Y	Numeric; dose normalization
CYCLE	N	Integer; count of drug administrations received
NAME	N	Factor; description of event
AUC_last	Y	Numeric; integral of TIME and LIDV
Cmax	Y	Numeric; maximum of LIDV

1.4 Datasets

Datasets	Derivation
	Derived from case1_pkpd (simulated dataset in R),
pkpd_data	arrange by dose, including newly created variables:
	TRTACT_low2high, TRTACT_high2low, DAY_label
pk_data	Derived from pkpd_data, filter when CMT==2,
	including new variable: LIDVNORM
pk_data_cycle1	Derived from pk_data, filter when CYCLE==1
pd_data	Derived from pkpd_data, filter when CMT==3
pd_data_baseline_day85	Derived from pkpd_data, filter when CMT==3 and
	DAT_label = "Baseline" and "Day 85"
event_data	Derived from pkpd_data, filter when CMT==1
nk vs nd data	Derived from pkpd_data, filter when LIDV is not NA;
pk_vs_pd_data	rename concentration= '2' and response= '3'
NCA	Derived from pk_data_cycle1, including new variable:
NCA	AUC_last, Cmax
AUC_last	Derived from NCA, filter when param=="AUC_last"
	Derived from pk_vs_pd_data. Filter when
pk_vs_pd_data_day85	DAY_label=="Day 85"; concentration and response is
	not NA; left joined with AUC_last

1.5 Required Packages

Package	Usage
	Exploratory Graphics for Pharmacometrics.
xgxr	Supports a structured approach for exploring
	PKPD data
ggplot2	Create Graphics
	A fast, consistent tool for working with data
dplyr	frame like objects, both in memory and out of
	memory.
	Tools to help to create tidy data, where each
tidare	column is a variable, each row is an
tidyr	observation, and each cell contains a single
	value.
caTools	Contains several basic utility functions
	including: fast calculation of AUC.
	Fonts that are imported into extrafont can be
extrafont	used with PDF or PostScript output files. On
Cattatont	Windows, extrafont will also make system fonts
	available for bitmap output.

Packages should be installed in advance by install.packages("package name")

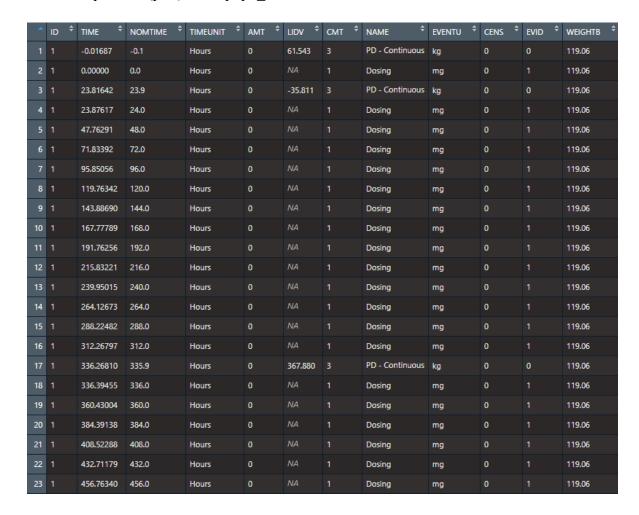
1.5 Constraints

NA

2. EXAMPLE

2.1 Sample Data Used in Following Examples

Sample data (part) is the pkpd data.



Sample Data 1. pkpd data (part)

Sample call:

#Load Datasets

#Simulate Datasets

```
pkpd_data<-case1_pkpd %>% arrange (DOSE) %>% select(-IPRED) %>%

mutate (TRTACT_low2high=factor (TRTACT,levels=unique(TRTACT)),

TRTACT_high2low=factor (TRTACT,levels=rev(unique(TRTACT))),

DAY_label=paste ("Day", PROFDAY),

DAY_label=ifelse (DAY_label=="Day 0","Baseline", DAY_label))
```

```
LOQ=0.05 #ng/ml
dose max=as.numeric(max(pkpd data$DOSE))
pk_data<-pkpd_data %>% filter (CMT==2) %>%
         mutate (LIDVNORM = LIDV / as.numeric(DOSE))
pk data cycle1<-pk data %>% filter (CYCLE==1)
pd data<-pkpd data %>% filter (CMT==3)
pd_data_baseline_day85<-pkpd_data %>%
                       filter (CMT==3, DAY label %in% c ("Baseline", "Day 85"))
event data<-pkpd data %>% filter (CMT==1)
pk_vs_pd_data<-pkpd_data %>% filter (!is.na (LIDV)) %>% select(-c(EVENTU,NAME)) %>%
               spread (CMT, LIDV) %>% rename (Concentration='2', Response='3')
NCA<-pk_data_cycle1 %>% group_by(ID,DOSE) %>% filter(!is.na(LIDV)) %>%
      #Make Two New Variables: AUC_last & Cmax
      Summarize (AUC last=caTools::trapz (TIME,LIDV), Cmax=max(LIDV)) %>%
      #Except for ID, DOSE, Transpose the Rest Variables
      tidyr::gather(PARAM, VALUE, -c(ID, DOSE)) %>% ungroup() %>%
      mutate (VALUE_NORM=VALUE/DOSE)
AUC_last<-NCA %>% filter (PARAM=="AUC_last") %>%
          rename (AUC last = VALUE) %>% select (-c (DOSE, PARAM, VALUE NORM))
pk_vs_pd_data_day85 <- pk_vs_pd_data %>% filter (DAY_label=="Day 85",
                      !is.na (Concentration), !is.na(Response)) %>% left_join(AUC_last)
#Create Variables' Units
time_units_dataset <- "hours"
```

```
time_units_plot <- "days"

trtact_label <- "Dose"

dose_label <- "Dose (mg)"

conc_label <- "Concentration (ng/ml)"

auc_label <- "AUCtau (h.(bg/ml))"

concnorm_label <- "Normalized Concentration (ng/ml)/mg"

sex_label <- "Sex"

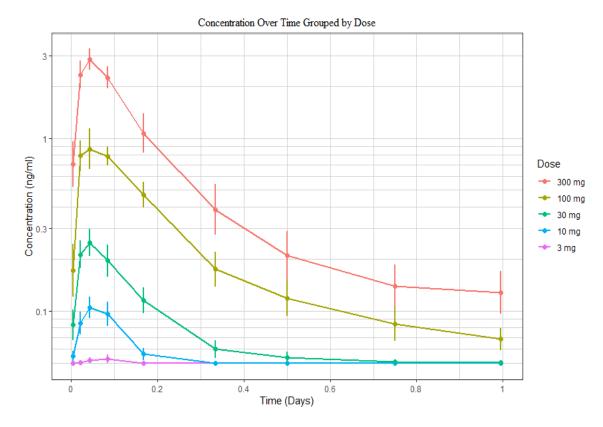
w100_label <- "WEIGHTB>100"

pd_label <- "FEV1 (ml)"

cens_label <- "Censored"
```

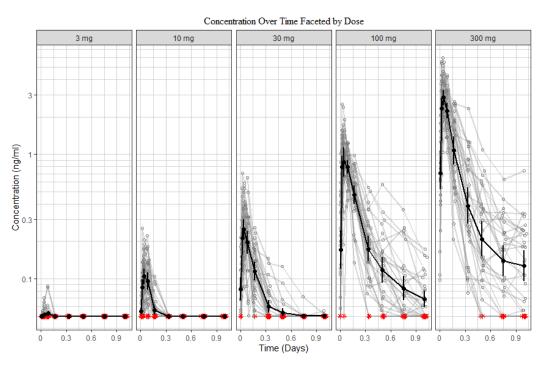
2.2 Example1: Summary of PK Over Time (Concentration Over Time Grouped by Dose)

Sample Call:



2.3 Example2: Summary of PK Over Time (Concentration Over Time Faceted by Dose)

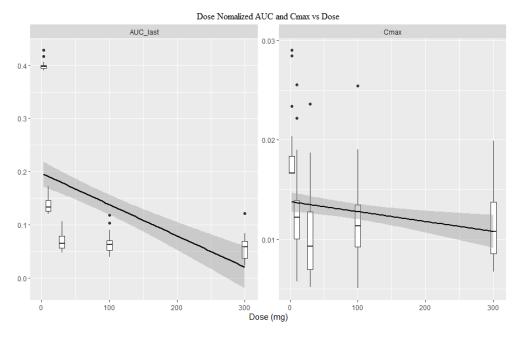
Sample Call:

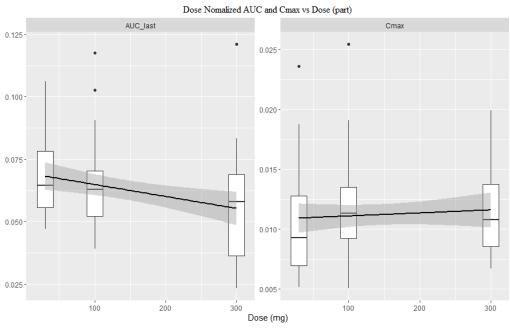


2.4 Example3: Summary of PK Over Time (Dose Normalized AUC and Cmax vs Dose)

Sample Call:

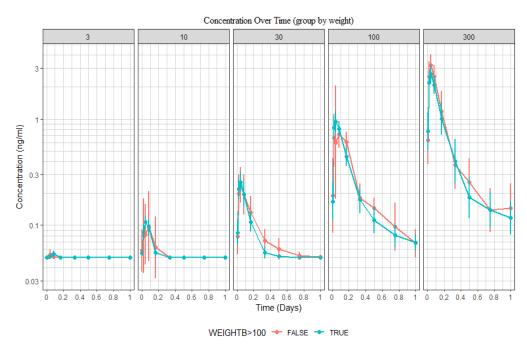
```
ggplot(data=NCA,aes(x=DOSE,y=VALUE_NORM))+
geom_boxplot(aes(group=DOSE),width=8)+
geom smooth(method="lm",color="black")+
facet_wrap(~PARAM,scales="free_y")+
labs(x=dose_label,title="Dose Nomalized AUC and Cmax vs Dose")+
theme(legend.position = "none",plot.title=element_text(family="Times New
     Roman",size=(12),hjust = 0.5))+
theme(axis.title.y = element blank())
#Choose Only 30,100 And 300 Sose
ggplot(data=NCA[!NCA$DOSE==3 & !NCA$DOSE ==10,],
aes(x=DOSE,y=VALUE_NORM))+
geom_boxplot(aes(group=DOSE))+
geom_smooth(method = "lm",color="black")+
facet_wrap(~PARAM,scales="free_y")+
labs(x=dose_label,title="Dose Nomalized AUC and Cmax vs Dose (part)")+
theme(plot.title=element_text(family="Times New Roman",size=(12),hjust = 0.5))+
theme(axis.title.y = element blank())
```





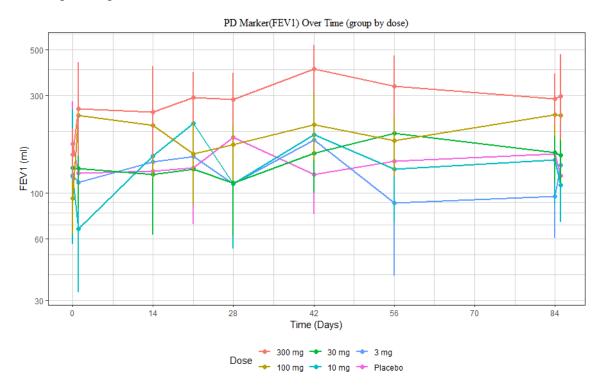
2.5 Example4: Summary of PK Over Time (Concentration Over Time Grouped by Weight)

Sample Call:



2.6 Example5: Summary of PD Over Time (Concentration Over Time Grouped by Weight)

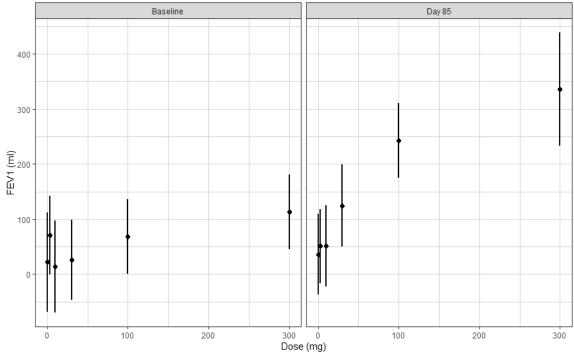
Sample Call:



2.7 Example6: Summary of PD Over Time (Dose-Response Relationship on baseline and day 85)

Sample Call:

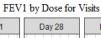


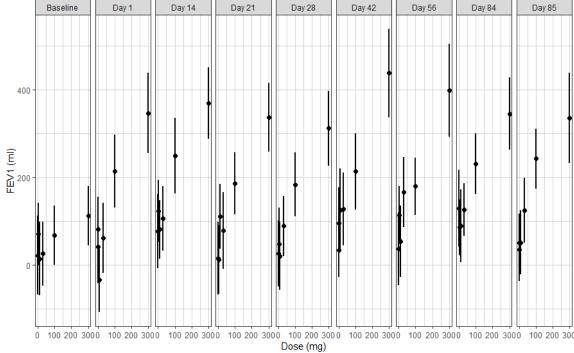


2.8 Example7: Summary of PD Over Time (Dose-Response Relationship on **Different Day)**

Sample Call:

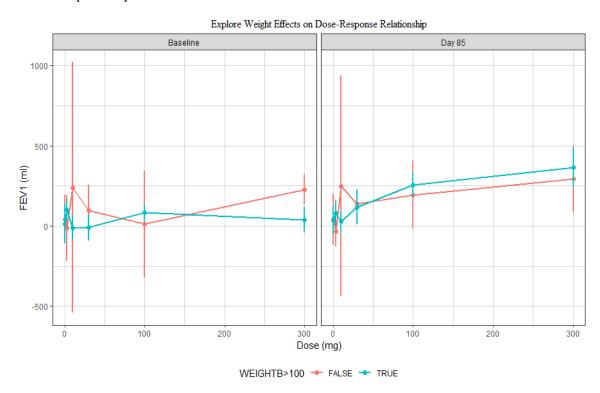
```
ggplot(data=pd_data,aes(x=DOSE,y=LIDV,group=DOSE))+
xgx\_geom\_ci(conf\_level = 0.95)+
facet_grid(~DAY_label)+
labs(x=dose_label,y=pd_label,color=trtact_label,title="FEV1 by Dose for Visits")+
theme(legend.position = "bottom",plot.title=element_text(family="Times New
      Roman", size=(12), hjust = 0.5))
```





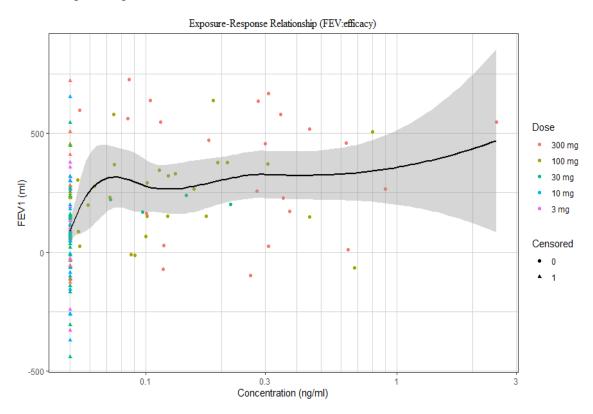
2.9 Example8: Summary of PD Over Time (Weight Effects on Dose-Response Relationship)

Sample Call:



2.10 Example9: Summary of PD Over Time (Exposure-Response Relationship For Concentration)

Sample Call:



2.11 Example10: Summary of PD Over Time (Exposure-Response Relationship For AUC)

Sample Call:

```
gAUC=g + aes(x=AUC_last)+xlab(auc_label)
print(gAUC)
```

