gRNA synthesis and purification

Material

Maxiscript RNA synthesis kit

I: Synthesis of gRNA through PCR

- 1. Order 80-mer universal constant oligo (with HPLC purification) for all genes.

 AAAAGCACCGACTCGGTGCCACTTTTTCAAGTTGATAACGGACTAGCCTTATTTTAA

 CTTGCTATTTCTAGCTCTAAAAC
- 2. Order 60-mer variable oligos for individual genes.

Example: Tyrosinase gene (TYR)

Target sequence: GGTGTGCACTGATGCTCTGATGG

Then the variable oligo sequence should be:

TAATACGACTCACTATAGGTGTGCACTGATGCTCTGAGTTTTAGAGCTAGAAATAGCAAG

- 3. Anneal constant and variable oligos via PCR.
 - a. PCR reaction composition and program:
 - 1 ul 100 uM constant oligo
 - 1 ul 100 uM variable oligo
 - 1 ul NEB buffer 2
 - 7 ul water
 - 95'C 30 sec
 - 72'C 2 min
 - 37'C 2 min
 - 25'C 2 min
 - 12'C 2 min
 - 4'C forever

- b. After reaction, add the following and run reaction for 20 min at 12'C
 - 0.5 ul dNTPs
 - 0.25 ul T4 DNA polymerase
 - 0.2 ul 100x BSA from NEB
 - 9 ul water
- c. Run over PCR cleanup column and elute in 30 ul water
- d. Nanodrop: Usually around 200-250 ng/ul

II: in vitro transcription

- 1. RNase-free the area, following 10 ul MAXIscript transcription reaction.
- 2. Perform everything on the ice, but shift 10x transcription buffer to RT, spermidine can go back into solution (put in 37'C bath for ~5 min, vortexed, and spun down to ensure completely dissolved in solution)
- 3. (Optional) if plan to pool multiple gRNAs, mix the DNA duplex of each gRNA here, and calculate the final concentration of the mixture.
- 4. Add the following components in the following order:
 - # ul water to make the final volume 10 ul
 - # ul DNA duplex, make it 0.5 to 1 ug
 - 1 ul 10X transcription buffer
 - 0.5 ul 10 mM ATP
 - 0.5 ul 10 mMCTP
 - 0.5 ul 10 mMGTP
 - 0.5 ul 10 mM UTP
 - 1 ul Enzyme Mix
- 5. Mix well, and incubate at 37°C for 1 or 2 hours (1 hour should be enough)
- 6. Add 0.5 ul TURBO DNase, mix well, and incubate at 37'C for 15 min
- 7. Transfer solution from PCR tubes to 1.5 ml Eppendorf tubes, for later steps of RNA precipitation and centrifugation
- 8. Add 15 ul water, 2.5 ul (0.1x volume) ammonium acetate stop solution, and 0.5 ul glycogen blue to the reaction solution.
- 9. Mix well, then add 90 ul (3x volume) 100% EtOH, and then mix again. Visible precipitation should be observed at this stage
- 10. Store at -20'C for 4 hours to overnight
- 11. Centrifuge at high speed at 4'C for 15 min, and then carefully remove supernatant
- 12. Add 500 ul 70% EtOH for one more wash step. Centrifuge at high speed at 4'C for 5 to 15 min, and then carefully remove supernatant

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- 13. Leave the Eppendorf cap open at room temp for 15 minutes or more, until all remaining EtOH in the tube evaporates.
- 14. Resuspend in 30 ul water. Be sure all precipitation is dissolved.
- 15. Nanodrop. Readjust the concentration if needed.
- 16. Confirm by running on gel
- 17. Aliquot into PCR strips and freeze at -80°C.

v1.0: Chi-Kuo Hu, 2021/09/01