

## FIND TUTORIAL

- 1) finding files, directories, file contents. No additional installation needed.
- 2) find file someFile.txt in current directory:  
    `#find `pwd` -name '*someFile*'`  
    same find in whole computer:  
    `#sudo find / -name '*someFile*'`
- 3) find directory someDir in current directory:  
    `#find `pwd` -type d -name '*someDir*'`
- 4) find and delete file ( find files first to see what you want to delete! ):  
    `#find `pwd` -name '*someFile*' -exec rm -rf {} \;`
- 5) find files containing string „some” and does not containing „File” in current directory:  
    `#find `pwd` -name '*some*' -and -not -name '*File*'`
- 6) find content in file searching directory path:  
    `#grep -rnw '/path/to/somewhere/' -e "pattern"`  
    -r recursive  
    -n line number  
    -w whole word
- 7) find content in file type ( ending with \*.cpp and \*.hpp ) searching directory path:  
    `#grep --include=*. {cpp,hpp} -rnw '/path/to/somewhere/' -e "pattern"`
- 8) find content in files recursively in directories and replace with string:  
    `#find . -type f -exec sed -i 's/findThisString/ReplaceWithThisString/g' {} +`  
    in case of file content is path string value prepend slash:  
    `"/home/path/file/content" => "\home\path\file\content"`
- 9) find space characters in filenames and replace it with underline:  
    `# find `pwd` -depth -name "*" -execdir rename 's/ /_/g' "{}" \;`
- 10) find file & chmod:  
    `# sudo find `pwd` -name '*searchForThat*' -type f | xargs chmod 777`
- 11) custom find function in ~/.bashrc file  
    `# vim ~/.bashrc`  
    `# afind() {`  
    `find `pwd` -name $1`  
    `}`  
    `#afind *searchForThat*`
- 12) find and count results  
    `#find `pwd` -name '*' | wc -l`
- 13) find and compress results files to archive  
    `#tmpPath=`pwd`; 7za a -r -t7z /pathToArchive/archiveName.7z `find $tmpPath -name`  
    `*searchPattern*``