# TD – laboratorium 3

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# Schemat adresacji

Tablica 1: Adresacja interfejsów

Router	Interfejs	Adres IP	Podsieć
R1	e0/0	192.168.11.1	192.168.11.0/30
R2	e0/0	192.168.11.2	192.168.11.0/30
	e0/1	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.0/30
	e0/2	192.168.10.5	192.168.10.4/30
R3	e0/0	192.168.10.1	192.168.10.0/30
	e0/2	192.168.10.6	192.168.10.4/30
	e0/3	192.168.10.17	192.168.10.16/30
R4	e0/1	192.168.10.2	192.168.10.0/30
	e0/2	192.168.10.5	192.168.10.4/30
	e0/3	192.168.10.18	192.168.10.16/30
R5	e0/0	192.168.10.2	192.168.10.0/30
	e0/2	192.168.10.6	192.168.10.4/30

 ${\bf Tablica\underline{\ 2:\ Adresacja\ interfejs\acute{o}w\ lo}opback}$ 

Router	Loopback IP
R1	192.168.0.1
R2	192.168.0.2
R3	192.168.0.3
R4	192.168.0.4
R5	192.168.0.5

# A Podstawowa konfiguracja urządzenia

W początkowej konfiguracji urządzeń każdemu interfejsowi na każdym routerze przypisano adres IP komendą ip address <ip address <mask> a następnie potwierdzono pomyślne przypisanie komendami show cdp neighbors oraz show ip route.

Na każdym z routerów wpisów w tablicy trasowania jest tyle, ile skonfigurowanych interfejsów, każdy w innej podsieci. Routery mogą obecnie wysyłać pakiety tylko do bezpośrednio połączonych urządzeń.

## Router R1

#show cdp neighbors						
Device ID	Local Intrfce	Holdtme	Capability	Platform	Port ID	
R2	Eth 0/0	174	RSI	3640	Eth 0/0	

```
#show ip route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 192.168.11.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
```

## Router R2

#show cdp neighbors						
Device ID	Local Intrfce	Holdtme	Capability	Platform	Port ID	
R3	Eth 0/2	171	RSI	3640	Eth 0/2	
R1	Eth 0/0	169	RSI	3640	Eth 0/0	
R4	Eth 0/1	177	RSI	3640	Eth 0/1	

```
#show ip route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 2 subnets

C 192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/1

C 192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2
```

```
192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C 192.168.11.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
```

## Router R3

#show cdp neighbors						
Device ID	Local Intrfce	Holdtme	Capability	Platform	Port ID	
R2	Eth 0/2	160	RSI	3640	Eth 0/2	
R4	Eth 0/3	162	RSI	3640	Eth 0/3	
R5	Eth 0/0	149	RSI	3640	Eth 0/0	

```
#show ip route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets

C 192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0

C 192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2

C 192.168.10.16 is directly connected, Ethernet0/3
```

## Router R4

#show cdp neighbors						
Device ID	Local Intrfce	Holdtme	Capability	Platform	Port ID	
R2	Eth 0/1	166	RSI	3640	Eth 0/1	
R3	Eth 0/3	178	RSI	3640	Eth 0/3	
R5	Eth 0/2	165	RSI	3640	Eth 0/2	

```
#show ip route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets

C 192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/1
```

```
C 192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2
C 192.168.10.16 is directly connected, Ethernet0/3
```

## Router R5

#show cdp neighbors						
Device ID	Local Intrfce	Holdtme	Capability	Platform	Port ID	
R3	Eth 0/0	153	RSI	3640	Eth 0/0	
R4	Eth 0/2	141	RSI	3640	Eth 0/2	

```
#show ip route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 2 subnets

C 192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0

C 192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2
```

# B Wstępna konfiguracja protokołu OSPF

Aby móc wysyłać pakiety IP po sieci, potrzebny jest protokół trasowania taki, jak OSPF. Na razie cała sieć jest w obszarze 0. Należy także skonfigurować interfejsy loopback komendą ip address <loopback ip> 255.255.255 – ich adresy IP będą one użyte przez Cisco IOS jako identyfikatory routerów. Protokół OSPF został skonfigurowany na każdym z routerów komendą network prefix> <wildcard-mask> area 0.

```
R1#show ip ospf

Routing Process "ospf 1" with ID 192.168.0.1

Start time: 00:41:12.040, Time elapsed: 00:05:15.920

Supports only single TOS(TOS0) routes

Supports opaque LSA

Supports Link-local Signaling (LLS)
```

```
Supports area transit capability
 Router is not originating router-LSAs with maximum metric
 Initial SPF schedule delay 5000 msecs
 Minimum hold time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs
 Maximum wait time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs
 Incremental-SPF disabled
 Minimum LSA interval 5 secs
 Minimum LSA arrival 1000 msecs
 LSA group pacing timer 240 secs
 Interface flood pacing timer 33 msecs
 Retransmission pacing timer 66 msecs
 Number of external LSA O. Checksum Sum 0×000000
 Number of opaque AS LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000
 Number of DCbitless external and opaque AS LSA 0
 Number of DoNotAge external and opaque AS LSA 0
 Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
 Number of areas transit capable is 0
 External flood list length 0
    Area BACKBONE(0) (Inactive)
        Number of interfaces in this area is 1
        Area has no authentication
        SPF algorithm last executed 00:00:51.576 ago
        SPF algorithm executed 1 times
        Area ranges are
        Number of LSA 1. Checksum Sum 0×00934F
        Number of opaque link LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000
        Number of DCbitless LSA 0
        Number of indication LSA 0
        Number of DoNotAge LSA 0
        Flood list length 0
R1#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
```

```
i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C 192.168.11.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C 192.168.0.1 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

### Router R2 -

```
R2#show ip ospf
Routing Process "ospf 1" with ID 192.168.0.2
Start time: 00:45:37.408, Time elapsed: 00:01:21.024
Supports only single TOS(TOSO) routes
Supports opaque LSA
Supports Link-local Signaling (LLS)
Supports area transit capability
Router is not originating router-LSAs with maximum metric
Initial SPF schedule delay 5000 msecs
Minimum hold time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs
Maximum wait time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs
Incremental-SPF disabled
Minimum LSA interval 5 secs
Minimum LSA arrival 1000 msecs
LSA group pacing timer 240 secs
Interface flood pacing timer 33 msecs
Retransmission pacing timer 66 msecs
Number of external LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000
Number of opaque AS LSA O. Checksum Sum 0×000000
Number of DCbitless external and opaque AS LSA 0
Number of DoNotAge external and opaque AS LSA 0
Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
 Number of areas transit capable is 0
```

```
External flood list length 0
   Area BACKBONE(0)
       Number of interfaces in this area is 3
        Area has no authentication
       SPF algorithm last executed 00:00:24.428 ago
       SPF algorithm executed 2 times
       Area ranges are
       Number of LSA 8. Checksum Sum 0×039683
        Number of opaque link LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000
       Number of DCbitless LSA 0
       Number of indication LSA 0
       Number of DoNotAge LSA 0
       Flood list length 0
R2#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
       i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
       ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
       o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets
С
        192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/1
       192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2
        192.168.10.16 [110/20] via 192.168.10.6, 00:00:30, Ethernet0/2
                      [110/20] via 192.168.10.2, 00:00:30, Ethernet0/1
    192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets
        192.168.11.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
     192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
С
       192.168.0.2 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

R3#show ip ospf

# Routing Process "ospf 1" with ID 192.168.0.3 Start time: 00:38:42.252, Time elapsed: 00:09:31.272 Supports only single TOS(TOSO) routes Supports opaque LSA Supports Link-local Signaling (LLS) Supports area transit capability Router is not originating router-LSAs with maximum metric Initial SPF schedule delay 5000 msecs Minimum hold time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs Maximum wait time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs Incremental-SPF disabled Minimum LSA interval 5 secs Minimum LSA arrival 1000 msecs LSA group pacing timer 240 secs Interface flood pacing timer 33 msecs Retransmission pacing timer 66 msecs Number of external LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000 Number of opaque AS LSA O. Checksum Sum 0×000000 Number of DCbitless external and opaque AS LSA 0 Number of DoNotAge external and opaque AS LSA 0 Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa Number of areas transit capable is 0 External flood list length 0 Area BACKBONE(0) Number of interfaces in this area is 3 Area has no authentication SPF algorithm last executed 00:00:05.740 ago SPF algorithm executed 4 times Area ranges are Number of LSA 8. Checksum Sum 0×039683 Number of opaque link LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000 Number of DCbitless LSA 0 Number of indication LSA 0 Number of DoNotAge LSA 0 Flood list length 1

```
R3#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
       i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
       ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
       o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
    192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets
С
        192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
        192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2
С
        192.168.10.16 is directly connected, Ethernet0/3
     192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets
        192.168.11.0 [110/20] via 192.168.10.5, 00:00:46, Ethernet0/2
     192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
        192.168.0.3 is directly connected, LoopbackO
С
```

## --- Router R4 -

# R4#show ip ospf Routing Process "ospf 1" with ID 192.168.0.4 Start time: 00:46:28.580, Time elapsed: 00:01:54.936 Supports only single TOS(TOS0) routes Supports opaque LSA Supports Link-local Signaling (LLS) Supports area transit capability Router is not originating router-LSAs with maximum metric Initial SPF schedule delay 5000 msecs Minimum hold time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs Maximum wait time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs Incremental-SPF disabled Minimum LSA interval 5 secs

```
Minimum LSA arrival 1000 msecs
LSA group pacing timer 240 secs
Interface flood pacing timer 33 msecs
Retransmission pacing timer 66 msecs
Number of external LSA O. Checksum Sum 0×000000
Number of opaque AS LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000
Number of DCbitless external and opaque AS LSA 0
Number of DoNotAge external and opaque AS LSA 0
Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
Number of areas transit capable is 0
External flood list length 0
   Area BACKBONE(0)
       Number of interfaces in this area is 3
       Area has no authentication
       SPF algorithm last executed 00:00:15.408 ago
       SPF algorithm executed 4 times
       Area ranges are
       Number of LSA 8. Checksum Sum 0×039683
       Number of opaque link LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000
       Number of DCbitless LSA 0
       Number of indication LSA 0
       Number of DoNotAge LSA 0
       Flood list length 0
R4#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
       i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
       ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
       o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
    192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets
```

```
C 192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/1
C 192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2
C 192.168.10.16 is directly connected, Ethernet0/3
192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O 192.168.11.0 [110/20] via 192.168.10.1, 00:00:20, Ethernet0/1
192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C 192.168.0.4 is directly connected, Loopback1
```

# $_{-}$ Router R5 $_{-}$ R5#show ip ospf Routing Process "ospf 1" with ID 192.168.0.5 Start time: 00:43:30.048, Time elapsed: 00:00:25.140 Supports only single TOS(TOSO) routes Supports opaque LSA Supports Link-local Signaling (LLS) Supports area transit capability Router is not originating router-LSAs with maximum metric Initial SPF schedule delay 5000 msecs Minimum hold time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs Maximum wait time between two consecutive SPFs 10000 msecs Incremental-SPF disabled Minimum LSA interval 5 secs Minimum LSA arrival 1000 msecs LSA group pacing timer 240 secs Interface flood pacing timer 33 msecs Retransmission pacing timer 66 msecs Number of external LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000 Number of opaque AS LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000 Number of DCbitless external and opaque AS LSA 0 Number of DoNotAge external and opaque AS LSA 0 Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa Number of areas transit capable is 0 External flood list length 0 Area BACKBONE(0) Number of interfaces in this area is 2

```
Area has no authentication
        SPF algorithm last executed 00:00:08.400 ago
        SPF algorithm executed 1 times
        Area ranges are
        Number of LSA 8. Checksum Sum 0×04688C
        Number of opaque link LSA 0. Checksum Sum 0×000000
        Number of DCbitless LSA 0
        Number of indication LSA 0
        Number of DoNotAge LSA 0
        Flood list length 3
R5#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
       i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
       ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
       o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets
        192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
        192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2
        192.168.10.16 [110/20] via 192.168.10.5, 00:00:02, Ethernet0/2
                      [110/20] via 192.168.10.1, 00:00:02, Ethernet0/0
     192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
        192.168.0.5 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

# C Baza danych OSPF

Domyślnie wszystkie połączenia między routerami mają skonfigurowany typ broadcastowy, w rzeczywistości są one jednak point-to-point. By uniknąć zbędnego wyznaczania routerów

DR i BDR, należy zmienić typ połączenia na odpowiednich interfejsach przy pomocy ip ospf network point-to-point. Point-to-point został skonfigurowany na połączeniach R2–R3, R2–R4, R4–R5 i R3–R5.

W bazie danych OSPF znajdują się 5 wiadomości router LSA i 2 wiadomości network LSA. Wiadomości router LSA R5 otrzymuje od każdego routera w obszarze, w tym od samego siebie, dlatego jest ich 5, network LSA wysyłają routery DR, w tym przypadku R1–R2 i R3–R4 nie są połączone point-to-point, dlatego R1 i R3 są routerami DR.

Analizując informacje zwracane przez show ip ospf database router można zauważyć, że router R3 (adres loopback 192.168.0.3) jest połączony z samym sobą (adres 192.168.10.17) jako DR oraz z routerami R2 i R5 przez point-to-point.

Router R5								
R5#show ip ospf	database							
OSPF Router with ID (192.168.0.5) (Process ID 1)								
	Router Link States (Area 0)							
Link ID	ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Checksum	Link count			
192.168.0.1	192.168.0.1	458	0×80000002	0×0084E4	1			
192.168.0.2	192.168.0.2	102	0×80000007	0×005BF5	5			
192.168.0.3	192.168.0.3	188	0×80000006	0×00AC85	5			
192.168.0.4	192.168.0.4	108	0×80000008	0×0076B6	5			
192.168.0.5	192.168.0.5	30	0×80000006	0×000649	4			
	Net Link States	(Area 0)						
Link ID	ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Checksum				
192.168.10.17	192.168.0.3	530	0×80000001	0×00B5BC				
192.168.11.1	192.168.0.1	458	0×80000001	0×002760				
R5#show ip ospf	database router							
OSPI	OSPF Router with ID (192.168.0.5) (Process ID 1)							
	Router Link States (Area 0)							
LS age: 475								

Options: (No TOS-capability, DC) LS Type: Router Links Link State ID: 192.168.0.1 Advertising Router: 192.168.0.1 LS Seq Number: 80000002 Checksum: 0×84E4 Length: 36 Number of Links: 1 Link connected to: a Transit Network (Link ID) Designated Router address: 192.168.11.1 (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.11.1 Number of TOS metrics: 0 TOS 0 Metrics: 10 LS age: 119 Options: (No TOS-capability, DC) LS Type: Router Links Link State ID: 192.168.0.2 Advertising Router: 192.168.0.2 LS Seq Number: 80000007 Checksum: 0×5BF5 Length: 84 Number of Links: 5 Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point) (Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.3 (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.5 Number of TOS metrics: 0 TOS 0 Metrics: 10 Link connected to: a Stub Network (Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.4

(Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252

Number of TOS metrics: 0

## TOS 0 Metrics: 10

Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point)

(Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.4

(Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.1

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 10

Link connected to: a Stub Network

(Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.0

(Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 10

Link connected to: a Transit Network

(Link ID) Designated Router address: 192.168.11.1

(Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.11.2

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 10

LS age: 238

Options: (No TOS-capability, DC)

LS Type: Router Links

Link State ID: 192.168.0.3

Advertising Router: 192.168.0.3

LS Seg Number: 80000006

Checksum: 0xAC85

Length: 84

Number of Links: 5

Link connected to: a Transit Network

(Link ID) Designated Router address: 192.168.10.17 (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.17

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 10

Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point)

(Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.2

(Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.6

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 10

Link connected to: a Stub Network

(Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.4

(Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 10

Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point)

(Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.5

(Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.1

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 10

Link connected to: a Stub Network

(Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.0

(Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252

Number of TOS metrics: 0

TOS 0 Metrics: 10

LS age: 167

Options: (No TOS-capability, DC)

LS Type: Router Links

Link State ID: 192.168.0.4

Advertising Router: 192.168.0.4

LS Seq Number: 80000008

Checksum: 0×76B6

Length: 84

Number of Links: 5

Link connected to: a Transit Network (Link ID) Designated Router address: 192.168.10.17 (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.18 Number of TOS metrics: 0 TOS 0 Metrics: 10 Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point) (Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.5 (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.5 Number of TOS metrics: 0 TOS 0 Metrics: 10 Link connected to: a Stub Network (Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.4 (Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252 Number of TOS metrics: 0 TOS 0 Metrics: 10 Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point) (Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.2 (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.2 Number of TOS metrics: 0 TOS 0 Metrics: 10

Link connected to: a Stub Network

(Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.0

(Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252

Number of TOS metrics:  $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$ 

TOS 0 Metrics: 10

LS age: 92

Options: (No TOS-capability, DC)

LS Type: Router Links

Link State ID: 192.168.0.5

Advertising Router: 192.168.0.5

```
LS Seq Number: 80000006
  Checksum: 0×649
  Length: 72
  Number of Links: 4
    Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point)
     (Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.4
     (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.6
      Number of TOS metrics: 0
       TOS 0 Metrics: 10
    Link connected to: a Stub Network
     (Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.4
     (Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252
      Number of TOS metrics: 0
       TOS 0 Metrics: 10
    Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point)
     (Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.3
     (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.2
      Number of TOS metrics: 0
       TOS 0 Metrics: 10
    Link connected to: a Stub Network
     (Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.0
     (Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252
      Number of TOS metrics: 0
       TOS 0 Metrics: 10
R5#show ip ospf database network
            OSPF Router with ID (192.168.0.5) (Process ID 1)
                Net Link States (Area 0)
```

Routing Bit Set on this LSA

LS age: 622

Options: (No TOS-capability, DC)

LS Type: Network Links

Link State ID: 192.168.10.17 (address of Designated Router)

Advertising Router: 192.168.0.3

LS Seq Number: 80000001

Checksum: 0xB5BC

Length: 32

Network Mask: /30

Attached Router: 192.168.0.3 Attached Router: 192.168.0.4

Routing Bit Set on this LSA

LS age: 550

Options: (No TOS-capability, DC)

LS Type: Network Links

Link State ID: 192.168.11.1 (address of Designated Router)

Advertising Router: 192.168.0.1

LS Seq Number: 80000001

Checksum: 0×2760

Length: 32

Network Mask: /30

Attached Router: 192.168.0.1 Attached Router: 192.168.0.2

# D Wieloobszarowy OSPF

W celu stworzenia wieloobszarowego OSPF zmieniony zostaje obszar interfejsu R1–R2 na 1 przy użyciu komendy network prefix> <wildcard-mask> area 1. Router R2 jako jedyny posiada interfejsy w obydwóch obszarach, więc staje się routerem ABR. W celu weryfikacji topologii sieci na routerze R1 (obszar 1) i R5 (obszar 0) zostają wykonane show ip ospf database i show ip ospf database summary.

Na podstawie informacji z wywołania komendy show ip ospf database R1 otrzymuje

router LSA z R1 i R2, a R5 otrzymuje router LSA z R2, R3, R4, R5. R1 jest dodatkowo połączony przez R2(ABR) z podsieciami obszaru 0, R5 jest połączony przez R2 z podsiecią R1–R2.

Komenda show ip ospf database summary pozwala uzyskać więcej informacji na temat summary network LSA – wiadomości uzyskiwanych od routerów ABR, oznaczających podsieci z innego obszaru. Dla R1 są to podsieci 192.168.10.0, 192.168.10.4 i 192.168.10.16, dla R5 jest to 192.168.11.0.

		Router R1					
R1#show ip ospf	R1#show ip ospf database						
OSPF Router with ID (192.168.0.1) (Process ID 1)							
	Router Link Sta	tes (Area 1)					
Link ID	ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Checksum Link count			
192.168.0.1	192.168.0.1	154	0×80000002	0×008ED9 1			
192.168.0.2	192.168.0.2	155	0×80000002	0×008FD4 1			
	Net Link States	(Area 1)					
Link ID	ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Checksum			
192.168.11.2	192.168.0.2	155	0×80000001	0×001372			
	Summary Net Link	≺ States (Ar	ea 1)				
Link ID	ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Checksum			
192.168.10.0	192.168.0.2	215	0×80000001	0×00A3B3			
192.168.10.4	192.168.0.2	215	0×80000001	0×007BD7			
192.168.10.16	192.168.0.2	215	0×80000001	0×0067D5			
R1#show ip ospf	database summary	<b>/</b>					
OSPI	OSPF Router with ID (192.168.0.1) (Process ID 1)						
	Summary Net Link States (Area 1)						
Routing Bit Se	et on this LSA						
LS age: 280							

```
Options: (No TOS-capability, DC, Upward)
  LS Type: Summary Links(Network)
  Link State ID: 192.168.10.0 (summary Network Number)
  Advertising Router: 192.168.0.2
  LS Seq Number: 80000001
  Checksum: 0xA3B3
  Length: 28
  Network Mask: /30
       TOS: 0 Metric: 10
  Routing Bit Set on this LSA
  LS age: 280
  Options: (No TOS-capability, DC, Upward)
  LS Type: Summary Links(Network)
  Link State ID: 192.168.10.4 (summary Network Number)
  Advertising Router: 192.168.0.2
  LS Seg Number: 80000001
  Checksum: 0×7BD7
  Length: 28
  Network Mask: /30
        TOS: 0 Metric: 10
  Routing Bit Set on this LSA
  LS age: 298
  Options: (No TOS-capability, DC, Upward)
  LS Type: Summary Links(Network)
  Link State ID: 192.168.10.16 (summary Network Number)
  Advertising Router: 192.168.0.2
  LS Seq Number: 80000001
  Checksum: 0×67D5
 Length: 28
 Network Mask: /30
        TOS: 0 Metric: 20
R1# show ip route
```

Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

```
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
       i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
       ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
       o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
    192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets
O IA
      192.168.10.0 [110/20] via 192.168.11.2, 00:04:27, Ethernet0/0
0 IA 192.168.10.4 [110/20] via 192.168.11.2, 00:04:27, Ethernet0/0
      192.168.10.16 [110/30] via 192.168.11.2, 00:04:27, Ethernet0/0
O IA
    192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets
       192.168.11.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
    192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
С
       192.168.0.1 is directly connected, LoopbackO
```

# Router R5 R5#show ip ospf database summary OSPF Router with ID (192.168.0.5) (Process ID 1) Summary Net Link States (Area 0) Routing Bit Set on this LSA LS age: 424 Options: (No TOS-capability, DC, Upward) LS Type: Summary Links(Network) Link State ID: 192.168.11.0 (summary Network Number) Advertising Router: 192.168.0.2 LS Seq Number: 80000001 Checksum: 0×98BD Length: 28 Network Mask: /30

```
TOS: 0 Metric: 10
R5#
*Mar 1 01:01:55.147: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 192.168.0.3 on
→ Ethernet0/0 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
R5#
*Mar 1 01:01:58.715: %OSPF-5-ADJCHG: Process 1, Nbr 192.168.0.4 on
→ Ethernet0/2 from LOADING to FULL, Loading Done
R5#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2
      i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2
      ia - IS-IS inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
      o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
    192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets
        192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
        192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2
        192.168.10.16 [110/20] via 192.168.10.5, 00:00:49, Ethernet0/2
                      [110/20] via 192.168.10.1, 00:00:49, Ethernet0/0
    192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets
O IA
       192.168.11.0 [110/30] via 192.168.10.5, 00:00:49, Ethernet0/2
                     [110/30] via 192.168.10.1, 00:00:49, Ethernet0/0
    192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
        192.168.0.5 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

# E Koszty łącza OSPF

W celu weryfikacji czy i jakimi ścieżkami routery przesyłają między sobą informacje, z routera R4 spingowany zostaje interfejs e0/0 routera R1 przy użyciu komend

ping <ip-address> oraz traceroute <ip-address>. Pingowanie kończy się sukcesem, dane zostają przesłane.

Ścieżka przesyłu podana przez traceroute zgadza się z topologią sieci – dane przesyłane są na router R2 (adres 192.168.10.1 dla interfejsu R2–R4), a następnie na R1 (adres 192.168.11.1).

Tablica 3: Koszty połączeń z routera R1

Podsieć	Koszt połączenia		
192.168.0.1/32 (loopback)	bezpośrednio połączony		
192.168.11.0/30	bezpośrednio połączony		
192.168.10.0/30	20		
192.168.10.4/30	20		
192.168.10.16/30	30		

Koszty połączeń zestawione z tablicy (3) wynikają z narzuconej topologii sieci: interfejs e0/0 routera R1 jest skonfigurowany w podsieci 192.168.11.0/30, podsieci 192.168.10.0/30 oraz 192.168.10.4/30 (odpowiednio dla połączeń R2–R4 oraz R2–R3) są dostępne przez dwa przeskoki (każde o metryce 10) a podsieć 192.168.10.16 jest dostępna przez trzy.

Dopóki wszystkie połączenia miały przypisany koszt równy 10, połączenie R2–R4 miało koszt 10 (routery te są bezpośrednio połączone interfejsami e0/1). Po wzroście kosztu tego połączenia routery R2 i R4 zaczęły komunikować się ścieżką o koszcie 20 – poprzez router R3.

Koszt połączenia R2–R4 zostaje ustawiony na obu routerach na 100, zmiana ta jest widoczna w show ip ospf interface wywołanym na R2. Ponowne spingowanie R1 z R4 przy pomocy traceroute daje inny rezultat – OSPF wybiera najkrótszą ścieżkę, a ta nie wiedzie teraz przez R2–R4. Zgodnie z topologią sieci najkrótsza ścieżka to teraz R4–R3–R2–R1.

```
Router R4 - #ping 192.168.11.1

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.11.1, timeout is 2 seconds:

!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 12/36/44 ms
```

## \_ Router R4 - #traceroute 192.168.11.1 \_

Tracing the route to 192.168.11.1

1 192.168.10.1 224 msec 228 msec 236 msec

2 192.168.11.1 780 msec 28 msec 572 msec

Router R2 - koszty łączy ————————————————————————————————————							
R2#show ip ospf interface brief							
Interface	PID	Area	IP Address/Mask	Cost	State	Nbrs F/C	
Et0/2	1	0	192.168.10.5/30	10	P2P	1/1	
Et0/1	1	0	192.168.10.1/30	10	P2P	1/1	
Et0/0	1	1	192.168.11.2/30	10	DR	1/1	

\_ Router R2 - koszty łączy po zmianie \_

```
R2#show ip ospf interface
Ethernet0/2 is up, line protocol is up
 Internet Address 192.168.10.5/30, Area 0
 Process ID 1, Router ID 192.168.0.2, Network Type POINT_TO_POINT, Cost: 10
 Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT_TO_POINT
 Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
   oob-resync timeout 40
   Hello due in 00:00:08
 Supports Link-local Signaling (LLS)
 Index 3/3, flood queue length 0
 Next 0 \times 0(0) / 0 \times 0(0)
 Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 2
 Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 4 msec
 Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
   Adjacent with neighbor 192.168.0.3
 Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
Ethernet0/1 is up, line protocol is up
 Internet Address 192.168.10.1/30, Area 0
```

Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5

Process ID 1, Router ID 192.168.0.2, Network Type POINT\_TO\_POINT, Cost: 100

Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State POINT\_TO\_POINT

```
oob-resync timeout 40
    Hello due in 00:00:02
  Supports Link-local Signaling (LLS)
  Index 2/2, flood queue length 0
 Next 0 \times 0(0) / 0 \times 0(0)
 Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 2
 Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 4 msec
 Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
    Adjacent with neighbor 192.168.0.4
 Suppress hello for 0 neighbor(s)
Ethernet0/0 is up, line protocol is up
 Internet Address 192.168.11.2/30, Area 1
 Process ID 1, Router ID 192.168.0.2, Network Type BROADCAST, Cost: 10
 Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State DR, Priority 1
 Designated Router (ID) 192.168.0.2, Interface address 192.168.11.2
 Backup Designated router (ID) 192.168.0.1, Interface address 192.168.11.1
 Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 40, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
    oob-resync timeout 40
   Hello due in 00:00:00
 Supports Link-local Signaling (LLS)
 Index 1/1, flood queue length 0
 Next 0 \times 0(0) / 0 \times 0(0)
 Last flood scan length is 1, maximum is 1
 Last flood scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 4 msec
 Neighbor Count is 1, Adjacent neighbor count is 1
    Adjacent with neighbor 192.168.0.1 (Backup Designated Router)
 Suppress hello for O neighbor(s)
```

```
Router R4 - #ping 192.168.11.1

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.11.1, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 64/279/460 ms
```

```
Router R4 - #traceroute 192.168.11.1

Tracing the route to 192.168.11.1

1 192.168.10.17 816 msec 232 msec 228 msec
2 192.168.10.5 532 msec 344 msec 476 msec
3 192.168.11.1 2000 msec 456 msec 384 msec
```

# F Redystrybucja tras

Router R1 jest połączony bezpośrednio wyłącznie z R2, uzasadniona jest zatem zmiana protokołu połączenia R1–R2 z OSPF na RIP. W tym celu OSPF zostaje wyłączony na R1, a RIP zostaje włączony na R1 i R2, na nowo skonfigurowane zostają adresy. Komenda show ip route wywołana na R5 wskazuje, że interfejs R1–R2 przestał być interfejsem inter-area. Zgadza się to z wprowadzonymi zmianami, ponieważ R1–R2 nie tworzą teraz obszaru OSPF.

Komenda show ip ospf database router pokazuje z kolei, że R2 z ID 192.168.0.2 jest routerem ASBR. Na podstawie show ip ospf database external wiadomo, że łączy on R5 z siecią 192.168.11.0 (R2 jest Advertising Routerem), co zgadza się z założoną topologią sieci. Metryka dostępu do tej sieci wynosi 100, wynika to z faktu, że na R2 ustawiliśmy default-metric na 100, przy usunięciu R1–R2 z OSPF. Wówczas zaszła zmiana topologii sieci, więc trasa do R5 została zredystrybuowana. Przy drugiej zmianie metryki, nie doszło do zmiany w obszarze OSPF, więc metryka dla R5 się nie zmieniła.

```
Router R1 - #show ip route

Gateway of last resort is not set

R 192.168.10.0/24 [120/2] via 192.168.11.2, 00:00:20, Ethernet0/0
192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 192.168.11.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 192.168.0.1 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

```
Router R5 - #show ip route

192.168.10.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets

C 192.168.10.0 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0

C 192.168.10.4 is directly connected, Ethernet0/2

0 192.168.10.16 [110/20] via 192.168.10.5, 00:15:35, Ethernet0/2

[110/20] via 192.168.10.1, 00:15:35, Ethernet0/0

192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets

0 192.168.11.0 [110/30] via 192.168.10.1, 00:15:35, Ethernet0/0

192.168.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets

C 192.168.0.5 is directly connected, Loopback0
```

Router R5 - stan końcowy						
R5#show ip ospf database						
OSPF Router with ID (192.168.0.5) (Process ID 1)						
	Router Link Sta	tes (Area 0)				
Link ID	ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Checksum	Link count	
192.168.0.2	192.168.0.2	1136	0×80000014	0×007096	5	
192.168.0.3	192.168.0.3	1823	0×80000014	0×009A88	5	
192.168.0.4	192.168.0.4	42	0×80000014	0×00C2A8	5	
192.168.0.5	192.168.0.5	850	0×8000000D	0×00F750	4	
	Net Link States	(Area 0)				
Link ID	ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Checksum		
192.168.10.18	192.168.0.4	42	0×80000004	0×009BD1		
Type-5 AS External Link States						
Link ID	ADV Router	Age	Seq#	Checksum	Tag	
192.168.11.0	192.168.0.2	341	0×80000001	0×00B5BD	0	
R5#show ip ospf	database extern	al				

## OSPF Router with ID (192.168.0.5) (Process ID 1)

## Type-5 AS External Link States

LS age: 388

Options: (No TOS-capability, DC)

LS Type: AS External Link

Link State ID: 192.168.11.0 (External Network Number )

Advertising Router: 192.168.0.2

LS Seq Number: 80000001

Checksum: 0xB5BD

Length: 36

Network Mask: /30

Metric Type: 2 (Larger than any link state path)

TOS: 0

Metric: 100

Forward Address: 0.0.0.0 External Route Tag: 0

R5#show ip ospf database router

OSPF Router with ID (192.168.0.5) (Process ID 1)

Router Link States (Area 0)

Routing Bit Set on this LSA

LS age: 1198

Options: (No TOS-capability, DC)

LS Type: Router Links

Link State ID: 192.168.0.2

Advertising Router: 192.168.0.2

LS Seq Number: 80000014

Checksum: 0×7096

Length: 84

AS Boundary Router

```
Number of Links: 5
  Link connected to: a Stub Network
   (Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.11.0
   (Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.252
    Number of TOS metrics: 0
    TOS 0 Metrics: 10
  Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point)
   (Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.3
   (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.5
    Number of TOS metrics: 0
    TOS 0 Metrics: 10
  Link connected to: a Stub Network
   (Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.4
   (Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252
    Number of TOS metrics: 0
    TOS 0 Metrics: 10
  Link connected to: another Router (point-to-point)
   (Link ID) Neighboring Router ID: 192.168.0.4
   (Link Data) Router Interface address: 192.168.10.1
    Number of TOS metrics: 0
    TOS 0 Metrics: 100
  Link connected to: a Stub Network
   (Link ID) Network/subnet number: 192.168.10.0
   (Link Data) Network Mask: 255.255.255.252
    Number of TOS metrics: 0
    TOS 0 Metrics: 100
```