J - Juliet Unifies Ones

 $\begin{array}{ll} Memory \ limit: & 1024 \, MB \\ Time \ limit: & 2 \, s \end{array}$

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We call a binary string (consisting of ones and zeros) *unified* if all the ones form a contiguous (possibly empty) interval without any zeros in between. Examples of such strings are 0011110, 1, and 0000. However, the binary strings 101 and 00100011 are not unified.

Juliet has a binary string S, and she is willing to remove some characters to make the string unified. When Juliet removes a character, the remaining characters slide to fill the gap.

How many characters must be removed from S to make the remaining characters form a unified binary string?

Input

The input consists of a single line containing the string S ($1 \le |S| \le 50$, $S_i = 0$) or $S_i = 1$).

Output

Output a single integer – the minimum possible number of removed characters.

Example

For the input data: the correct result is:

00011011001

Explanation of the example:

In the string 00011011001, Juliet can remove two underlined characters to obtain the unified string 000111100.

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