Algorithms & Data Structures 2024/25

Practical Week 10

I realise that model answers tend to be easily available. Please however try to come up with your own solutions. If you do get stuck then ask the demonstrators for help.

- 1. Finish anything that may be left over from last week.
- 2. Simulate by hand the variant of QuickSort/Partition as covered in class on a "random" input of size 32.
- 3. Solve the following recurrences using the Master Theorem, or state why it cannot be applied.

(a)
$$T(n) = 3T(n/2) + n^2$$

(b)
$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2$$

(c)
$$T(n) = T(n/2) + 2^n$$

(d)
$$T(n) = 16T(n/4) + n$$

(e)
$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n \log n$$

(f)
$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n/\log n$$

(g)
$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + n^{0.51}$$

(h)
$$T(n) = 0.5T(n/2) + 1/n$$

(i)
$$T(n) = 16T(n/4) + n!$$

(j)
$$T(n) = \sqrt{2}T(n/2) + \log n$$

(k)
$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + cn$$

(1)
$$T(n) = 3T(n/3) + n/2$$

(m)
$$T(n) = 6T(n/3) + n^2 \log n$$

(n)
$$T(n) = 7T(n/3) + n^2$$

(o)
$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + \log n$$

(p)
$$T(n) = T(n/2) + n(2 - \cos n)$$

- 4. Show, using the guess-substitute-verify method, that the solution of $T(n) = T(\lceil n/2 \rceil) + 1$ is $\mathcal{O}(\log n)$. You must not simply ignore the ceiling $\lceil \bullet \rceil$!
- 5. Think about how one may prove the Master theorem. Start with trying to come up with a high-level approach, and then stop there if you wish. Should you want to take this further you may be interested in

https://www.cs.cornell.edu/courses/cs3110/2013sp/recitations/mm-proof.pdf,

a document containing a complete proof for the variant with simplified case (2), that is, without the $\log^k n$ term.