Name: Anupam Kunwar

Reg: 19BCE1369

WEEK-7

Q1.

Prompt the use for entering number of processes and their details.

□Number of processes

□Process arrival time

□Process CPU burst time requirement

□ Process priority

Categorize the processes into three different queues based on the specific range of priorities. Use round robin for the highest priority queue with a time quanta of 3. Use shortest job first for the middle level queue. Use first come first serve for the low priority queue.

You can switch CPU between the queues in a round robin manner with a time quanta of 15. Consider sufficient number of process to analyses the average waiting time of the processes. Calculate the average waiting time for each queue also.

Solution:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct process
{
int priority;
int burst_time;
int arrival_time;
int tat_time;
int total_time = 0;
};
struct queues
int priority_start;
int priority_end;
int total_time = 0;
int avg_wait_time;
int length = 0;
process *p;
bool executed = false;
};
bool notComplete(queues q[])
bool a = false;
int countInc = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
countInc = 0;
for (int j = 0; j < q[i].length; j++)
if (q[i].p[j].burst_time != 0)
a = true;
}
else
countInc += 1;
}
if (countInc == q[i].length)
q[i].executed = true;
}
```

```
return a;
}
void sort_sjf(queues q)
//Queue q has to be sorted according to burst-time of processes
for (int i = 1; i < q.length; i++)
for (int j = 0; j < q.length - 1; j++)
if (q.p[j].burst\_time < q.p[j + 1].burst\_time)
process temp = q.p[j + 1];
q.p[j + 1] = q.p[j];
q.p[j] = temp;
void sort_fcfs(queues q)
//Queue q has to be sorted according to arrival-time of processes
for (int i = 1; i < q.length; i++)
for (int j = 0; j < q.length - 1; j++)
if (q.p[j].arrival\_time < q.p[j + 1].arrival\_time)
process temp = q.p[j + 1];
q.p[j + 1] = q.p[j];
q.p[j] = temp;
void checkCompleteTimer(queues q[])
bool a = notComplete(q);
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
if (q[i].executed == false)
for (int j = 0; j < q[i].length; j++)
if (q[i].p[j].burst_time != 0)
q[i].p[j].total\_time += 1;
q[i].total\_time += 1;
```

```
}
}
}
int main()
//Initializing 3 queues with specific priority range
queues q[3];
q[0].priority_start = 7;
q[0].priority_end = 9;
q[1].priority_start = 4;
q[1].priority_end = 6;
q[2].priority_start = 1;
q[2].priority_end = 3;
int no_of_processes, priority_of_process, burst_time_of_process, arrival_time_of_process;
//Prompt User for entering Processes and assigning it to respective queues.
cout << "Enter the number of processes\n";</pre>
cin >> no_of_processes;
process p1[no_of_processes];
for (int i = 0; i < no_of_processes; i++)
cout << "Enter the priority of the process : ";</pre>
cin >> priority_of_process;
cout << "Enter the burst time of the process : ";</pre>
cin >> burst_time_of_process;
cout << "Enter arrival time of process : ";</pre>
cin >> arrival_time_of_process;
p1[i].priority = priority_of_process;
p1[i].burst_time = burst_time_of_process;
p1[i].tat_time = burst_time_of_process;
p1[i].arrival_time = arrival_time_of_process;
for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
if (q[j].priority_start <= priority_of_process && priority_of_process <= q[j].priority_end)
q[j].length++;
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
int len = q[i].length;
q[i].p = new process[len];
int a = 0;
int b = 0;
int c = 0;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
for (int j = 0; j < no_of_processes; j++)
if \ ((q[i].priority\_start <= p1[j].priority) \ \&\& \ (p1[j].priority <= q[i].priority\_end)) \\
if (i == 0)
q[i].p[a++] = p1[j];
else if (i == 1)
q[i].p[b++] = p1[j];
else
q[i].p[c++] = p1[j];
b--;
C--;
cout << "\n";
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
cout << "Queue " << i + 1 << " : \t";
for (int j = 0; j < q[i].length; j++)
cout << q[i].p[j].priority << "->";
cout << "NULL\n";</pre>
cout << "\n";
//While RR on multiple queues is not complete, keep on repeating
int timer = 0;
int l = -1;
int rr_timer = 3;
int counter = 0;
int countersjf = 0;
int counterfcfs = 0;
while (notComplete(q))
if (timer == 15)
timer = 0;
l += 1;
if (1 >= 3)
```

```
1=1%3;
//Process lth queue if its already not executed
//If its executed change the value of l
if (q[l].executed == true)
{
1 += 1;
if (1 >= 3)
1 = 1 \% 3;
continue;
//Finally you now have a queue which is not completely executed
//Process the incomplete processes over it
if (1 == 0)
cout << "Executing "</pre>
<< "Queue " << l + 1 << " with RR approach\n";
//Round Robin Algorithm for q=3
if (rr\_timer == 0)
{
rr_timer = 3;
for (int i = 0; i < q[1].length; i++)
if (q[l].p[i].burst\_time == 0)
counter++;
continue;
if (counter == q[1].length)
break;
while (rr_timer > 0 && q[l].p[i].burst_time != 0 && timer != 15)
cout << "Executing queue 1 and "</pre>
<< "process " << i + 1 << " for a unit time \n";
q[l].p[i].burst_time--;
checkCompleteTimer(q);
rr_timer--;
timer++;
}
if (timer == 15)
break;
```

```
if (q[l].p[i].burst\_time == 0 \&\& rr\_timer == 0)
rr timer = 3;
if (i == (q[i].length - 1))
i = -1;
continue;
if (q[l].p[i].burst\_time == 0 \&\& rr\_timer > 0)
if (i == (q[i].length - 1))
i = -1;
}
continue;
if (rr_timer \le 0)
rr\_timer = 3;
if (i == (q[i].length - 1))
i = -1;
}
continue;
}
else if (l == 1)
cout << "Executing "</pre>
<< "Queue " << l + 1 << " with shortest job first approach\n";
sort_sjf(q[l]); //sorting queue according to burst time
//SJF Scheduling(Non-preemptive)
for (int i = 0; i < q[1].length; i++)
if (q[l].p[i].burst\_time == 0)
countersjf++;
continue;
if (countersjf == q[l].length)
{
break;
while (q[l].p[i].burst_time != 0 && timer != 15)
cout << "Executing queue 2 and " << i + 1 << " process for a unit time. Process has priority of " <<
q[l].p[i].priority << "\n";
q[l].p[i].burst_time--;
```

```
checkCompleteTimer(q);
timer++;
if (timer == 15)
break;
if (q[l].p[i].burst\_time == 0)
continue;
}
}
else
cout << "Executing "</pre>
<< "Queue " << l + 1 << " with FCFS approach\n";
//FCFS
sort_fcfs(q[l]); //sorting queue according to arrival time
for (int i = 0; i < q[l].length; i++)
if (q[l].p[i].burst\_time == 0)
counterfcfs++;
continue;
if (counterfcfs == q[l].length)
break;
while (q[1].p[i].burst_time != 0 && timer != 15)
cout << "Executing queue 3 and " << i + 1 << " process for a unit time. Process has priority of " <<
q[l].p[i].priority << "\n";
q[l].p[i].burst_time--;
checkCompleteTimer(q);
timer++;
if (timer == 15)
break;
if (q[l].p[i].burst\_time == 0)
continue;
}
}
cout << "\n";
int sum_tt = 0;
```

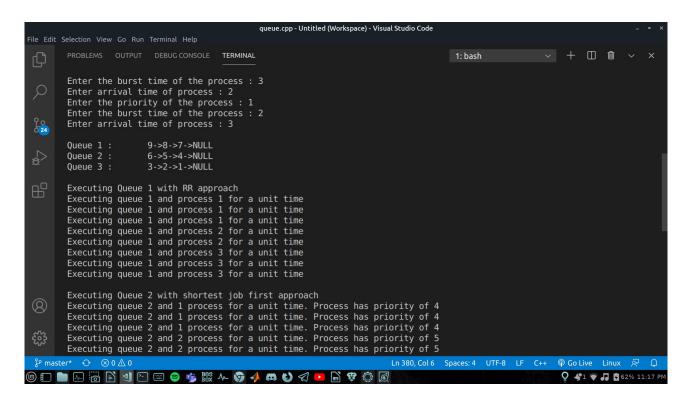
```
int sum_wt = 0;
int wtx;
int wty;
cout << "\n\nProcess | Turn Around Time | Waiting Time\n";</pre>
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
cout << "Queue " << i + 1 << "\n";
for (int j = 0; j < q[i].length; j++)
wty = q[i].p[j].total_time - q[i].p[j].tat_time;
if (wty < 0)
wty = 0;
cout << "Process P" << j + 1 << "\t" << q[i].p[j].total\_time << "\t\t" << wty << "\n";
sum_tt += q[i].p[j].total_time;
sum_wt += wty;
wtx = sum_wt;
q[i].avg_wait_time = wtx / q[i].length;
wtx = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
cout << "\nTotal Time taken for queue" << i + 1 << " to execute: " << q[i].total\_time << "\n";
cout << "Average waiting time for queue " << i + 1 << " : " << q[i].avg_wait_time << "\n";</pre>
}
cout << \verb|"\nThe average turnaround time for all process is : " << sum_tt / no_of_processes << endl;
cout << "\nThe average waiting time for all process is : " << sum_wt / no_of_processes << endl;</pre>
}
```

Output:

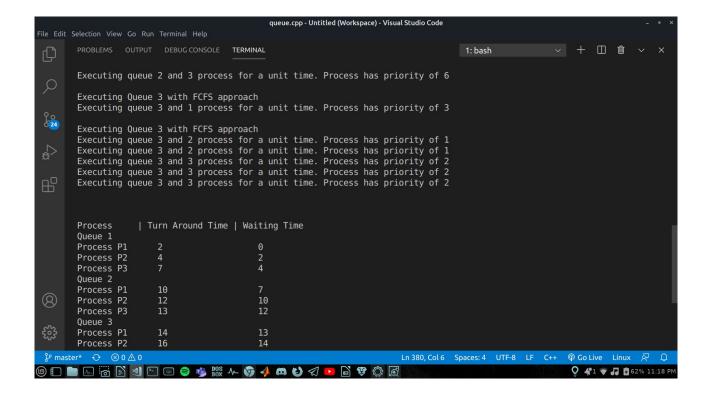
```
queue.cpp - Untitled (Workspace) - Visual Studio Code

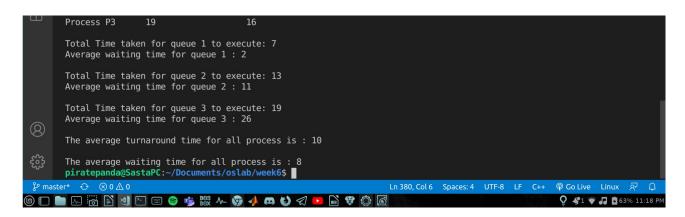
→ + □ 

□ 
            PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
                                                                                                                                         1: bash
            piratepanda@SastaPC:~/Documents/oslab/week6$ g++ queue.cpp -o multiq.out
            piratepanda@SastaPC:~/Documents/oslab/week6$ ./multiq.out
            Enter the number of processes
            Enter the priority of the process : 9
Enter the burst time of the process : 3
Enter arrival time of process : 2
Enter the priority of the process : 8
Enter the burst time of the process : 2
            Enter arrival time of process : 3
Enter the priority of the process : 7
Enter the burst time of the process : 3
            Enter arrival time of process : 4
Enter the priority of the process : 6
Enter the burst time of the process : 1
            Enter arrival time of process: 2
Enter the priority of the process: 5
            Enter the burst time of the process: 2
Enter arrival time of process: 4
Enter the priority of the process: 4
Enter the burst time of the process: 3
            Enter arrival time of process : 1
Enter the priority of the process :
 (2)
             Enter the burst time of the process : 1
            Enter arrival time of process : 3
Enter the priority of the process : 2
                                                                                                                      Ln 380, Col 6 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF C++ @ Go Live Linux & Q
Q 41 ₹1 ₹ 60% 11:14 PM
```



•





.