



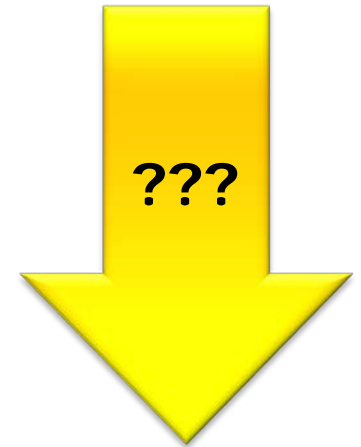
# Shell

*"We need an easy and universal way to configure and inspect our target, even if we are not debugging."*

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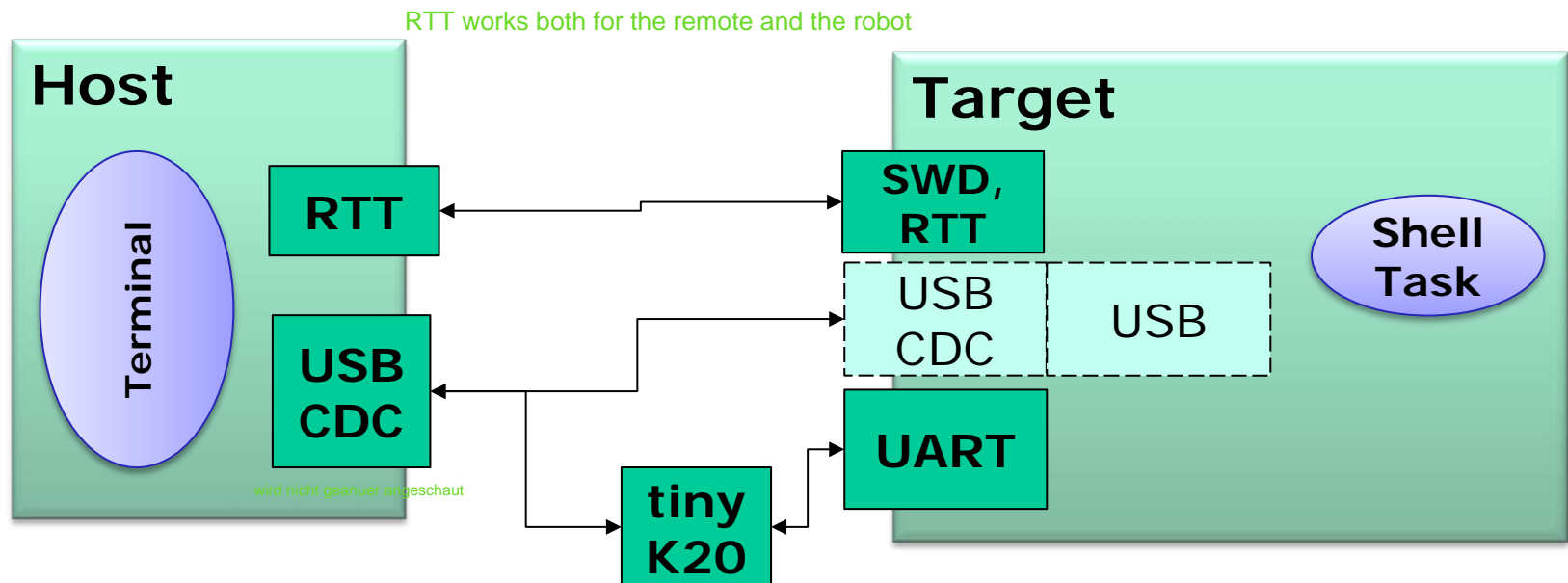
# Learning Goals

- Problem: We need a simple user interface
- Goals
  - Shell (Console) Interface
  - UART
  - RTT
  - Create and use command handler



# Hardware Connections

- Shell: Provides Command line Interface
  - Robot V1: RTT, native USB CDC
  - Robot V2: RTT, native USB CDC, UART over tinyK20
  - Remote: RTT, native USB CDC, UART over tinyK20
- (later we will add a wireless channel)



# Shell Interface

```
/*!  
 * \brief Sends a string to the shell/console stdout  
 * \param msg Zero terminated string to write  
 */  
void SHELL_SendString(unsigned char *msg);
```

```
/*!  
 * \brief Initializes the module and creates Shell task  
 */  
void SHELL_Init(void);
```

```
/*!  
 * \brief Deinitializes the module.  
 */  
void SHELL_Deinit(void);
```

# Shell Task

## - ReadAndParseWithCommandTable()

- Read in chars until '\n', appends to buffer reads from standard in
- Uses StdIO as input/output channel
- Uses table for parsers add the string in the buffer, character by character

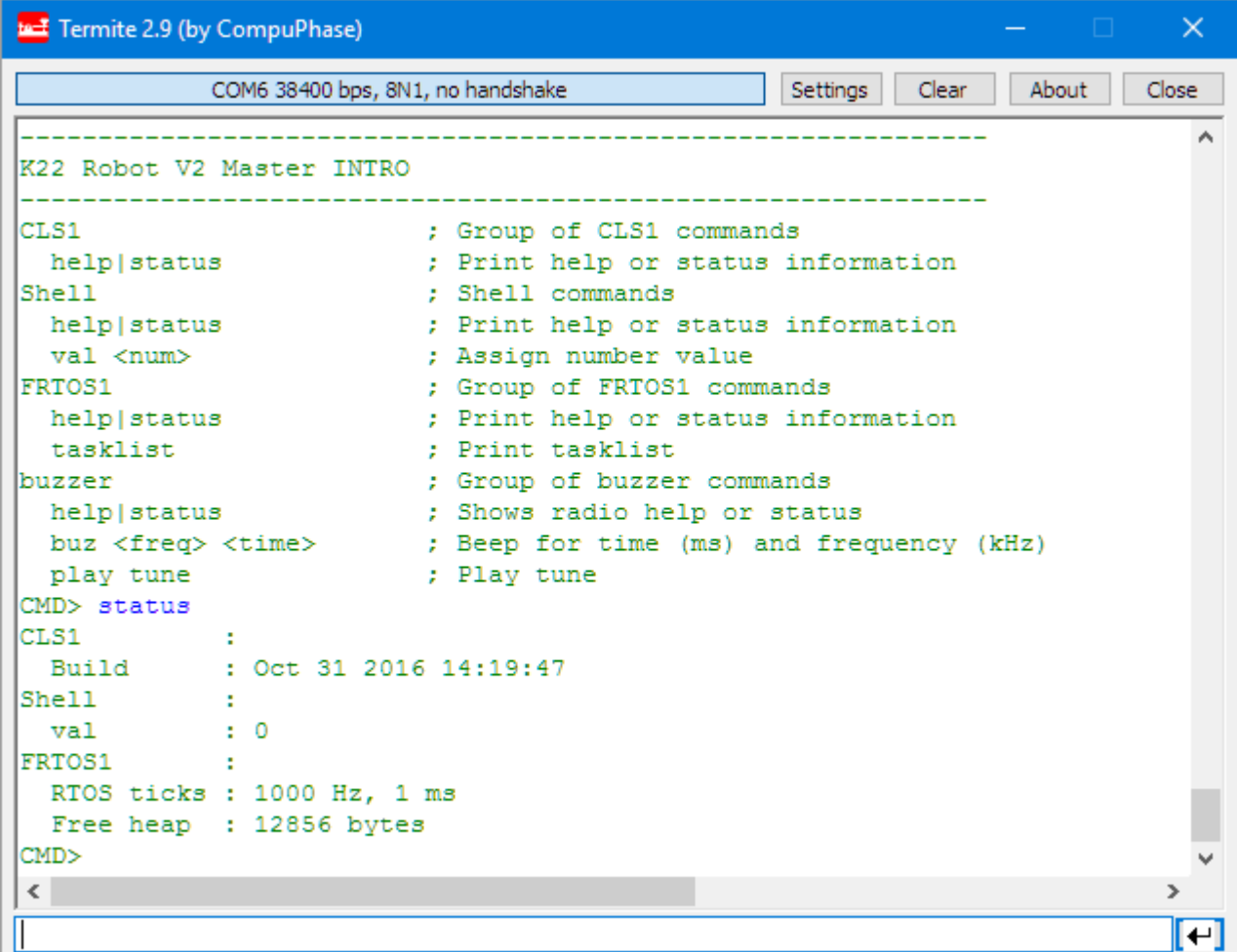
```
static void ShellTask(void *pvParameters) {
    static uint8_t localConsole_buf[48];
    CLS1_ConstStdIOTypePtr ioLocal = CLS1_GetStdio();

    localConsole_buf[0] = '\0';
    CLS1_ParseWithCommandTable(CLS1_CMD_HELP,
        ioLocal, CmdParserTable); table explained later #11
    for(;;) {
        CLS1_ReadAndParseWithCommandTable(localConsole_buf,
            sizeof(localConsole_buf), ioLocal, CmdParserTable);
        vTaskDelay(50/portTICK_RATE_MS); every 50ms reads in the character
    } /* for */
}
```

# Example Console Session

default comments

- 'help' and 'status' default commands
- Shell status
- Shell help
- Shell val 5



```

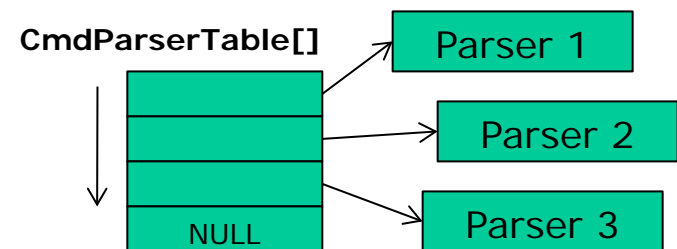
Termite 2.9 (by CompuPhase)
COM6 38400 bps, 8N1, no handshake
Settings Clear About Close

-----
K22 Robot V2 Master INTRO
-----
CLS1                                ; Group of CLS1 commands
  help|status                       ; Print help or status information
Shell                              ; Shell commands
  help|status                       ; Print help or status information
  val <num>                         ; Assign number value
FRTOS1                             ; Group of FRTOS1 commands
  help|status                       ; Print help or status information
  tasklist                         ; Print tasklist
buzzer                             ; Group of buzzer commands
  help|status                       ; Shows radio help or status
  buz <freq> <time>                ; Beep for time (ms) and frequency (kHz)
  play tune                        ; Play tune
CMD> status
CLS1                                :
  Build                           : Oct 31 2016 14:19:47
Shell                             :
  val                             : 0
FRTOS1                            :
  RTOS ticks                      : 1000 Hz, 1 ms
  Free heap                      : 12856 bytes
CMD>
  
```

# Shell Command Parser Table

- Command Line Parser Table
  - **List/****Table** of **Function Pointers** structure (list or table) -> we use the tabel
  - **Static** or **Dynamic** table an constant array in a dynamic table
  - **Size** argument or **Sentinel** (at the end of the table a special entry)
- Passed to shell parsing routine

```
static const CLS1_ParseCommandCallback CmdParserTable[] =
{
    CLS1_ParseCommand,
    . . .
    NULL /* Sentinel */
};
```



```
(void)CLS1_ParseWithCommandTable("help", CLS1_GetStdio(), CmdParserTable);
```

you can have multiple table if you want...

# Example Command Parser (implementation)

```
static uint8_t SHELL_ParseCommand(const unsigned char *cmd, bool *handled,
const CLS1_StdIOType *io) {
    uint32_t val;
    const unsigned char *p;

    if (UTIL1_strcmp((char*)cmd, CLS1_CMD_HELP)==0 || UTIL1_strcmp((char*)cmd,
        "Shell help")==0)
    {
        *handled = TRUE;
        return SHELL_PrintHelp(io);
    } else if (UTIL1_strcmp((char*)cmd, CLS1_CMD_STATUS)==0
        || UTIL1_strcmp((char*)cmd, "Shell status")==0) {
        *handled = TRUE;
        return SHELL_PrintStatus(io);
    } else if (UTIL1_strncmp(cmd, "Shell val ", sizeof("Shell val ")-1)==0) {
        p = cmd+sizeof("Shell val ")-1;
        if (UTIL1_xatoi(&p, &val)==ERR_OK) {
            SHELL_val = val;
            *handled = TRUE;
        }
    }
    return ERR_OK;
}
```

if you handled the comment or not

wrapper to the normal string compare

string compare byte by byte

extendend ascii to int

sizeof("abc"); -> 4, because abc0  
strlen("abc"); -> 3



# Help & Status

```
static uint8_t SHELL_PrintHelp(const CLS1_StdIOType *io) {
    CLS1_SendHelpStr("Shell", "Shell commands\r\n", io->stdout);
    CLS1_SendHelpStr("  help|status", "Print help or status
                           information\r\n", io->stdout);
    CLS1_SendHelpStr("  val <num>", "Assign number value\r\n",
                     io->stdout);
    return ERR_OK;
}
```

```
static uint8_t SHELL_PrintStatus(const CLS1_StdIOType *io) {
    uint8_t buf[16];

    CLS1_SendStatusStr("Shell", "\r\n", io->stdout);
    UTIL1_Num32sToStr(buf, sizeof(buf), SHELL_val);
    UTIL1_strcat(buf, sizeof(buf), "\r\n");
    CLS1_SendStatusStr("  val", buf, io->stdout);
    return ERR_OK;
}
```

## strncmp(), sizeof() & xatoi() Example

```
const unsigned char *p;
uint32_t val;
. . .
} else if (UTIL1_strncmp((char*)cmd,
(char*)"val ", sizeof("val ") - 1) == 0)
{
    p = cmd + sizeof("val ") - 1;
    if (    UTIL1_xatoi(&p, &val) == ERR_OK
        && val >= -100 && val <= 100)
    {
        . . .
    }
}
```

compares a number of characters

address

# Parsing Numbers

`val <number>`

UTIL1:Utility  
strcpy

WeekDay  
ReadEscapedName  
**xatoi**  
ScanDate  
ScanTime

```
uint8_t UTIL1_xatoi(const char **str, long *res)
```

```
{
```

```
/* 123 -5 0x3ff 0b1111 0377 w "
```

^

^

^

^

^

^

```
*/
```

1st call returns 123 and next ptr

2nd call returns -5 and next ptr

3rd call returns 1023 and next ptr

4th call returns 15 and next ptr

5th call returns 255 and next ptr

6th call fails and returns ERR\_FAILED

# Shell and Default Communication Channel

- Shell usually has 'default' channel (stdio)

Properties   Methods   Events		
Name	Value	D
Component name	CLS1	
Echo	no	
Prompt	"CMD> "	
Project Name	FRDM-KL25Z Master INTRO	
Silent Mode Prefix	#	
▲ <b>Blocking Send</b>	Enabled	
Wait	WAIT1	
Timeout (ms)	20	D
Wait Time (ms)	10	D
RTOS Wait	yes	
Status Colon Pos	13	D
Help Semicolon Pos	26	D
▲ <b>Multi Command</b>	Enabled	
Length	32	D
Separator	;	
Utility	UTIL1	
▲ <b>Default Serial</b>	Enabled	
Console Interface	AS1	
Semaphore	no	
Critical Section	CS1	
▶ <b>History</b>	no	
Kinetis SDK	KSDK1	

how long it blocks

**INTRO: Disabled**, as we are going to use multiple communication channels

usefull if you use only one communication channel (RTT, UART,..)

```
#define CLS1_DEFAULT_SERIAL 1
```

# Components with Shell Support

- Many Components have a Shell Parser implemented, e.g. FreeRTOS
- The setting configures a Macro which can be used in the parser table

Memory	Settings for the memo...
Memory Allocation Scheme	Scheme 2
User Heap Section	Disabled
Total Heap Size	8192 <span>D</span>
Shell	Enabled
Shell	CLS1
Utility	UTIL1

```
/* Macro for shell support */
```

```
#define FRTOS1_PARSE_COMMAND_ENABLED 1
```

```
static const CLS1_ParseCommandCallback CmdParserTable[] =
{
    CLS1_ParseCommand, /* Processor Expert Shell component */
    #if FRTOS1_PARSE_COMMAND_ENABLED
        FRTOS1_ParseCommand, /* FreeRTOS shell parser */
    #endif
}
```

# Custom Standard I/O

- Chaining/Redirecting Standard I/O
- Create your own handler struct
  - In: Reading Character
  - Out/Error: Sending Character
  - Pressed: if input is available
- Needs a buffer to read character stream (until '\r', '\n')
  - needs to initialized the first time with '\0'

```
static CLS1_ConstStdIOType UART_stdio = {  
    .stdin = UART_ReceiveChar,  
    .stdout = UART_SendChar,  
    .stderr = UART_SendChar,  
    .keyPressed = UART_KeyPressed,  
};
```

```
static uint8_t UART_DefaultShellBuffer[CLS1_DEFAULT_SHELL_BUFFER_SIZE];
```

# UART I/O Handler

just for UART

```
#include "AS1.h"
```

```
static bool UART_KeyPressed(void) {  
    return AS1_GetCharsInRxBuf() != 0;  
}
```

true if something in the buffer

```
static void UART_SendChar(uint8_t ch) {  
    CLS1_SendCharFct(ch, AS1_SendChar);  
}
```

function to write something in the uart channel

```
static void UART_ReceiveChar(uint8_t *p) {  
    if (AS1_RecvChar(p) != ERR_OK) {  
        *p = '\0';  
    }  
}
```

AS1\_SendChar(ch) -> non blocking

CLS1\_SendCharFct(ch, AS1\_SencChar) -> blocking with timeout

# Shell I/O Handler Implementation

```
static void SHELL_SendChar(uint8_t ch) {
    #if SHELL_CONFIG_HAS_SHELL_RTT
        RTT1_SendChar(ch);
    #endif
    #if SHELL_CONFIG_HAS_SHELL_UART
        UART_SendChar(ch);
    #endif
}
```

```
static bool SHELL_KeyPressed(void) {
    #if SHELL_CONFIG_HAS_SHELL_RTT
        if (RTT1_stdio.keyPressed()) {
            return TRUE;
        }
    #endif
    #if SHELL_CONFIG_HAS_SHELL_UART
        if (UART_stdio.keyPressed()) {
            return TRUE;
        }
    #endif
    return FALSE;
}
```

```
static void SHELL_ReadChar(uint8_t *p) {
    *p = '\0'; /* default, nothing available */
    #if SHELL_CONFIG_HAS_SHELL_RTT
        if (RTT1_stdio.keyPressed()) {
            RTT1_stdio.stdIn(p);
            return;
        }
        #endif
        #if SHELL_CONFIG_HAS_SHELL_UART
            if (UART_stdio.keyPressed()) {
                UART_stdio.stdIn(p);
                return;
            }
        #endif
    }
    #endif
}
```

why do need to check if keyPressed?  
-> wird abgefragt ob etwas im Input-Buffer ist (by R.K)

there is no serializing in RTT (help -> hsaelp)

```
CLS1_ConstStdIOType SHELL_stdio =
{
    (CLS1_StdIO_In_FctType)SHELL_ReadChar, /* stdin */
    (CLS1_StdIO_OutErr_FctType)SHELL_SendChar, /* stdout */
    (CLS1_StdIO_OutErr_FctType)SHELL_SendChar, /* stderr */
    SHELL_KeyPressed /* if input is not empty */
};
```



# Shell I/O Descriptor Array

```
typedef struct {
    CLS1_ConstStdIOType *stdio;
    unsigned char *buf;
    size_t bufSize;
} SHELL_IODesc;

static const SHELL_IODesc ios[] =    size of the whole thing (struct) divide sizeof "one line"
{
    {&SHELL_stdio, SHELL_DefaultShellBuffer, sizeof(SHELL_DefaultShellBuffer)},
#ifdef SHELL_CONFIG_HAS_SHELL_RTT
    {&RTT1_stdio, RTT1_DefaultShellBuffer, sizeof(RTT1_DefaultShellBuffer)},
#endif
    /*! \todo Extend as needed */
};
```

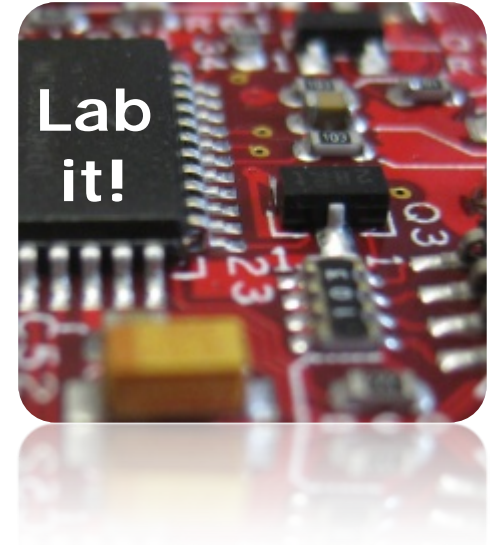
# Shell Task

```
static void ShellTask(void *pvParameters) {
    int i;

    /* initialize buffers */
    for(i=0;i<sizeof(ios)/sizeof(ios[0]);i++) {
        ios[i].buf[0] = '\0'; initialize the buffer
    }
    CLS1_ParseWithCommandTable(CLS1_CMD_HELP, ios[0].stdio, CmdParserTable);
    for(;;) {
        /* process all I/Os */
        for(i=0;i<sizeof(ios)/sizeof(ios[0]);i++) {
            CLS1_ReadAndParseWithCommandTable(ios[i].buf, ios[i].bufSize,
                ios[i].stdio, CmdParserTable);
        }
        vTaskDelay(pdMS_TO_TICKS(10));
    } /* for */
}
```

## Lab Task: Shell

- Integrate
  - Shell.c
  - Shell.h
- Communication Channels
  - Robo: Bluetooth
  - Both: Segger RTT
- Use shell for your own modules  
(status/help/commands)



# Summary

- *Problem: We need a simple user interface*
- UART, RTT, (later: nRF24L01 + 2.4 GHz)
- Settings
  - Driver structure
- Shell
  - Configuration
  - Status / Help
  - Command Line Interface

