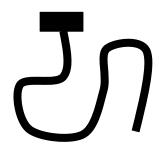


"Let's find that shiny place..."

Prof. Erich Styger erich.styger@hslu.ch +41 41 349 33 01

## **Line Following**

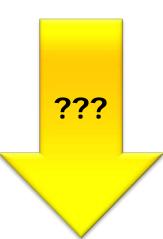
- Line Sensor: «what is my position on the line»
  - IR Reflectance Sensor
- Motors: «Move the robot»
  - Motor signals, H-Bridge
- Follow the Line: «stay on the line»
  - Closed Loop Control, PID
- Driving and Turning: «Turn left 90°»
  - Quadrature Sensor
  - Speed/Position estimation
- Wireless Control: «Move forward»
  - Radio Transceiver
  - Network stack



## **Learning Goals**

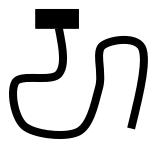
- Goal:
  - Differentiate between 'black' and 'white'
  - Line Position for PID
  - 'Goal' area detection
- Reflectance Sensor
- Capacitive Discharge
- Calibration/Normalization
- Black Line Detection

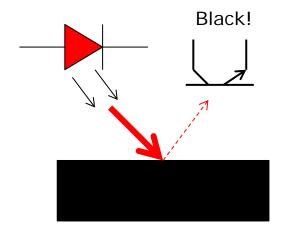


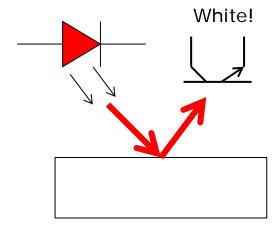


## Sensing the Border (Line)

- Need to sense black lines
- Difference between 'black' and 'white'
- Really: low/high IR Reflectance!
- Idea
  - Measure reflectance of floor
  - IR LED with Phototransistor

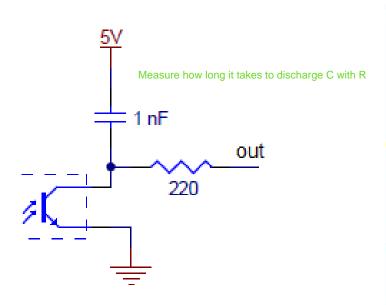






### **QTR Reflectance Sensor**

- Analog or digital?
- Phototransistor with capacitor discharge circuit
- Shorter discharge → more light (greater reflection)
- Measure discharge time with digital I/O pin

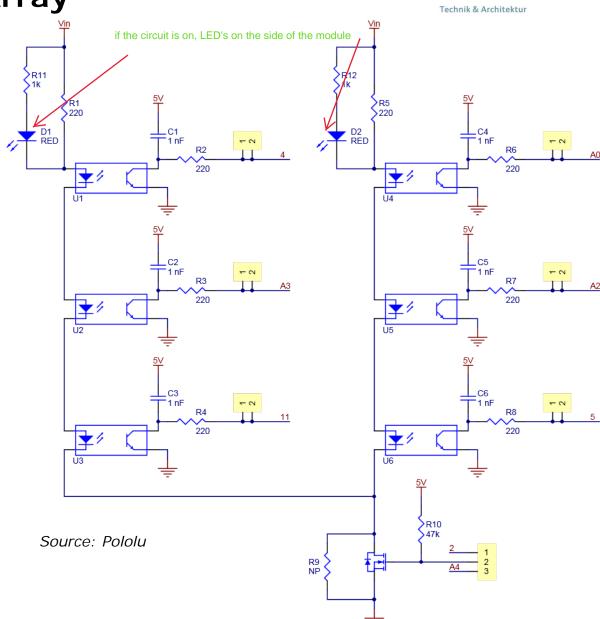


Source: Pololu.com

Source: Pololu.com

## **Zumo Reflectance Array**

- -5V → 3.3V!
- 2 Red LED's
- 2x3 Series IR LED's
- MOSFET
  - IR\_LED\_ON
  - ~40 mA

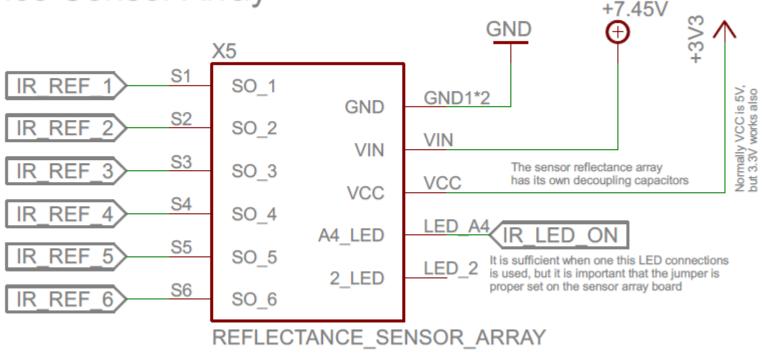


#### HOCHSCHULE LUZERN

#### **Reflectance Sensor Connector**

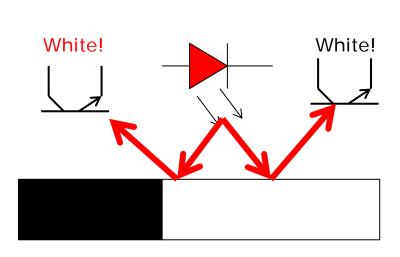
- IR\_LED\_ON to turn on FET/Transistor

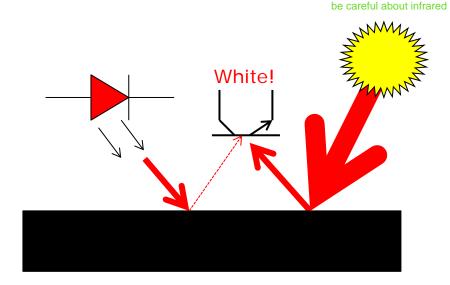
# Reflectance Sensor Array



#### **Problems**

- Reflections to other sensors/crosstalk
- 'External' Ambient Light
- Distance to ground
- 'Shielding'

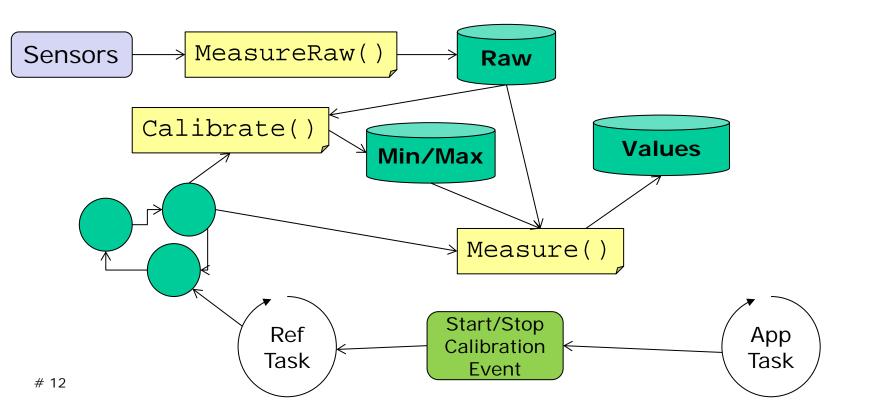






#### **Reflectance Control and Data Flow**

- External calibration start/stop (e.g. push button)
- Calibration: raw min/max values scaled to 0-1000
- Reference Task processes state machine
- But: do not create too many tasks!



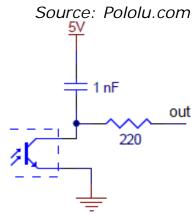
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## **Raw Sensor Value Acquisition**

- Turn IR LED on with the FET
- $Wait~~200~\mu s~$  needs some time until they're on
- For all sensors
  - I/O pin as output
  - Set it to HIGH
- ~20-50 µs charge time
- Start/Reset time counter
- Set all pins as I/O change the pins as input pins
- Measure time pin gets LOW
- Turn IR LED off

we can't allow context switch! because the measurement can't be interrupted

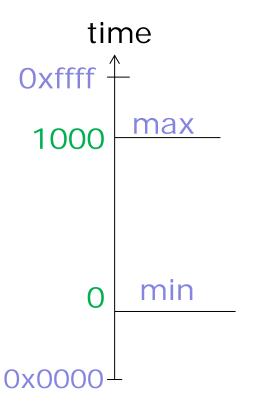






### Min/Max and Value Scaling

- Values scaled to 0-1000
- Offset compensation
- Normalized Sensor values
- Overflow prevention (16bit)
- Interested in 'dark/white', not in the exact gray value

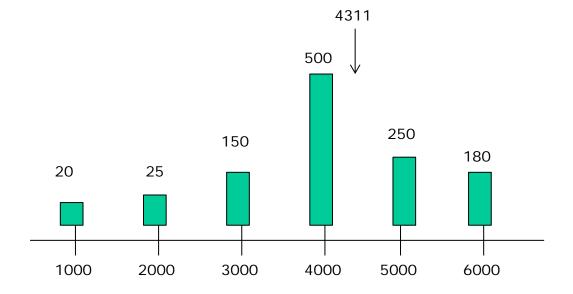


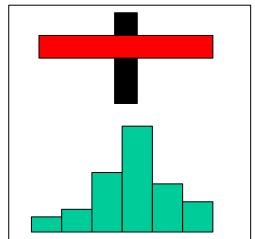
```
0 \times 085 A
                                   0 \times 0092 \ 0 \times 02FD
                                                                         0 \times 0.0 B6
raw val
                                                                                      0 \times 000 A3
min val
                       0 \times 0.0 \text{A4}
                                   0 \times 007 A 0 \times 007 E
                                                            (0 \times 0.09 B)
                                                                         0 \times 0087
                                                                                      0 \times 0089
                                    0x08B6 \ 0x081B \ 0x0A9F
                                                                         0 \times 0.8 D0
                       0xD22B
                                                                                      0 \times 0 AFB
max val
calib val
                                    0x000B 0x014C 0x0314
                       0x0000
```

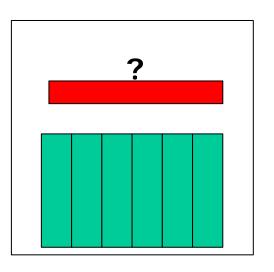
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## **Line Position Algorithm**

- White line: inverted 'black'
- Weighted value to represent 'line' position
- $VaI = SUM(S_i * i*1000) / SUM(S_i))$



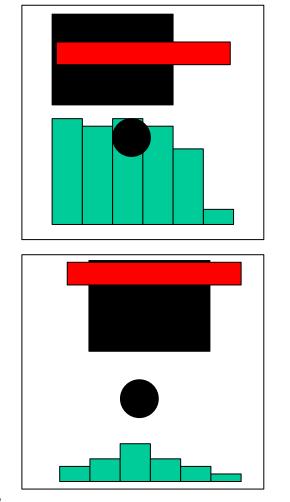


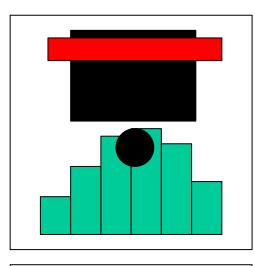


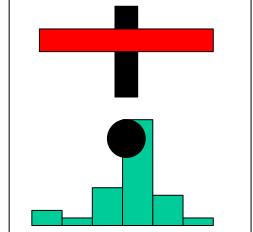
#### **Sensor Patterns**

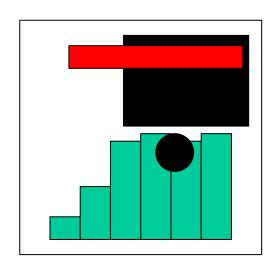
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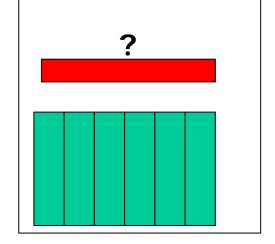
### - Black 'Line' Detection









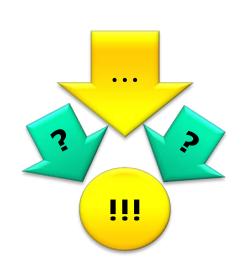


## Implementation Consideration

- RTOS Task or Process() function for Sensor?
  - Task overhead (stack), but can be blocking
  - Function: non-blocking, frequently called
  - Periodic sampling vs. 'on demand'
- Events
  - Event to start/stop calibration
  - Event(s) for end of line?
- Application and Data?
  - Interruption (task?) during measurement?
  - Timeout during measurement? context switch during measurement? probably no!
  - What kind of data is needed for the Robot application?
  - State machine in main application loop
  - Drive forward and do not fall from the table ©

## **Summary**

- Line detection
- Capacitive Discharge
  - IR LED
  - Photo Transistor
- Timing
- Raw values
- Scaled/normalized values
- Line position calculation



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- Integrate
  - Reflectance.c
  - Reflectance.h
- Reentrancy
- Timeout
- RTOS task or Process() function
- Extend
  - Ability to calibrate
    - Button?
    - Shell?

