

Google Universal Analytics for Unity

Optimized wrapper for Universal Analytics by Google, from Jetro Lauha / [Strobotnik Ltd.](#)



Table of Contents

[Introduction](#)
[Upgrade Guide](#)
[Setting Up a Profile in Google Analytics](#)
[Integrating Analytics Code To Your Unity Project](#)
[Offline-Cache, Throttling and Internet Access Status](#)
[Limits and Quotas](#)
[Other Documentation](#)
[References for Designing Your Analytics](#)
[Some Hints About How to Find Stuff from Analytics Results](#)
[Example of Creating a Custom Report](#)
[Answers to Frequently Asked Questions](#)
[Feedback, Feature Suggestions and Bug Reports](#)

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<http://strobotnik.com/unity/internetreachabilityverifier/>

Introduction

This package contains a helper class and usage examples for integrating analytics to projects created with Unity. The code offers a way to use [Google Analytics](#) service with implementation based on the new [Measurement Protocol](#) specification, which is part of *Google's Universal Analytics*.

This document has been revised in November 2017.

Important note: Apps should ask user's consent for data collection.

Read more from here: <https://www.google.com/about/company/user-consent-policy.html>

Upgrade Guide

NOTE: Instructions for setting up a new tracking profile have been changed in v1.7.1!

Upgrading from older versions to **1.7.0**:

- GUA classes are now in Strobotnik.GUA namespace (to reduce “clashes” with Unity’s own Analytics). You need to add using Strobotnik.GUA; to GUA-related integration code. (This does not apply to projects running in Unity 4.x or 3.x).

There are no API breaking changes in versions **1.5.0** to **1.6.2**.

- Small clarifications added to the documentation/comments.
- Support for Unity 5 WebGL builds added in version **1.6.0**
- New methods added in version **1.5.1**:
addDOMInteractiveTime, addContentLoadedTime.
- New methods added in version **1.6.0**:
setDataSource, setGeographicalOverride.

If you previously used **v1.4.1** or **older**, use these instructions to update your analytics code:

- **Remove** all calls to `addAnonymizeIP` and use `setAnonymizeIP` once instead.
- **Remove** all calls to `addUserLanguage`. If you need to change the default/current language setting, then you can use `setUserLanguage` once (language code is added to all hits).
- Additionally, note the following new features:
 - Method `cancelHit` stops building current hit and returns to neutral state.
 - Automatic catching and sending of Unity-level application errors and exceptions has been added (you can enable/disable this in the Analytics component). Development builds also include the stack trace. The collected data can be found in Google Analytics site from Behavior→Crashes and Exceptions.
 - User language is now part of the automatically added hit data, and it is now in the language code format (e.g. “en” instead of “English”).
 - Offline cached hits are not sent if their time stamp is way too far from current time.
 - Only on Web player builds: You can now give `null` as the url string to `addDocumentReferrer` method, which means that the web page `document.referrer` will be used instead.
 - Added analytics “category” info to the method info strings of Doxygen docs.
 - Added following new methods belonging to “Enhanced E-Commerce” category:
`addProductAction`, `addProductSKU`, `addProductName`, `addProductBrand`, `addProductCategory`, `addProductVariant`, `addProductPrice`, `addProductQuantity`, `addProductCouponCode`, `addProductPosition`, `addProductCustomDimension`, `addProductCustomMetric`, `addTransactionCouponCode`, `addProductActionList`, `addCheckoutStep`, `addCheckoutStepOption`, `addProductImpressionListName`, `addProductImpressionSKU`, `addProductImpressionName`, `addProductImpressionBrand`, `addProductImpressionCategory`, `addProductImpressionVariant`, `addProductImpressionPosition`, `addProductImpressionPrice`, `addProductImpressionCustomDimension`, `addProductImpressionCustomMetric`, `addPromotionAction`, `addPromotionID`, `addPromotionName`, `addPromotionCreative`, `addPromotionPosition`.
 - In addition, following methods have been slightly modified as they are part of both the existing “E-Commerce” and new “Enhanced E-Commerce” categories:
`addTransactionID`, `addTransactionAffiliation`, `addTransactionRevenue`, `addTransactionShipping`, `addTransactionTax`.

Here's additional instructions if your previous version was **1.3.0** or earlier:

- **Rename** all instances of `HitType.Appview` to `HitType.Screenview`.
- **Rename** all `addContentDescription` calls to `addScreenName`.
- **Remove** all calls to `addApplicationVersion`. There is no need to add calls to `setApplicationVersion` (a new method) if you have set the app version to Analytics component. That version will automatically be added to all hits.
- **Check** if you want to use the new offline caching of hits. The Analytics component has this automatically enabled.
- Additionally, note that following methods have been added, mostly due to additions to Measurement Protocol: `setUserID`, `setIPOverride`, `setUserAgentOverride`, `setApplicationName`, `setApplicationID`, `setApplicationVersion`, `addApplicationInstallerID`. When you use methods which begin with “set”, the given setting will apply to all analytics hits afterwards.

Setting Up a Profile in Google Analytics

1. Go to www.google.com/analytics/ and create an account if you don't already have one.
2. Click **Admin**, select the account you want to use, and then in the PROPERTY column choose **"Create new property"** from the drop-down menu.
3. Below the "What would you like to track?" question, select **"Website"**. Enter name of your app in the Website Name field. **Note:** Just to be sure, it's probably a good idea to use only letters and numbers, so select a name with no special characters – for example: CarSimulator2.
4. Provide a Website URL. You may use your company URL or the URL for your app's marketing site.
5. Select an Industry Category and correct Reporting Time Zone.
6. Click **"Get Tracking ID"**. Now you have a new Property ID top of the page which looks like UA-XXXXXXX-Y (where X and Y are some numbers).
7. Return to Admin Home and make sure your new Property is still selected in the PROPERTY column. In the VIEW column, choose **"Create new view"** from the drop-down menu.
8. Select **"Mobile app"** and provide a Reporting View Name, for example "MobileAppData". Click **"Create view"**.
9. (Optional) View Settings of your new Profile. Select the currency you want to use. If you want to do E-Commerce tracking (send transaction and item hits), enable it as well.

Integrating Analytics Code To Your Unity Project

1. **Add** `Analytics.cs` and `GoogleUniversalAnalytics.cs` to your project Assets (this will happen automatically if you just import the package using Asset Store).
2. **Add a new** `GameObject` to the first scene of your project. **Name** the `GameObject` to e.g. "Analytics". Then **drag** the `Analytics.cs` script to it. You don't need to drag the `GoogleUniversalAnalytics.cs` script (not a `MonoBehaviour`) - it is only internally used by `Analytics.cs`.
3. **Change** the tracking ID, app name and app version information (using what you have from going through the previous chapter, "*Setting Up a Profile in Google Analytics*"). If you don't want analytics hits of your development builds appear with the released app's analytics hits, you can also specify a separate "Debug Tracking ID" by creating a separate tracking profile in Google Analytics and enter its tracking ID in this field. If the Debug Tracking ID field is not empty, it will be used in builds which are flagged as [x] Development Build in Unity, and when you're testing in Editor Play mode.
4. It's good idea to at least glance through the `Analytics.cs` code even if you probably don't need to modify it. That `MonoBehaviour` makes an anonymous client ID for analytics, sends client `SystemInfo` data on first launch, catches errors & exceptions and sends them to analytics, and sends automatic app screen hits when a new level is loaded using the given prefix (see `OnLevelWasLoaded`). The Analytics component is made persistent with `DontDestroyOnLoad`.
5. For all important screens which aren't separate scenes, add calls to `Analytics.gua.sendAppScreenHit("screen name")` when you enter the screen. Similarly, when important events or transactions happen, add analytics calls for those. Make custom helper methods based on what you need. A customized hit consists of these calls: `Analytics.gua.beginHit(...)`, one or more `Analytics.gua.addXXXXX(...)` calls, and finally `Analytics.gua.sendHit()`. Remember to add `using Strobotnik.GUA;` to start of source files.
6. Check the Doxygen documentation for the `GoogleUniversalAnalytics` class for some more information (and to perhaps get more ideas what you could track as well).
7. In your web browser, go to the start page of Google Analytics and find your newly added app name & click it to go to App Overview analytics page. From left sidebar, go to the Real-Time → Overview page.
8. Run your Unity project and see if you can see a new screen view event appearing in the real-time page (assuming you have set up the app name and tracking id properly).

Notes: "Use HTTPS" may be required on newer versions of Apple platforms. In case you must use old version of Unity, note that HTTPS does not seem to work when testing inside Unity Editor. In that case you need to test with a stand-alone build.

9. Make yourself familiar with Google User-ID and User Consent policies:

<https://developers.google.com/analytics/devguides/collection/protocol/policy>

<https://www.google.com/about/company/user-consent-policy.html>

Specifically, you must give your end users proper notice about what and how you collect data, and either get consent from your end users, or provide them with the opportunity to opt-out. For end users in EU, you have to obtain explicit consent.

You must not send any data which allows to personally identify an individual or permanently identify a particular device. The clientID generation code in `Analytics.cs` is already conforming randomized data (not a permanent identification). It will be different if user completely deletes your app and all data, and then re-installs your app.

*Note that most of the sent hit data is not processed in real-time.
You can typically see the new data after a 24-hour period or so.*

Offline-Cache, Throttling and Internet Access Status

There is “Use Offline Cache” checkbox in the Analytics component (default is enabled).

When offline cache is **disabled**, all hits are sent immediately if network seems to be reachable, or discarded if client is offline or analytics server is not accessible.

When offline cache is **enabled**, network reachability is automatically monitored and proper access to the Google Analytics (GA) service is also separately verified before sending analytics hits. All analytics hits will be saved to a cache file if network status is determined to be non-functional (client is offline, or there is no access to the GA server, or client can only fetch a network login screen).

Note: Verified network reachability info is not available/updated if user has opted out from analytics. If you're looking for generic version of internet reachability checker, please check out [Internet Reachability Verifier](#) from Strobotnik.

When client is online and internet access is verified, the cached hits are automatically sent one by one with throttling. Queue time (measured in milliseconds) is automatically added to all cached hits, so that they are attributed to correct time. The cache file is deleted once all hits have been sent. Note that the throttling only applies to hits sent from the offline cache, not hits sent when client is online with verified network access.

NOTE: Measurement Protocol specification warns that if requests are too old, then hits may not be processed. This limitation is set in the Google Analytics service and you cannot change it. The official age limit in the specification is **4 hours**. However, in google-analytics-measurement-protocol group, it has been stated that “docs should actually read 4 hours past midnight of the configured timezone in the profile”.

Applications should be designed to send only moderate amount of events per session. Google’s servers may throttle incoming hits if you send too many very rapidly. There is **500** hit limit per session (see *Limits and Quotas*), after which Google Analytics will stop processing hits for that session.

The offline cache file name is set in the `Analytics.cs`, string `offlineCacheFileName`. Default file name is “GUA-offline-queue.dat”. The file is saved to `Application.persistentDataPath`. Also some offline cache specific metadata entries are kept in `PlayerPrefs`.

Limits and Quotas

You can verify up to date info about [limits and quotas](#) from Google's documentation.

Here's a quick recap, applicable to Normal accounts:

- 10 million hits per month per **property** (tracking ID)
- 200,000 hits per **visitor** per day
- 500 hits per **session**
- Maximum of 20 custom dimension metrics (200 for premium accounts)

Other Documentation

Please extract Assets/Analytics/doxygen_docs.zip and check out the API docs for the GoogleUniversalAnalytics class:

`docs/html/class_google_universal_analytics.html`

Also, it doesn't hurt to peek at the source code!

References for Designing Your Analytics

- Remember to make yourself familiar with Google User-ID Policy:
<https://developers.google.com/analytics/devguides/collection/protocol/policy>
(See end of chapter "*Integrating Analytics Code To Your Unity Project*")
- Courses in the Google's Analytics Academy
<https://analyticsacademy.withgoogle.com>
- Making Sense of Data course by Google
<https://datasense.withgoogle.com/course>
- Gamasutra:
 - "Mistakes to avoid with analytics" by Nick Lim
http://gamasutra.com/blogs/NicholasLim/20150213/236141/Mistakes_to_avoid_with_analytics.php
 - "Muddled Mobile Metrics" by Trevor McCalmont
http://gamasutra.com/blogs/TrevorMcCalmont/20130514/192214/Muddled_Mobile_Metrics.php
 - "5 In-Game Events All F2P Games Should Track" BY Mark Robinson
http://www.gamasutra.com/blogs/MarkRobinson/20150629/247236/5_InGame_Events_All_F2P_Games_Should_Track.php

You can also find discussion and tips from this asset's thread in the Unity Forums:
<http://forum.unity3d.com/threads/google-universal-analytics.202335/>

If you have more suggestions for the list above, please mail them to contact@strobotnik.com.

Some Hints About How to Find Stuff from Analytics Results

We're assuming you have now collected your initial bunch of data, maybe over a few days and probably consisting of your alpha/beta testers. To begin data reviewing, open your web browser. Go to the start page of [Google Analytics](#) and find your newly added app name & click it to go to App Overview analytics page. The App Overview page itself should be pretty self-explanatory -- similarly, try to visit each sub-page to get an overall idea what's there.

To see usage of screens in your application, go to Engagement→Screens. In the table it's easy what screens are used the most and average time users are spending in each screen.

You can find the "first launch" system info from Engagement→Events→Top Events, and select the "SystemInfo_since_v001" event category (if you haven't renamed it). There you can find a table with many statistics. Note that the ones with numerical values show a cumulative value in Event Value, which is not very useful, while the Average Value probably is. You can also click the Event Action to get detailed breakdown of submitted values. The code in `Analytics.cs` granularizes some of the values for slightly easier interpretation, e.g. memory sizes and fill rate. These system info events help you to accumulate device statistics of your users so you know what kinds of devices are actively used to run your application. The idea with the naming of the event category is that once you make a major update your software, you can change the version number in the category to e.g. "v100" (first public release v1.0.0) or "v200" (major update v2.0.0). After pushing an update with this change, all active users will re-submit their system info on next launch. This way you can compare e.g. device type usage percentages to earlier systeminfo category so you can get some idea how many active users have newer devices. See also next chapter, *"Example of Creating a Custom Report"*.

After you have familiarized yourself with the basics, try out using secondary dimensions. For example, go to Users→Demographics→Location. Top of the table, click Secondary Dimension and select Users→Screen Resolution. Now you see what screen resolutions are most used by country.

The Engagement→Engagement Flow screen should be useful for analyzing screens your users go through, and to view how many users "drop-off" in certain screen.

For some advanced level exploration of data, it may be good idea to try out Google Analytics Query Explorer: <http://ga-dev-tools.appspot.com/explorer/>

Example of Creating a Custom Report

You may have noticed that for example the Audience → Devices and Network → Devices report page doesn't show as fine-grained data you might want in some cases. For example, if you select Operating System as the Primary Dimension, hits from desktop builds may be detected by Google as "(not set)".

However, if you're following the integration example of `Analytics.cs`, that is, your app sends events named like "SystemInfo_since_v001" for each user's first launch, you can also use custom reports to view that data. Those events also contain an `operatingSystem` field. Here are instructions how to make such a custom report.

1. When you're in the Reporting section of your Analytics profile, select "Customization" from the top bar (next to Reporting).
2. Select "+New Custom Report"
3. Enter Title to General Information: "OS from Events"
4. In Report Content->Metric Groups, select "+ add metric", and pick "Sessions" which is selectable under Visitors.
5. In Report Content->Dimension Drilldowns, select "+ add dimension", and pick "Event Label" which is selectable under Engagement.
6. Select "+add filter" in the Filters, and pick "Event Category" which is selectable under Engagement.
7. Modify the latter dropdown from "Exact" to "Regex".
8. Write "SystemInfo" in the last empty textfield of the newly created filter. Now your filter should have exactly these values: Include, "Event Category", Regex, SystemInfo
9. Select "+add filter" again in the Filters to create another one, and pick "Event Action" which is selectable under Engagement.
10. Keep the latter dropdown as "Exact".
11. Write "operatingSystem" in the last empty textfield of the newly created filter. Now the second filter should have exactly these values: Include, "Event Action", Exact, operatingSystem
12. Select "Save", and you'll be taken to the new report. It's now also added to list of Custom Reports for later access.

Answers to Frequently Asked Questions

FOREWORD – How is this asset different from platform-specific libraries?

This asset is built in a cross-platform way using the Measurement Protocol specification. This means there is no need for big native library files per platform -- that is, the official Google Analytics iOS or Android libraries are not included or used at all with this analytics asset.

Compared to most other analytics solutions, this asset is relatively light-weight addition to your project, and its memory usage patterns are also optimized to reduce allocations (to the reasonably possible extent with the internally needed API calls).

However, there are some minor tradeoffs as well. Some deeper platform integrations are not possible without using additional native platform-specific code and possibly linking to native libraries. Some such cases are listed below on following questions.

The positive side of the few tradeoffs is that this asset's code has much wider platform coverage. So, nowadays most analytics packages support just a few of the most popular mobile platforms, this asset isn't that limited. So, it isn't limited to just iOS or Android, but the same code also works on desktop Windows & Mac & Linux, Windows Store Apps (Windows 8 & Windows Phone 8), WebGL, Web player plugin and reportedly also with Blackberry.

Is there built-in way to track install referrer? (INSTALL_REFERRER on Android)

This is not supported, as this is one of the features which would require deeper platform-specific integration with custom native code or linking to platform-specific native library files. Please read the *foreword* at beginning of this chapter.

This question is originally answered in this forum post:

<http://forum.unity3d.com/threads/google-universal-analytics.202335/page-3#post-1765315>

Is there way to activate demographics reporting?

This is not supported, as this is one of the features which would require deeper platform-specific integration with custom native code or linking to platform-specific native library files. Please read the *foreword* at beginning of this chapter.

This question is originally answered in this forum post:

<http://forum.unity3d.com/threads/google-universal-analytics.202335/page-3#post-1851262>

How to use custom dimensions or metrics?

To use custom dimensions/metrics, you need to set them up in the Google Analytics site. Please read more from this instruction page:

"Set up or edit custom dimensions metrics"

<https://support.google.com/analytics/answer/2709829?rd=1>

It may also be helpful to check out these pages meant for developers as there may be some small details you're interested in:

"Custom Dimensions Metrics - Web Tracking" (part of Universal Analytics docs)

<https://developers.google.com/analytics/devguides/collection/analyticsjs/custom-dims-mets>

"Measurement Protocol Parameter Reference - Custom Dimensions / Metrics"

<https://developers.google.com/analytics/devguides/collection/protocol/v1/parameters#customs>

In any case, don't use custom dimensions if you don't really need them, as it's more hassle to set them up and their number is limited. Usually regular events are enough to track most own stuff, using your custom event category and action, so use them!

This question is originally answered in these two forum posts:

<http://forum.unity3d.com/threads/google-universal-analytics.202335/#post-1566071>

<http://forum.unity3d.com/threads/google-universal-analytics.202335/#post-1569717>

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