Adjoint Paths

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In this paper I formalize adjoint paths using path semantics.

An adjoint path is a relationship between two asymmetric normal paths of `f`:

$$f[g_0 \times id \to id] <=> f[id \times g_1 \to id]$$

$$f : T \to U$$

Since `id` maps to same type `T → T`, it follows that `$g_0$` and `$g_1$` also maps to same type:

$$g_0 : T \to T$$
$$g_1 : T \to T$$

Since these two normal paths are the same, it means that they both use the same function:

$\because$ $f[g_0 \times id \to id] <=> h$ $\quad f(x, y) = h(g_0(x), y)$
$\because$ $f[id \times g_1 \to id] <=> h$ $\quad f(x, y) = h(x, g_1(y))$

$\therefore$ $h(g(x), y) = h(x, g(y))$