



@GoWayFest
#GoWayFest

Going Secure With Go

Natalie Pistunovich

@NataliePis



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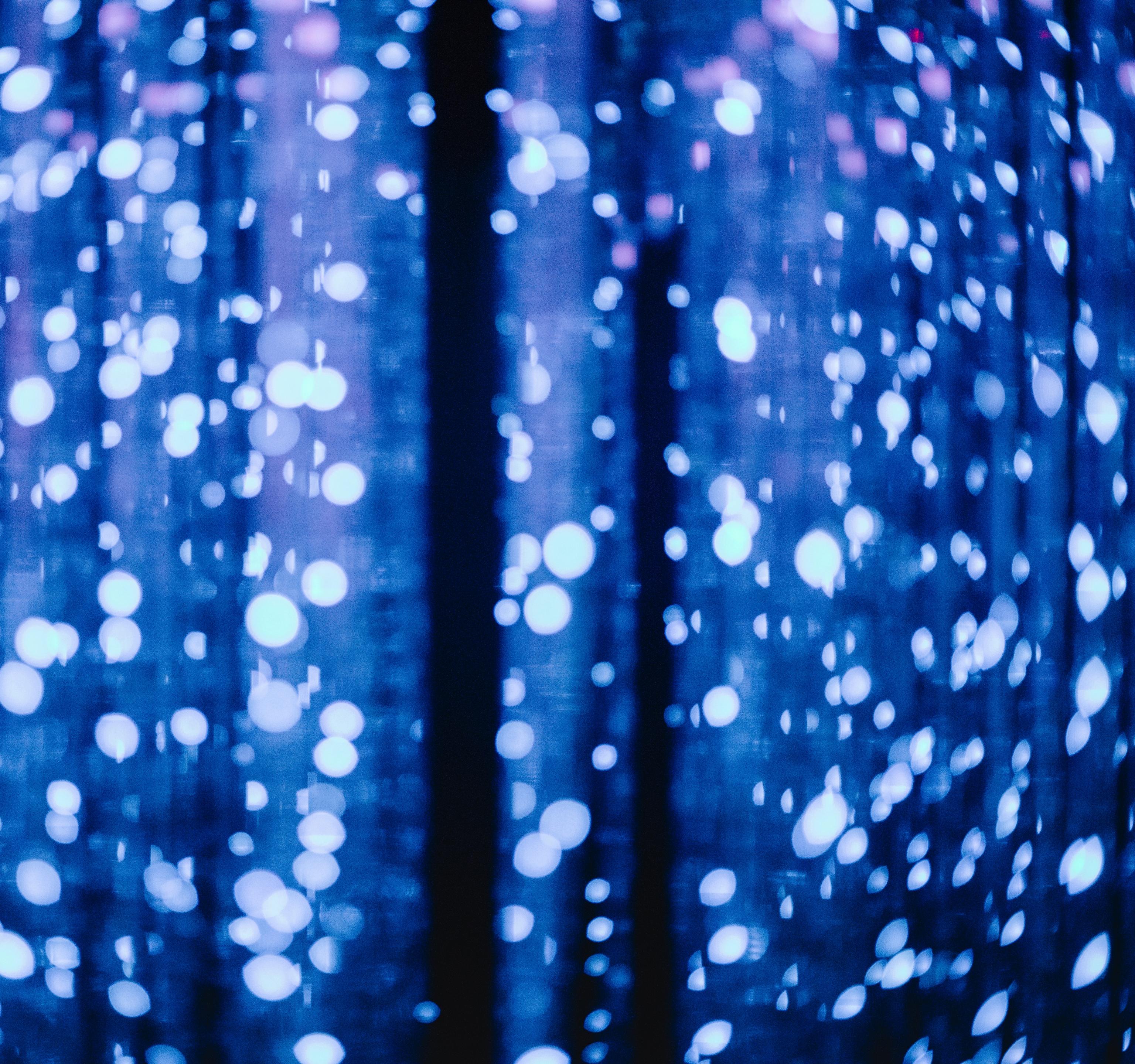
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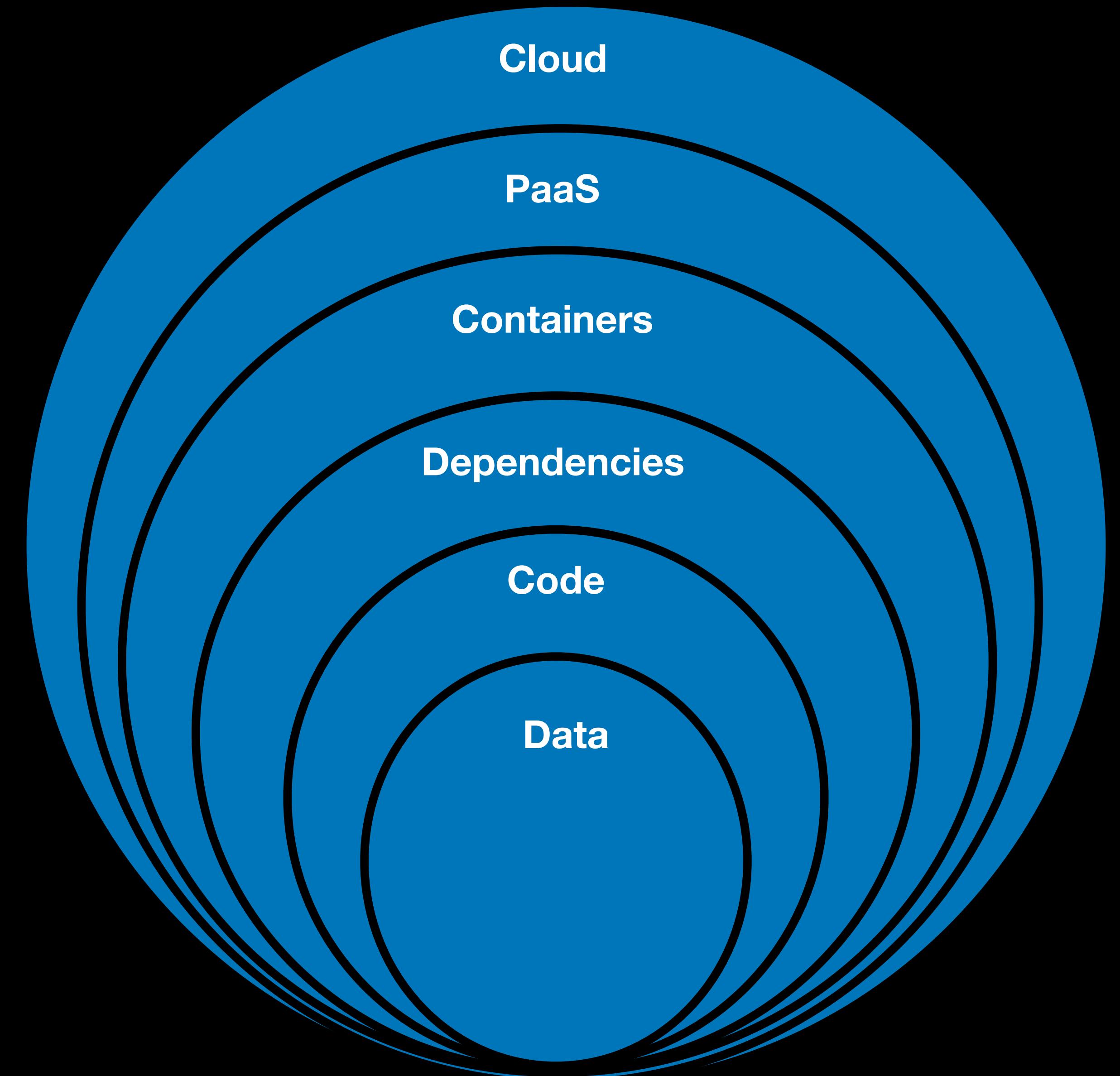


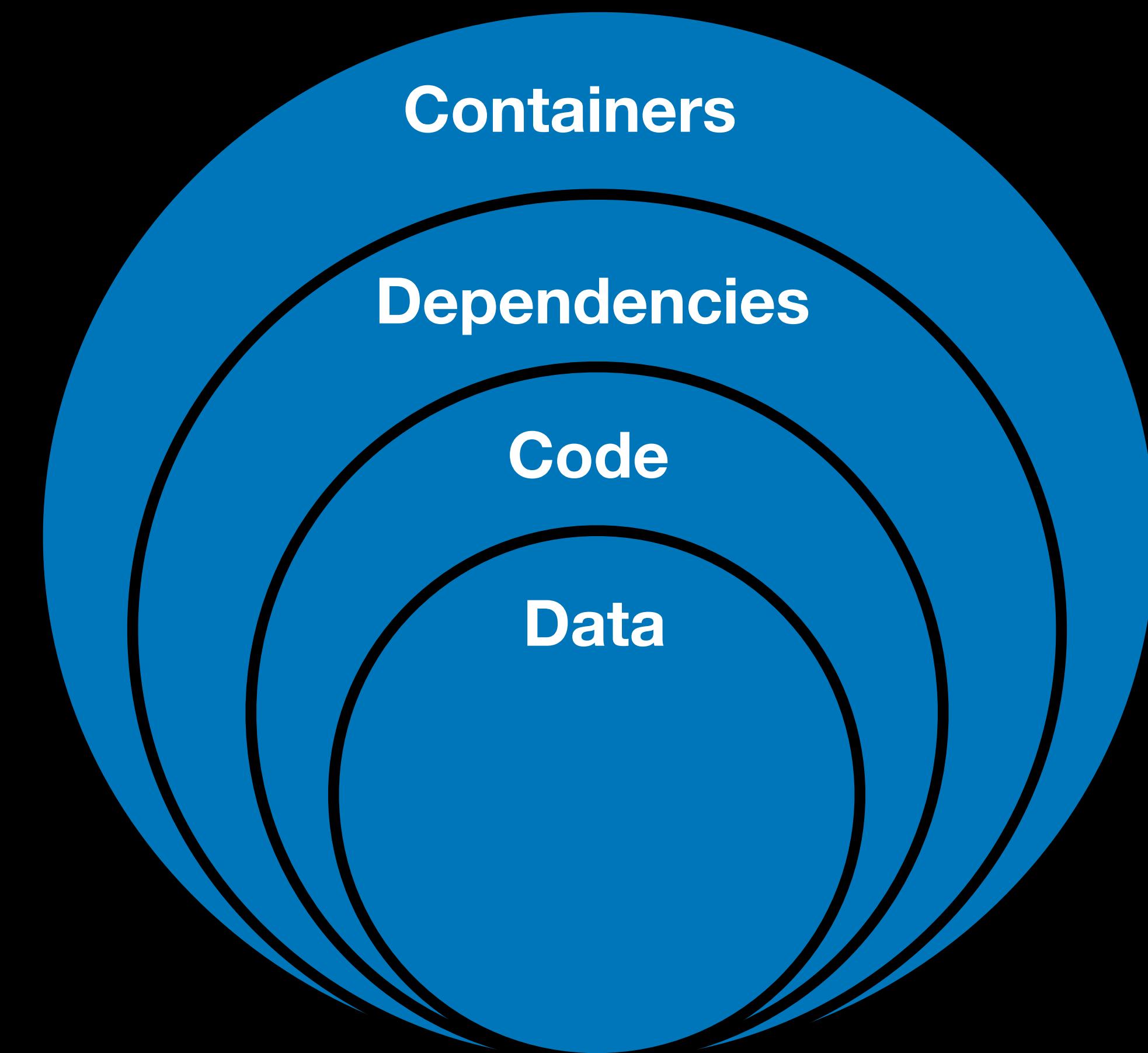
@NataliePis

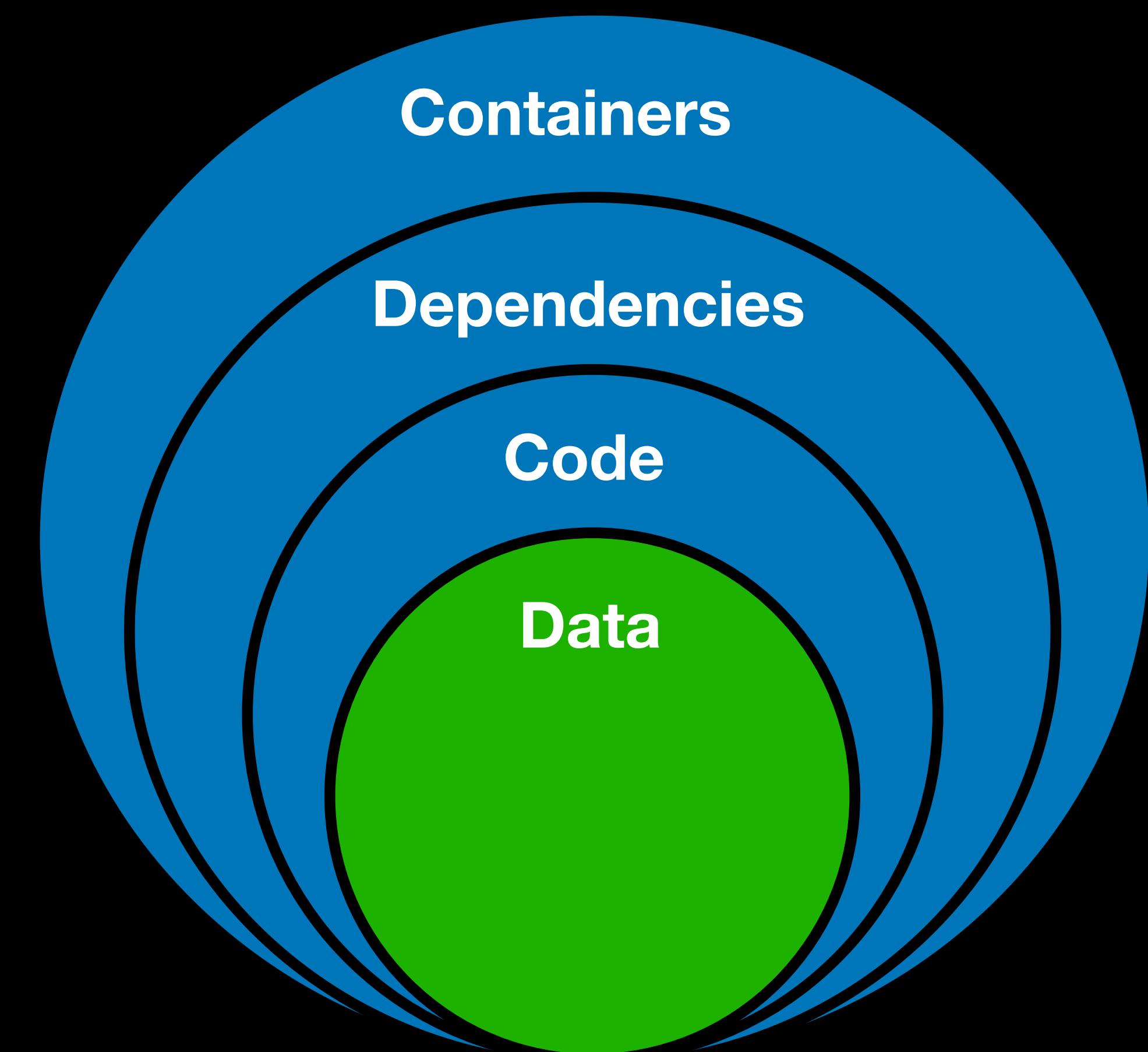


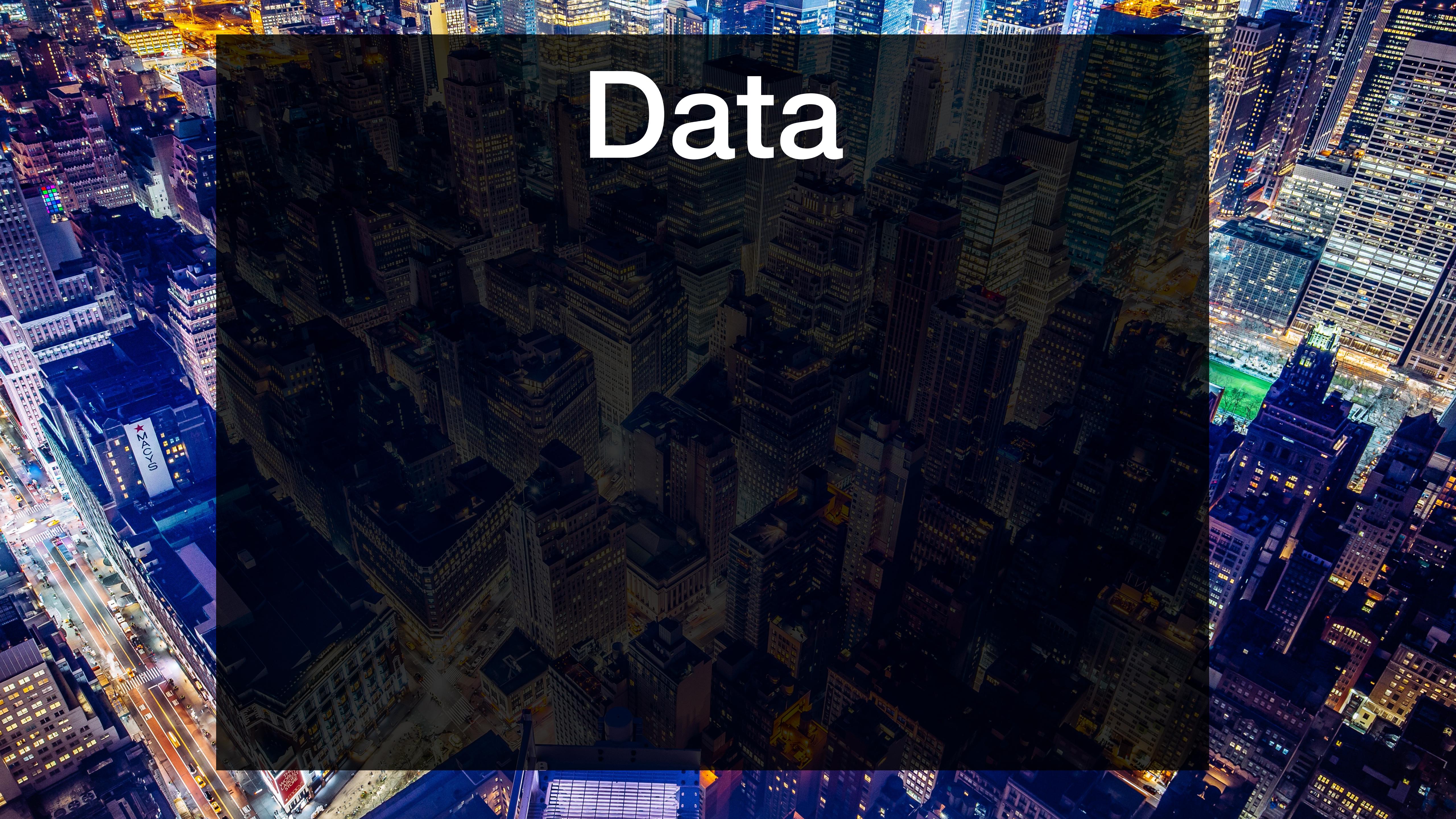
Special Thanks

@webdeva
& @jbaruch









Data



Data

- Passwords

-- PostgreSQL

```
UPDATE credentials  
SET password = crypt('new-password', gen_salt('bf'));
```

~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
-- INSERT --

```
import (
    "fmt"
    "math/rand"
)

func main() {
    rand.Seed(1)

    b := make([]byte, 4)
    _, err := rand.Read(b) // HL
    if err != nil {
        fmt.Println("error: ", err)
        return
    }
    fmt.Println(b)
}
```

~

```
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go  
[82 253 252 7]  
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go  
[82 253 252 7]  
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go  
[82 253 252 7]  
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go  
[82 253 252 7]  
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘
```

```
import (
    "fmt"
    "math/rand"
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func main() {
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    b := make([]byte, 4)
    _, err := rand.Read(b) // HL
    if err != nil {
        fmt.Println("error: ", err)
        return
    }
    fmt.Println(b)
}
```

~

```
import (
    "fmt"
    "math/rand"
    "time"
)

func main() {
    rand.Seed(time.Now().Unix())

    b := make([]byte, 4)
    _, err := rand.Read(b) // HL
    if err != nil {
        fmt.Println("error: ", err)
        return
    }
    fmt.Println(b)
}
```

~

```
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[17 40 42 48]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[231 108 255 28]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[34 43 154 67]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[34 43 154 67]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[24 179 223 232]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
^[[A[118 116 85 178]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
^[[A[118 116 85 178]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
^[[A[203 33 91 251]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[203 33 91 251]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[203 33 91 251]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[169 166 192 123]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ █
```

```
import (
    "fmt"
    "crypto/rand"
)

func main() {
    rand.Seed(1)

    b := make([]byte, 4)
    _, err := rand.Read(b) // HL
    if err != nil {
        fmt.Println("error: ", err)
        return
    }
    fmt.Println(b)
}
```



```
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[110 9 104 30]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[248 125 59 179]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[156 66 239 128]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[178 251 100 64]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[172 34 104 225]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[65 34 225 230]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[208 170 189 227]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[85 150 168 43]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[2 44 57 70]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[96 156 9 13]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[10 31 115 37]
→ Public-Speaking git:(go-security-sg) ✘ go run main.go
[154 78 9 170]
```

```
import (
    "fmt"
    "crypto/rand"
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func main() {
    rand.Seed(1)

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    _, err := rand.Read(b) // HL
    if err != nil {
        fmt.Println("error: ", err)
        return
    }
    fmt.Println(b)
}
```



The background of the slide is a high-angle, nighttime aerial photograph of a dense urban area, likely New York City. The city is filled with numerous skyscrapers and buildings of various heights, all with their lights on, creating a vibrant and colorful texture against the dark sky. The streets below are visible as a network of glowing lines.

Data

- Passwords
- User Personal Data



Start Here

- ▶ About Sumo Logic
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 - ▶ Customize Your Sumo Logic Experience
- Keyboard Shortcuts
- ▶ Quick Start Tutorials
 - Tour the Sumo Logic UI
 - Welcome to Sumo Logic!

Send Data

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- ▶ Hosted Collectors
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- ▶ Collector FAQs

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Mask Rules

Last updated: Feb 18, 2019



A mask rule is a type of processing rule that hides irrelevant or sensitive information from logs before ingestion. When you create a mask rule, whatever expression you choose to mask will be replaced with a mask string before it is sent to Sumo Logic. You can provide a mask string, or use the default, "#."

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Ingestion volume is calculated after applying the mask filter. If the mask reduces the size of the log, the smaller size will be measured against ingestion limits. Masking is a good method for reducing overall ingestion volume.

The mask string does not support the use of colon : characters.

For example, to mask the email address [dan@demo.com](#) from this log:

```
2018-05-16 09:43:39,607 -0700 DEBUG [hostId=prod-cass-raw-8]
[module=RAW] [logger=scala.raw.InboundRawProtocolHandler] [auth=User:dan@demo.com] [remote_ip=98.248.112.144]
[web_session=19zefhqy... ] [session=80F1BD83AEBDF4FB] [customer=0000000000000005] [call=InboundRawProtocolHandler]
```

You could use the following filter expression:

```
auth=User\:(.*\.com)\]\s
```

With a mask string of AAA would provide the following result:



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```

You could use the following filter expression:

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```

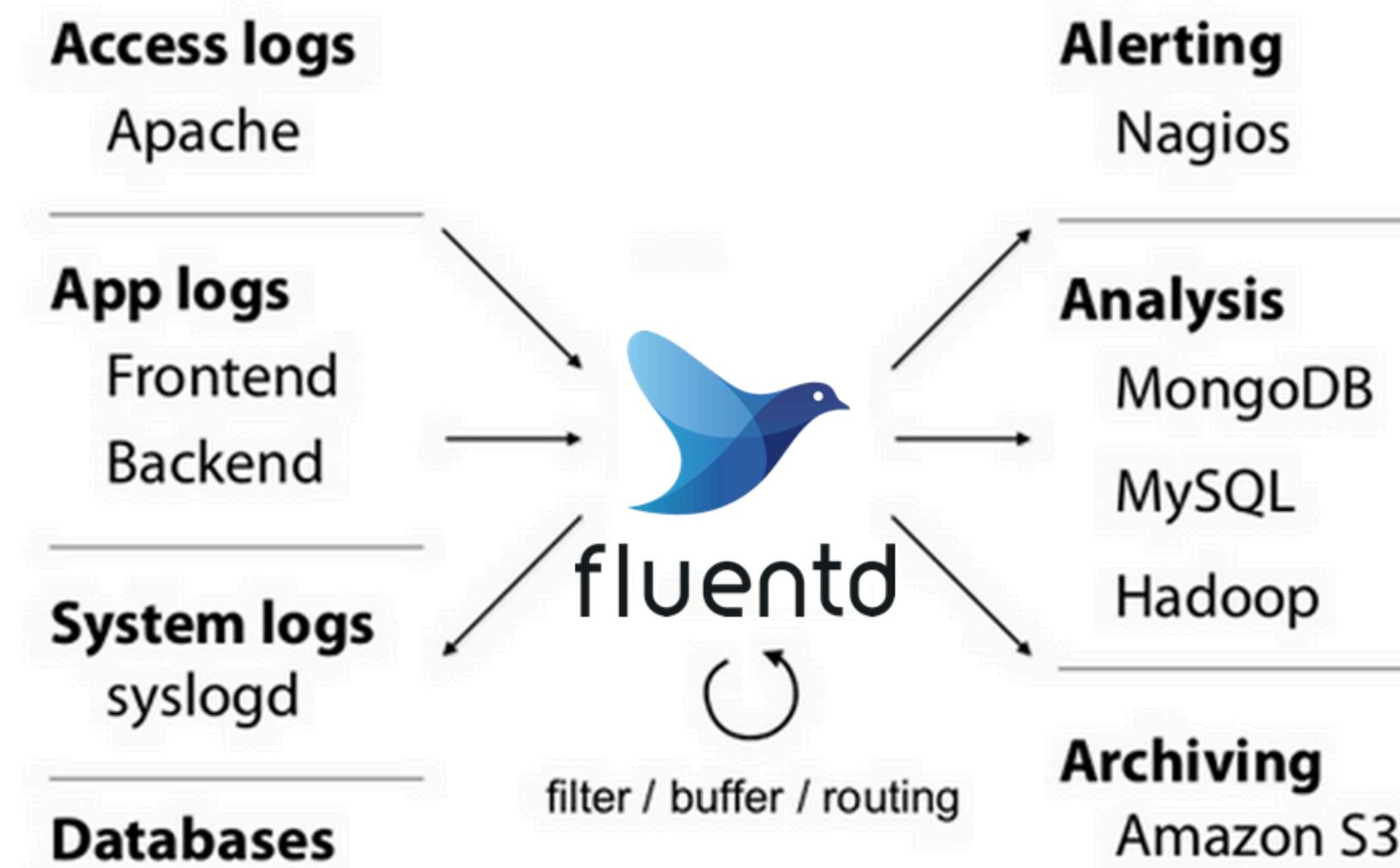
With a mask string of AAA would provide the following result:

splunk>

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For example, to mask the email address `dan@demo.com` from this log:

```
2018-05-16 09:43:39,607 -0700 DEBUG [hostId=prod-cass-raw-8]
[module=RAW] [logger=scala.raw.InboundRawProtocolHandler] [auth=User:dan@demo.com] [remote_ip=98.248.140.128]
[web_session=19zefhqy...] [session=80F1BD83AEBDF4FB] [customer=0000000000000005] [call=InboundRawProtocolHandler]
```

You could use the following filter expression:

```
auth=User\:(.*\.com)\]\s
```

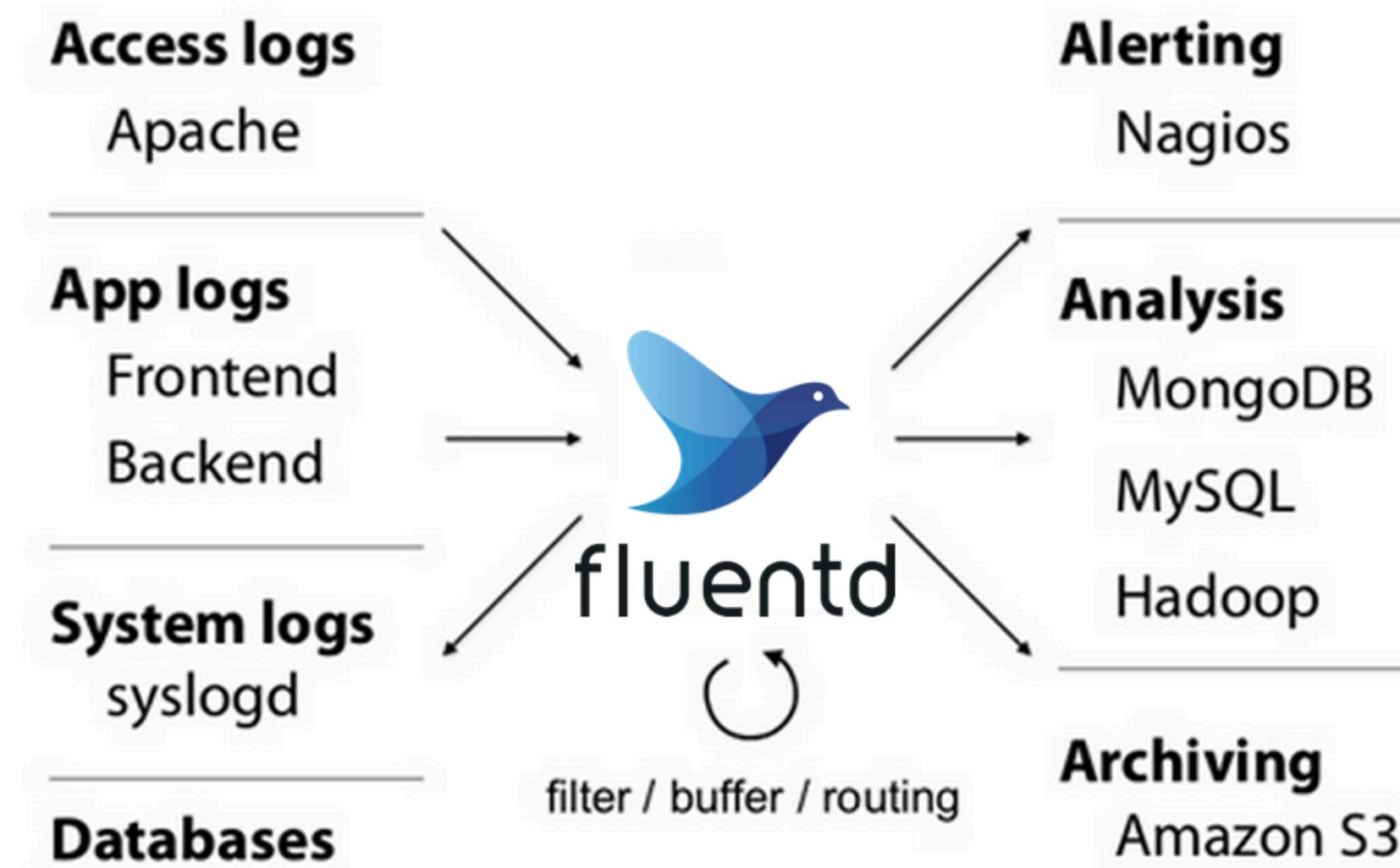
With a mask string of AAA would provide the following result:

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- ▶ Design Your Deployment
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elastic

For example, to mask the email address `dan@demo.com` from this log:

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[web_session=19zefhqy...] [session=80F1BD83AEBDF4FB] [customer=0000000000000005] [call=InboundRawProtocolHandler]
```

You could use the following filter expression:

```
auth=User\:(.*\.com)\]\s
```

With a mask string of AAA would provide the following result:

The background of the slide is a high-angle, nighttime aerial photograph of a dense urban area, likely New York City. The city is filled with numerous skyscrapers of varying heights, their windows glowing with a warm, yellowish light. The streets below are a complex network of illuminated roads and sidewalks, creating a grid-like pattern. In the foreground, a large, dark rectangular area covers the central portion of the slide, serving as a backdrop for the text.

Data

- Passwords
- User Personal Data
- Secrets Management



"DB_PASSWORD" filetype:env ===



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About 1,990 results (0.37 seconds)

[APP_NAME=Laravel APP_ENV=local APP_KEY=base64 ...](#)

[www.safeairtravels.com/.env](#) ▾

... DB_CONNECTION=mysql DB_HOST=127.0.0.1 DB_PORT=3306 DB_DATABASE=safeairt_db
DB_USERNAME=safeairt_user DB_PASSWORD=pass1234!

[APP_ENV=local APP_DEBUG=true APP_KEY ...](#)

[idcc.com.my/.env](#) ▾

... DB_DATABASE=shlim999_idcc2 DB_USERNAME=shlim999_idcc2 DB_PASSWORD=abc120303
CACHE_DRIVER=file SESSION_DRIVER=file.

[env - Onix Jr.](#)

[onixjr.com/portal/.env](#) ▾

HpCgWAn\$/_HvcCf|^+'VCXx[pzr8z1xAU3s' DB_HOST='localhost' DB_NAME='onixj015_portal'
DB_PASSWORD='p742S1d[T]' DB_USER='onixj015_wp344' ...

[env - Professorvirtual.org](#)

<https://professorvirtual.org/educadataorg/.env> ▾

... DB_DATABASE=apren814_laravel DB_USERNAME=apren814 DB_PASSWORD=mY0tV8g9u0
BROADCAST_DRIVER=log CACHE_DRIVER=file ...

[APP_ENV=local APP_DEBUG=true APP_KEY=base64 ...](#)

[www.oaksnorthaddison.com/.env](#) ▾

... DB_HOST=127.0.0.1 DB_PORT=3306 DB_DATABASE=yijsbcug_oaksnorth_designpro
DB_USERNAME=yijsbcug_oaksU DB_PASSWORD=^2}Bq8f]_4.

[APP_ENV=local APP_DEBUG=false APP_KEY=base64 ...](#)

<https://ihusigroup.com/hotels/.env> ▾

... DB_DATABASE=ihusigro_hotel DB_USERNAME=ihusigro_hotel DB_PASSWORD=%
[U9raGX+GgF CACHE_DRIVER=file SESSION_DRIVER=file ...



"DB_PASSWORD" filetype:env ===



All Maps Shopping News Videos More Settings Tools

About 1,990 results (0.37 seconds)

[APP_NAME=Laravel APP_ENV=local APP_KEY=base64 ...](#)

[www.safeairtravels.com/.env](#) ▾

... DB_CONNECTION=mysql DB_HOST=127.0.0.1 DB_PORT=3306 DB_DATABASE=safeairt_db
DB_USERNAME=safeairt_user DB_PASSWORD=pass1234!

[APP_ENV=local APP_DEBUG=true APP_KEY ...](#)

[idcc.com.my/.env](#) ▾

... DB_DATABASE=shlim999_idcc2 DB_USERNAME=shlim999_idcc2 DB_PASSWORD=abc120303
CACHE_DRIVER=file SESSION_DRIVER=file.

[env - Onix Jr.](#)

[onixjr.com/portal/.env](#) ▾

HpCgWAn\$/_HvcCf|^+'VCXx[pzr8z1xAU3s' DB_HOST='localhost' DB_NAME='onixj015_portal'
DB_PASSWORD='p742S1d[T]' DB_USER='onixj015_wp344' ...

[env - Professorvirtual.org](#)

<https://professorvirtual.org/educadataorg/.env> ▾

... DB_DATABASE=apren814_laravel DB_USERNAME=apren814 DB_PASSWORD=mY0tV8g9u0
BROADCAST_DRIVER=log CACHE_DRIVER=file ...

[APP_ENV=local APP_DEBUG=true APP_KEY=base64 ...](#)

[www.oaksnorthaddison.com/.env](#) ▾

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DB_USERNAME=yijsbcug_oaksU DB_PASSWORD=^2}Bq8f]_4.

[APP_ENV=local APP_DEBUG=false APP_KEY=base64 ...](#)

<https://ihusigroup.com/hotels/.env> ▾

... DB_DATABASE=ihusigro_hotel DB_USERNAME=ihusigro_hotel DB_PASSWORD=%
[U9raGX+GgF CACHE_DRIVER=file SESSION_DRIVER=file ...

Repositories	29
Code	80K+
Commits	30K+
Issues	35K
Packages	
Marketplace	
Topics	
Wikis	2K
Users	

[Advanced search](#) [Cheat sheet](#)

Showing 28,161 available commit results ⓘ

Sort: Best match ▾

remove password



6507ddf



Syarif Hidayat authored and Syarif Hidayat committed to [syarbeats/spring-jdbc](#) 12 hours ago

Removed Passwords



58473c5



sjcswank committed to [sjcswank/stash-web](#) 4 days ago ✓

remove password



aca2016



simbo1905 committed to [ocd-scm/ocd-tagger](#) 7 days ago

remove password pattern



eeda806



mikegikas committed to [teamProjectAfdemp/teamProject](#) 6 days ago

Remove password from deployments

1



ac29877



Fredi Bach committed to [FrediBach/FakeQL](#) 7 days ago ✓



Concepts

- ▶ Overview
- ▶ Kubernetes Architecture
- ▶ Containers
- ▶ Workloads
- ▶ Services, Load Balancing, and Networking
- ▶ Storage

Configuration

Configuration Best Practices

Managing Compute Resources for
Containers

Assigning Pods to Nodes

Taints and Tolerations

Secrets

Organizing Cluster Access Using
kubeconfig Files

Pod Priority and Preemption

Scheduler Performance Tuning

- ▶ Policies

- ▶ Cluster Administration

- ▶ Extending Kubernetes

Secrets

Kubernetes `secret` objects let you store and manage sensitive information, such as passwords, OAuth tokens, and ssh keys. Putting this information in a `secret` is safer and more flexible than putting it verbatim in a Pod Lifecycle definition or in a container image. See [Secrets design document](#) for more information.

- [Overview of Secrets](#)
- [Using Secrets](#)
- [Details](#)
- [Use cases](#)
- [Best practices](#)
- [Security Properties](#)

Overview of Secrets

A Secret is an object that contains a small amount of sensitive data such as a password, a token, or a key. Such information might otherwise be put in a Pod specification or in an image; putting it in a Secret object allows for more control over how it is used, and reduces the risk of accidental exposure.

Users can create secrets, and the system also creates some secrets.

To use a secret, a pod needs to reference the secret. A secret can be used with a pod in two ways: as files in a volume mounted on one or more of its containers, or used by kubelet when pulling images for the pod.



Concepts

- ▶ Overview
- ▶ Kubernetes Architecture
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Overview of Secrets

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To use a secret, a pod needs to reference the secret. A secret can be used with a pod in two ways: as files in a volume mounted on one or more of its containers, or used by kubelet when pulling images for the pod.

Using Secrets as Environment Variables

To use a secret in an environment variable in a pod:

1. Create a secret or use an existing one. Multiple pods can reference the same secret.
2. Modify your Pod definition in each container that you wish to consume the value of a secret key to add an environment variable for each secret key you wish to consume. The environment variable that consumes the secret key should populate the secret's name and key in `env[] .valueFrom .secretKeyRef`.
3. Modify your image and/or command line so that the program looks for values in the specified environment variables

This is an example of a pod that uses secrets from environment variables:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: secret-env-pod
spec:
  containers:
  - name: mycontainer
    image: redis
    env:
    - name: SECRET_USERNAME
      valueFrom:
        secretKeyRef:
          name: mysecret
          key: username
    - name: SECRET_PASSWORD
      valueFrom:
        secretKeyRef:
          name: mysecret
          key: password
```



Understanding Process Namespace Sharing

Pods share many resources so it makes sense they would also share a process namespace. Some container images may expect to be isolated from other containers, though, so it's important to understand these differences:

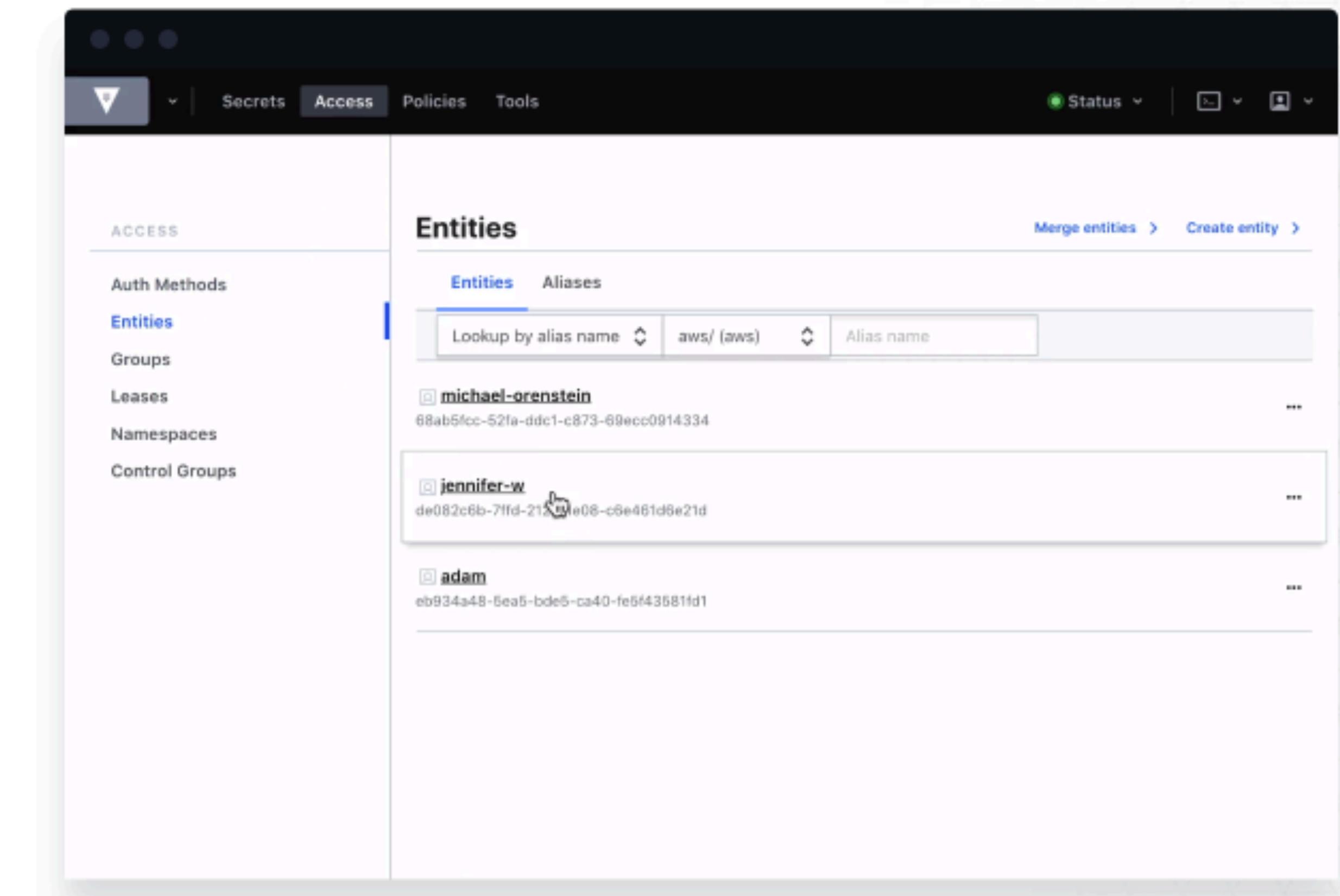
1. **The container process no longer has PID 1.** Some container images refuse to start without PID 1 (for example, containers using `systemd`) or run commands like `kill -HUP 1` to signal the container process. In pods with a shared process namespace, `kill -HUP 1` will signal the pod sandbox. (`/pause` in the above example.)
2. **Processes are visible to other containers in the pod.** This includes all information visible in `/proc`, such as passwords that were passed as arguments or environment variables. These are protected only by regular Unix permissions.
3. **Container filesystems are visible to other containers in the pod through the `/proc/$pid/root` link.** This makes debugging easier, but it also means that filesystem secrets are protected only by filesystem permissions.

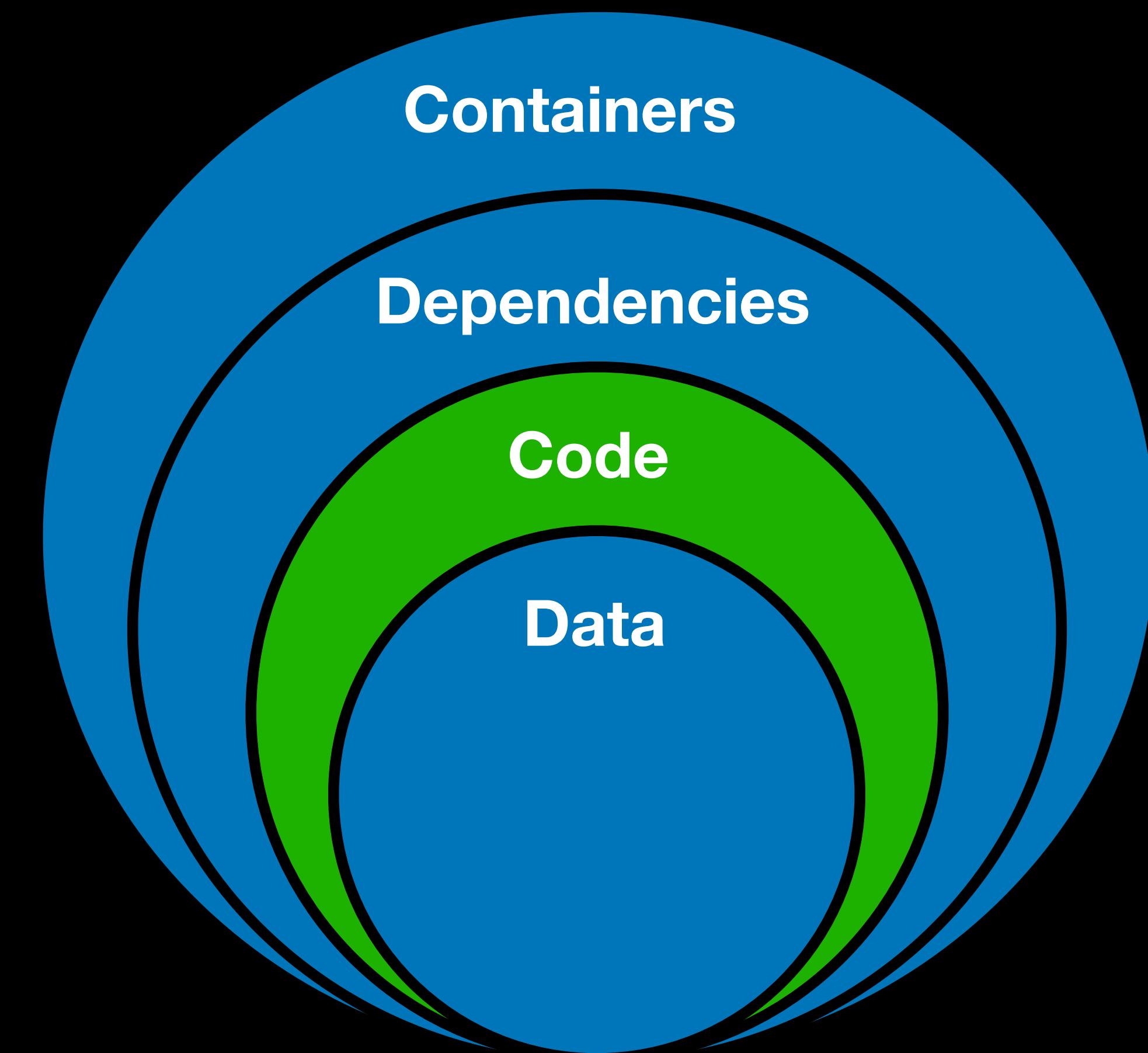
cat /proc/<PID>/environ



Manage Secrets and Protect Sensitive Data

Secure, store and tightly control access to tokens, passwords, certificates, encryption keys for protecting secrets and other sensitive data using a UI, CLI, or HTTP API.

[Download](#)[Get Started with Vault](#)



The background of the slide is a high-angle, nighttime aerial photograph of a dense urban area, likely New York City. The city is filled with numerous skyscrapers and buildings of various heights, all with their lights on, creating a vibrant, glowing texture against the dark sky. The streets below are visible as a network of bright lines and small lights from moving vehicles.

Code

- Input Validation



Code

- Input Validation



Code

- Input Validation

The background of the slide is a high-angle, nighttime aerial photograph of a dense urban area, likely New York City. The city is filled with numerous skyscrapers of varying heights, their windows glowing with lights. Below, a complex network of streets and avenues is visible, with some areas showing more traffic than others. A prominent building on the left has a sign that reads "MACY'S".

Code

- Input Validation
- SQL Injection

package injection

```
import (
    "database/sql"
    "fmt"
)

func findUser(db *sql.DB, name string) {
    query := fmt.Sprintf("SELECT * FROM users WHERE name = '%s'", na
me)
    db.Query(query)
}
```

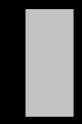
|

-- INSERT --

package injection

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    db.Query(query)
}
```



-- INSERT --

package injection

```
import (
    "database/sql"
    "fmt"
)

func findUser(db *sql.DB, name string) {
    query := fmt.Sprintf("SELECT * FROM users WHERE name = '%s'", na
me)
    db.Query(query)
}

func findUserSafe(db *sql.DB, name string) {
    query := "SELECT * FROM users WHERE name = $1"
    db.Query(query, name)
}

-- INSERT --
```

package injection

```
import (
    "database/sql"
    "fmt"
    "strings"
)

func insertUsers(db *sql.DB, names []string) {
    var values []string
    for _, name := range names {
        values = append(values, fmt.Sprintf("'%s'", name))
    }
    query := fmt.Sprintf(
        "INSERT INTO users (name) VALUES %s",
        strings.Join(values, ","),
    )
    db.Query(query)
}
```

~

~

-- INSERT --

package injection

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import (
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    query := fmt.Sprintf(
        "INSERT INTO users (name) VALUES %s",
        strings.Join(values, ","),
    )
    db.Query(query)
}

func insertUsersSafe(db *sql.DB, names []string) {
    // How would you write it? ;)
}

~
~
-- INSERT --
```

Code

- Input Validation
- SQL Injection
- Static Code Analysis

Results:

[going-secure/examples/random/math-seed-time/main.go:13] - G404: Use of weak random number generator (math/rand instead of crypto/rand) (Confidence: MEDIUM, Severity: HIGH)

```
> rand.Read(b)
```

[going-secure/examples/sql-injection/bulk.go:14-17]

- G201: SQL string formatting (Confidence: HIGH, Severity: MEDIUM)

```
> fmt.Sprintf(  
    "INSERT INTO users (name) VALUES %s",  
    strings.Join(values, ","),  
)
```

[going-secure/examples/sql-injection/single.go:9]

- G201: SQL string formatting(Confidence: HIGH, Severity: MEDIUM)

```
> fmt.Sprintf("SELECT * FROM users WHERE name = '%s'", name)
```

Summary:

Files: 10

Lines: 181

Issues: 11

Results:

[going-secure/examples/random/math-seed-time/main.go:13] - G404: Use of weak random number generator (math/rand instead of crypto/rand) (Confidence: MEDIUM, Severity: HIGH)
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Code

Issues 1

Pull requests 0

Projects 0

Wiki

Insights

Go linter that checks if package imports are in a list of acceptable packages.

10 commits

1 branch

0 releases

1 contributor

GPL-3.0

Branch: master ▾

New pull request

Create new file

Upload files

Find File

Clone or download ▾

**bbrodriges** and **dixonville** allow to check packages only for test files

Latest commit 1f388ab on 19 Dec 2018



cmd/depguard

allow to check packages only for test files

4 months ago



vendor

Add support for glob matching

9 months ago



.gitignore

Initial commit

11 months ago



Gopkg.lock

Add support for glob matching

9 months ago



Gopkg.toml

Add support for glob matching

9 months ago



LICENSE

Initial commit

11 months ago



README.md

allow to check packages only for test files

4 months ago



depguard.go

allow to check packages only for test files

4 months ago



README.md

Depguard

Go linter that checks package imports are in a list of acceptable packages. It supports a white list and black list option and can do prefix or glob matching. This allows you to allow imports from a whole organization or only allow specific packages within a repository. It is recommended to use prefix matching as it is faster than glob matching. The fewer glob matches the better.

If a pattern is matched by prefix it does not try to match via glob.

Code

Issues 109

Pull requests 3

Projects 0

Wiki

Insights

Linters Runner for Go. 5x faster than gometalinter. Nice colored output. Can report only new issues. Fewer false-positives.
Yaml/toml config. <https://golangci.com>

go golang linter ci

411 commits

12 branches

46 releases

56 contributors

GPL-3.0

Branch: master ▾

New pull request

File

Upload files

Find File

Clone or download ▾

 jirfag Update go-critic ...

Latest commit 692dacb 3 days ago

.github

6 months ago

cmd/golangci-lint

2 months ago

docs

11 months ago

pkg

7 days ago

scripts

a month ago

test

7 days ago

third_party

a month ago

vendor

2 days ago

.gitignore

27 days ago

.golangci.example.yml

8 days ago

.golangci.yml

2 days ago

.goreleaser.yml

3 months ago

.markdownlint.yaml

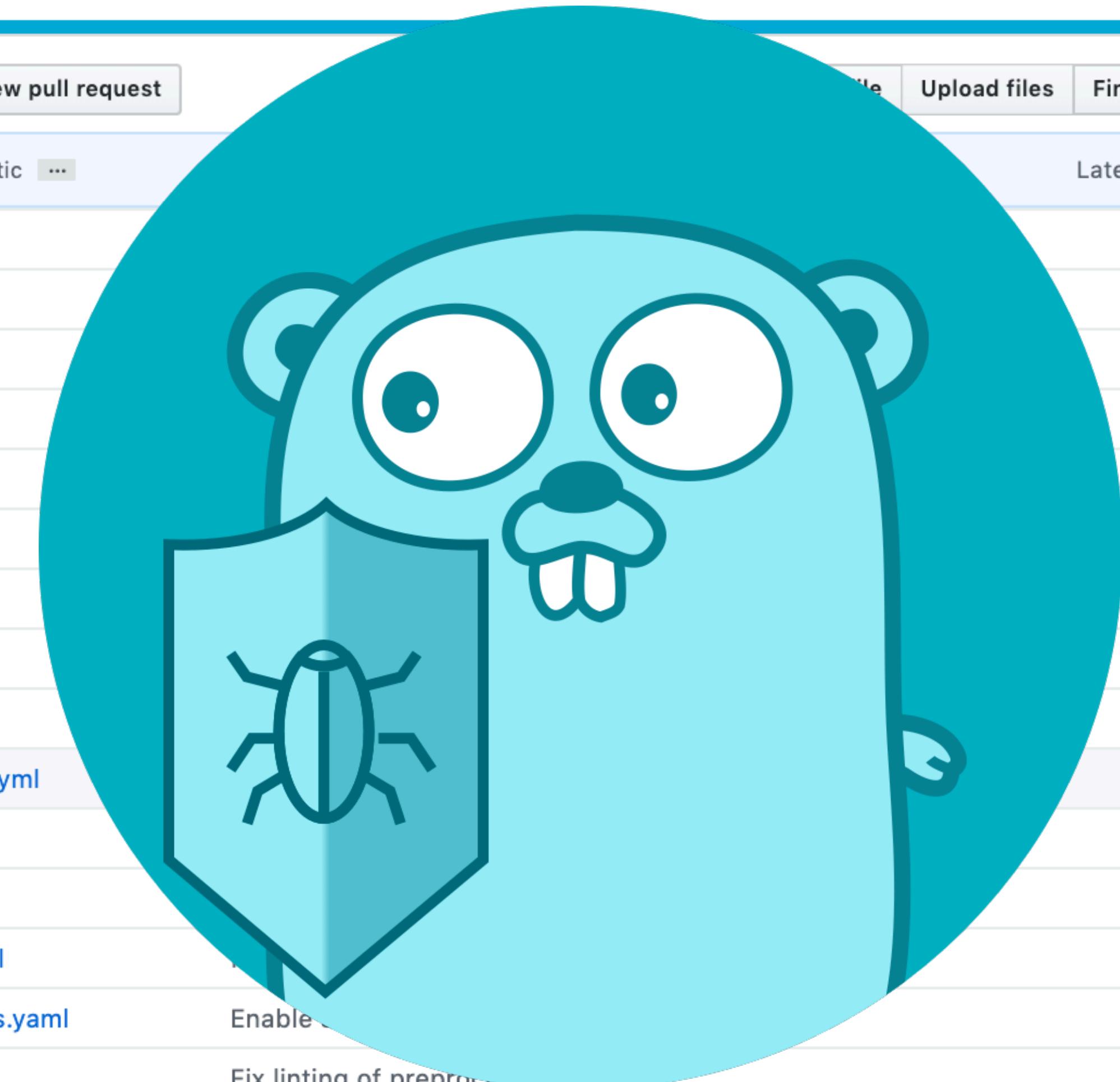
6 months ago

.pre-commit-hooks.yaml

7 days ago

.travis.yml

7 days ago



Code

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Pull requests 3

Projects 0

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2 days ago

.goreleaser.yml

3 months ago

.markdownlint.yaml

6 months ago

.pre-commit-hooks.yaml

7 days ago

.travis.yml

7 days ago



Code

- Input Validation
- SQL Injection
- Static Code Analysis
- Scope of Debug Handlers

```
package pprofed

import (
    "net/http"
    _ "net/http/pprof" // add pprof handlers
)

func serve(addr string) {
    http.HandleFunc("/", func(w http.ResponseWriter, r *http.Request) {
        // provide some business logic
    })

    http.ListenAndServe(addr, nil)
}

-- INSERT --
```

```
package pprofed

import (
    "net/http"
    "net/http/pprof"

    "github.com/gorilla/mux"
)

func diagnostics(addr string) error {
    r := mux.NewRouter()

    r.HandleFunc("/diag/pprof", pprof.Index)
    r.HandleFunc("/diag/cmdline", pprof.Cmdline)
    r.HandleFunc("/diag/profile", pprof.Profile)
    r.HandleFunc("/diag/symbol", pprof.Symbol)
    r.HandleFunc("/diag/trace", pprof.Trace)
    r.Handle("/diag/goroutine", pprof.Handler("goroutine"))
    r.Handle("/diag/heap", pprof.Handler("heap"))
    r.Handle("/diag/threadcreate", pprof.Handler("threadcreate"))
    r.Handle("/diag/block", pprof.Handler("block"))

    return http.ListenAndServe(addr, r)
}

-- INSERT --
```

```
func external(addr string) error {
    r := mux.NewRouter()

    r.HandleFunc("/", func(w http.ResponseWriter, r *http.Request) {
        // provide some business logic
    })

    return http.ListenAndServe(addr, r)
}
```

-- INSERT --



Bill Sempf

@sempf

Follow

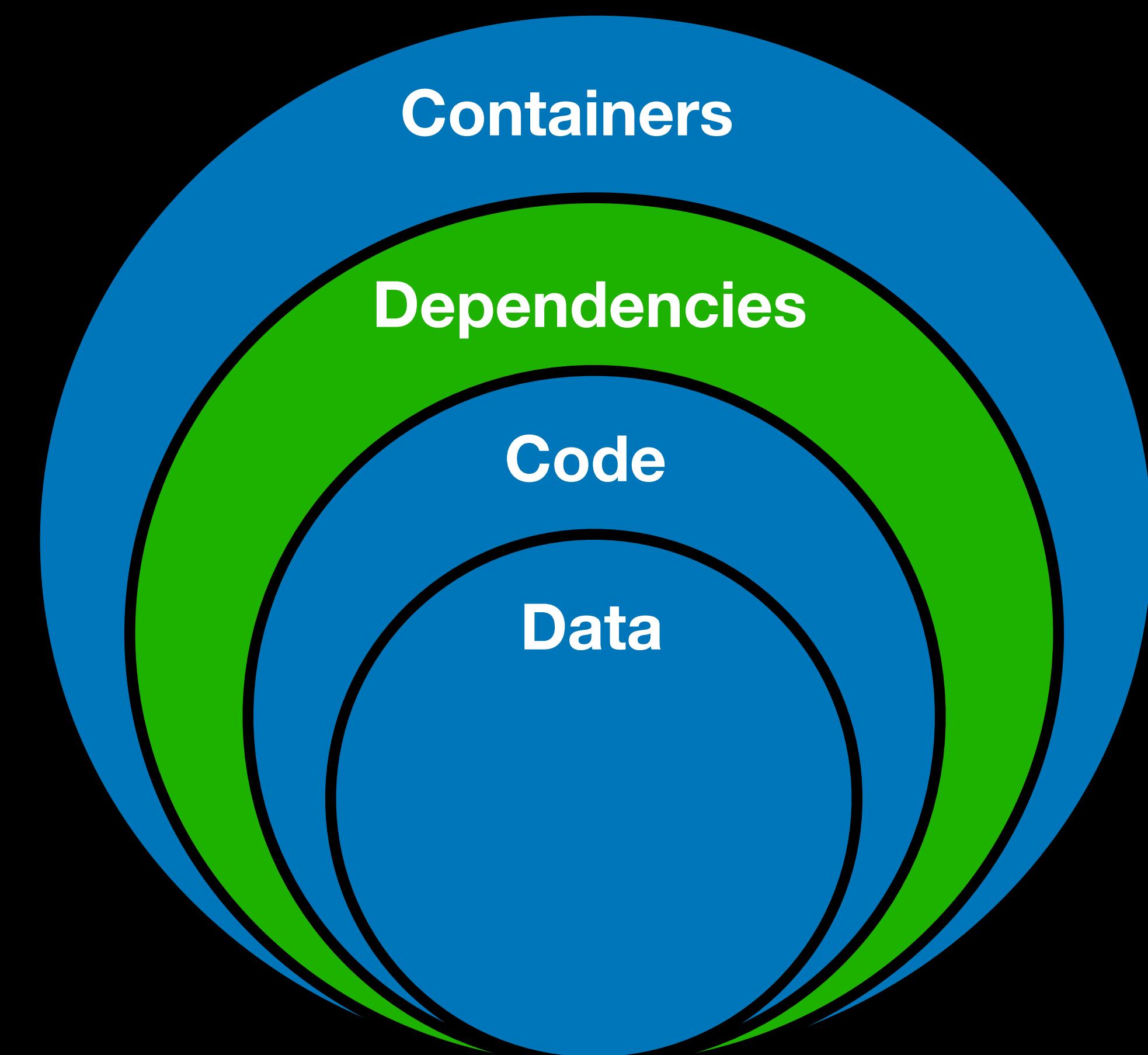


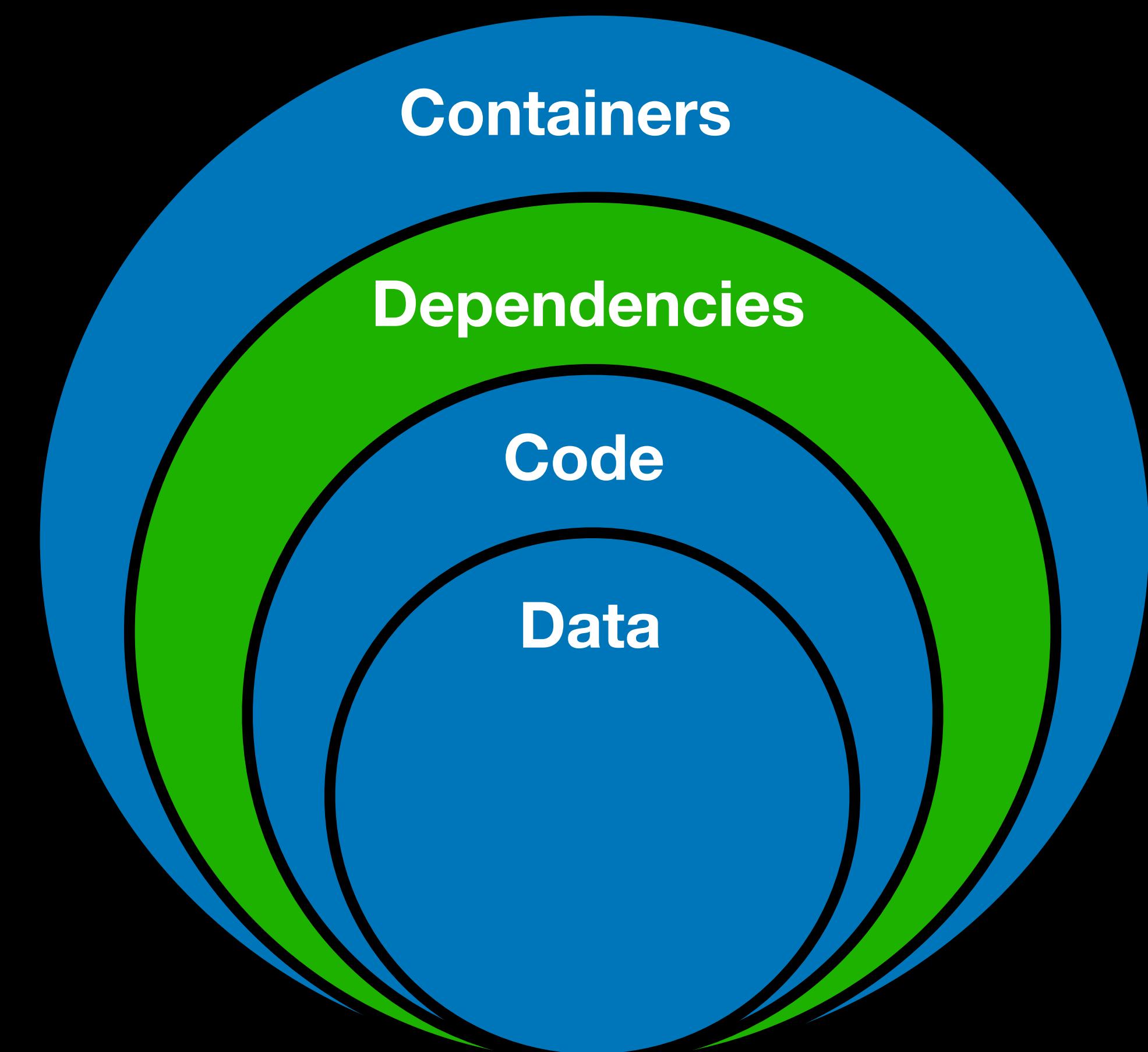
QA Engineer walks into a bar. Orders a beer.
Orders 0 beers. Orders 999999999 beers.
Orders a lizard. Orders -1 beers. Orders a
sfdeljknesv.

10:56 AM - 23 Sep 2014

29,050 Retweets 21,155 Likes









Natalie
@NataliePis

Follow



“Are you absolutely sure this doesn’t exist in your codebase with all the dependencies?”

@davecheney at @dotGoEu



6:29 AM - 25 Mar 2019

41 Retweets 105 Likes



2



41



105

Dependencies

- Dependencies Checklist

Dependencies

- Dependencies Checklist
- Checklist

Dependencies Checklist

- Code Quality

Dependencies Checklist

- Code Quality
- Test Coverage

Dependencies Checklist

- Code Quality
- Test Coverage
- Activity

Dependencies Checklist

- Code Quality
- Test Coverage
- Activity
- Maintainers

Dependencies Checklist

- Code Quality
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- Security

Dependencies Checklist

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- Maintainers
- Security
- Licenses



Dependencies Checklist

- Code Quality
- Test Coverage
- Activity
- Maintainers
- Security
- Licenses

research.swtch.com/deps

Dependencies

- Dependencies Checklist
 - Checklist
 - Examples



During the briefing, Equifax representatives informed Oversight Committee staff that:

- the company failed to heed a March 8, 2017, alert from US-CERT explicitly warning about a specific vulnerability through a web-application known as “Apache Struts”;
- the company’s failure allowed cyber attackers to exploit this vulnerability to gain access to hundreds of millions of sensitive consumer files and documents from May 13, 2017, to July 29, 2017—the date that Equifax finally detected the breach;
- the company’s General Counsel did not inform the FBI about the breach until the following Wednesday, August 2, 2017;

Takeaways

- Picking "safe" dependencies is not enough

Takeaways

- Picking "safe" dependencies is not enough
- Know what transitive dependencies you use

Takeaways

- Picking "safe" dependencies is not enough
- Know what transitive dependencies you use
- Continuously monitor new discoveries



Dependabot

Automated dependency updates

London

<https://dependabot.com>

support@dependabot.com

Verified

[Report abuse](#)

[Repositories 17](#)

[People 4](#)

[Projects 0](#)

Pinned repositories

[feedback](#)

Feedback, feature requests, and bug reports for Dependabot 🤖

★ 36 ⚡ 7

[dependabot-core](#)

The core logic behind Dependabot's update PR creation

Ruby ★ 424 ⚡ 72

[api-docs](#)

Documentation for Dependabot's API

★ 8 ⚡ 4

Find a repository...

Type: All ▾

Language: All ▾

dependabot-core

🤖 The core logic behind Dependabot's update PR creation

[javascript](#) [ruby](#) [python](#) [java](#) [go](#) [docker](#) [rust](#)

Ruby ★ 424 ⚡ 72 Updated 6 hours ago



dependabot-script

A simple script that demonstrates how to use Dependabot Core

Ruby ★ 34 ⚡ 17 MIT Updated a day ago



api-docs

Documentation for Dependabot's API

★ 8 ⚡ 4 Updated 18 days ago



dockerfiles

Dockerfile Updated 27 days ago



yarn-lib

A build of yarn that provides access to its internals



Top languages

Ruby PHP Go
Jupyter Notebook Dockerfile

People



4 >

[Developer Program Member](#)

Supported languages



Ruby



JavaScript



Python



PHP



Elixir



Rust



Java - Maven
BETA



Java - Gradle
BETA



.NET
BETA



Go
ALPHA



Elm
ALPHA



Submodules



Docker



Terraform
ALPHA

Example

Takeaways

- Picking "safe" dependencies is not enough
- Know what transitive dependencies you use
- Continuously monitor new discoveries
- Upgrade swiftly

Security

Check your repos... Crypto-coin-stealing code sneaks into fairly popular NPM lib (2m downloads per week)

Node.js package tried to plunder Bitcoin wallets

By Thomas Claburn in San Francisco 26 Nov 2018 at 20:58 49 SHARE ▾



```
    <!-- target -->
    <!-- this = $(this) -->
    <!-- $target = $($this.attr('data-target')) // st -->
    <!-- href.replace(/.*(?:#[^\s]+$/), '') -->
    <!-- if($target.hasClass('carousel')) return -->
    <!-- $options = $.extend({}, $target.data(), $ -->
    <!-- slideIndex = $this.attr('data-slide-to') -->
    <!-- (slideIndex) options.interval = false -->
    <!-- Plugin.call($target, options) -->
    <!-- (slideIndex) { -->
        <!-- $target.data('bs.carousel', { -->
            <!-- interval: options.interval, -->
            <!-- slideIndex: slideIndex, -->
            <!-- slideTo: slideIndex -->
        </-- } -->
    </-- } -->
```

Example 2

Takeaways

- Multiple maintainers > a single maintainer

Example 2

Takeaways

- Multiple maintainers > a single maintainer
- Automatic upgrades can have risks

Takeaways

- Multiple maintainers > a single maintainer
- Automatic upgrades can have risks
- Lock your dependencies versions

Software

How one developer just broke Node, Babel and thousands of projects in 11 lines of JavaScript

Code pulled from NPM – which everyone was using

By [Chris Williams, Editor in Chief](#) 23 Mar 2016 at 01:24

168 □ SHARE ▾



Careful, careful ... Don't fumble this like the JS world (Credit: Claus Rebler)

Updated Programmers were left staring at broken builds and failed installations on Tuesday after someone toppled the Jenga tower of JavaScript.

Software

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168



SHARE ▾



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Example 3

Takeaways

- Immutable dependencies are a must

Example 3

Takeaways

- Immutable dependencies are a must
- Central repositories can be risky

[Code](#)[Issues 147](#)[Pull requests 6](#)[Projects 0](#)[Wiki](#)[Insights](#)

Add text to MIT License banning ICE collaborators #1616

[Merged](#)jamiebuilds merged 2 commits into `master` from `new-license` on Aug 29, 2018[Conversation 11](#)[Commits 2](#)[Checks 0](#)[Files changed 1](#)[+22 -1](#)

jamiebuilds commented on Aug 29, 2018 • edited by TheLarkInn

[Contributor](#) ...

In this PR, the following text has been added to the existing MIT license:

The following license shall not be granted to the following entities or any subsidiary thereof due to their collaboration with US Immigration and Customs Enforcement ("ICE"):

- "Microsoft Corporation"
- "Palantir Technologies"
- "Amazon.com, Inc."
- ...

I have already spoken to @kittens and @evocateur about this privately, but I do need @kittens to give us permission to make this change.

18

9

10

1

15

Reviewers

evocateur



kittens

**Assignees**

No one assigned

Labels

None yet

Projects

None yet

Milestone

No milestones

Example 4

[Code](#)[Issues 147](#)[Pull requests 6](#)[Projects 0](#)[Wiki](#)[Insights](#)

Add text to MIT License banning ICE collaborators #1616

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 18 9 10 1 15**Reviewers** evocateur ✓ kittens ✓**Assignees**

No one assigned

Labels

None yet

Projects

None yet

Milestone

No milestones

Example 4

[Code](#)[Issues 147](#)[Pull requests 6](#)[Projects 0](#)[Wiki](#)[Insights](#)

Add text to MIT License banning ICE collaborators #1616

[Merged](#)jamiebuilds merged 2 commits into `master` from `new-license` on Aug 29, 2018[Conversation 11](#)[Commits 2](#)[Checks 0](#)[Files changed 1](#)[+22 -1](#)

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9

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1

15

Reviewers

evocateur



kittens

**Assignees**

No one assigned

Labels

None yet

Projects

None yet

Milestone

No milestones

Example 4

Example 4

lerna / lerna

Watch 201 ⭐

Code Issues 147 Pull requests 6 Projects 0 Wiki Insights

Bump major version before releasing license change. #16

Closed phpnoden opened this issue on Aug 29, 2018 · 9 comments

 phpnoden commented on Aug 29, 2018

A polite and hopefully unnecessary reminder that when the license change is released it should be a major version bump. I'm imagining the fall out that would occur if this were released as a patch version and it wouldn't be pretty.

Note: Arguments for / against the license change are happening in other issues, let's please keep them out of this one.

37

 jamiebuilds commented on Aug 29, 2018 Contributor

maybe

68

 jamiebuilds closed this on Aug 29, 2018

 hallister commented on Aug 29, 2018

You're going to introduce a major license change, refuse to change the license name and do it in a minor version bump? What the actual hell is your goal here?

19

 jamiebuilds commented on Aug 29, 2018 Contributor

To screw with companies that support ICE, was that not clear?

3 72 3 1

Example 4

Takeaways

- Licenses can be as complex as security issues

Example 4

Takeaways

- Licenses can be as complex as security issues
- Even minor upgrades need attention

To Summarize

To Summarize

To Summarize

- Control your dependency tree

To Summarize

- Control your dependency tree
- Add dependencies consciously

To Summarize

- Control your dependency tree
- Add dependencies consciously
- Continuously verify the dependencies

To Summarize

- Control your dependency tree
- Add dependencies consciously
- Continuously verify the dependencies
- Always have a reproducible build



To Summarize

- Control your dependency tree
- Add dependencies consciously
- Continuously verify the dependencies
- Always have a reproducible build
- Upgrade dependencies frequently

Dependencies

- Dependencies Checklist
- Solutions in Go

Solutions

- Unused imports are errors

Solutions

- Unused imports are errors
- Regularly check and update your *go.mod*

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 - Unused packages deleted from *go.mod*

Solutions

- Unused imports are errors
- Regularly check and update your *go.mod*
 - Unused packages deleted from *go.mod*
 - Transitive dependencies are added to *go.mod*

Solutions

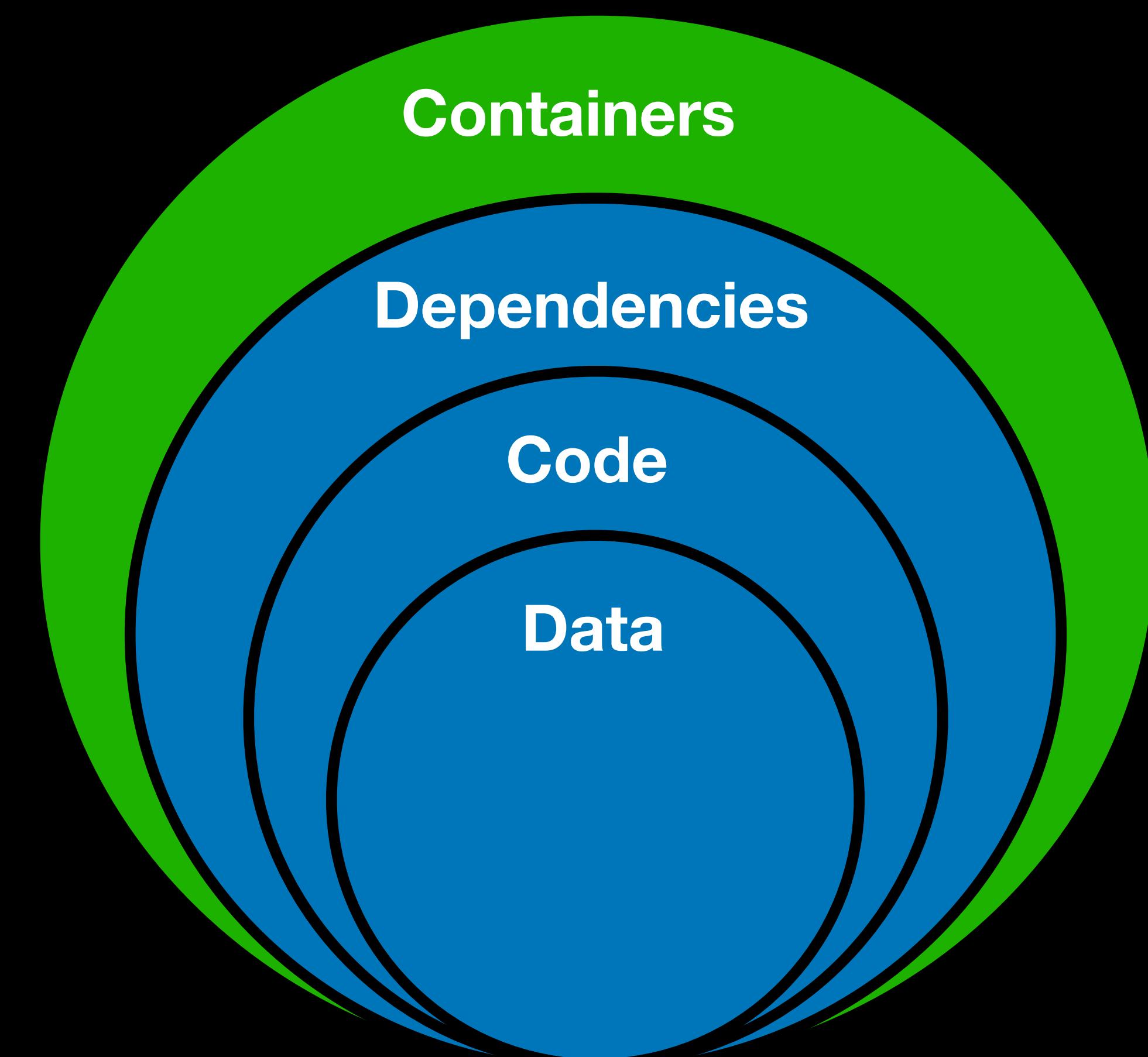
- Unused imports are errors
- Regularly check and update your *go.mod*
 - Unused packages deleted from *go.mod*
 - Transitive dependencies are added to *go.mod*
- Use vulnerabilities and licenses databases (e.g. NVD, JFrog Xray)



Solutions

- Unused imports are errors
- Regularly check and update your *go.mod*
 - Unused packages deleted from *go.mod*
 - Transitive dependencies are added to *go.mod*
- Use vulnerabilities and licenses databases (e.g. NVD, JFrog Xray)
- Minimal sanity check: *goreportcard*

goreportcard.com



Containers

- Multi-Stage Build

```
# Stage 0. Build the binary
FROM artifactory/golang:1.11
```

```
# add a non-privileged user
RUN useradd -u 10001 myapp
```

```
RUN mkdir -p /go/src/github.com/rumyantseva/myapp
ADD . /go/src/github.com/rumyantseva/myapp
WORKDIR /go/src/github.com/rumyantseva/myapp
```

```
# Build the binary with go build
```

```
# Important! Here we consider the "old way" when the vendor
# directory is commited and pushed to the repo
# and might be considered as immutable.
```

```
# If you use go mod and GOPROXY,
# this part should be handled a little bit differently!
```

```
RUN CGO_ENABLED=0 go build \
    -o bin/myapp github.com/rumyantseva/myapp/cmd/myapp
```

```
# Stage 1. Run the binary
```

```
~
```

```
# Stage 1. Run the binary
```

```
FROM scratch
```

```
ENV PORT 8080
```

```
# certificates to interact with other services
```

```
COPY --from=0 /etc/ssl/certs/ca-certificates.crt /etc/ssl/certs/
```

```
# don't forget /etc/passwd from previous stage
```

```
COPY --from=0 /etc/passwd /etc/passwd
```

```
USER myapp
```

```
# and finally the binary
```

```
COPY --from=0 /go/src/github.com/rumyantseva/myapp/bin/myapp /myapp
```

```
EXPOSE $PORT
```

```
CMD ["myapp"]
```

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```
FROM artifactory/golang:1.11
```

```
# Change here to update
```

```
ENV VERSION 1.12.3
```

```
ENV CHECKSUM c531688661b500d4c0c500fcf57f829388a4a9ba79697c2e134302aedef0cd46
```

```
# Make sure we have a fixed golangci-lint script with a checksum check
```

```
RUN echo "${CHECKSUM} golangci-lint-${VERSION}-linux-amd64.tar.gz" > CHECKSUM
```

```
# Download from Github the specified release and extract into the go/bin folder
```

```
RUN curl -L "https://github.com/golangci/golangci-lint/releases/download/v${VERSION}/golangci-lint-${VERSION}-linux-amd64.tar.gz" \
```

```
-o golangci-lint-${VERSION}-linux-amd64.tar.gz \
```

```
&& shasum -a 256 -c CHECKSUM \
```

```
&& tar xvzf golangci-lint-${VERSION}-linux-amd64.tar.gz \
```

```
--strip-components=1 \
```

```
-C ./bin \
```

```
golangci-lint-${VERSION}-linux-amd64/golangci-lint
```

```
# Clean up
```

```
RUN rm -rf CHECKSUM "golangci-lint-${VERSION}-linux-amd64.tar.gz"
```

```
~
```

```
~
```

```
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```

```
FROM artifactory/golang-linters
```

```
RUN mkdir -p /go/src/github.com/rumyantseva/myapp
```

```
ADD . /go/src/github.com/rumyantseva/myapp
```

```
WORKDIR /go/src/github.com/rumyantseva/myapp
```

```
# Run linters
```

```
RUN golangci-lint run \
```

```
--no-config --issues-exit-code=1 \
```

```
--deadline=10m --exclude-use-default=false \
```

```
--enable-all \
```

```
./...
```

```
# Run tests
```

```
RUN go test -timeout=600s -v --race ./...
```

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```

Containers

- Multi-Stage Build
- Policies

Policies

- Pod Security Policies, e.g.
 - Disallow containers in privileged containers
 - Disallow containers that require root access
 - Disallow containers that access a specific host port

kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/policy/pod-security-policy

Policies

- Pod Security Policies
- Network Policies
 - Pod ingress/egress traffic shaping

kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/extend-kubernetes/compute-storage-net/network-plugins

Policies

- Pod Security Policies
- Network Policies
- Kritis



github.com/grafeas/kritis





Overwhelmed?



Automate!

DevSecOps

“The philosophy of integrating security practices within the DevOps process.”

- Data

- Passwords
- User Personal Data
- Secrets Management

- Code

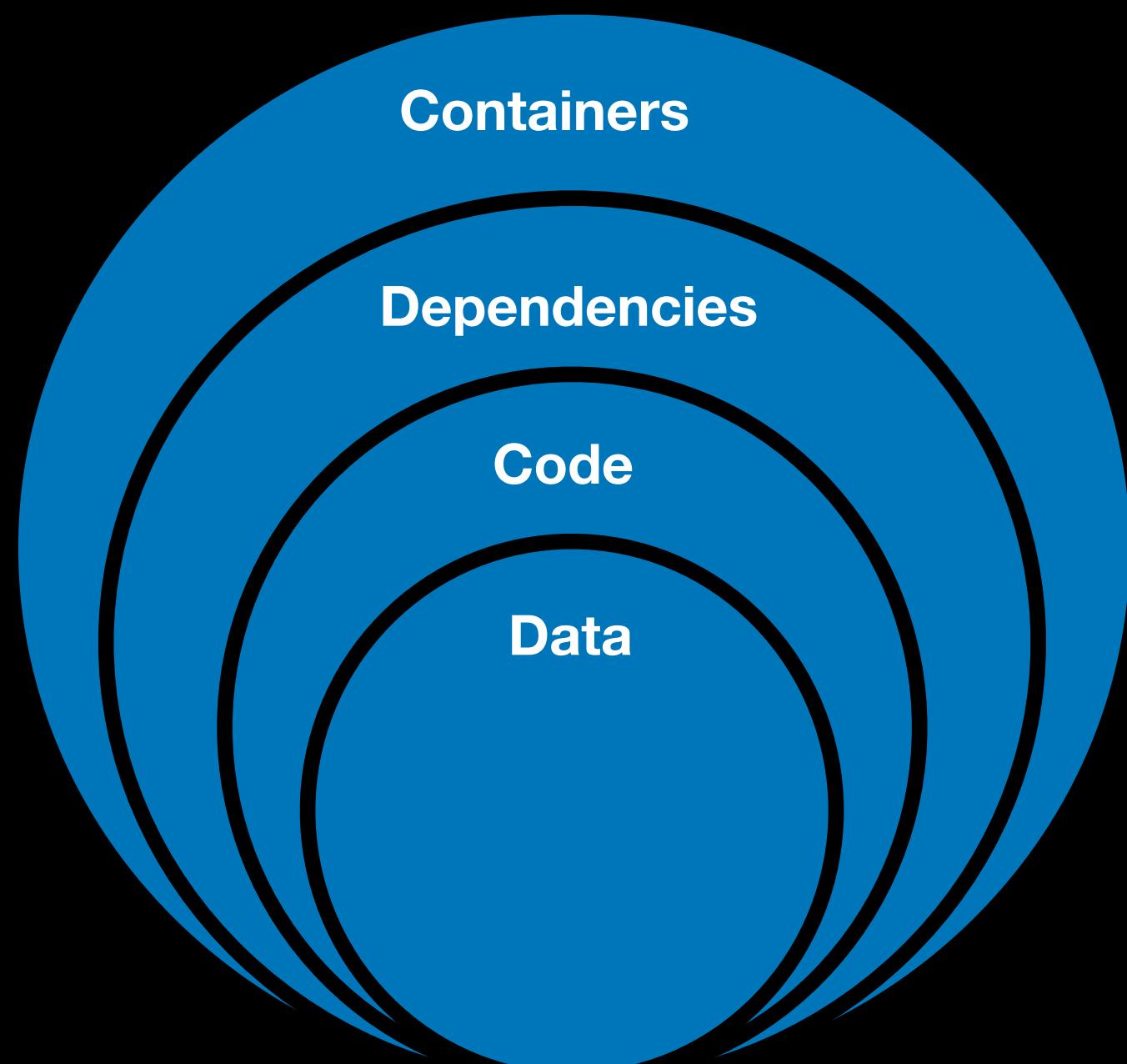
- Input Validation
- SQL Injection
- Static Code Analysis
- Scope of Debug Handles

- Dependencies

- Dependencies Checklist
 - Checklist
 - Examples
- Solutions in Go

- Containers

- Multi-Stage Build
- Policies





Thank You!

@NataliePis