APE GAN FGSM ALL

November 14, 2020

```
[1]: print("STARTING")
```

STARTING

```
[2]: import numpy as np
                   from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
                   import random
                   import numpy as np
                   import keras
                   import tensorflow as tf
                   from keras.datasets import mnist
                   from keras.utils import np_utils # utilities for one-hot encoding of ground utilities for one-hot encoding of ground of groun
                      → truth values
                   import os
                   import keras
                   from keras.models import Model, Sequential # basic class for specifying and □
                      → training a neural network
                   from keras.layers import Input, Conv2D, Conv2DTranspose, Dense, Activation,
                      →Flatten, LeakyReLU, BatchNormalization, ZeroPadding2D, Conv1D
                   from keras.optimizers import Adam
                   from keras import backend as K
                   os.environ["CUDA VISIBLE DEVICES"]="1"
                   %reload ext autoreload
                   %autoreload 2
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

```
[17]: X_TRAIN = np.load('./DATA/ORIGINAL/X_train.npy')
    Y_TRAIN = np.load('./DATA/ORIGINAL/y_train.npy')
    X_TEST = np.load('./DATA/FGSM/X_TEST_ORG.npy')
    Y_TEST = np.load('./DATA/FGSM/Y_TEST_ORG.npy')
    coeff = np.load('./DATA/ORIGINAL/coeff_features.npy')
    X_N_TEST = np.load('./DATA/FGSM/X_TEST_NOISED.npy')
```

1 Classifier Build

Building a classifier to evaluate the denoising

```
[18]: X_TRAIN.shape
[18]: (31713, 2948)
[19]: print(Y_TEST.shape,Y_TRAIN.shape)
     (15621, 2) (31713, 1)
[20]: Y_TEST = Y_TEST[:,1]
     If Its ben, xTrain is 0, mal means 1.
     In xTest, ben is 1 0 and mal is 0 1
     taking the 2nd col, i.e index 1 col will give us same as XTrain
[21]: np.unique(Y_TRAIN,return_counts=True)
[21]: (array([0, 1]), array([21142, 10571], dtype=int64))
[25]: def ClassifierModel(inputDims):
         modelClassifier = Sequential()
         modelClassifier.add(Dense(inputDims, input_dim=inputDims,__
      →activation='relu'))
         modelClassifier.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
         modelClassifier.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
         modelClassifier.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', __
      →metrics=['accuracy'])
         return modelClassifier
[26]: modelClassifier = ClassifierModel(X_TRAIN.shape[1])
     modelClassifier.summary()
     Model: "sequential_3"
     Layer (type)
                                 Output Shape
                                                           Param #
     ______
     dense_7 (Dense)
                                 (None, 2948)
                                                           8693652
     dense_8 (Dense)
                                 (None, 128)
                                                           377472
     dense_9 (Dense)
                                 (None, 1)
                                                          129
```

```
Trainable params: 9,071,253
   Non-trainable params: 0
    ______
[27]: modelClassifier.fit(X_TRAIN, Y_TRAIN, epochs=5, batch_size=128)
   Epoch 1/5
   31713/31713 [============= ] - 43s 1ms/step - loss: 0.1683 -
   accuracy: 0.9394
   Epoch 2/5
   accuracy: 0.9647
   Epoch 3/5
   accuracy: 0.9714
   Epoch 4/5
   31713/31713 [============== ] - 44s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0730 -
   accuracy: 0.9756
   Epoch 5/5
   accuracy: 0.9781
[27]: <keras.callbacks.callbacks.History at 0x185070e9848>
[28]: | # modelClassifier = keras.models.load model('./ResultsNov2/modelClassifierFGSM.
    \hookrightarrow h5')
    # modelClassifier.summary()
[29]: modelClassifier.evaluate(X_TRAIN, Y_TRAIN)
   [29]: [0.058908848948836676, 0.9792198538780212]
[30]: modelClassifier.evaluate(X_TEST, Y_TEST)
   15621/15621 [============= ] - 7s 428us/step
[30]: [0.13288401077350578, 0.9652391076087952]
[31]: modelClassifier.evaluate(X_N_TEST, Y_TEST)
   15621/15621 [=========== ] - 7s 420us/step
[31]: [74.89454516371816, 0.7323474884033203]
```

Total params: 9,071,253

1.0.1 Accuracy of classifier

- Training data =97.9%
- Testing data = 96.5%
- FGSM attacked data = 73.2%

Drop of almost 23% is good, considering only 33% of the data was malware. Now only around 10% is found to be malware

2 Ben and Mal Cols and Pure Malware and Benign Arrays

Pure Malware = all malware columns will be one

Pure Ben = all Ben cols will be one

This gives us the 2 extreme cases to compare with one another during GAN training. All Ben being the most benign and all mal being the worst

```
[34]: mal_col_index = []
ben_col_index = []
for i in range(len(coeff)):
    if coeff[i] > 0:
        mal_col_index.append(i)
    elif coeff[i] < 0:
        ben_col_index.append(i)
    else:
        print("DANGER")
print(len(mal_col_index),len(ben_col_index))</pre>
```

1513 1435

```
[35]: ALL_BEN_APK = np.zeros(X_TEST[0].shape)
for i in ben_col_index:
    ALL_BEN_APK[i] = 1
np.unique(ALL_BEN_APK,return_counts=True)
```

```
[35]: (array([0., 1.]), array([1513, 1435], dtype=int64))
```

```
[36]: ALL_MAL_APK = np.zeros(X_TEST[0].shape)
for i in mal_col_index:
    ALL_MAL_APK[i] = 1
```

```
np.unique(ALL_MAL_APK,return_counts=True)
```

```
[36]: (array([0., 1.]), array([1435, 1513], dtype=int64))
```

3 APE GAN DEF

```
[37]: def MANHATTAN(y_true, y_pred):
    return K.sum( K.abs( y_true - y_pred),axis=1,keepdims=True) + 1e-10

def SRMSE(y_true, y_pred):
    return K.sqrt(K.mean(K.square(y_pred - y_true), axis=-1) + 1e-10)

def WMOD(y_true, y_pred):
    return K.abs(1 - K.mean(y_true * y_pred))

def WGAN(y_true, y_pred):
    return K.abs(K.mean(y_true * y_pred))
```

```
[38]: def generator(input dims):
          model = Sequential()
          model.add(Dense(512, input shape = input dims, activation='relu'))
          #model.add(Dense(2048, input shape = input dims, activation='relu'))
          #model.add(Dense(1024, activation='relu'))
          #model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(8, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(4, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(2, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(1, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Activation('tanh'))
          return model
      def discriminator(input_dims):
          model = Sequential()
          model.add(Dense(512, input_shape = input_dims, activation='relu'))
          #model.add(Dense(2048, input_shape = input_dims, activation='relu'))
          #model.add(Dense(1024, activation='relu'))
          #model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
```

```
model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dense(8, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dense(4, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dense(2, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Dense(1, activation='relu'))
   model.add(Activation('sigmoid'))
   model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy')
   return model
def APEGAN(input_dims):
   G = generator(input dims)
   print("========\n\nGENERATOR\n\n")
   print(G.summary())
   print("=======\n\n")
   D = discriminator(input_dims)
   print("========\n\nDISCRIMINATOR\n\n")
   print(D.summary())
   print("=======\n\n")
   ipt = Input(input_dims)
   print("=========\n\nINPUT TENSOR\n\n")
   print(ipt)
   print("=======\n\n")
   purified = G(ipt)
   print("=========\n\nPURIFIED TENSOR\n\n")
   print(purified)
   print("=======\n\n")
   D.trainable = False
   judge = D(purified)
   print("========\n\nJUDGE TENSOR\n\n")
   print(judge)
   print("=======\n\n")
   GAN = Model(ipt, [judge,purified])
   print("========\n\nGAN BASIC\n\n")
   print(GAN.summary())
   print("=======\n\n")
   GAN.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss=['binary_crossentropy',WGAN],
              loss_weights=[0.02, 0.9])
   print("=======\n\nGAN AFTER COMPILE\n\n")
```

```
print(GAN.summary())
print("=======\n\n")
return GAN,G,D
```

4 APE GAN RUN

```
[39]: epochs=10 # original 500
batch_size=128

N = X_TEST.shape[0]
x_clean = X_TEST.copy()
x_adv = X_N_TEST.copy()
x_label = Y_TEST.copy()
```

```
[40]: GAN, G, D = APEGAN([1,X_TEST.shape[1],1])
# GAN,G,D = APEGAN([X_TEST.shape[1]])
```

GENERATOR

Model: "sequential_4"

Layer (type)		 Output	Sha	ape		Param #
dense_10 (Der	nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	512)	1024
dense_11 (Der	nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	256)	131328
dense_12 (Der	nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	128)	32896
dense_13 (Der	nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	64)	8256
dense_14 (Der	nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	32)	2080
dense_15 (Der	nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	16)	528
dense_16 (Der	nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	8)	136
dense_17 (Der	nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	4)	36
dense_18 (Der	nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	2)	10
dense_19 (Der	 nse)	(None,	1,	2948,	1)	3

activation_1	(Activation)	(None,	1,	2948,	1)	0
			===:	======		

Total params: 176,297 Trainable params: 176,297 Non-trainable params: 0

None

DISCRIMINATOR

Model: "sequential_5"

Layer (ty	 vpe)	Output	Sha	 ape		Param #
dense_20	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	512)	1024
dense_21	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	256)	131328
dense_22	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	128)	32896
dense_23	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	64)	8256
dense_24	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	32)	2080
dense_25	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	16)	528
dense_26	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	8)	136
dense_27	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	4)	36
dense_28	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	2)	10
dense_29	(Dense)	(None,	1,	2948,	1)	3
activatio	on_2 (Activation)	(None,	1,	2948,	1)	0

Total params: 176,297 Trainable params: 176,297 Non-trainable params: 0

None

=========

INPUT TENSOR

Tensor("input_1:0", shape=(?, 1, 2948, 1), dtype=float32)

PURIFIED TENSOR

JUDGE TENSOR

=========

GAN BASIC

Model: "model_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 1, 2948, 1)	0
sequential_4 (Sequential)	(None, 1, 2948, 1)	176297
sequential_5 (Sequential)	(None, 1, 2948, 1)	176297

Total params: 352,594 Trainable params: 176,297 Non-trainable params: 176,297

```
[43]: scalarloss = [0,0,0]
LossHistory = [0]*epochs
for cur_epoch in range(epochs):
    print("\n\nEPOCH",cur_epoch,"\n")

    idx = np.random.randint(0, N*4//5, size=batch_size)
    x_clean_batch = x_clean[idx,].reshape(-1,1,2948,1)
    x_adv_batch = x_adv[idx,].reshape(-1,1,2948,1)

ALL_MAL_APK_BATCH = np.tile(ALL_MAL_APK,(batch_size,1))
    ALL_BEN_APK_BATCH = np.tile(ALL_BEN_APK,(batch_size,1))

print("\n====\nSHAPE of XCLEAN")
    print("\n====\nSHAPE of XCLEAN")
    print(x_clean_batch.shape)

scalarloss[0] = D.train_on_batch(x_clean_batch, ALL_MAL_APK_BATCH.
    reshape(-1,1,2948,1))/2
```

```
print("\n====\nNP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR")
    print("1 "+str(scalarloss))
    scalarloss[0] += D.train_on_batch(x_adv_batch, ALL_BEN_APK_BATCH.
 \rightarrowreshape(-1,1,2948,1))/2
    print("\n====\nNP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR")
    print("2 "+str(scalarloss))
    GAN.train_on_batch(x_adv_batch, [ ALL_MAL_APK_BATCH.reshape(-1,1,2948,1),_
 \rightarrowx_clean_batch])
    scalarloss[1:] = GAN.train_on_batch(x_adv_batch, [ ALL_MAL_APK_BATCH.
\rightarrowreshape(-1,1,2948,1), x_clean_batch])[1:]
     LossHistory.append(scalarloss)
    LossHistory[cur_epoch] = scalarloss
    print("\n====\nLOSS HISTORY")
    print(LossHistory)
    print("\n=====\nTRAIN ON BATCH GAN")
    print("Epoch number:",cur_epoch,"; Loss",scalarloss)
    print("\n EPOCHING \n\n\n\n")
print("\n\n\n============\nSCALAR LOSS HISTORY\n\n")
```

```
EPOCH 0

====
SHAPE of XCLEAN
(128, 1, 2948, 1)

====
NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
1 [0.34657296538352966, 0, 0]

====
NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
2 [0.6931459307670593, 0, 0]

====
LOSS HISTORY
[[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

===== TRAIN ON BATCH GAN Epoch number: 0; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0] EPOCHING EPOCH 1 ===== SHAPE of XCLEAN (128, 1, 2948, 1) NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR 1 [0.34657296538352966, 0.69314593, 0.0] NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR 2 [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0] ===== LOSS HISTORY [[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0] TRAIN ON BATCH GAN Epoch number: 1; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0] EPOCHING

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EPOCH 2

=====

```
SHAPE of XCLEAN
(128, 1, 2948, 1)
=====
NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
1 [0.34657296538352966, 0.69314593, 0.0]
=====
NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
2 [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
=====
LOSS HISTORY
[[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
TRAIN ON BATCH GAN
Epoch number: 2; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
EPOCHING
EPOCH 3
=====
SHAPE of XCLEAN
(128, 1, 2948, 1)
=====
NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
1 [0.34657296538352966, 0.69314593, 0.0]
NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
2 [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
=====
LOSS HISTORY
[[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], 0,
```

0, 0, 0, 0, 0]

```
=====
```

TRAIN ON BATCH GAN

Epoch number: 3; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]

EPOCHING

EPOCH 4

=====

SHAPE of XCLEAN (128, 1, 2948, 1)

=====

NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR 1 [0.34657296538352966, 0.69314593, 0.0]

=====

NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR 2 [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]

=====

LOSS HISTORY

[[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], 0, 0, 0, 0]

=====

TRAIN ON BATCH GAN

Epoch number: 4; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]

EPOCHING

EPOCH 5

```
SHAPE of XCLEAN
(128, 1, 2948, 1)
NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
1 [0.34657296538352966, 0.69314593, 0.0]
NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
2 [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
=====
LOSS HISTORY
[[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], 0,
0, 0, 0]
TRAIN ON BATCH GAN
Epoch number: 5; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
EPOCHING
EPOCH 6
=====
SHAPE of XCLEAN
(128, 1, 2948, 1)
NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
1 [0.34657296538352966, 0.69314593, 0.0]
=====
NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
2 [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
```

=====

```
LOSS HISTORY
[[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], 0, 0, 0]
=====
TRAIN ON BATCH GAN
Epoch number: 6; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
EPOCHING
EPOCH 7
=====
SHAPE of XCLEAN
(128, 1, 2948, 1)
=====
NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
1 [0.34657296538352966, 0.69314593, 0.0]
=====
NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
2 [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
=====
LOSS HISTORY
[[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], 0,
07
=====
TRAIN ON BATCH GAN
Epoch number: 7; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
```

EPOCHING

```
EPOCH 8
SHAPE of XCLEAN
(128, 1, 2948, 1)
____
NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
1 [0.34657296538352966, 0.69314593, 0.0]
NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR
2 [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
=====
LOSS HISTORY
[[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0],
[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], 0]
____
TRAIN ON BATCH GAN
Epoch number: 8; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]
EPOCHING
EPOCH 9
=====
SHAPE of XCLEAN
```

(128, 1, 2948, 1)

=====

```
NP ONES TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR

1 [0.34657296538352966, 0.69314593, 0.0]

=====

NP ZEROS TRAIN ON BATCH DISCRIMINATOR

2 [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]

=====

LOSS HISTORY

[[0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0], [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]]

=====

TRAIN ON BATCH GAN

Epoch number: 9; Loss [0.6931459307670593, 0.69314593, 0.0]

EPOCHING
```

SCALAR LOSS HISTORY

5 Evaluation

We use the Generator of the trained APEGAN to purify data samples and then test it out with the trained classifier

```
[46]: F = keras.models.load_model('./modelClassifierFGSM.h5')
print("========\n\nKERAS LOAD MODEL\n\n")
print(F.summary())
print("========\n\n")

clean = X_TEST.copy().reshape(-1,1,X_TEST.shape[1],1)
adv = X_N_TEST.copy().reshape(-1,1,X_TEST.shape[1],1)
label = Y_TEST.copy()
```

```
print("======\n\nCLEAN\n\n")
print(clean)
print("======\n\n")

print("======\n\n")

print(adv)
print("======\n\n")

purified = G.predict(adv)
print("=======\n\nG Predict ADV - PURIFIED\n\n")
print(purified)
print("======\n\n")
```

KERAS LOAD MODEL

```
Model: "sequential_3"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	 Param #
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 2948)	8693652
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 128)	377472
dense_9 (Dense)	(None, 1)	129
Total params: 9,071,253 Trainable params: 9,071,253 Non-trainable params: 0		

None

==========

CLEAN

[[[0.]]]

[0.]

[0.]

•••

[0.]

[0.] [0.]]]

[[[0.]]

[0.]

[0.]

... [1.]

[0.]

[0.]]]

[[[0.]]

[0.]

[0.]

... [0.]

[0.]

[0.]]]

•••

[[[0.]]

[0.]

[0.]

... [0.]

[0.]

[0.]]]

[[[0.]]

[0.]

[0.]

[0.]

[0.]

[0.]]]

[[[0.]]

[0.]

[0.]

... [0.] [0.] [0.]]]]

ADV

[[[[0.]]

[0.]

[0.]

•••

[0.]

[0.]

[0.]]]

[[[0.]]

[0.]

[0.]

••

[1.]

[0.]

[0.]]]

[[[0.]]

[0.]

[0.]

•••

[0.]

[1.]

[1.]]]

...

[[[0.]]

[0.]

[0.]

[0.]

[0.]

[0.]]

```
[[[1.]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [1.]
   [1.]
   [1.]]]
 [[[0.]]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [0.]]]]
==========
G Predict ADV - PURIFIED
[[[[0.]]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [0.]]]
 [[[0.]]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [0.]
   [0.]]]
 [[[0.]]
   [0.]
   [0.]
```

[0.]

```
[0.]
        [0.]]]
      [[[0.]]
        [0.]
        [0.]
        [0.]
        [0.]
        [0.]]]
      [[[0.]]
        [0.]
        [0.]
        [0.]
        [0.]
        [0.]]]
      [[[0.]]
        [0.]
        [0.]
        [0.]
        [0.]
        [0.]]]
[47]: adv.reshape(-1,adv.shape[2]).shape
[47]: (15621, 2948)
[48]: FPredAdv = F.predict(adv.reshape(-1,adv.shape[2]))
     print("=======\n\nF Predict ADV\n\n")
     print(FPredAdv)
     print("=======\n\n")
     _____
```

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F Predict ADV

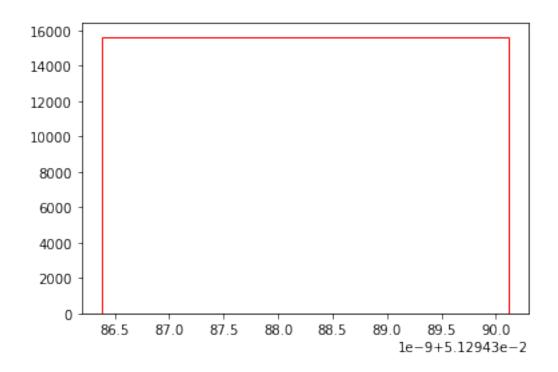
```
[[1.7094612e-04]
     [5.9604645e-08]
     [0.000000e+00]
     [7.3462427e-03]
     [0.000000e+00]
     [2.5811319e-06]]
[49]: adv_pdt = np.argmax(FPredAdv, axis=1)
     print(adv_pdt)
     print("========\n\n")
     print(np.unique(adv_pdt,return_counts=True))
    _____
    F Predict ADV FUNC- ADV_PDT
    [0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
    ==========
    (array([0], dtype=int64), array([15621], dtype=int64))
[50]: FPredClean = F.predict(clean.reshape(-1,adv.shape[2]))
     print("===========\n\nF Predict CLEAN\n\n")
     print(FPredClean)
     print("========\n\n")
     clean_pdt = np.argmax(FPredClean, axis=1)
     print("=========\n\nF Predict CLEAN FUNC- ADV_PDT\n\n")
     print(clean_pdt)
     print("=======\n\n")
     print(np.unique(clean_pdt,return_counts=True))
    F Predict CLEAN
    [[1.7094612e-04]
     [5.9604645e-08]
     [9.8784703e-01]
```

```
[7.3462427e-03]
      [9.8015136e-01]
      [2.5811319e-06]]
     _____
    F Predict CLEAN FUNC- ADV_PDT
     [0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
     =========
     (array([0], dtype=int64), array([15621], dtype=int64))
[51]: FPredPur = F.predict(purified.reshape(-1,adv.shape[2]))
     print("==========\n\nF Predict PURIFIED \n\n")
     print(FPredPur)
     print("=======\n\n")
    F Predict PURIFIED
     [[0.05129439]
      [0.05129439]
      [0.05129439]
      [0.05129439]
      [0.05129439]
      [0.05129439]]
     ==========
[52]: purified_pdt = np.argmax(FPredPur, axis=1)
     print("==============\n\nF Predict PURIFIED FUNC - PURIFIED_PDT\n\n")
     print(purified_pdt)
     print("=======\n\n")
     print(np.unique(purified_pdt,return_counts=True))
    F Predict PURIFIED FUNC - PURIFIED_PDT
```

```
[0 0 0 ... 0 0 0]
     =========
     (array([0], dtype=int64), array([15621], dtype=int64))
[53]: print("========\n\nLABEL\n\n")
     print(label)
     print("=======\n\n")
     print(np.unique(label,return_counts=True))
     LABEL
     [0. 0. 1. ... 0. 1. 0.]
     =========
     (array([0., 1.]), array([10414, 5207], dtype=int64))
[54]: print(' adv acc: {:.10f},\n rct acc: {:.10f},\n\n SIMILARITY: {:.10f}'.
      →format( np.mean(adv_pdt==label),
                                       np.mean(purified_pdt==label), np.
      →mean(adv_pdt==purified_pdt)))
      adv acc: 0.666666667,
     rct acc: 0.666666667,
      SIMILARITY: 1.0000000000
[55]: F.evaluate(clean.reshape(-1,2948), label)
     15621/15621 [============ ] - 7s 454us/step
[55]: [0.13288401077350578, 0.9652391076087952]
[56]: F.evaluate(adv.reshape(-1,2948), label)
     15621/15621 [============= ] - 7s 443us/step
[56]: [74.89454516371816, 0.7323474884033203]
[57]: F.evaluate(purified.reshape(-1,2948), label)
```

```
15621/15621 [=========== ] - 7s 441us/step
[57]: [1.025162445576241, 0.6666666865348816]
[58]: FPredAdv.shape
[58]: (15621, 1)
[59]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from scipy import stats
[60]: plt.hist(FPredAdv,bins=2,color='white', edgecolor='red')
     plt.show()
             14000
             12000
             10000
              8000
              6000
              4000
              2000
                     0.0
                                0.2
                                          0.4
                                                     0.6
                                                               0.8
                                                                          1.0
[61]: StatsDesc = ['nobs', 'min, max', 'mean', 'var', 'skewness', 'kurtosis']
     for i in range(len(stats.describe(FPredAdv))):
         print("=======")
         print(StatsDesc[i])
         print(stats.describe(FPredAdv)[i])
     ========
     nobs
     15621
     ========
     min, max
     (array([0.], dtype=float32), array([1.], dtype=float32))
```

```
========
     mean
     [0.10330237]
     =========
     var
     [0.08514675]
     ========
     skewness
     [2.6368554]
     kurtosis
     [5.1043234]
[69]: print(np.unique(purified,return_counts=True))
      print(purified.shape)
      c = ccc = 0
      for i in range(len(purified)):
          for j in range(purified.shape[2]):
              if purified[i][0][j][0]==0:
              else:
                  ccc+=1
      print(c,ccc)
     (array([0.], dtype=float32), array([46050708], dtype=int64))
     (15621, 1, 2948, 1)
     46050708 0
[70]: ccc/15621
[70]: 0.0
[71]: plt.hist(FPredPur,bins=2,color='white', edgecolor='red')
      plt.show()
```



```
[72]: StatsDesc = ['nobs', 'min, max', 'mean', 'var', 'skewness', 'kurtosis']
      for i in range(len(stats.describe(FPredPur))):
         print("======")
         print(StatsDesc[i])
         print(stats.describe(FPredPur)[i])
     ========
     nobs
     15621
     ========
     min, max
     (array([0.05129439], dtype=float32), array([0.05129439], dtype=float32))
     ========
     mean
     [0.05129439]
     ========
     var
     [8.884628e-22]
     =========
     skewness
     [124.98399]
     ========
     kurtosis
     [15624.611]
```

6 Conclusions FGSM ALL

Even though this is done ust for FGSM and with Wasserstein Loss alone, We can see that it converts the whole array to 0. This was the same/almost same case with other loss functions too. With the GAN deciding that converting arrays to all 0 will mean that it is right at least 67% of the time so it goes that way.

JSMA was no different in this matter.

[]: