Manage Virtual Machines

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Task 1: Deploy zone-resilient Azure virtual machines by using the Azure portal.

Virtual machines:

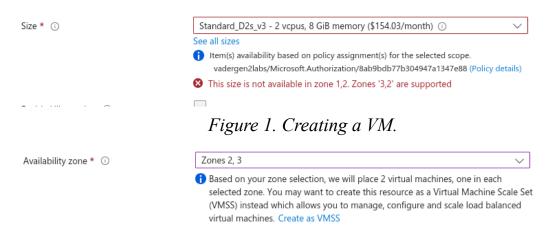


Figure 2. Zone.

Azure disk storage encryption automatically encrypts your data stored on Azure managed disks (OS and data disks) at rest by default when persisting it to the cloud. Encryption at host (i) f Encryption at host is not registered for the selected subscription. Learn more OS disk OS disk size ① Image default (127 GiB) OS disk type * 🛈 Premium SSD (locally-redundant storage) Delete with VM ① Key management ① Platform-managed key Enable Ultra Disk compatibility (1) Figure 3. Configuring disk type. Select one or more ports Select inbound ports All traffic from the internet will be blocked by default. You will be able to change inbound port rules in the VM > Networking page. Delete public IP and NIC when VM is deleted (i) Enable accelerated networking ① Load balancing You can place this virtual machine in the backend pool of an existing Azure load balancing solution. Learn more 🗹 None Load balancing options ① Azure load balancer Supports all TCP/UDP network traffic, port-forwarding, and outbound flows. Application gateway Web traffic load balancer for HTTP/HTTPS with URL-based routing, SSL termination, session persistence, and web application firewall. Figure 4. No load balancing. 1 Hotpatch is not available for this image. Learn more Azure-orchestrated Patch orchestration options (i) 🚺 Some patch orchestration options are not available for this image. Learn more 🗹 Figure 5. Patch orchestration. Diagnostics Enable with managed storage account (recommended) Boot diagnostics ① Enable with custom storage account Disable

Figure 6. Diagnostics.

Price

2 X Standard D2s v3 by Microsoft Subscription credits apply ①

0.4220 USD/hr

Pricing for other VM sizes

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By clicking "Create", I (a) agree to the legal terms and privacy statement(s) associated with the Marketplace offering(s) listed above; (b) authorize Microsoft to bill my current payment method for the fees associated with the offering(s), with the same billing frequency as my Azure subscription; and (c) agree that Microsoft may share my contact, usage and transactional information with the provider(s) of the offering(s) for support, billing and other transactional activities. Microsoft does not provide rights for third-party offerings. See the Azure Marketplace Terms for additional details.

Associated resources

Virtual machines (new) myVm-1, myVm-2
Public IPs (new) myVm-1-ip, myVm-2-ip

Basics

Subscription P9-Real Hands-On Labs

Resource group 1-98472184-playground-sandbox

Region South Central US

Availability options Availability zone

Zone options Self-selected zone

Availability zone 2.3

Figure 7. Review creating.

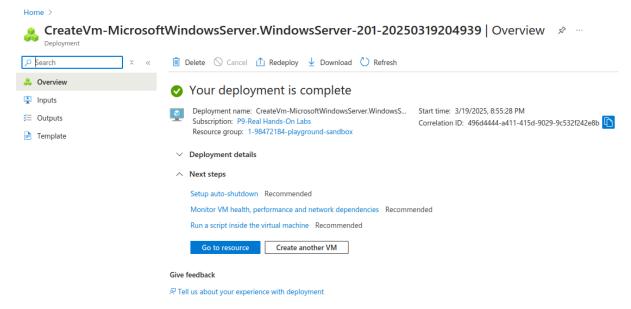


Figure 8. Complete deployment.

Task 2: Manage compute and storage scaling for virtual machines.

Availability + scale:

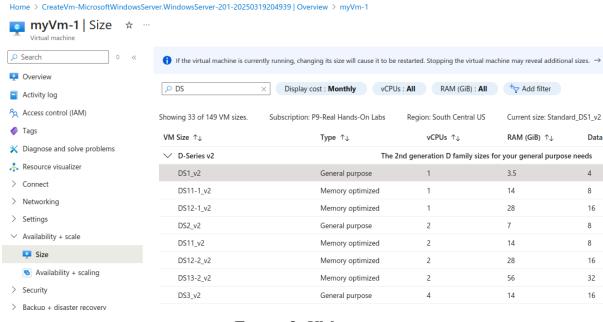


Figure 9. VM size.

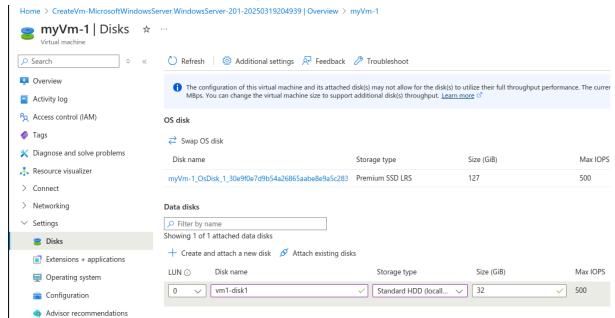


Figure 10. VM disks.

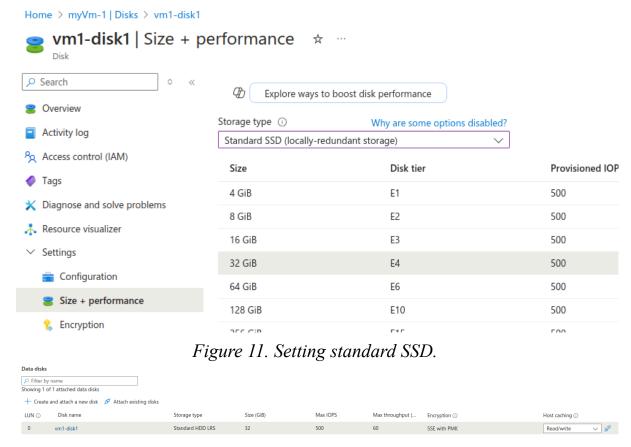
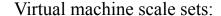


Figure 12. Reseted disk.

Task 3: Create and configure Azure Virtual Machine Scale Sets.



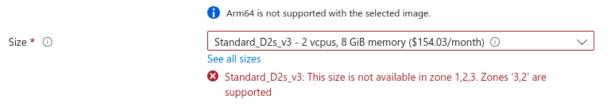


Figure 13. VM creating scale set.

vnet-southcentralus

Name *	vmss-vnet

Define the address space of your virtual network with one or more IPv4 or IPv6 address ranges. Create subnets to segment the virtual network address space into smaller ranges for use by your applications. When you deploy resources into a subnet, Azure assigns the resource an IP address from the subnet. Learn more \vec{z}

+ Add a subnet

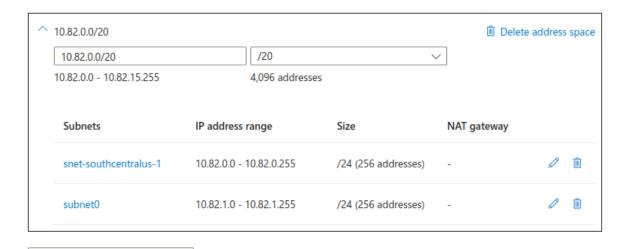


Figure 14. Creating vnet.

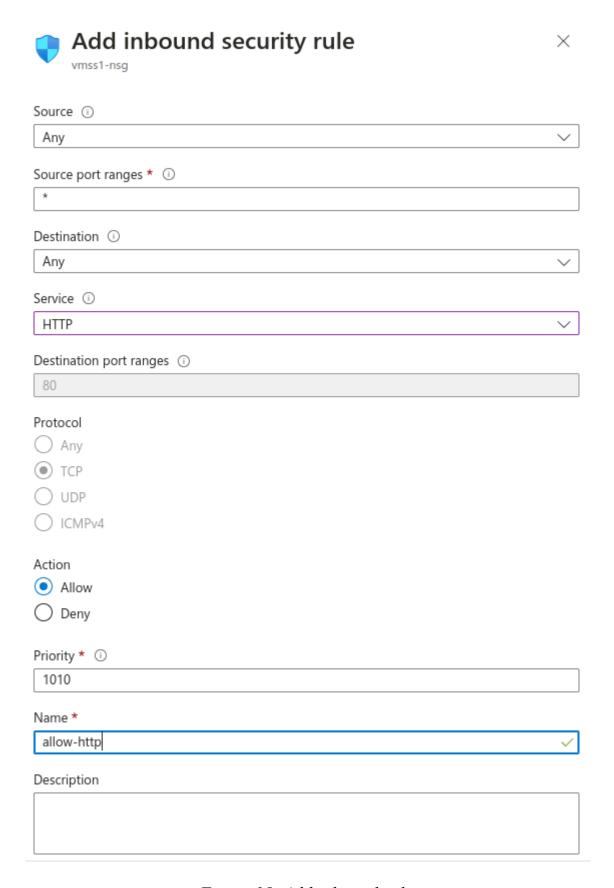


Figure 15. Add inbound rule.

Create network security group ...

Name *

vmss1-nsg

Inbound rules ①

1000: default-allow-ssh
Any
SSH (TCP/22)

1010: allow-http
Any
HTTP (TCP/80)

+ Add an inbound rule

Outbound rules ①
No results.

+ Add an outbound rule

Subnet * ①
snet-southcentralus-1 (10.82.0.0/24)
NIC network security group ①
None
Basic
Advanced
Configure network security group *
(new) vmss1-nsg
Create new
Public IP address ①
Disabled Enabled
Public IP addresses have a nominal charge. Estimate price
Accelerated networking ①
Disabled Enabled

Figure 16. Creating a subnet.

Load balancing

You can place this virtual machine in the backend pool of an existing Azure load balancing solution. Learn more 🗹		
Load balancing options ①	 None Azure load balancer Supports all TCP/UDP network traffic, port-forwarding, and outbound flows. Application gateway Web traffic load balancer for HTTP/HTTPS with URL-based routing, SSL termination, session persistence, and web application firewall. 	
	♠ To allow traffic from your load balancing product, please update the appropriate port configuration on your network security group associated with your network interface.	
Select a load balancer * ①	(new) vmss-lb	
	Create a load balancer	

Figure 17. Select a load balancer.

Boot diagnostics ①	Enable with managed storage account (recommended)
	Enable with custom storage account
	Disable

Figure 18. Selecting boot diagnostics.

Create a Virtual Machine Scale Set (VMSS)

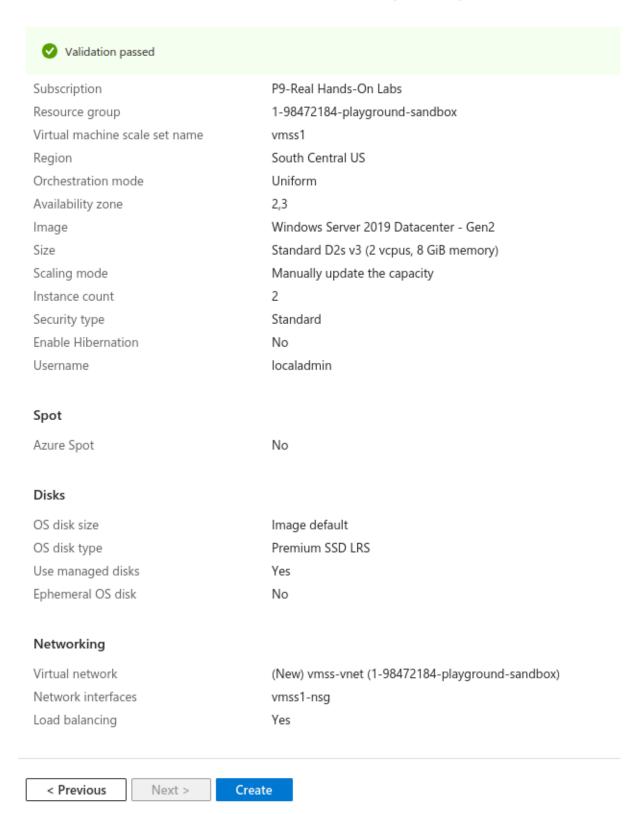


Figure 19. Created VM scale set.

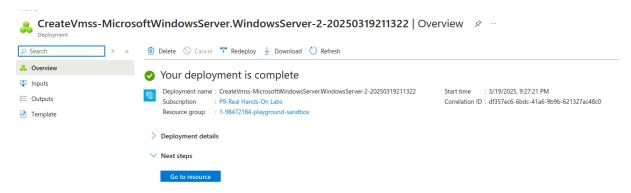


Figure 20. Completed deployment.

Task 4: Scale Azure Virtual Machine Scale Sets.

Scale out rule:

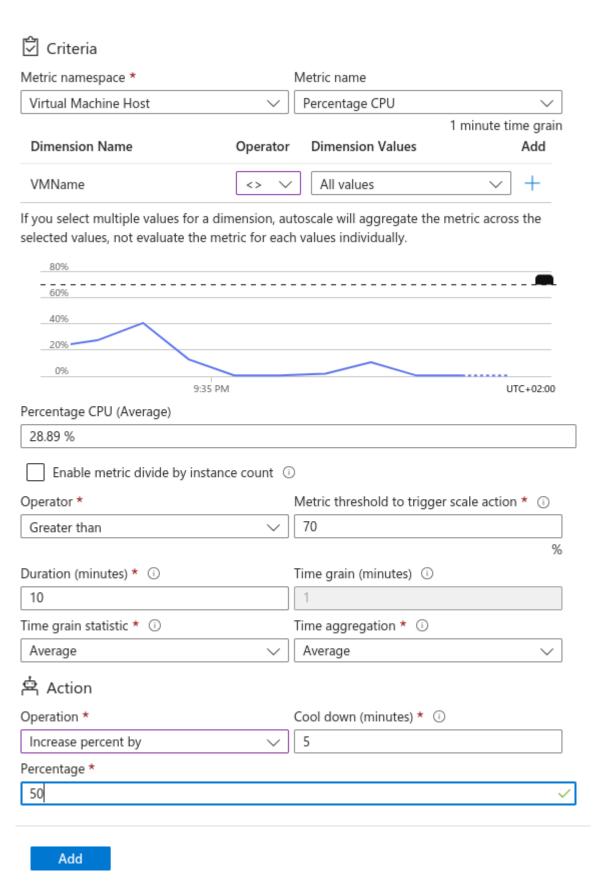


Figure 21. Configuring scale out rule.

Scale in rule:

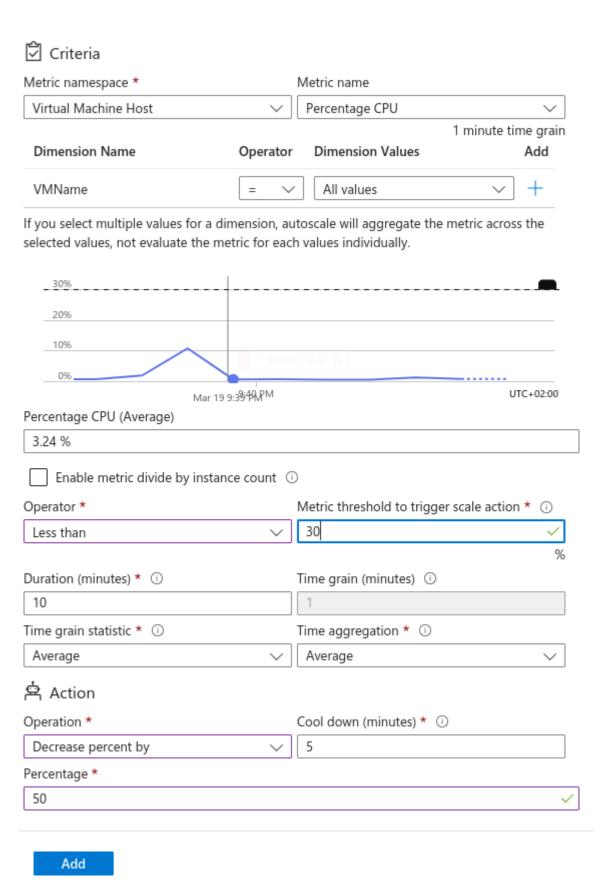


Figure 23. Configuring scale in rule.



Figure 24. Instance limits.

Task 5: Create a virtual machine using Azure PowerShell (optional 1).

Cloud Shell:

Figure 25. Creating a VM.

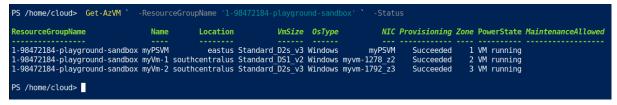


Figure 26. Created a VM.

```
PS /home/cloud> Stop-AzVM ` -ResourceGroupName '1-98472184-playground-sandbox' ` -Name 'myPSVM'

Virtual machine stopping operation
This cmdlet will stop the specified virtual machine. Do you want to continue?
[Y] Yes [N] No [S] Suspend [?] Help (default is "Y"): Y

OperationId : 7dd029e0-5062-4568-abc4-28509e46d062
Status : Succeeded
StartTime : 3/19/2025 8:03:48 PM
EndTime : 3/19/2025 8:04:36 PM
Error :

PS /home/cloud>
```

Figure 27. Stop a VM.

Figure 28. Checking a status.

Task 6: Create a virtual machine using the CLI (optional 2).

Bash:

Figure 29. Creating a VM.

```
"plan": null,
"platformFaultDomain": null,
"powerState": "VM running",
"priority": null,
"privateIps": "10.0.0.6",
"provisioningState": "Succeeded",
"proximityPlacementGroup": null,
"publicIps": "104.210.152.57",
"resourceGroup": "1-98472184-playground-sandbox",
"resources": null,
"scheduledEventsPolicy": null,
"scheduledEventsProfile": null,
"securityProfile": {
  "encryptionAtHost": null,
 "encryptionIdentity": null,
 "proxyAgentSettings": null,
  "securityType": "TrustedLaunch",
 "uefiSettings": {
    "secureBootEnabled": true,
    "vTpmEnabled": true
```

Figure 30. Created a VM.

```
cloud [ ~ ]$ az vm deallocate --resource-group 1-98472184-playground-sandbox --name myCLIVM
cloud [ ~ ]$
```

Figure 31. Delocating a VM.

```
"plan": null,
"platformFaultDomain": null,
"powerState": "VM deallocated",
"priority": null,
"privateIps": "10.0.0.6",
"provisioningState": "Succeeded",
"proximityPlacementGroup": null,
"publicIps": "104.210.152.57",
"resourceGroup": "1-98472184-playground-sandbox",
"resources": null,
"scheduledEventsPolicy": null,
"scheduledEventsProfile": null,
"securityProfile": {
  "encryptionAtHost": null,
  "encryptionIdentity": null,
  "proxyAgentSettings": null,
  "securityType": "TrustedLaunch",
  "uefiSettings": {
    "secureBootEnabled": true,
    "vTpmEnabled": true
```

Figure 32. Checking a status.