Objective(s): To understand the basic implementation of a singly linked list.

Under folder pack3\_ArrayLinkedList. Implement MyLinkedList.Java, inside package code including all the method mentioned in lecture.

## task 1: Implement the following methods

public void add(int d) -> add a node with value d at the head of the linked list

public void insert(int d) -> insert into an ordered linked list (ascendingly)

public int find(int d) -> return the index of the node valued d, or -1 if not found.

public void delete(int d) -> delete from a linked list

Note that It's common to have a clearly defined method append(int d) for keeping natural input order to the linked list.

## task 2: Implement the following methods

private int size() -> number of elements in the list

private void add(int [] d) -> add to the list with values from d[length - 1] to d[0] i.e. reverse the order from array d because add(int d) inserts d[i] to the front which makes its content reversed order from the input

private void insert(int [] d) -> add to the list with values from d[i]. Since insert always result in ordered list, simply call insert(d[i])

## task 3: Implement the following methods

public void q1\_rotate\_clockwise(int k) -> Rotate the linked list counter-clockwise by k nodes where k is a positive integer not larger than the list's size.

public void q2 reverse() -> Reverse the list's element.

*public void q3\_remove\_dup()* -> Remove duplicates (node with duplicate values) from the list (if exists).

public void q4\_increment\_digits() -> Given a number represented in a linked list such that each digit corresponds to a node in a linked list. Add 1 to it. For example, 1999 is represented as (1->9->9->9) and adding 1 to it should result in (2->0->0-)

*public boolean q5\_isPalindrome()* -> Given a singly linked list of integers, the method returns true if the list is palindrome, else false.

**submission:** MyLinkedList\_XXYYYY.Java where XX is the first 2 digit and YYYY is the last 4 digit of your student id.

```
tic void demo1() {
  MyLinkedList list = new MyLinkedList();
  list.add(d:5);
   list.add(d:1);
   list.insert(d:4);
list.insert(d:3);
    System.out.println(list):
   System.out.printin(ist);
list.delet(di2);
System.out.println("5 is at " + list.find(d:5));
System.out.println(list);
                                                        -demo1-----
                                                        head \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (3) \rightarrow (4) \rightarrow (5) \rightarrow null
tatic void demo2()
   MyLinkedList mList = new MyLinkedList();
mList.insert(d:50);
                                                        5 is at 3
   mList.insert(d 40);
mList.insert(d 30);
mList.insert(d 20);
                                                        head->(1)->(3)->(4)->(5)->null
                                                        -demo2----
   mList.insert(d:10):
    System.out.println(mList);
                                                        head->(10)->(20)->(30)->(40)->(50)->null
static void q1() {
  int [] d = {10,20,30,40,50};
     MyLinkedList mList = new MyLinkedList();
mList.insert(d);
     mList.q1_rotate_clockwise(k:1);
System.out.println("(k = " + 1 + ") -> " + mList);
     mList.q1_rotate_clockwise(k:3);
     System.out.println("(k = " + 3 + ") -> " +mList);
     mList.q1_rotate_clockwise(k:7);
     System.out.println("(k = " + 7 + ") -> " +mList);
                                                                   before -> head->(10)->(20)->(30)->(40)->(50)->null
static void q2() {
   int [] d = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8};
   MyLinkedList mList = new MyLinkedList();
                                                                    (k = 1) \rightarrow head \rightarrow (20) \rightarrow (30) \rightarrow (40) \rightarrow (50) \rightarrow (10) \rightarrow null
                                                                    (k = 3) \rightarrow head \rightarrow (50) \rightarrow (10) \rightarrow (20) \rightarrow (30) \rightarrow (40) \rightarrow null
                                                                    (k = 7) \rightarrow head \rightarrow (50) \rightarrow (10) \rightarrow (20) \rightarrow (30) \rightarrow (40) \rightarrow null
     mList.insert(d);
     mList.q2_reverse();
System.out.println("after -> " + mList);
                                                                   before \rightarrow head->(1)->(2)->(3)->(4)->(5)->(6)->(7)->(8)->null
                                                                    after -> head->(8)->(7)->(6)->(5)->(4)->(3)->(2)->(1)->null
static void q3() {
   int [] d = {13, 11, 4, 15, 4};
   MyLinkedList mList = new MyLinkedList();
    mList.insert(d);
System.out.println("before -> " + mList);
    System.out.println("after -> " + mList);
int [] e = {13, 11, 15, 4};
                                                         -q3-----
                                                        before -> head->(4)->(4)->(11)->(13)->(15)->null
    mList = new MyLinkedList();
mList.insert(e);
                                                        after -> head->(4)->(11)->(13)->(15)->null
                                                       before -> head->(4)->(11)->(13)->(15)->null
    mList.q3_remove_dup();
System.out.println("after -> " + mList);
                                                      after -> head->(4)->(11)->(13)->(15)->null
static void q4() {
  int [] d = {1, 9, 9, 9};
    MyLinkedList mList = new MyLinkedList();
    mList.insert(d);
    mList.q4_increment_digits();
System.out.println("after -> " + mList);
static void q5() {
  int [] d = {21, 33, 33, 21};
    boolean isPalind;
    MyLinkedList mList = new MyLinkedList():
    isPalind = mList.q5_isPalindrome();
System.out.println(mList + " isPalindrome() = " + isPalind);
    int [] e = {21, 33, 44, 33, 21};
mList = new MyLinkedList();
    isPalind = mList.q5_isPalindrome();
System.out.println(mList + " isPalindrome() = " + isPalind);
                                                                             before -> head->(1)->(9)->(9)->null
                                                                             after -> head->(2)->(0)->(0)->(0)->null
    int [] f = {1, 9, 9, 9};
mList = new MyLinkedList();
     mList.add(f);
                                                                             head->(21)->(33)->(33)->(21)->null isPalindrome() = true
    isPalind = mList.q5_isPalindrome();
System.out.println(mList + " isPalindrome() = " + isPalind);
                                                                              head->(21)->(33)->(44)->(33)->(21)->null isPalindrome() = true
                                                                              head \rightarrow (1) \rightarrow (9) \rightarrow (9) \rightarrow (9) \rightarrow null isPalindrome() = false
```

Due date: TBA