## COMP7005

Assn03

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## Section A

Q3.

	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z
Start			3	6	-	6	8
Step 1	7	6	-	6		6	8
Step 2	7	-		6		6	8
Step 3	7			-		6	8
Step 4	7					-	8
Step 5 Step 6	-						8
Step 6							-

## **Lowest Cost**

From:	То:	Cost:
Х	Т	7
Х	U	6
Х	V	3
Х	W	6
Х	X	-
Х	Υ	6
Х	Z	8

## Section B

1.

```
((4 * pi * 2450000000hz * 1000m) / 3 x 10 ^ 8) ^ 2

L(p) = 10531964518.673577797

100.225093873dB

100.2dB

P(t) = 15dBm - 30

= -15dB

G(t) = 9dBi

L(ct) = 3dB

L(ct) = 3dB

L(cr) = 3dB

RSL = -15dB + 9dBi - 100.2dB + 9dBi - 3dB - 3dB

RSL = -103.2dB

RSL = -103.2dB + 30

= -73.2dBm
```

No, there is not enough of a margin for the system to work reliably, because the access point requires at least - 50dBm for reliable function.

```
2. (a)
   ((4 * pi * 2450000000hz * 200m) / 3 x 10 ^ 8) ^ 2
   L(p) = 10531964518.673577797
   421278580.746943112
   86.25dB

P(t) = 13dBm - 30 = -17dB

G(t) = 1.5dBi

G(r) = -1.5dBi

P(r) = -17dB + 1.5dBi + (-1.5dBi) - 86.25dB
   = -103.25dB + 30
   = -73.25dBm

= 10^(-73.25 / 10)
   = 0.000000047315 mW
   = 4.7 * 10 ^ -8 mW
```

```
2. (b)
   ((4 * pi * 2450000000hz * 2000m) / 3 x 10 ^ 8) ^ 2
   L(p) = 10531964518.673577797
   42127858074.694311189
    106.25dB
    P(t) = 13dBm - 30 = -17dB
   G(t) = 1.5dBi
   G(r) = -1.5dBi
    P(r) = -17dB + 1.5dBi + (-1.5dBi) - 106.25dB
      = -123.25dB + 30
      = -93.25dBm
      = 10^(-93.25 / 10)
      = 0.0000000047315 mW
      = 4.7 * 10 ^ -10 mW
2. (c)
   The receiver in question (a) with distance 200m will work.
    However the receiver in question (b) with distance 2000m will NOT work.
2. (d)
   ((4 * pi * 2450000000hz * 200m) / 3 x 10 ^ 8) ^ 2
    L(p) = 10531964518.673577797
    421278580.746943112
    86.25dB
    P(t) = 13dBm - 30 = -17dB
   G(t) = 15dBi
    G(r) = -1.5dBi
    P(r) = -17dB + 15dBi + (-1.5dBi) - 86.25dB
      = -89.75 dB + 30
      = -59.75dBm
      = 10^{(-59.75 / 10)}
      = 0.000001059 mW
      = 1.06 * 10 ^ -6 mW
```

```
b.

((4 * pi * 2450000000hz * 2000m) / 3 x 10 ^ 8) ^ 2
L(p) = 10531964518.673577797
42127858074.694311189
106.25dB

P(t) = 13dBm - 30 = -17dB

G(t) = 15dBi

G(r) = -1.5dBi

P(r) = -17dB + 15dBi + (-1.5dBi) - 106.25dB
= -109.75 + 30
= -79.75dBm

= 10^(-79.75 / 10)
= 0.00000001059 mW
= 1.06 * 10 ^ -8 mW
```

c.

The modified receiver from question a. at 200m will work as well as the modified receiver from question b. at 2000m. They both function at a reliable rate.