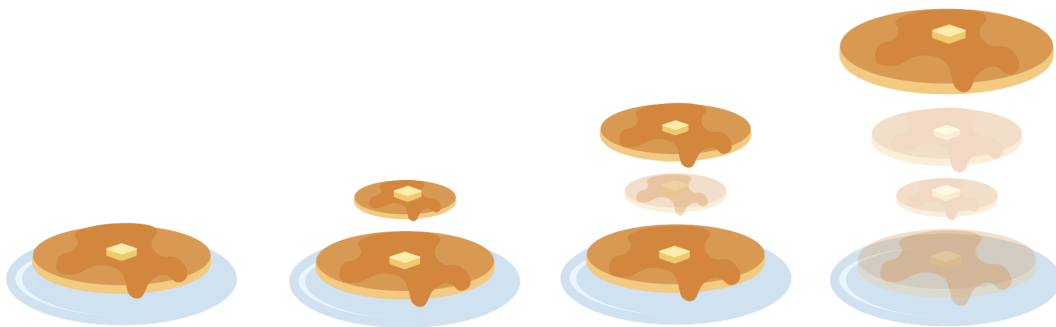


Hidden Pancakes

Problem

We are cooking N pancakes in total. We cook one pancake with a 1 centimeter (cm) radius, one with a 2 cm radius, one with a 3 cm radius, ..., and one with an N cm radius, not necessarily in that order. After we cook the first pancake, we just lay it on a plate. After we cook each subsequent pancake, we lay it on top of the previously made pancake, with their centers coinciding. In this way, a pancake is visible from the top of the stack when we first add it. A pancake only becomes hidden if we later cook another pancake with a larger radius.

For example, say we cook 4 pancakes. We first cook the pancake with radius 3 cm, and it is visible. Then, we cook the pancake with radius 1 cm, lay it on top of the first one and both are visible. Third, we cook the pancake with radius 2 cm, and now that covers the previous pancake, but not the first one, so 2 pancakes remain visible in total. Finally, we cook the pancake with radius 4 cm which covers the other pancakes leaving only 1 visible pancake. The picture below illustrates the state of the stack after each pancake is cooked. Within each stack, the fully colored pancakes are visible and the semi-transparent pancakes are not visible.



Let V_i be the number of visible pancakes when the stack contains exactly i pancakes. In the example above, $V_1 = 1$, $V_2 = 2$, $V_3 = 2$, and $V_4 = 1$.

Given the list V_1, V_2, \dots, V_N , how many of the $N!$ possible cooking orders yield those values? Since the output can be a really big number, we only ask you to output the remainder of dividing the result by the prime $10^9 + 7$ (1000000007).

Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, T . T test cases follow, each described with two lines. The first line of a test case contains a single integer N , the number of pancakes we cook. The second line of a test case contains N integers V_1, V_2, \dots, V_N , representing the number of visible pancakes after we cook 1, 2, ..., N pancakes, respectively.

Output

For each test case, output one line containing `Case #x: y`, where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the number of cooking orders of N pancakes that yield the given numbers of visible pancakes after each step, modulo the prime $10^9 + 7$ (1000000007).

Limits

Memory limit: 1 GB.
 $1 \leq T \leq 100$.
 $1 \leq V_i \leq i$, for all i .

Test Set 1 (Visible Verdict)

Time limit: 30 seconds.
 $2 \leq N \leq 13$.

Test Set 2 (Hidden Verdict)

Time limit: 40 seconds.
 $2 \leq N \leq 10^5$.

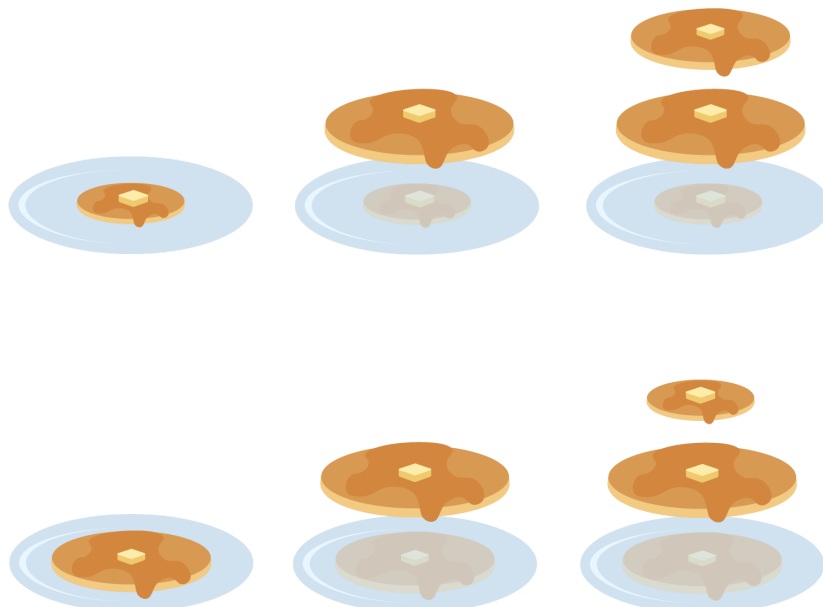
Sample

Note: there are additional samples that are not run on submissions down below.

Sample Input	Sample Output
3 4 1 2 2 1 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 3	Case #1: 1 Case #2: 2 Case #3: 0

Sample Case #1 is explained in the problem statement. The order 3, 1, 2, 4 is the only one that yields the given V_i s.

In Sample Case #2, both the order 1, 3, 2 and the order 2, 3, 1 yield the intended V_i s. The pictures below illustrate both options.



In Sample Case #3, only 1 pancake is visible after the second is made, so there is no way to have more than 2 visible pancakes by only adding a third.

Additional Sample - Test Set 2

The following additional sample fits the limits of Test Set 2. It will not be run against your submitted solutions.

Sample Input

```
1
24
1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2
1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2
```

Sample Output

```
Case #1: 234141013
```

In the Sample Case for Test Set 2, there are 316234143225 cooking orders that yield the given V_i s. Modulo $10^9 + 7$, this value is 234141013.