

I/O Error

Problem

Our computers are so excited about the upcoming Google I/O that they've started storing their ones as capital letter Is and their zeroes as capital letter Os! For example, the character A, which is 65 in ASCII, would normally be stored as the byte 01000001, but our computers are storing it as 0I00000I.

Given a string of 8-character "bytes" consisting of Is and Os, can you translate it using ASCII? Every "byte" is guaranteed to translate to a printable character (a decimal value between 32 and 126, inclusive). Note that one of these characters (the one with decimal value 32) is a space. No translated message will begin or end with a space, but there may be internal space characters.

Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, **T**. **T** test cases follow; each consists of two lines. The first line of each test case contains an integer representing the number **B** of "bytes" in the string to be translated. The second line of each test case contains 8 * **B** characters, all of which are either I or O.

Output

For each test case, output one line containing "Case #x: y", where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the translated message.

Limits

Small dataset (Test set 1 - Visible)

$1 \leq T \leq 100$.
Time limit: 20 seconds.
Memory limit: 1 GB.
 $1 \leq B \leq 1000$.

Sample

Input

```
2
2
OI00IIII0I00IOII
21
OI00I00I00I0000000I00IIII00IIII0000I00II00I00II00I0000000I000I00I0000I00II00000I00I0000I00II00I000000I0C
```

Output

```
Case #1: OK
Case #2: I '<3' "C0d3 J4m"! :)
```