Symmetric Trees

Problem

Given a vertex-colored tree with N nodes, can it be drawn in a 2D plane with a line of symmetry?

Formally, a tree is *line-symmetric* if each vertex can be assigned a location in the 2D plane such that:

- All locations are distinct.
- If vertex v_i has color **C** and coordinates (x_i, y_i), there must also be a vertex v_i' of color **C** located at $(-x_i, y_i)$ -- Note if x_i is 0, v_i and v_i' are the same vertex.
- For each edge (v_i, v_j), there must also exist an edge (v_i', v_j').
- If edges were represented by straight lines between their end vertices, no two edges would share any points except where adjacent edges touch at their endpoints.

Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, **T**. **T** test cases follow.

Each test case starts with a line containing a single integer **N**, the number of vertices in the tree.

N lines then follow, each containing a single uppercase letter. The i-th line represents the color of the i-th node.

N-1 lines then follow, each line containing two integers **i** and **j** ($1 \le i < j \le N$). This denotes that the tree has an edge from the **i**-th vertex to the **j**-th vertex. The edges will describe a connected tree.

Output

For each test case, output one line containing "Case #x: y", where x is the case number (starting from 1) and y is "SYMMETRIC" if the tree is line-symmetric by the definition above or "NOT SYMMETRIC" if it isn't.

Limits

Memory limit: 1 GB.
$1 \le T \le 100$.

Small dataset

Time limit: 60 seconds.
$2 \le N \le 12$.

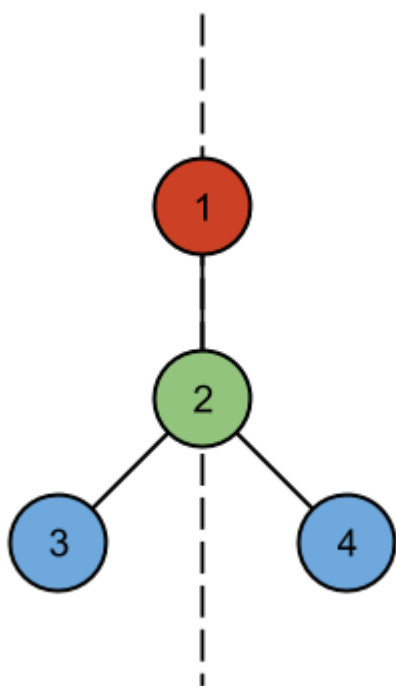**Large dataset**

Time limit: 120 seconds.
$2 \le N \le 10000$.

Sample

Sample Input	Sample Output
3	Case #1: SYMMETRIC
4	Case #2: NOT SYMMETRIC
R	Case #3: SYMMETRIC
G	
B	
B	
1 2	
2 3	
2 4	
4	
R	
G	
B	
Y	
1 2	
2 3	
2 4	
12	
Y	
B	
Y	
G	
R	
G	
Y	
Y	
B	
B	
B	
R	
1 3	
1 9	
1 10	
2 3	
3 7	
3 8	
3 11	
4 8	
5 7	
6 7	
8 12	

The first case can be drawn as follows:

No arrangement of the second case has a line of symmetry:
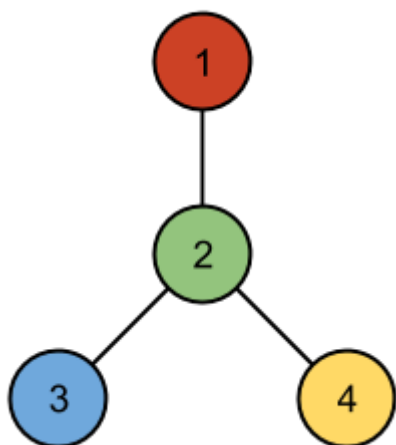
One way of drawing the third case with a symmetry line is as follows: