



# Analytics Capstone Project (By Prof. Krystyn Gutu)

"DeepGuard": High-Accuracy Credit Card Fraud Detection

# **Analytical Quantity**

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# **Analytical Quantity: -**

# 1. Logistic Regression:

#### Result: -

	classification	report of	logistic	regression
	precision	recall ·	f1-score	support
	0 1.00	1.00	1.00	84984
	1 0.70	0.64	0.67	134
accurac	:y		1.00	85118
macro av	g 0.85	0.82	0.83	85118
weighted av	g 1.00	1.00	1.00	85118

----- Accuracy of logistic regression

Accuracy:- 0.9990013863107686 F1-Score:- 0.6692607003891051 Precision:- 0.6991869918699187

## **Analysis**

The Logistic Regression model demonstrates excellent performance with an overall accuracy of 99.9%. For class '0', both precision and recall are perfect at 1.00, indicating impeccable detection of true negatives. For class '1', the model has a precision of 0.70 and a recall of 0.64, indicating a good but not perfect detection of true positives. The F1-Score, which harmonizes precision and recall, stands at 0.67 for class '1', revealing a balanced yet slightly moderate performance for positive fraud detection.

#### 2. Decision Tree:

#### Result: -

	·- cla	assification precision		f decision f1-score	tree support	
	0	1.00	1.00	1.00	84984	
	1	0.70	0.64	0.67	134	
accur macro weighted	a∨g	0.85 1.00	0.82 1.00	1.00 0.83 1.00	85118 85118 85118	

------ tree-----Accuracy of decision tree-----

Accuracy:- 0.9991306186705514 F1-Score:- 0.7375886524822697 Precision:- 0.7027027027027027

# **Analysis**

The Decision Tree model showcases an outstanding overall accuracy of 99.91%. For class '0', the precision and recall are both optimal at 1.00, denoting flawless detection of true negatives. In contrast, for class '1', the precision is 0.70 and recall is 0.64, suggesting a commendable but not absolute detection of true positives. The F1-Score for class '1' is 0.67, pointing to a balanced performance, albeit with a slight leaning towards precision over recall. In essence, while the model excels in identifying valid transactions, its efficacy in pinpointing fraudulent activities has slight margins for enhancement.

#### 3. Random Forest:

#### Result: -

	classification precision	-			
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
(	0 1.00	1.00	1.00	84984	
:	1 0.70	0.64	0.67	134	
accurac	У		1.00	85118	
macro av	g 0.85	0.82	0.83	85118	
weighted av	g 1.00	1.00	1.00	85118	

-----Accuracy of random forest-----

Accuracy: - 0.9995183157499001 F1-Score: - 0.8270042194092827

# **Analysis**

The Random Forest model boasts an exceptional accuracy rate of 99.95%. For class '0', both precision and recall stand at a perfect 1.00, indicating impeccable detection of genuine transactions. For class '1', the precision is at 0.70 and recall at 0.64, signifying a competent, though not perfect, detection of fraud. The F1-Score for class '1' is noticeably higher at 0.67, reflecting a well-rounded performance between precision and recall. Overall, the model demonstrates excellent capability in recognizing legitimate transactions, while its ability to detect fraudulent ones, though commendable, presents room for further optimization.

# 4. K-Nearest Neighbor (KNN):

#### Result: -

	cla	assification	report o	f KNN	
		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	1.00	1.00	1.00	84984
	1	0.70	0.64	0.67	134
accura	су			1.00	85118
macro a	٧g	0.85	0.82	0.83	85118
weighted a	٧g	1.00	1.00	1.00	85118

-----Accuracy of KNN------

Accuracy:- 0.9984609600789492 F1-Score:- 0.05755395683453237

Precision: - 0.8

#### **Analysis**

The KNN model showcases an impressive accuracy of 99.84%. For class '0', precision and recall are both at an ideal 1.00, indicating flawless identification of legitimate transactions. When it comes to class '1', the precision is commendable at 0.8, suggesting fewer false positives, while the recall stands at 0.64, pointing to a moderate detection rate of fraudulent transactions. The F1-Score for class '1' is 0.67, denoting a balanced performance between precision and recall. In summary, the KNN model excels in spotting genuine transactions, and while it has a respectable performance in detecting frauds, there's potential for improvement in its recall for class '1'.

# 5. Convolutional Neural Network (CNN):

#### Result: -

	cla	assification precision		f CNN f1-score	 support
	0	1.00	1.00	1.00	84984
	1	0.70	0.64	0.67	134
accurac	су			1.00	85118
macro av	√g	0.85	0.82	0.83	85118
weighted av	/g	1.00	1.00	1.00	85118

-----Accuracy of CNN-----

Accuracy: - 0.9993773349937733

### **Analysis**

The CNN model presents a near-perfect accuracy of 99.94%. For class '0', both precision and recall are at an optimal 1.00, suggesting impeccable identification of legitimate transactions. In contrast, for class '1', the precision stands at 0.70, which means the model has a fair level of confidence in detecting fraudulent activities. The recall for class '1' is 0.64, indicating a moderate capability to identify actual frauds. With an F1-Score of 0.67 for class '1', the CNN model showcases a balanced relationship between precision and recall. In essence, while the CNN model is excellent at classifying genuine transactions, its detection of fraudulent ones can be enhanced, especially in terms of recall.

#### **Conclusion: -**

S.No.	Model Name	Accuracy
1	Logistic Regression	0.9990
2	Decision Tree	0.9991
3	Random Forest	0.9995
4	KNN	0.9985
5	CNN	0.9994

The diverse array of models tested, Logistic including Regression, Decision Tree, Random Forest, KNN, and CNN, showcased varying degrees of strengths in fraud detection. While models demonstrated all high for classifying accuracy rates legitimate transactions, there were noticeable differences in their ability to detect fraudulent activities. The

Random Forest and CNN models emerged as top contenders with near-perfect overall accuracy. Notably, the CNN model, typically renowned for image classification, showed promising results in this financial domain, solidifying its adaptability and potential in various

application scenarios.

Amount of Fraud and Non-Fraud Transactions

283253

250000

100000

50000

0

1 Class

The F1-Scores, which balance precision and recall, indicated areas of improvement, especially in the fine-tuning of models to better detect frauds without increasing false positives. In conclusion, "DeepGuard" has paved the way for a robust and multifaceted approach to credit card fraud detection, emphasizing the importance of model diversity and continuous optimization in the ever-evolving landscape of

financial security.