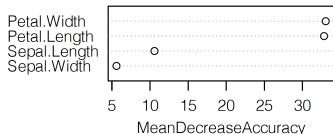


# Introduction to Machine Learning

## Random Forests: Feature Importance



### Learning goals

- Understand that the goal of defining variable importance is to enhance interpretability of the random forest
- Know definition of variable importance based on improvement in split criterion
- Know definition of variable importance based on permutations of OOB observations

# VARIABLE IMPORTANCE

- Single trees are highly interpretable
- Random forests as ensembles of trees lose this feature
- Contributions of the different features to the model are difficult to evaluate
- Way out: variable importance measures
- Basic idea: by how much would the performance of the random forest decrease if a specific feature were removed or rendered useless?

# VARIABLE IMPORTANCE

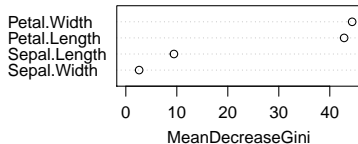
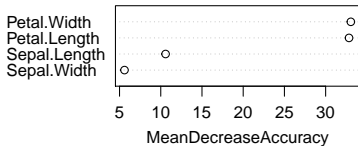
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Measure based on improvement in split criterion

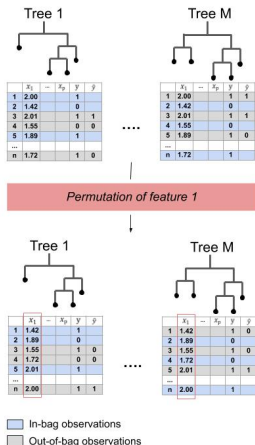
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```
for features  $x_j, j = 1$  to  $p$  do  
  for tree base learners  $\hat{b}^{[m]}(\mathbf{x}), m = 1$  to  $M$  do  
    Find all nodes  $\mathcal{N}$  in  $\hat{b}^{[m]}(\mathbf{x})$  that use  $x_j$ .  
    Compute improvement in splitting criterion achieved by them.  
    Add up these improvements.  
  end for  
  Add up improvements over all trees to get feature importance of  $x_j$ .  
end for
```

---



# VARIABLE IMPORTANCE



## Measure based on permutations of OOB observations

Estimate OOB error  $\widehat{\text{err}}_{\text{OOB}}$ .

**for** features  $x_j, j = 1$  to  $p$  **do**

    Perform permutation  $\psi_j$  on  $x_j$  to distort

    feature-target relation for  $x_j$ .

**for** distorted observations  $(\mathbf{x}_{\psi_j}^{(i)}, y^{(i)}), i = 1$  to  $n$  **do**

            Compute OOB prediction  $\hat{y}_{\text{OOB}, \psi_j}^{(i)}$ .

            Compute corresponding loss  $L(y^{(i)}, \hat{y}_{\text{OOB}, \psi_j}^{(i)})$ .

**end for**

    Estimate importance of  $j$ -th variable

$$\widehat{\text{VI}}_j = \widehat{\text{err}}_{\text{OOB}, \psi_j} - \widehat{\text{err}}_{\text{OOB}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n L(y^{(i)}, \hat{y}_{\text{OOB}, \psi_j}^{(i)}) - \widehat{\text{err}}_{\text{OOB}}.$$

**end for**