

Automatic Image Analysis

Berlin University of Technology (TUB),
Computer Vision and Remote Sensing Group
Berlin, Germany



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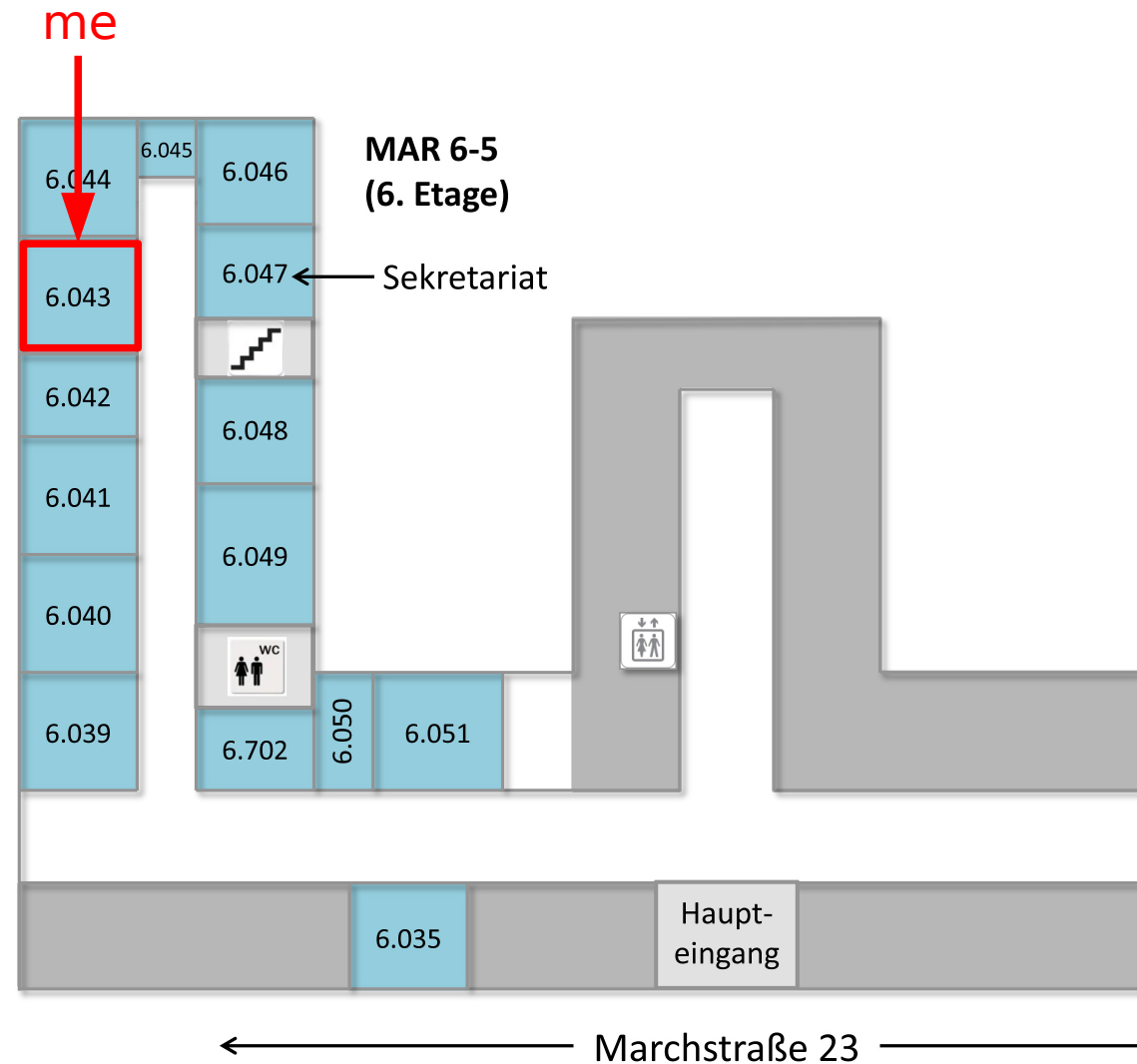
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Office

→ MAR6.043,
March Building, 6th Floor

Consultation Time

→ Wednesday,
16:00-18:00 o'clock
→ (Or by arrangement)



Information

Course: Digital Imag x

https://isis.tu-berlin.de/course/view.php?id=1626

Imprint Contact Help

Startseite der TUB

ISIS Information System for Instructors and Students

innoCampus

Dashboard ► Fakultät IV ► Institut für Technische Informatik und Mikroelektronik ► DIP

NAVIGATION

Dashboard

- All courses
- ISIS-Info & Help
- Current course
 - DIP
 - Participants
 - General
 - 12 Oktober - 18 Oktober
 - 19 Oktober - 25 Oktober
 - 26 Oktober - 1 November
 - 2 November - 8 November
 - 9 November - 15 November
 - 16 November - 22 November
 - 23 November - 29 November
 - 30 November - 6 Dezember
 - 7 Dezember - 13 Dezember
 - 14 Dezember - 20 Dezember
 - 21 Dezember - 27 Dezember
 - 28 Dezember - 3 Januar
 - 4 Januar - 10 Januar
 - 11 Januar - 17 Januar
 - 18 Januar - 24 Januar
 - 25 Januar - 31 Januar
 - 1 Februar - 7 Februar

12 Oktober - 18 Oktober

19 Oktober - 25 Oktober

26 Oktober - 1 November

2 November - 8 November

9 November - 15 November

16 November - 22 November

23 November - 29 November

30 November - 6 Dezember

7 Dezember - 13 Dezember

14 Dezember - 20 Dezember

21 Dezember - 27 Dezember

28 Dezember - 3 Januar

4 Januar - 10 Januar

- Open for discussions about
 - Image processing topics
 - General computer vision
 - Homework, eg.
 - Installation advices,
 - bugs in provided code,
 - etc.
- Not the place to ask questions to me! → EMail

Exams

- **Mid-term:**

- Near the middle of the term: **09.06.2017**
- Room: tba
- Duration: ca. 45 min
- In place of an exercise
- No grade, but pass is necessary to take part at the final exam

- **Final:**

- At the end of the term: **18.07.2017**
- Time: 10 – 12:00
- Room: H3010
- Duration: 90 min

- Questions in English, answers in English or German

Homework

What to do?

I: Answering theoretic questions

II: Implementation of methods for processing digital images

How?

In groups of 3-4 students

Programming Language: C++ [and OpenCV **2.4** or **3.0**]

Completion of provided software packages

- Class descriptions (header files): given
- Includes: given
- Basic functionality: given
- Specific functions: Your task!

Goal?

Practising, Learning. No grades!

But pass is necessary to take part at the final exam

Homework

- Next meeting in two weeks
- **BEFORE Friday, 10am:**
 - Hand in your solution via ISIS
 - Solution includes (red denotes mandatory material):
 - **All program files** (.h & .cpp) of the provided material
 - **Input**, intermediate, and **output images**
 - Pdf-file with
 - Short discussion / presentation of your solution
 - **Answers to theoretical questions**
- Algorithms more important than code (but try!)

Homework

“Grades”

- +++ more than just a correct solution (efficient, clever, cool, ...)
- ++ correct solution
- + some minor errors, but still acceptable
- not acceptable → re-work (*within 1 week, parallel to new assignment*)
- - failed: you are not allowed to write the exam!

1. Exercise – Part II : Practical

C++ and OpenCV

Given:

- Main function (main.cpp)
- Function declaration (aia1.h)
- Basic functionality (aia1.cpp)

Todo:

- **[Install C++-compiler]**
- **[Install OpenCV]**
- Aia1.cpp
 - Mat Aia1::doSomethingThatMyTutorIsGonnaLike(Mat&)
→ Do something (reasonable)

Deadline:

- Next meeting at **12.05.2014**, 10am

1. Exercise – Part I : Theory

1. Provide

→ **name**

→ **student ID**

→ and **course of study** (e.g. Computer Science, Master)

of all group members!

1. Exercise – Part II : Given

FILE: main.cpp

```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
```

- Main function

- Usage:

- aia1 path_to_image

- Calls Aia1::run(...)

- Calls Aia1::test(...) for basic testing!

FILE: Aia1.cpp/h

```
void Aia1::run(string fname)
```

- Loads image

- Calls related functions

1. Exercise – Part II : To Do

```
Mat doSomethingThatMyTutorIsGonnaLike(Mat& img)
```

```
img      :   input image
```

```
return   :   output image
```

```
→ does something cool... (hopefully)
```

Brief introduction to OpenCV

- One of most common image processing libs
- Open source (BSD)
- C/C++, Python, Java interfaces
- Supported: Windows, Linux, Mac OS, iOS, Android
- Strong focus on real-time applications
- Multi-core processing, hardware acceleration
- 47 thousand people of user community
- 9 million downloads



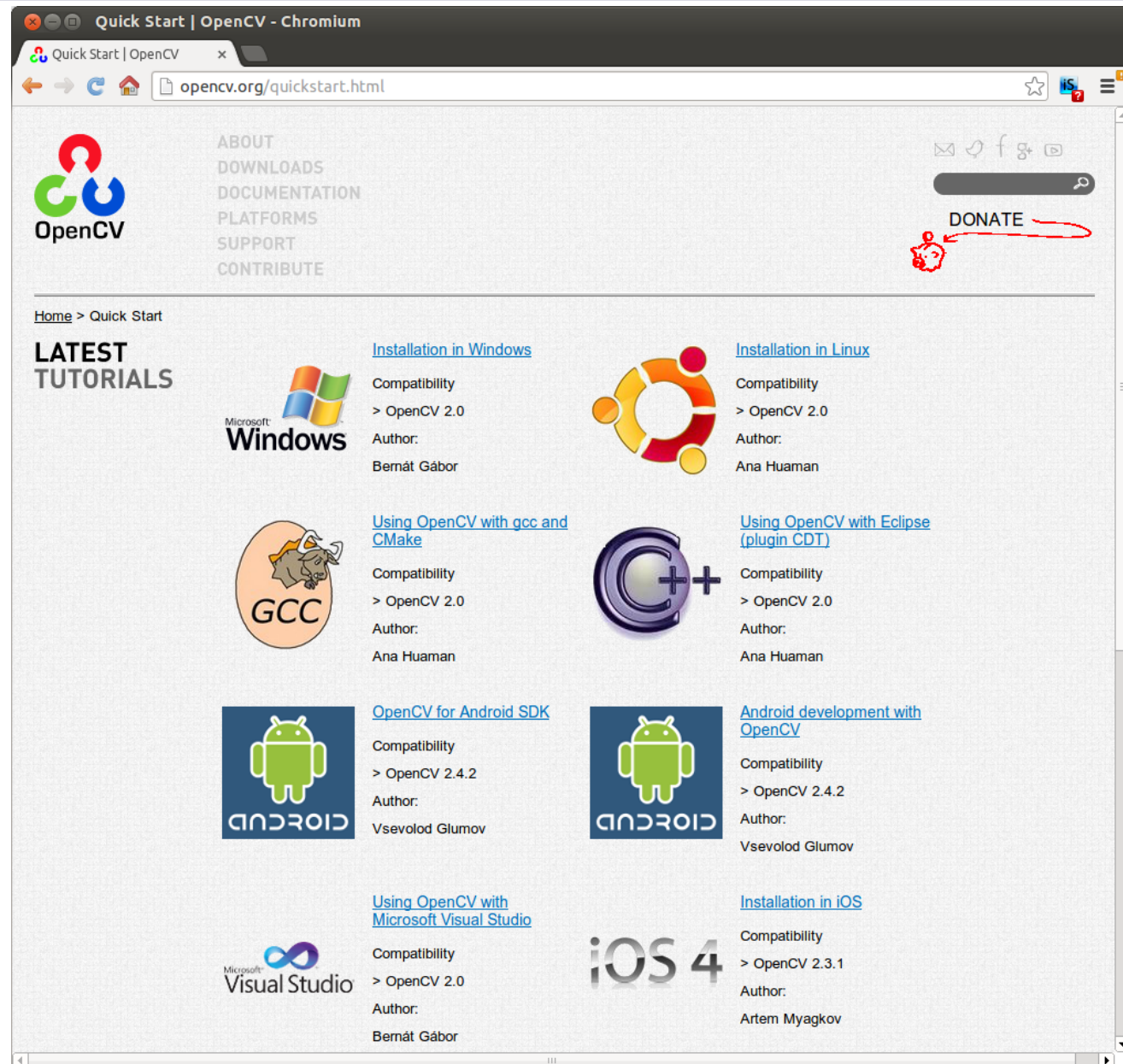
Brief introduction to OpenCV

OpenCV API Reference

- Introduction
 - API Concepts
- core. The Core Functionality
 - Basic Structures
 - Basic C Structures and Operations
 - Dynamic Structures
 - Operations on Arrays
 - Drawing Functions
 - XML/YAML Persistence
 - XML/YAML Persistence (C API)
 - Clustering
 - Utility and System Functions and Macros
 - OpenGL interoperability
- imgproc. Image Processing
 - Image Filtering
 - Geometric Image Transformations
 - Miscellaneous Image Transformations
 - Histograms
 - Structural Analysis and Shape Descriptors
 - Motion Analysis and Object Tracking
 - Feature Detection
 - Object Detection
- highgui. High-level GUI and Media I/O
 - User Interface
 - Reading and Writing Images and Video
 - Qt New Functions
- video. Video Analysis
 - Motion Analysis and Object Tracking
- calib3d. Camera Calibration and 3D Reconstruction
 - Camera Calibration and 3D Reconstruction
- features2d. 2D Features Framework
 - Feature Detection and Description
 - Common Interfaces of Feature Detectors
 - Common Interfaces of Descriptor Extractors
 - Common Interfaces of Descriptor Matchers
 - Common Interfaces of Generic Descriptor Matchers
 - Drawing Function of Keypoints and Matches
 - Object Categorization
- objdetect. Object Detection
 - Cascade Classification
 - Latent SVM
- ml. Machine Learning
 - Statistical Models
 - Normal Bayes Classifier
 - K-Nearest Neighbors
 - Support Vector Machines
 - Decision Trees
 - Boosting
 - Gradient Boosted Trees
 - Random Trees
 - Extremely randomized trees
 - Expectation Maximization
 - Neural Networks
 - MLData
- flann. Clustering and Search in Multi-Dimensional Spaces
 - Fast Approximate Nearest Neighbor Search
 - Clustering
- gpu. GPU-accelerated Computer Vision
 - GPU Module Introduction
 - Initialization and Information
 - Data Structures
 - Operations on Matrices
 - Per-element Operations
 - Image Processing
 - Matrix Reductions
 - Object Detection
 - Feature Detection and Description
 - Image Filtering
 - Camera Calibration and 3D Reconstruction
 - Video Analysis
- photo. Computational Photography
 - Inpainting
 - Denoising
- stitching. Images stitching
 - Stitching Pipeline
 - References
 - High Level Functionality
 - Camera
 - Features Finding and Images Matching
 - Rotation Estimation
 - Autocalibration
 - Images Warping
 - Seam Estimation
 - Exposure Compensation
 - Image Blenders
- nonfree. Non-free functionality
 - Feature Detection and Description
- contrib. Contributed/Experimental Stuff
 - Stereo Correspondence
 - FaceRecognizer Documentation
 - Retina Documentation
 - OpenFABMAP
- legacy. Deprecated stuff
 - Motion Analysis
 - Expectation Maximization
 - Histograms
 - Planar Subdivisions (C API)
 - Feature Detection and Description
 - Common Interfaces of Descriptor Extractors
 - Common Interfaces of Generic Descriptor Matchers
- ocl. OpenCL-accelerated Computer Vision
 - OpenCL Module Introduction
 - Data Structures and Utility Functions
 - Data Structures
 - Operations on Matrices
 - Matrix Reductions
 - Image Filtering
 - Image Processing
 - ml.Machine Learning
 - Object Detection
 - Feature Detection And Description
 - Video Analysis
 - Camera Calibration and 3D Reconstruction
- superres. Super Resolution
 - Super Resolution
- viz. 3D Visualizer
 - Viz
 - Widget

Brief introduction to OpenCV

How to install....



Brief introduction to OpenCV

```
#include <iostream>
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
using namespace std;

int main(int argc, char** argv){

    cv::Mat img = imread( argv[1], 0 );           // load image as gray-scale

    // show image
    cv::namedWindow( "example" );
    cv::imshow( "example", img );

    Mat newImg( img.rows, img.cols, CV_8UC3, cv::Scalar(0) );
    // do something fancy
    fancyFunction(img, newImg);

    cv::imwrite("coolResult.png", newImg);

}
```

Brief introduction to OpenCV

Matrix generation, some examples:

```
Mat M1 = Mat(2, 3, CV_32FC1);      // creates 2x3 matrix of floats (one channel)
Mat M2 = Mat(3, 2, CV_64FC2);      // creates 3x2 matrix of doubles (two channels)
Mat M3 = Mat(3, 3, CV_8UC3);       // creates 3x3 matrix of uint (three channels)

Mat M4 = Mat::zeros(3, 3, CV_32FC1); // creates 3x3 matrix of floats, all set to 0
Mat M5 = Mat::ones(3, 3, CV_32FC1);  // creates 3x3 matrix of floats, all set to 1

Mat M6 = (Mat_<float>(3,3) << 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9);
```

Accessing matrix data (the easy way)

```
M1.at<float>(row, column)    = 22.0 / 7.0;
M2.at<Vec2d>(row, column)   = Vec2d(0,1);
int s = M3.at<Vec3b>(row, column)[0];
```


Brief introduction to OpenCV

Compilation (Linux etc.)

```
user@comp:~/path$ g++ -o aia aia1.cpp main.cpp -lopencv_core -lopencv_imgproc -lopencv_highgui  
user@comp:~/path$ g++ -o aia1.cpp main.cpp `pkg-config opencv --cflags --libs`
```

Or using *cmake* and *make*

Further information:

- <http://opencv.org/>
 - Install guides
 - Documentation
 - FAQ
- OpenCV 2 Computer Vision – Application Programming Cookbook
- “AIA 0 – Preliminary”-slides on ISIS2