

# Medical Image Processing for Diagnostic Applications

## Preprocessing Introduction

Online Course – Unit 8

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# Topics

## Motivation of Image Preprocessing

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## Image Pre- and Postprocessing

**Definition** increase image quality    user never sees the original image

***Image preprocessing*** subsumes all **image-to-image transforms** that are done during image acquisition, i. e., in between the measurement at the detector (or other sensor) and the output on the monitor (or to hard disk).

**Definition** users see both, the processed and the original image

All image-to-image transforms and image segmentation methods that are applied to images stored in the image data base are categorized to ***image postprocessing***.

## Motivation of Image Preprocessing

There are **obvious reasons** for the need of image preprocessing:

- improvement of image quality to meet the requirements of the physician,
- noise reduction,
- contrast enhancement,
- correction of missing or wrong pixel (or voxel) values,
- optimal preparation of the data for post-processing,
- elimination of acquisition-specific artifacts.

## Motivation of Image Preprocessing

Our task in the following lectures is to study:

- image acquisition procedures,
- their implications in terms of image artifacts, and
- the design of algorithms to eliminate image artifacts that are caused by certain image acquisition procedures.

## Motivation of Image Preprocessing

The need of image preprocessing is illustrated by the image examples on the following slides.

We consider artifacts as they appear in:

- **X-ray imaging** (e. g., image distortion, defect pixels, heel effect),
- **magnetic resonance imaging** (e. g., elimination of intensity inhomogeneities in magnetic resonance imaging),
- **endoscopy** (e. g., heterogeneous illumination, specular reflection),
- **molecular imaging** (e. g., noise reduction).

## Image Preprocessing in X-ray Imaging



Figure 1: Original image from X-ray device: colon filled with contrast agent (Stefan Böhm, Siemens Medical Solutions)

## Image Preprocessing in X-ray Imaging

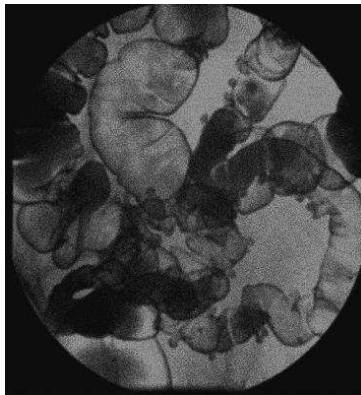


Figure 2: Image enhancement, step 1: corrupted image lines eliminated by interpolation (Stefan Böhm, Siemens Medical Solutions)



## Image Preprocessing in X-ray Imaging



Figure 3: Image enhancement, step 2: contrast enhancement (Stefan Böhm, Siemens Medical Solutions)

## Image Preprocessing in X-ray Imaging

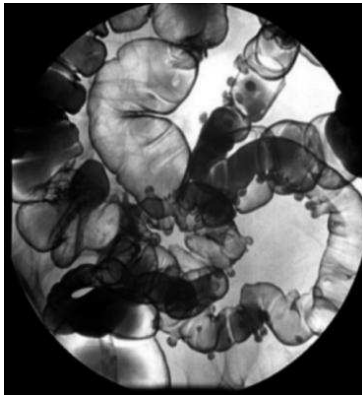


Figure 4: Image enhancement, step 3: image denoising (Stefan Böhm, Siemens Medical Solutions)

## Image Preprocessing in X-ray Imaging

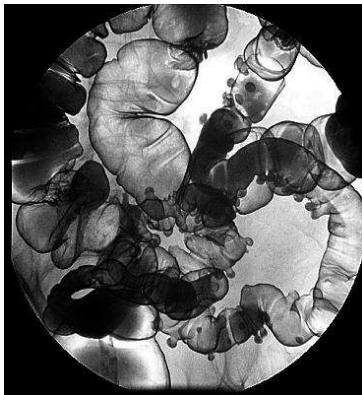


Figure 5: Image enhancement, step 4: edge enhancement (Stefan Böhm, Siemens Medical Solutions)

## Image Preprocessing in MRI

Inhomogeneities in the magnetic field lead to images with intensity bias:



Figure 6: Image with inhomogeneities (left), and the intensity corrected preprocessing result (right) (Florian Jäger, Pattern Recognition Lab, FAU)

## Image Preprocessing in MRI

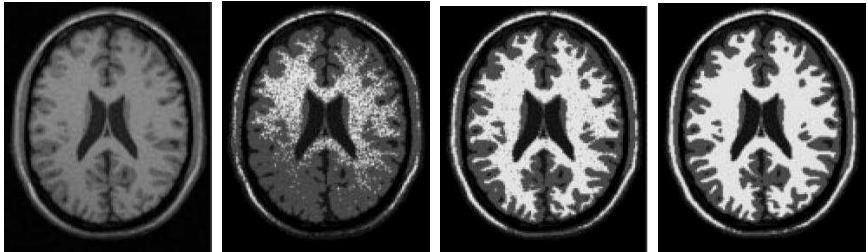


Figure 7: Image with bias field is corrected by different bias correction methods (Michael Balda, Pattern Recognition Lab, FAU).

## Image Preprocessing in Endoscopy

One problem in imaging is the appearance of particles. By temporal in addition to spatial filtering images can be enhanced significantly.

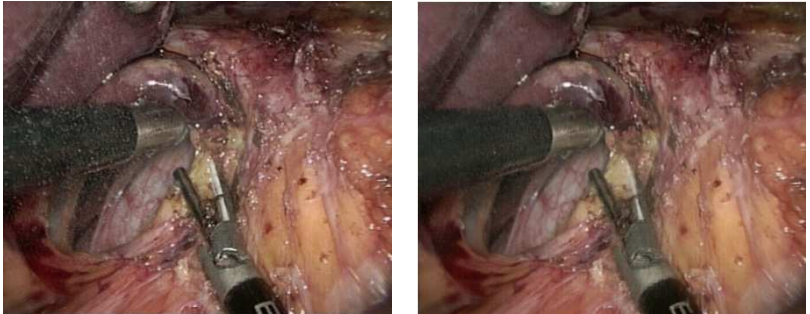


Figure 8: Images corrupted by flying particles (left), and the enhanced image (right) (Florian Vogt, Pattern Recognition Lab, FAU)

## Artifacts

Common artifacts are caused by

- scattering,
- truncation,
- reconstruction algorithms, or
- beam hardening.

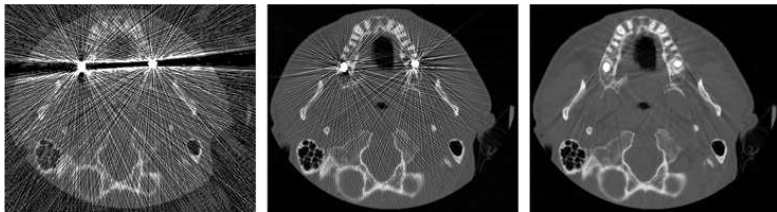


Figure 9: Reduction of streak artifacts (image courtesy of Stanford University)

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## Take Home Messages

### Image preprocessing ...

- ... is done **before** the image appears on the monitor (“hidden algorithms”).
- ... is an art and an algorithmic challenge.
- ... requires the use of special hardware in most cases.
- ... is a trade-off (e. g., dose, run-time, hardware, ease of use, image quality).
- ... is driving business decisions (“to buy or not to buy”).
- ... is not an option, it is **mandatory**.

## Further Readings

A book that covers many image preprocessing methods applied in medical imaging systems is:

**Jiří Jan.** *Medical Image Processing, Reconstruction, and Restoration: Concepts and Methods.* [Signal Processing and Communications.](#) CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, Nov. 2005

This book is rather expensive. It is not required to buy this book to follow the lectures.