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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM		NS	W DAN:	
vendor's agent				Phone: Ref:	9095 3500 Max Ma
co-agent					
vendor	Yuntao Sun and Mei Yee	Leung			
vendor's solicitor	Baldock Stacy & Niven Unit 8, 2 Hunter Street, Parramatta NSW 2150 PO Box 145, Parramatta NSW 2124				02) 9891 6444 Ping Lee ping@bsnlegal.com.au PL:WML:48876
date for completion	42nd day after the contra	ct date (clause 15)			
land (Address, plan details and title reference)	24 Park Avenue, Roseville Lot B in Deposited Plan 3! Folio Identifier B/355352				
	▼ VACANT POSSESSION	\square subject to exist	ting tenancies		
improvements	⋈ HOUSE⋈ garage⋈ other: S	\square carport \square homorphed	e unit 🗌 carspac	e 🗆 :	storage space
attached copies	☑ documents in the List o ☐ other documents:	f Documents as marked o	or as numbered:		
A real estat	e agent is permitted by <i>leg</i>	islation to fill up the iten	ns in this box in a sa	le of resid	ential property.
inclusions	\square air conditioning	\square clothes line	$oxed{\boxtimes}$ fixed floor cover	rings	☐ range hood
	☐ blinds	\square curtains	oxtimes insect screens		\square solar panels
	\square built-in wardrobes	\square dishwasher	oxtimes light fittings		☑ stove
	\square ceiling fans	\square EV charger	\square pool equipment		☐ TV antenna
	\square other:				
exclusions					
purchaser					
purchaser's solicitor					
price	\$				
deposit balance	\$ \$		(10% of	the price,	unless otherwise stated)
contract date	,		(if not stated	, the date	this contract was made)
Where there is more the	han one purchaser	☐ JOINT TENANTS ☐ tenants in commor	n □ in unequal sl	hares, spe	cify
GST AMOUNT (options	al) The price includes GST of	f: \$			
buyer's agent					
Note: Clause 20.15 pro	vides "Where this contract	provides for choices, a ch	oice in BLOCK CAPIT	ALS applie	es unless a different choice i

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER	
Signed By		Signed By	
Vendor		Purchaser	
Vendor		Purchaser	
VENDOR (COMPANY		PURCHASER (COMPANY)	
Name of Company in accordance with s127(1) of the by the authorised person(s) who below:	ne Corporations Act, 2001	Signed by	he Corporations Act, 2001
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person
Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person
Office held	Office held	Office held	Office held

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3) Nominated <i>Electronic Lodgement Network</i> (ELN) (clause	⊠ NO se 30): PEXA	□ yes	
Manual transaction (clause 30)	⊠ NO	□ yes	
(,			ovide further details, including
	any appli	cable exempt	ion, in the space below):
Tax information (the parties promise	e this is correct as fa	ır as each par	ty is aware)
Land tax is adjustable	\square NO	⊠ yes	
GST: Taxable supply	⊠ NO	☐ yes in fu	ıll □ yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable suppl	ly ⊠ NO	□ yes	
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more o			
\square not made in the course or furtherance of an en	•		
\square by a vendor who is neither registered nor requi	_	•	ion 9-5(d))
☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a goi	_		
☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land		_	
☑ input taxed because the sale is of eligible resident	entiai premises (sect	ions 40-65, 4	0-75(2) and 195-1)
Purchaser must make an <i>GSTRW payment</i> (residential withholding payment)	⊠ NO	•	f yes, vendor must provide Irther details)
		endor must p	not fully completed at the provide all these details in a the contract date.
GSTRW payment (residential w	ithholding payment	:) – further de	etails
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. How which entity is liable for GST, for example, if th participant in a GST joint venture. Supplier's name:	•		·
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$			
If more than one supplier, provide the	above details for ea	ch supplier.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied	by the <i>GSTRW</i> rate ((residential w	ithholding rate): \$
Amount must be paid: \square AT COMPLETION \square	at another time (spe	ecify):	
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an	amount in money?	□NO	□ yes
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value	of the non-monetary	y consideratio	on: \$
Other details (including those required by regu	lation or the ATO for	rms):	

List of Documents

General		Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)			
⊠ 1	property certificate for the land	□ 33	property certificate for strata common property		
⊠ 2	plan of the land	□ 34	plan creating strata common property		
□ 3	unregistered plan of the land	□ 35	strata by-laws		
□ 4	plan of land to be subdivided	□ 36	strata development contract or statement		
□ 5	document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	□ 37	strata management statement		
⊠ 6	section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	□ 38	strata renewal proposal		
	Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	□ 39	strata renewal plan		
□ 7	additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)	□ 40	leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property		
⊠ 8	sewerage infrastructure location diagram	□ 41	property certificate for neighbourhood property		
	(service location diagram)	□ 42	plan creating neighbourhood property		
⊠ 9	sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service	□ 43	neighbourhood development contract		
	diagram)	□ 44	neighbourhood management statement		
□ 10	document that created or may have created an	□ 45	property certificate for precinct property		
	easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract	□ 46	plan creating precinct property		
□ 11	planning agreement	□ 47	precinct development contract		
	section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	□ 48	precinct management statement		
	survey report	□ 49	property certificate for community property		
	building information certificate or building certificate	□ 50	plan creating community property		
□ 14	given under legislation	□ 51	community development contract		
□ 15	occupation certificate	□ 52	community management statement		
	lease (with every relevant memorandum or	□ 53	document disclosing a change of by-laws		
_	variation)	□ 54	document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement		
□ 17	other document relevant to tenancies	□ 55	document disclosing a change in boundaries		
□ 18	licence benefiting the land		information certificate under Strata Schemes		
□ 19	old system document	□ 50	Management Act 2015		
□ 20	Crown purchase statement of account	□ 57	information certificate under Community Land		
	building management statement		Management Act 1989		
	form of requisitions	□ 58	disclosure statement - off-the-plan contract		
	clearance certificate	□ 59	other document relevant to off-the-plan contract		
	land tax certificate	Other			
	Building Act 1989	□ 60			
	insurance certificate				
	brochure or warning				
	evidence of alternative indemnity cover				
	ming Pools Act 1992				
	certificate of compliance				
	evidence of registration				
	relevant occupation certificate				
	certificate of non-compliance				
□ 32	detailed reasons of non-compliance				
HOLDE	ED OF STRATA OR COMMINITY TITLE RECORDS - Name ad		9 11 1 1 1		

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning and Environment
Department of Primary Industries
Public Works Advisory
Subsidence Advisory NSW

Electricity and gas Telecommunications
Land and Housing Corporation Transport for NSW

Local Land Services Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

> adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;

authorised Subscriber a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as

being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8:

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday: business day

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion:

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond

the time of day at which completion is to occur;

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer:

the expiry date (if any); and

the amount;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose discharging mortgagee

provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser:

document of title

FCNI

legislation

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and electronic document

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace:

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared

and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of

the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party:

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

incoming mortgagee property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case manual transaction

at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; property planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve serve in writing on the other party:

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*:

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by

the Land Registry;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by
 - 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the depositholder,
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*, or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*'s nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can terminate if -
 - 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.

This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond, or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless
 - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a manual transaction, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* 4.2.1 each *party* must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;
 - incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
 - 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - 4.3.1 in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the contract date create and populate an Electronic Workspace with title data and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the Electronic Workspace.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer.
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things
 - 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date:
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion —

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price):
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion:
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 **Adjustments**

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the 14.2.1 date for completion; and
 - the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for 14.2.2 completion.
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date -
 - 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -

 - the person who owned the land owned no other land; the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the 14.7 adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the property (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary
- The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion. 16.2
- If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, 16.3 the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor 16.5
 - 16.5.1 the price less any
 - deposit paid:
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a deposit-bond, at least 1 business day before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the depositholder to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 **Possession**

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any party signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party*'s intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

• Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion:
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it)
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*, or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can rescind:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

Transfer

- 30.2 Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

• Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

THESE ARE THE SPECIAL CONDITIONS ANNEXED TO THE CONTRACT

BETWEEN AND YUNTAO SUN AND MEI YEE LEUNG

(AS VENDOR) (AS PURCHASER).

AMENDMENTS TO THE PRINTED FORM OF CONTRACT

- 1. (a) Clause 9.1 is deleted, and the following is substituted "keep or recover an amount equal to 10% of the purchase price".
 - (b) Clause 13.2 is deleted. If the sale is expressed to be a taxable supply and the sale price is not stated to be GST inclusive, then GST is to be added to the purchase price.
 - (c) Clause 25.1.1 is amended by deleting the word "limited".
- 2. Notwithstanding Clause 7, the Purchaser cannot make a claim for delay and Clause 7.1.1 is amended by deleting "5%" and substituting "\$1.00".

AUTHORITY TO AMEND CONTRACT

3. The parties agree that their Solicitor is authorised to make amendments to this contract in accordance with instructions from that party and with the other party's agreement.

ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON THE RIGHTS OF THE PURCHASER

- 4. For the purposes of Clause 10 of this Contract, the Vendor discloses all documents attached to this Contract, whether they are specified under the heading "DOCUMENTS" on Page 4 of this Contract or not, and all such material is taken to have been disclosed in substance in this Contract.
- 5. For the purposes of clause 5.2 of this Contract requisitions must be in the form of requisitions attached to this contract being HWL Ebsworth 2022 Residential Requisitions. If any other requisitions are submitted, we rely upon clause 5.2.
- 6. (a) The purchaser must within 7 days of discovering a breach by the Vendor of any warranty implied by the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation, 2017 ("the Regulation"), give written notice to the vendor of that breach.
 - (b) If the Vendor breaches any warranty implied by the Regulation, the Vendor may, before completion, serve a notice specifying the breach and the Vendor may then rescind this contract if the Purchaser does not serve a notice irrevocably waiving the breach ("waiver notice") within 14 days. If the Purchaser serves a waiver notice before the Vendor rescinds the contract under this clause, the Vendor is no longer entitled to rescind the contract.
 - (c) The Purchaser has no claim against the Vendor for breach of any warranty implied by the Regulation, other than the right of rescission conferred by the Regulation.

STATE OF REPAIR, REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

7. The property including all improvements and inclusions is sold in its present condition and state of repair. The purchaser has, in entering into this contract, relied on its own inquiries relating to the property and had the opportunity to inspect the property and obtain its own expert reports and obtain independent legal advice. The purchaser warrants that it does not rely on any representation, promise or warranty made to it by or on behalf of the vendor. Despite any other

condition in this contract, the purchaser cannot require the vendor to conduct any work on the property.

AGENT

8. The purchaser warrants that it was not introduced to the vendor or the property directly or indirectly by any person other than the vendor's agent named in this contract and if no agent is named in this contract the purchaser warrants that it was not introduced to the vendor or the property directly or indirectly by any agent. The purchaser indemnifies the vendor for any loss the vendor sustains because of a breach of this warranty. This condition does not merge on completion.

CONTRACTUAL INCAPACITY

- 9. If either party (or any one of them) dies or loses mental capacity prior to Completion, then either party (at its option) may rescind this contract by notice in writing to the other party or their solicitor or conveyancer. Clause 19 of this contract then applies.
- 10. If either party (or any one of them) is a company, and that party goes into receivership, administration, or liquidation, then that party will be deemed to be in default under this Contract.

DELAY IN COMPLETION

- 11. If completion does not occur on or before the completion date, either party is entitled to serve a notice to complete requiring completion to take place not less than 14 days after service of the notice, in which respect time is of the essence.
 - Service of a notice to complete may be effected if it is transmitted by email to the email address stated in this contract for the party's solicitor or the email address appearing on the letterhead of the party's solicitor.
 - However, should tenants still be in occupation at the date of this Contract and completion be delayed because of the vendor's inability to provide vacant possession due to the fault of existing tenants then both parties agree that 28 days' notice to complete applies to allow the Vendor to use all methods available at law to provide vacant possession.
- 12. If, as a result of delay not caused by the vendor, completion does not occur on or before the completion date, the vendor is entitled to be compensated by payment of interest on the balance of the purchase price and on any other monies payable on completion at the rate of 10 percent a year for the period commencing on and including the day after the due date for completion and terminating and including the actual date of completion; and this amount is payable on completion. If this is not an electronic transaction, then the purchaser agrees that a delay is caused by the purchaser (and not by the vendor) if the form of transfer is not served at least 7 days before the completion date. Should the vendor issue a notice to complete then the purchaser will pay in addition to any other moneys payable under this contract the sum of \$280 (plus GST) to the vendor's solicitors on completion as compensation for additional expenses incurred by the vendor on issuing a notice to complete.
- 13. It is an essential term of this Contract that if completion is booked and is subsequently cancelled or postponed to a later day by the Purchaser, through no fault of the Vendor, the Purchaser must pay to the Vendor's solicitor an amount of \$220.00 for each such cancellation or postponement on completion. The parties acknowledge that this payment represents the Vendor's solicitors' additional legal fees.

14. If the Date for Completion under this contract is due between 22 December and 10 January, then the Date for Completion will become the next business day after 10 January.

LAND TAX

- 15. Despite any selection to the contrary on page 3 of this Contract, Land Tax is adjustable on completion.
- 16. If the property being sold is not a residential property, then condition 14.4.2 is deleted.

RELEASE OF DEPOSIT

17. Despite anything in this contract, the Purchaser agrees at the request of the Vendor to release the deposit to the Vendor, or one of the Vendors, to purchase or otherwise acquire another property or to pay stamp duty in relation to the purchase of another property or to pay a deposit or accommodation bond on a retirement village contract. If it is required, the Purchaser hereby undertakes to sign an authority addressed to the stakeholder authorising the release of the deposit. This clause is sufficient authority for release of the deposit for the purposes of this clause.

EXCHANGE OF CONTRACTS BY ELECTRONIC MEANS

- 18. (a) The parties agree that exchange of the counterparts of this Contract may take place using:
 - (i) an original wet signature counterpart contract signed by a party; or
 - (ii) a photocopied or scanned copy of the counterpart contract signed by a party; or
 - (iii) a copy of the counterpart contract signed by a party using an electronic signature provider including without limitation DocuSign, Annature or AdobeSign.
 - (b) The parties agree that a legally binding contract will come into existence on the terms of this Contract on the date of exchange of the Vendor's contract and the Purchaser's contract which meet the requirements of subparagraph (a) of this special condition.
 - (c) The parties agree that the counterparts of this Contract signed in accordance with subparagraph (a) of this special condition may be exchanged via any means, including without limitation by:
 - (i) The Purchaser's counterpart contract being physically swapped for the Vendor's counterpart contract; or
 - (ii) The Purchaser's solicitor/conveyancer emailing the Vendor's solicitor the Purchaser's counterpart contract and the Vendor's solicitor emailing the Purchaser's solicitor/conveyancer the Vendor's counterpart contract;
 - (d) If either party uses a photocopied or scanned copy of the counterpart contract for exchange of contracts, then the original wet signed contract must be provided to the other party promptly after the exchange date. A failure to observe this clause will not affect the legally binding nature of a Contract exchanged by any method under this special condition.

GUARANTEE

19.	at the request of By signing this Contract, the Guarantor guarantee in this Contract to be performed the payment of the Purchase Price and any Guarantor also agrees that if the Purchase contained in this Contract, the Guarantor wobligations and any failure on the part of the contract o	the "Guarantor") and in consideration thereof. rantees the performance of every condition by the Purchaser including but without limitation other money payable under this Contract. The fails to honour any of the Purchaser's obligation will in place of the Purchaser honour all such the Guarantor to do so will render the Guarantor is the Purchaser named in this Contract. This
	Guarantor	Guarantor
	Name of Guarantor	Name of Guarantor

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor:				
Purchaser:				
Property:				
Dated:				

Possession and tenancies

- Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise. 1.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?

3. (a)

- What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
- (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
- Please specify any existing breaches. (c)
- All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion. (d)
- (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
- (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- (g) Has the vendor or the tenant of the premises taken any steps to seek any benefit or protection under any law enacted in response to the COVID-19 pandemic? If so, please provide details of the steps taken and of the progress or outcome of any negotiations or hearing.
- Has there been any application for land tax relief or residential tenancy support payment? If so, (h) please provide details.
- Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential 4. Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW))? If so, please provide details.
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):
 - has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and (a) Administrative Tribunal for an order?
 - have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide (b)

Title

- 6 Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations.
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion.
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- When and where may the title documents be inspected? 9.
- 10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the Personal Property Securities Act 2009 (Cth)? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- 11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 and 23.5 to 23.7 (inclusive) of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - to what year has a return been made? (a)
 - what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year? (b)
- 13. If any land tax certificate shows a charge for land tax on the land, the vendor must produce evidence at completion that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Survey and building

- Subject to the Contract, the survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property is available 14. and that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. 15. The original should be handed over on completion. 16.
 - Have the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW), the Environmental Planning and (a) Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - Has the vendor a Building Information Certificate or a Building Certificate which relates to all (c) current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a

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- copy in advance.
- (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate (as referred to in the former Section 109C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW)) or an Occupation Certificate as referred to in Section 6.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance or any alternative indemnity product under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW).
- (f) Have any actions been taken, including the issuing of any notices or orders, relating to any building or building works under the Residential Apartment Buildings (Compliance and Enforcement Powers) Act 2020 (NSW) or have any undertakings been given by any developer under that Act? Any outstanding obligations should be satisfied by the vendor prior to completion.

17.

- (a) Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property?
- (b) Is there any planning agreement or other arrangement referred to in Section 7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW), (registered or unregistered) affecting the Property? If so please provide details and indicate if there are any proposals for amendment or revocation?
- If a swimming pool is included in the sale:
 - (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
 - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the Local Government Act 1919 (NSW) and Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)?
 - does it comply with the provisions of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
 - (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) or regulations?
 - if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
 - originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.

19.

- (a) To whom do the boundary fences belong?
- (b) Are there any party walls?
- (c) If the answer to Requisition 19(b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
- (d) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
- (e) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW) or the Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)?

Affectations/Benefits

20.

- (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use affecting or benefiting the Property other than those disclosed in the Contract? If a licence benefits the Property please provide a copy and indicate:
 - (i) whether there are any existing breaches by any party to it;
 - (ii) whether there are any matters in dispute; and
 - (iii) whether the licensor holds any deposit, bond or guarantee.
- (b) In relation to such licence:
 - All licence fees and other moneys payable should be paid up to and beyond the date of completion;
 - (ii) The vendor must comply with all requirements to allow the benefit to pass to the purchaser.
- Is the vendor aware of:
 - (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
 - (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?
 - (c) any latent defects in the Property?
- Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the Property is affected by the following:
 - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the Property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (c) any work done or intended to be done on the Property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the Property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the Property?

- (f) the existence of any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass or polyethylene or other flammable or combustible material including cladding?
- 23. If the Property is a building or part of a building to which external combustible cladding has been applied, has the owner provided to the Planning Secretary details of the building and the external combustible cladding and is the building recorded in the Register maintained by the Secretary?
- 24.
- (a) Does the Property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services?
- (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land?
- (c) Do any service connections for any other property pass through the Property?
- 25. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the Property or to prevent the enjoyment of any rights appurtenant to the Property?

Capacity

 If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any clearance certificate
 under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth) should be served on
 the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- The vendor should furnish completed details within the time specified in the contract, sufficient to enable the purchaser to make any GSTRW payment.
- If any document required for completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 30. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 31. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these
 requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.

Off the plan contract

- If the Contract is an off the plan contract:
 - (a) Is the vendor aware of any inaccuracy in the disclosure statement attached to the Contract? If so, please provide particulars.
 - (b) The vendor should before completion serve on the purchaser a copy of the registered plan and any document that was registered with the plan.
 - (c) Please provide details, if not already given, of the holding of the deposit or any instalment as trust or controlled monies by a real estate agent, licensed conveyancer or law practice.
 - (d) Has any developer provided to the Secretary of the Department of Customer Services an expected completion notice under the Residential Apartment Buildings (Compliance and Enforcement Powers) Act 2020 (NSW) in relation to the Property? If so, when was it made?
 - (e) The vendor should provide an occupation certificate as referred to in Section 6.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) for all buildings or structures on the Property.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: B/355352

EDITION NO DATE SEARCH DATE TIME _____ ____ -----22/1/2024 27/3/2025 9:07 AM 3

LAND

LOT B IN DEPOSITED PLAN 355352

AT ROSEVILLE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA KU-RING-GAI

PARISH OF GORDON COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND

TITLE DIAGRAM DP355352

FIRST SCHEDULE

MEI YEE LEUNG

YUNTAO SUN AS JOINT TENANTS

(T AT777728)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- AT777729 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS

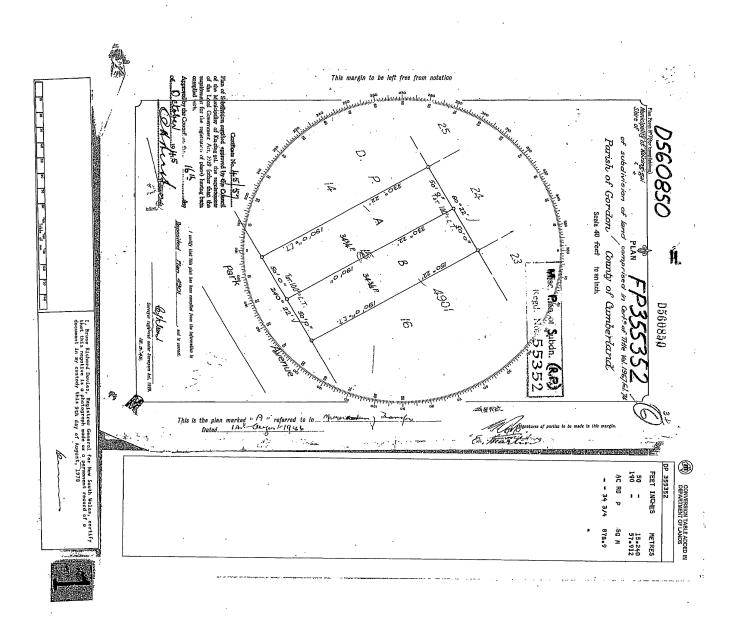
48876...

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 27/3/2025

^{*} Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



PLANNING

CERTIFICATE

818 Pacific Highway, Gordon NSW 2072 Locked Bag 1006, Gordon NSW 2072 T 02 9424 0000 F 02 9424 0001 DX 8703 Gordon TTY 02 9424 0875

B Gordon TTY 02 9424 0875

E krg@krg.nsw.gov.au

W www.krg.nsw.gov.au

ABN 86 408 856 411



UNDER SECTION 10.7 OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

PROPERTY DETAILS

Address: 24 Park Avenue ROSEVILLE NSW 2069

Lot Description: Lot B DP 355352

CERTIFICATE DETAILS

Certificate No: ePC1722/25 Certificate Date: 27/03/2025

Certificate Type: Section 10.7(2)

APPLICANT DETAILS

REF: 48876

Infotrack Gpo Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2000

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

This certificate provides information on how a property (such as land, a house, a commercial building, etc.) may be used and the limits on its development. The certificate contains information Council is aware of through its records and environmental plans with data supplied by the State Government. The details contained in this certificate are limited to that required by Section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS ISSUED UNDER SECTION 10.7(2) OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979

MATTERS AFFECTING THE LAND AS PRESCRIBED BY SCHEDULE 2 – ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING & ASSESSMENT REGULATION, 2021.

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and development control plans

(1) Which environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on this land?

Ku-ring-gai Local Environmental Plan 2015 as published on the NSW Legislation Website on 5 March 2015.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts - Eastern Harbour City) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021.

(2) Which proposed environmental planning instruments apply to the carrying out of development on this land? (Including planning proposals and proposed environmental planning instruments that are or have been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the E. P. & A. Act).

There are no proposed environmental planning instruments that apply to this land.

(3) Which development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on this land?

Ku-ring-gai Development Control Plan

SPECIAL NOTE: A development control plan adds further detail to local environmental plans and may address issues such as building design, car parking, landscaping etc. Copies of the Plans are available from Council.

(4) Which draft development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on this land? (Including draft development control plans that are or have been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the E. P. & A. Act).

There are no draft development control plans that apply to this land

- 2. Zoning and land use under relevant local environmental plans (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP)
 - (a) What is the zoning of this property and the relevant environmental planning instrument?

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(i) Low Density Residential

(ii) R2

under the provisions of Ku-ring-gai Local Environmental Plan 2015.

(b) (i) What does not require development consent under the above environmental planning instrument?

Home occupations.

Note: Please refer to the provisions for Exempt and Complying Development as described in Part 3 of Ku-ring-gai Local Environmental Plan 2015.

(ii) What does require development consent under the above environmental planning instrument?

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Building identification signs, Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Health consulting rooms; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Hospitals; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Pond-based aquaculture; Tank-based aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings.

(iii) What is prohibited under the above environmental planning instrument?

Any development not specified in item (b)(i) or (b)(ii)

(iv) What is the proposed zoning of this property and the relevant proposed environmental planning instrument?

Not applicable. There are no proposed environmental planning instruments that relate to this matter.

(v) What does not require development consent under the above proposed environmental planning instrument?

Not applicable. There are no proposed environmental planning instruments that relate to this matter.

(vi) What does require development consent under the above proposed environmental planning instrument?

Not applicable. There are no proposed environmental planning instruments that relate to this matter.

(vii) What is prohibited under the above proposed environmental planning instrument?

33

Not applicable. There are no proposed environmental planning instruments that relate to this matter.

PAGE 3

(d) Do any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land?

There are no provisions in Ku-ring-gai Local Environmental Plan 2015 that regulate minimum dimension sizes for the erection of a dwelling house on this property.

(e) Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

No.

(f) Is the land in a conservation area?

No.

SPECIAL NOTE: A conservation area is a place of historic and aesthetic value to the community. It contains a number of elements of significance, such as a historic subdivision layout, a pattern of building "footprints" within each street block, buildings of historic and architectural importance, road alignments, trees, gutters and kerb edges which all combine to create a sense of place that is worth keeping. Council's Heritage Planner can provide you with more information on this matter.

(g) Is an item of environmental heritage situated on the land?

No.

SPECIAL NOTE: You are advised that the consent authority may, before granting consent to any development: (a) on land on which a heritage item is located, or (b) on land that is within a heritage conservation area, or (c) on land that is within the vicinity of land referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), require a heritage management document to be prepared that assesses the extent to which the carrying out of the proposed development would affect the heritage significance of the heritage item or heritage conservation area concerned.

3. Contribution plans

(1) Which contribution plans or draft contribution plans apply to this land under the Act, Division 7.1?

Ku-ring-gai Contributions Plan 2010 (s7.11). Ku-ring-gai Council Section 7.12 Local Levy Contributions Plan 2023

(2) Is the land in a region within the meaning of the Act, Division 7.1 Subdivision 4?

Yes. The subject land is within Greater Sydney to which the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Housing and Productivity Contributions) Order 2023 applies.

(3) Is the land in a special contributions area to which a continued s7.23 determination applies??

No

SPECIAL NOTE: A s7.11 or s7.12 contributions plan outlines the financial costs Council levies if land is developed and Council believes the development will require additional infrastructure such as parks, roads etc. Copies of both the s7.11 and the s7.12 contributions plans are available on Council's website.

4. Complying development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may or may not be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 and if complying development may not be carried out on that land the reason why it may not be carried out under those clauses?

(<u>Special Note:</u> It is your responsibility to ensure that you comply with any other general requirements of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. Failure to do so may mean that a Complying Development Certificate issued under the provisions of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 is invalid).

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development under the Container Recycling Facilities Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Demolition Code

Complying development under the Demolition Code may be carried out on the land.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development under the Fire Safety Code may be carried out on the land.

General Development Code

Complying development under the General Development Code may be carried out on the land.

Housing Code

Complying development under the Housing Code may be carried out on the land.

Housing Alterations Code

Complying development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on the land.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying development under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code **may** be carried out on the land.

Development specified in the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code is not complying development under that code if the development is:

- (a) for the purposes of dual occupancies, and
- (b) carried out on land in Zone R2 Low Density Residential, and
- (c) permitted with development consent under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 3, Part 12 but not under another environmental planning instrument.

Subdivision Code

Complying development under the Subdivision Code may be carried out on the land.

5. Exempt development

The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may or may not be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.16(1)(b1)-(d) or 1.16A of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 and if exempt development may not be carried out on that land the reason why it may not be carried out under those clauses

Exempt development may be carried out on the land.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

(1) Is there any affected building notice of which council is aware that is in force in respect of the land?

No.

(2) Is there any building product rectification order of which council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with?

No.

(3) Has any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding?

No.

SPECIAL NOTE: The terms "affected building notice" and "building product rectification order" have the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

7. Land reserved for acquisition

Do any environmental planning instruments or proposed environmental planning instruments referred to in clause 1 make provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act?

No.

8. Road widening and road realignment

Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under the Roads Act, any environmental planning instrument or any resolution of council?

No.

9. Flood related development controls information

Is the land or part of the land within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls?

Yes

Is the land or part of the land between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls?

Yes

SPECIAL NOTE: Flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual. Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

Probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

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10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions.

Is the land affected by a policy adopted by council, or by any other public authority required to be referred to in a planning certificate, that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, contamination, acid sulphate soils or other risk (other than flooding)?

No.

Note: A review of Council's readily available records has been conducted to identify previous land uses that may have caused land contamination. This review did not reveal any reason for contamination of this property. However, prior to urban settlement, sizeable areas of Ku-ring-gai were covered by agricultural and horticultural activities. These uses are listed in the Managing Land Contamination Planning Guidelines as activities that may cause contamination. If you are concerned about possible contamination of the site you should make your own investigations regarding the condition of this property.

11. Bush fire prone land

Is the land bush fire prone land?

No.

SPECIAL NOTE: Bush fire prone land is defined in section 4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 as meaning "land recorded for the time being as bushfire prone land on a bush fire prone land map for the area". The "area" is the local government area of Ku-ring-gai.

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Does the land include any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division?

NSW Fair Trading has not provided Council with written confirmation that this property is listed on the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register.

SPECIAL NOTE: Some residential homes located in the Ku-ring-gai Local Government Area have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, for example in the roof space. NSW Fair Trading maintains a Register of homes that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation.

You should make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates and, if it contains a building constructed prior to 1980, the council strongly recommends that any potential purchaser obtain advice from a licensed asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land and, if so, the health risks (if any) this may pose for the building's occupants.

For further information about the Loos-fill asbestos Public Register contact NSW Fair Trading. Tel:13 32 20 or www.loosefillasbestos.nsw.gov.au.

13. Mine subsidence

Is the land proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of section 15 of the Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961?

No. Council has not been notified that the land is subject to such a proclamation.

14. Paper subdivision information

Is the land, land subject to a development plan adopted by a relevant authority, land proposed to be subject to a consent ballot or land subject to a subdivision order?

Not applicable.

SPECIAL NOTE: Words and expressions used in this item have the same meaning as Part 10 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021. And Assessment Act 1979, Schedule 7

15. Property vegetation plans

Is the land, land to which a property vegetation plan under Native Vegetation Act 2003 applies?

Council has not been notified that the land is subject to an approved property vegetation plan.

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

Is the land, land that is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?

Council has not been notified that the land is biodiversity stewardship land.

SPECIAL NOTE: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

17. Biodiversity certified land

Is the land, land that is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?

Council has not been notified that the land is biodiversity certified land.

SPECIAL NOTE: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

18. Orders under Trees (Disputes between Neighbours) Act 2006

Is the land, subject to an order under the Tree (Disputes between neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land?

Council has not been notified that the land is subject to such an order.

19. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

Not applicable. This matter does not apply to land within Ku-ring-gai Local Government Area.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

Not Applicable. This matter does not apply to land within Ku-ring-gai Local Government Area.

21. Development consent conditions for seniors housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land issued under clause 24 of the repealed State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004?

The land is not subject to such a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing) of which Council is aware.

SPECIAL NOTE: State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 repealed on 26 November 2021 by State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021

22. Site Compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable housing

Is there a current site compatibility certificate (affordable housing), of which council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land issued under clause 39 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021?

The land is not subject to such a current site compatibility certificate (affordable housing) of which Council is aware.

23. Water or sewerage services

Is there, or is there to be, water or sewerage services provided to the land under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006?

Council is not aware of any such water or sewerage services provided to the land.

SPECIAL NOTE: A public water utility may not be the provider of some or all of the services to the land. If a water or sewerage service is provided to the land by a licensee under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006, a contract for the service will be deemed to have been entered into between the licensee and the owner of the land. A register relating to approvals and licences necessary for the provision of water or sewerage services under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006 is maintained by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal and provides information about the areas serviced, or to be serviced, under that Act. Purchasers should check the register to understand who will service the property. Outstanding charges for water or sewerage services provided under the Water Industry Competition Act 2006 become the responsibility of the purchaser.

The following matters are prescribed by Section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate.

(a) Is the land to which this certificate relates significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act?

No.

(b) Is the land to which this certificate relates subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act?

No.

(c) Is the land to which this certificate relates subject to an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act?

No.

(d) Is the land to which this certificate relates subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act?

No.

(e) Is the land of which this certificate relates subject to a site audit statement within the meaning of the Act?

No.

SPECIAL NOTE: If you have any concerns about land contamination beyond the information described in this certificate, you should contact the NSW Environmental Protection Authority. Tel: 131 555 or email info@environment.nsw.gov.au.

David Marshall General Manager

Med Westell



Sewer Service Diagram

Application Number: 8004334549

METROPOLITAN WATER SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE BOARD SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM Municipality of Kurring-gai No./24

Ba.	Boundary Tra	•
8 0.1.	Grease Interc	epror
⊠ P.T.	P. Trap	:
DOR S	Reflux Sink	

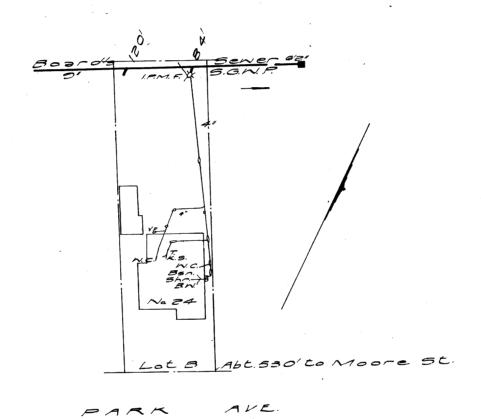
	31	MDULS AND
3	R.V.	Reflux Valve
-		Cleaning Eye
0	VERT.	Vertical Pipe
0	V.P.	Vent. Pipe
0	S.V.P.	Soil Vent. Pipe
	D.C.C.	Down Cast Cowl

BOLS AND ABB	REVI	ATIONS
Reflux Valve		Induct Pipe
Cleaning Eye		Mica Flep
ventical Libe		Tubs
Vent. Pipe		Kitchen Sink
oil Vent. Pipe		Water Cleset
Down Cast Cowl	B.W.	Bath Waste
SCALE: 40 FEET TO	AN IN	CH.

Ben.	Basin
Shr.	Shower
W.I.P.	Wrought Iron Pipe
C.I.P.	Cast Iron Pipe
F.W.	Floor Waste
W.M.	Washing Machine

SEWER AVAILABLE

Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's Sewer.

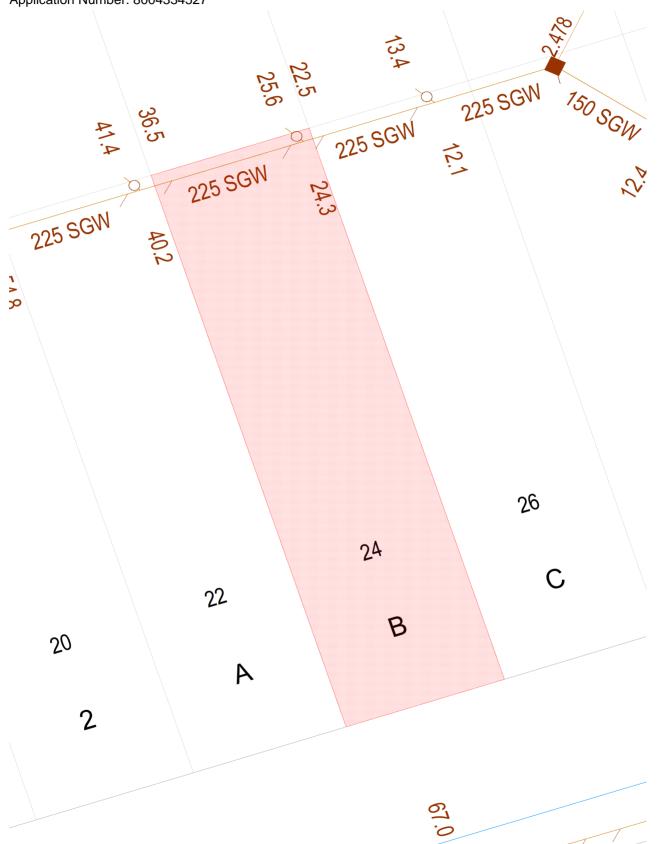


RATE Nº W.C.s. U.C.s. .19... SHEET No. 2048 FOR ENGINEER HOUSE SERVICES OFFICE USE ONLY DRAINAGE PLUMBING DATE DATE BRANCH OFFICE Supervised by Date Outfall Examined by 62-685 Drainer Chief Inse Plumber. Boundary Trap is/is_not required Tracing Checked

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Service Location Print Application Number: 8004334527

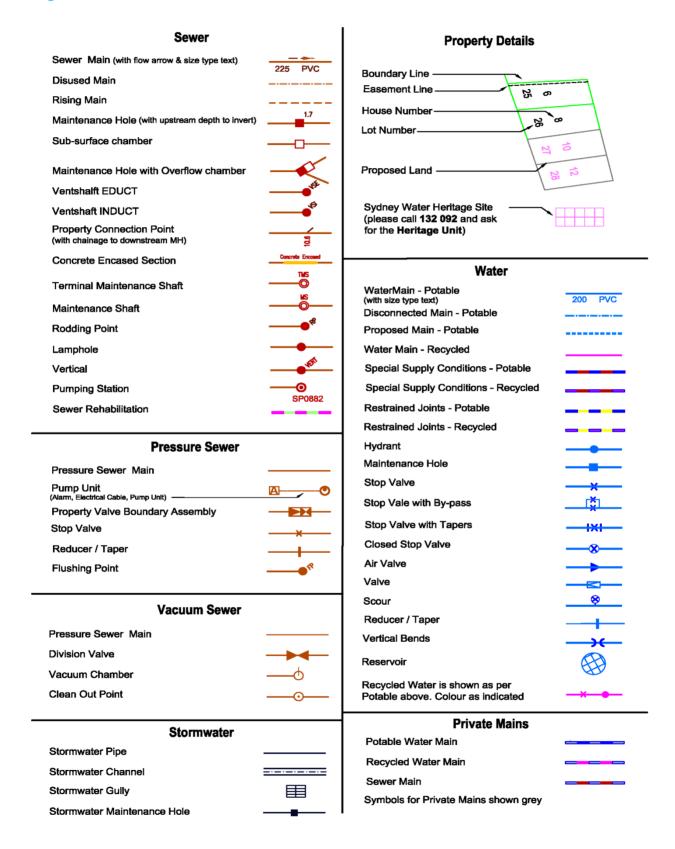


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Asset Information

Legend





Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
vc	Vitrified Clay	WI	Wrought Iron
ws	Woodstave		

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)