Overview

Each **user**, identified by their *User UID*, has the following sections:

- name: contains their first and last name, separately
- country: the country they live in
- annual answers: the answers to their annual survey
- monthly_answers: saved by year-month to track electricity, water & gas CO2E
- daily_answers: saved by year-month-day to track their daily survey answers

Outside of the user, there are X concrete data sets:

- 1. car type factor: The car to CO2E kg/km factor for each type of car
- 2. car distance: The number of km used for the calculation based on the range
- 3. public_transit_footprint: the CO2E kg produced by each combination of PT
- 4. short flight footprint: the CO2E kg produced by each number of short flights
- 5. long flight footprint: the CO2E kg produced by each number of long flights
- 6. avg_annual_emisions: The average per-capita annual carbon footprint for 231 countries

Using realtime DB:

If you don't add concrete values to a key-value pair, the key will not show up in the live db.

Eg. if you add a key named "annual_answers" with an empty hashmap as it's value, the "annual answers" key will not show up in the live DB.

Concept of a Unique Key

Some sections have a unique carbon footprint for each possible answer permutation, this answer is stored in the respective concrete data section of the db.

In the app, we must do create and use a unique key to retrieve the permutation-specific CO2E data.

Example on the next page of why this helps and how to use it <3

For the annual survey, to calculate the housing footprint, we have 6 fields:

- 1. structure_type (detached, semi-detached, townhouse, condo_apartment, other),
- 2. size (0-1000 sqft, 1000-2000 sqft., 2000+)
- 3. household_members (1, 2-3, 4-5, 5+)
- 4. heating_source (natural gas, electricity, oil, propane, wood, other)
- 5. bill (0-50, 50-100, 100-150, 150-200, 200+)
- 6. water source (if water source != heating source add 233 to the housing footprint)

So, we need to store these fields for each user when entering their form data to make their uniqueKey as such in Java:

```
//Store the user answers

String structureType = "detached";

String size = "1000-2000";

String householdMembers = "4-5";

String heatingSource = "natural_gas";

String billing = "100-150";

// Combine responses into a single key

String uniqueKey = structureType + "|" + size + "|" + householdMembers + "|" + heatingSource + "|" + billing;
```

// Save the key in Firebase

DatabaseReference databaseRef = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().getReference(); databaseRef.child("carbon_footprint_by_response").child(uniqueKey).setValue(carbonFootprintValue);

Tracking Annual Answers

Transportation

```
User Schema:
"transportation":{

    "uses_car": false,
    "car_type": "none",
    "distance": "0",
    "public_transit_use": "occasionally",
    "hours_on_public_transit": "2-3",
    "num_short_flights": "0",
    "num_long_flights": "1",
    "transportation_co2e": 1634
  }
```

Related Concrete Data:

```
"public_transit_footprint":{
"car type factors":{
 "none":0,
                                                  "never|0": 0,
 "gasoline":0.24,
                                                  "occasionally|1": 246,
 "diesel":0.27,
                                                  "occasionally|2-3": 819,
 "hybrid":0.16,
                                                  "occasionally|4-5": 1638,
 "electric":0.05,
                                                  "occasionally|6-10":3071,
 "idk":0.20
                                                  "occasionally|10+": 4095,
},
                                                  "frequently|1": 573,
                                                  "frequently|2-3": 1911,
"car distance":{
                                                  "frequently|4-5": 3822,
 "0":0.
                                                  "frequently|6-10":7166,
 "5,000":5000,
                                                  "frequently|10+": 9555,
 "5,000-10,000":10000,
                                                  "always|1": 573,
 "10,000–15,000":15000,
                                                  "always|2-3": 1911,
                                                  "always|4-5": 3822,
 "15,000-20,000":20000.
 "20,000–25,000":25000,
                                                  "always|6-10":7166,
 "25,000+":35000,
                                                  "always|10+": 9555
},
                                                },
"short flight footprint":{
                                               "long flight footprint":{
 "0": 0,
                                                  "0": 0,
 "1-2": 225,
                                                  "1-2": 825,
 "3-5": 600,
                                                  "3-5": 2200,
                                                  "6-10": 4400,
 "6-10": 1200,
 "10+": 1800 }
                                                  "10+": 6600 }
```

Personal Vehicle:

Does not have car:

- uses_car = false
- car type = "none"
- distance = "0"
- The only no-car value should always be 0

Has car:

- uses_car = true
- Enter the car type for car type
- Enter the distance for the distance

* IF THE USER ANSWERS I DONT KNOW CAR TYPE IS "idk"

Example: User drives a hybrid car 15,000–20,000 km: "uses_car": true,

"car_type": "hybrid",

"distance": "15,000-20,000",

Public Transit: MUST CREATE A UNIQUE KEY IN FORM "<use>|<hours>" eq: "always|10+"

Does not use public transit:

- public_transit_use = "never"
- hours_on_public_transit = "0"

Uses public transit:

- Enter the frequency type for public transit use
- Enter the duration for hours_on_public_transit

Short Flights and Long Flights:

 Enter the number of times as a STRING under num_short_flights and num_long_flights

Total CO2E

For car, find the associated car_type_factors and car_distance numerical values and multiply them

For public transit, look up it's unique key under the public_transit_footprint

For the flights, look up the flight duration string under short flight footprint

Add these three values up and put them into the user's transportation_co2e.

Food

User schema:

```
"food": {
        "diet_type":"vegan",
        "beef_frequency":"never",
        "pork_frequency":"never",
        "chicken_frequency":"never",
        "fish_frequency":"never",
        "food_waste_frequency":"rarely",
        "food_co2e":523.4
    }
```

Associated Concrete data:

```
"diet_type_emisions":{
  "vegan": 500,
  "vegetarian": 1000,
  "pescatarian":1500,
  "meat based":0
},
                                                  },
 "beef_emisions":{
  "daily": 2500,
  "frequently": 1900,
  "occasionally": 1300,
  "never": 0
                                                  },
},
"pork_emisions":{
  "daily": 1450,
  "frequently": 860,
  "occasionally": 450,
  "never": 0
},
                                                  },
```

```
"chicken_emisions":{
    "daily": 950,
    "frequently": 600,
    "occasionally": 200,
    "never": 0
},
"fish_emisions":{
    "daily": 800,
    "frequently": 500,
    "occasionally": 150,
    "never": 0
},

"food_waste_emisions":{
    "never": 0,
    "rarely": 23.4,
    "occasionally": 70.2,
    "frequently": 140.4
},
```

Diet_type: enter their diet type (meat_based for the non vegan/veg/pesc)

X_frequency: the frequency of X (beef, pork, chicken, seafood)

food_waste_frequency: how frequently they waste food

Total CO2E

Add up the three categories' respective emissions values do not require any unique keys

Housing

```
User schema:

"housing": {

"structure_type": "detached",

"size": "1000-2000",

"household_members": "4-5",

"heating_source":

"natural_gas",

"bill": "100-150",

"water_source":"natural_gas",

"housing_co2e":0

},
```

- structure type (detached, semi-detached, townhouse, condo apartment, other),
- size (0-1000 sqft, 1000-2000 sqft., 2000+ sqft.)
- household members (1, 2-3, 4-5, 5+)
- heating_source (natural gas, electricity, oil, propane, wood, other)
- bill (0-50, 50-100, 100-150, 150-200, 200 +)
- water_source (if water_source != heating_source, AND water source is electric/solar reduce total by 233, if they are not equal and water source is natural gas, oil, pro

```
*A Unique Key is REQUIRED in the form 
<structure type> | <size>|<household members>|<heatingSource>|bill
```

Total CO2E

Find the associated one for the unique key in the <u>housing_emissions</u> concrete data_AND add 233 if the source of heating and water heating are not the same

store it under housing co2e

Consumption

User schema:

Associated Concrete data:

```
"clothing emissions":{
  "monthly": 360,
  "quarterly": 120,
  "annually": 100,
  "rarely": 5
 },
 "clothing_eco_friendly_adjustment":{
  "no": 0,
  "occasionally": 0.3,
 "regularly": 0.50
},
"clothing recylcing adjustment":{
  "never": 1,
  "occasionally": 0.15,
  "frequently":0.30,
  "regularly": 0.50
 },
```

```
"device_emissions":{
    "none": 0,
    "1": 300,
    "2": 600,
    "3": 900,
    "4+":1200
},

"device_recylcing_adjustment":{
    "never": 1,
    "occasionally": 0.1,
    "frequently": 0.2,
    "regularly": 0.3
},
```

Adjustments:

To get the total clothing emissions, take the clothing emissions and subtract clothing emissions * the eco-friendly adjustment and subtract the value * the recycling adjustment and same for device and recycling

Eg: user buys clothes rarely, occasionally buys secondhand/eco friendly, buys more than 4 devices a year and always recycles then:

Clothing Co2e (starting = 5)

- starting * eco-friendly reduction = 5 * 0.3 = 1.5- starting * recycling reduction = 1200 * 0.3 = 360- starting * recycling reduction = 1200 * 0.3 = 360- starting * recycling reduction = 1200 * 0.3 = 360- total device = 1200 * 0.3 = 360- total device = 1200 * 0.3 = 360- total clothing

Total CO2E

Sum the clothing and device co2e

Tracking Daily Answers

```
Monthly Bills

User schema:
"monthly_answers": {
    "2024-10": {
        "electricty_bill":100,
        "water_bill": 200,
        "gas_bill": 300,
        "utilities_co2e":0
      }
}
```

Store by date: form "<year>-<month>"
Store the different bills and the total co2e added from those 3 bills

For now, no concrete data sets will be added since we have no idea how they want us to calculate the co2e for the bills nor have they told us how it should affect anything

Transportation Activities

```
User Schema:
```

```
"2024-10-27": {

"Transportation":{

"driving_distance":0,

"public_transit_type":"bus",

"hours_on_public_transit":1,

"hours_bike_walk":2,

"num_short_flights": 0,

"num_long_flights":0,

"transportation_co2e":0.67
},
```

Car travel CO2E:

1. Grab the ratio related to their vehicle type and multiply the distance traveled in KILOMETERS eg. drives an electric vehicle 10 km today then the CO2E for it is 0.05*10 = 0.5

Public Transportation CO2E:

- 1. create a UNIQUE KEY based on their annual public transit frequency and the range their inputted amount falls into. Eg. they said they annually use public transit occasionally and today they logged 3 hrs of transit, then their special key should be "occasionally|2-3"
- 2. Divide the associated CO2E by 365, for this eg, the CO2E should be 819/365 = 2.24

Biking/walking:

???? just enter what they answer for now ldk how they want us to use this data T^T

Flights:

ideally give them these options for the number of flights: "0", "1-2", "3-5", "6-10", "10+ Sum the associated long and or short flights, exactly how it is done in the annual calculation for CO2E

Total CO2E

Sum these four fields to enter into the "transportation_co2e" field

Food Consumption Activities

user schema:

associated concrete data:

```
"serving_emission":{
    "plant_based": 2.08,
    "fish": 2.64,
    "chicken": 2.22,
    "pork": 4.03,
    "beef": 6.95
},
```

For now, we have the option for multiple meals since it doesn't specify if you need multiple or only 1

Total CO2E

The calculation of CO2E is directly the sum of the meals, where you multiply the servings by the serving emission

Shopping Activities

```
user schema:
"consumption":{
       "clothing": {
        "num_clothes": 50,
        "clothing_co2e": 50
       },
       "devices": {
        "device1": {
          "type_of_device": "plant-based",
          "quantity":2,
          "device_C02E": 0
          },
         "device2": {
          "type_of_meal": "fish",
          "quantity":1,
          "device_CO2E": 0
        }
       },
       "other": {
        "other1": {
          "category": "sofa",
          "quantity":2,
          "other_C02E": 6
        },
         "other2": {
          "category": "fridge",
          "quantity":1,
          "other_CO2E": 10
      }
    },
```

Total CO2E

??? don't know what is going on for this one ngl <3 but for now we have these values:

Clothing: 5 kg per piece bought so total clothing = $5 \times \#$ pieces bought for now, all devices = $300 \times \#$ electronics, all other = literally make it up idk T^T