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1  #Color Theme Maker
2  import tkinter
3  from tkinter import BOTH, IntVar, DISABLED, filedialog
4
5  #Define window
6  root = tkinter.Tk()
7  root.title('Color Theme Maker')
8  root.iconbitmap('color_wheel.ico')
9  root.geometry('450x500')
10 root.resizable(0,0)
11
12 #Define fonts and colors
13 #NONE: Using system defaults
14
15 #Define functions
16 def get_red(slider_value):
17     """Turn current slider value for red into a hex value and update color.
18     The scale value is passed automatically when the scale is moved calling the get_red
19     function."""
20     global red_value
21
22     #Turn the slider value into an int and hex value. Strip leading chars so only two
23     remain
24     red_value = hex(int(slider_value))
25     red_value = red_value.lstrip("0x")
26
27     #If hex value is single digit, lead with a 0 such that d becomes 0d
28     while len(red_value) < 2:
29         red_value = "0" + str(red_value)
30
31     update_color()
32
33 def get_green(slider_value):
34     """Turn current slider value for green into a hex value and update color.
35     The scale value is passed automatically when the scale is moved calling the
36     get_green function."""
37     global green_value
38
39     #Turn the slider value into an int and hex value. Strip leading chars so only two
40     remain
41     green_value = hex(int(slider_value))
42     green_value = green_value.lstrip("0x")
43
44     #If hex value is single digit, lead with a 0 such that d becomes 0d
45     while len(green_value) < 2:
46         green_value = "0" + str(green_value)
47
48     update_color()
49
50 def get_blue(slider_value):
51     """Turn current slider value for blue into a hex value and update color.
52     The scale value is passed automatically when the scale is moved calling the
53     get_blue function."""
54     global blue_value
55
56     #Turn the slider value into an int and hex value. Strip leading chars so only two
57     remain
58     blue_value = hex(int(slider_value))
59     blue_value = blue_value.lstrip("0x")
60
61     #If hex value is single digit, lead with a 0 such that d becomes 0d
62     while len(blue_value) < 2:
63         blue_value = "0" + str(blue_value)
64
65     update_color()

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62
63
64 def update_color():
65     """Update the current color box based on the slider values. Display tuple and hex
66     values of the current color"""
67     #Make the color box smaller than the original due to ipadx and ipady on the
68     original color box
69     color_box = tkinter.Label(input_frame, bg="#" + red_value + green_value +
70     blue_value, height=6, width=15)
71     color_box.grid(row=1, column=3, columnspan=2, padx=35, pady=10)
72
73     #Display the tuple and hex value for the given color
74     color_tuple.config(text='(' + str(red_slider.get()) + '), ' + '(' +
75     str(green_slider.get()) + '), ' + '(' + str(blue_slider.get()) + ')')
76     color_hex.config(text="#" + red_value + green_value + blue_value)
77
78
79
80
81
82 def set_color(r,g,b):
83     """Set a given color"""
84     red_slider.set(r)
85     green_slider.set(g)
86     blue_slider.set(b)
87
88
89
90
91
92 def store_color():
93     """Store the current color tuple value and display color"""
94     global stored_colors
95
96     #Get the current value of each slider and append 0's to keep formatting
97     red = str(red_slider.get())
98     while len(red) < 3:
99         red = "0" + red
100
101     green = str(green_slider.get())
102     while len(green) < 3:
103         green = "0" + green
104
105     blue = str(blue_slider.get())
106     while len(blue) < 3:
107         blue = "0" + blue
108
109     #Keep a reference of the current color
110     stored_red = red_slider.get()
111     stored_green = green_slider.get()
112     stored_blue = blue_slider.get()
113
114     #Create new widgets for the stored color.
115     recall_button = tkinter.Button(output_frame, text="Recall Color",
116     command=lambda:set_color(stored_red, stored_green, stored_blue))
117     new_color_tuple = tkinter.Label(output_frame, text='(' + red + '), ' + '(' + green +
118     '), ' + '(' + blue + ')')
119     new_color_hex = tkinter.Label(output_frame, text='#' + red_value + green_value +
120     blue_value)
121     new_color_black_box = tkinter.Label(output_frame, bg='black', width=3, height=1)
122     new_color_box = tkinter.Label(output_frame, bg="#" + red_value + green_value +
123     blue_value, width=3, height=1)
124
125     #Put new widgets on the screen
126     recall_button.grid(row=stored_color.get(), column=1, padx=20)
127     new_color_tuple.grid(row=stored_color.get(), column=2, padx=20)
128     new_color_hex.grid(row=stored_color.get(), column=3, padx=20)
129     new_color_black_box.grid(row=stored_color.get(), column=4, pady=2, ipadx=5, ipady=5)
130     new_color_box.grid(row=stored_color.get(), column=4)
131
132     #Update the dict stored_colors with the new color tuple and hex values
133     stored_colors[stored_color.get()] = [new_color_tuple.cget("text"),
134     new_color_hex.cget("text")]

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120
121     #Move the radio button stored colors_ to the next value if available
122     if stored_color.get() < 5:
123         stored_color.set(stored_color.get() + 1)
124
125
126 def save_colors():
127     """Output the chosen colors to a txt file."""
128     #Get the directory where the user would like to save
129     file_name = filedialog.asksaveasfilename(initialdir='./', title='Save Colors',
130     filetypes=(('Text', '.txt'),('All Files', '*..*')))
131
132     #open the new file as write
133     with open(file_name, "w") as f:
134         f.write("Color Theme Maker Output\n")
135         for saved_entry in stored_colors.values():
136             f.write(saved_entry[0] + "\n" + saved_entry[1] + "\n\n")
137
138 #Define Layout
139 input_frame = tkinter.LabelFrame(root, padx=5, pady=5)
140 output_frame = tkinter.LabelFrame(root, padx=5, pady=5)
141 input_frame.pack(fill=BOTH, expand=True, padx=5, pady=5)
142 output_frame.pack(fill=BOTH, expand=True, padx=5, pady=5)
143
144 #Setting up the input frame.
145 #Create the labels, sliders, and buttons for each color RGB
146 red_label = tkinter.Label(input_frame, text="R")
147 red_slider = tkinter.Scale(input_frame, from_=0, to=255, command=get_red)
148 red_button = tkinter.Button(input_frame, text="Red", command=lambda:set_color(255,0,0))
149 green_label = tkinter.Label(input_frame, text="G")
150 green_slider = tkinter.Scale(input_frame, from_=0, to=255, command=get_green)
151 green_button = tkinter.Button(input_frame, text="Green",
152 command=lambda:set_color(0,255,0))
153 blue_label = tkinter.Label(input_frame, text="B")
154 blue_slider = tkinter.Scale(input_frame, from_=0, to=255, command=get_blue)
155 blue_button = tkinter.Button(input_frame, text="Blue", command=lambda:set_color(0,0,255))
156
157 #Create buttons for each complimentary color
158 yellow_button = tkinter.Button(input_frame, text="Yellow",
159 command=lambda:set_color(255,255,0))
160 cyan_button = tkinter.Button(input_frame, text="Cyan",
161 command=lambda:set_color(0,255,255))
162 magenta_button = tkinter.Button(input_frame, text="Magenta",
163 command=lambda:set_color(255,0,255))
164
165 #Create utility buttons
166 store_button = tkinter.Button(input_frame, text="Store Color", command=store_color)
167 save_button = tkinter.Button(input_frame, text="Save", command=save_colors)
168 quit_button = tkinter.Button(input_frame, text="Quit", command=root.destroy)
169
170 #Put labels, sliders, and buttons on to the frame....Use ipadx with rbg buttons to
171 define column width, then use sticky on others
172 red_label.grid(row=0, column=0, sticky='W')
173 red_slider.grid(row=1, column=0, sticky='W')
174 red_button.grid(row=2, column=0, padx=1, pady=1, ipadx=20)
175 green_label.grid(row=0, column=1, sticky='W')
176 green_slider.grid(row=1, column=1, sticky='W')
177 green_button.grid(row=2, column=1, padx=1, pady=1, ipadx=15)
178 blue_label.grid(row=0, column=2, sticky='W')
179 blue_slider.grid(row=1, column=2, sticky='W')
180 blue_button.grid(row=2, column=2, padx=1, pady=1, ipadx=18)
181 yellow_button.grid(row=3, column=0, padx=1, pady=1, sticky="WE")
182 cyan_button.grid(row=3, column=1, padx=1, pady=1, sticky="WE")
183 magenta_button.grid(row=3, column=2, padx=1, pady=1, sticky="WE")
184 store_button.grid(row=4, column=0, columnspan=3, padx=1, pady=1, sticky="WE")
185 save_button.grid(row=4, column=3, padx=1, pady=1, sticky="WE")

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181 quit_button.grid(row=4, column=4, padx=1, pady=1, sticky="WE")
182
183 #Create the color box and color labels
184 color_box = tkinter.Label(input_frame, bg='black', height=6, width=15)
185 color_tuple = tkinter.Label(input_frame, text='(0), (0), (0)')
186 color_hex = tkinter.Label(input_frame, text='#000000')
187
188 #Put the color box and labels on the frame.
189 color_box.grid(row=1, column=3, columnspan=2, padx=35, pady=10, ipadx=10, ipady=10)
190 color_tuple.grid(row=2, column=3, columnspan=2)
191 color_hex.grid(row=3, column=3, columnspan=2)
192
193 #Setting up the output frame
194 #Initialize a dictionary to hold all stored colors
195 stored_colors = {}
196 stored_color = IntVar()
197
198 #Create radio buttons to select stored colors and populate each row with placeholder
values
199 for i in range(6):
200     radio = tkinter.Radiobutton(output_frame, variable=stored_color, value=i)
201     radio.grid(row=i, column=0, sticky='W')
202
203     recall_button = tkinter.Button(output_frame, text="Recall Color", state=DISABLED)
204     new_color_tuple = tkinter.Label(output_frame, text="(255), (255), (255)")
205     new_color_hex = tkinter.Label(output_frame, text="#ffffff")
206     new_color_black_box = tkinter.Label(output_frame, bg="black", width=3, height=1)
207     new_color_box = tkinter.Label(output_frame, bg='white', width=3, height=1)
208
209     recall_button.grid(row=i, column=1, padx=20)
210     new_color_tuple.grid(row=i, column=2, padx=20)
211     new_color_hex.grid(row=i, column=3, padx=20)
212     new_color_black_box.grid(row=i, column=4, pady=2, ipadx=5, ipady=5)
213     new_color_box.grid(row=i, column=4)
214
215     #.cget() returns the value of a specific option. Store the text value of the tuple
label and hex label
216     stored_colors[stored_color.get()] = [new_color_tuple.cget('text'),
new_color_hex.cget('text')]
217
218 #Initialize the starting values for the color box display
219 red_value = "00"
220 green_value = "00"
221 blue_value = "00"
222
223 #Run the root window's main loop
224 root.mainloop()

```