- 1(a) List four legal identifier names.
 - length
 - firstName
 - Quantity3
 - ch7gu
- 1(b) List four illegal identifier names and explain why each is illegal.
 - first Name
 - 3quantity
 - int
 - firstName
- 2(a) In two statements, declare a variable named numBeads and assign it the value 5 int numBeads;

```
numBeads = 5;
```

- 2(b) In one statements, declare a variable named numBeads and assign it the value 5 int numBeads = 5;
- 3(a) What is the final value of yourNumber after the last statement executes?

```
Int myNumber = 5;
```

```
Int yourNumber =4;
```

myNumber = yourNumber * 2;

yourNumber = myNumber + 5;

```
yourNumber = 4 \rightarrow 4 * 2 = 8 \rightarrow myNumber = 8 myNumber = 8 \rightarrow 8 + 5 = 13 \rightarrow yourNumber = 13 yourNumber = (13)
```

3(b) What is the final value of yourNumber after the last statement executes?

Int myNumber;

```
Int yourNumber = 4;
```

myNumber = yourNumber +7;

yourNumber =myNumber;

```
yourNumber = 4 \rightarrow 4 + 7 = 11 \rightarrow myNumber = 11
myNumber = 11 \rightarrow 11(0) \rightarrow yourNumber = 11
yourNumber = (11)
```

- 4. Determine the appropriate data type for each of the following values:
 - a) The number of basketballs in a department store. int
 - b) The price of a basketballs double

- c) The number of players on a basketball team int
- d) The average age of the players on a basketball team int
- e) Whether a basketball player has received a jersey or not int
- f) The first initial of a basketball player's first name.

5.

- a) What is the difference between a primitive data type and an abstract data type? Primitive data type stores a single piece of data (Ex: int, double, char and boolean) And Abstract data type data and methods for performing actions on that data.
- b) What is the difference between a class and an object? A class defines the structure and behavior that objects of its type will possess, while an object is only that one instance of that definition of the class.
- 11. Using the following declarations, rewrite the statements to include the appropriate type casting, rounding where necessary. If type casting is not necessary, explain why:

Int j = 5; double k = 1.6; Int y; Double z;

- a) y = j * k
- b) z = j * k
- 1. Y = 5 * 1.6 =8
- 2. Z = 5 * 1.6 =8.0