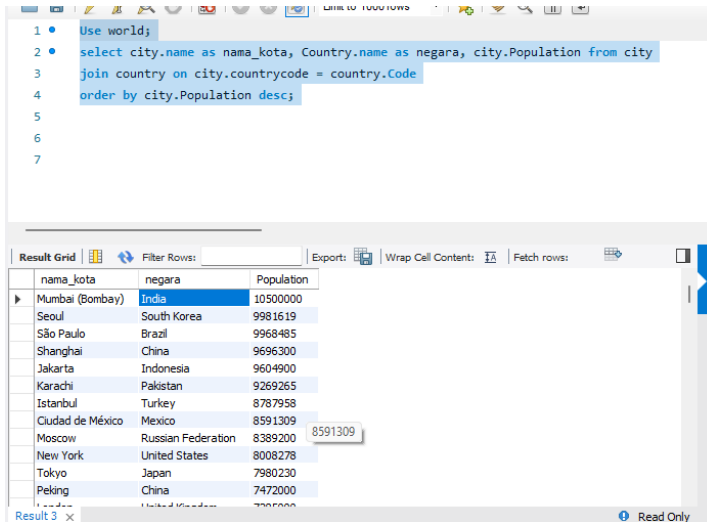


1. Use world;

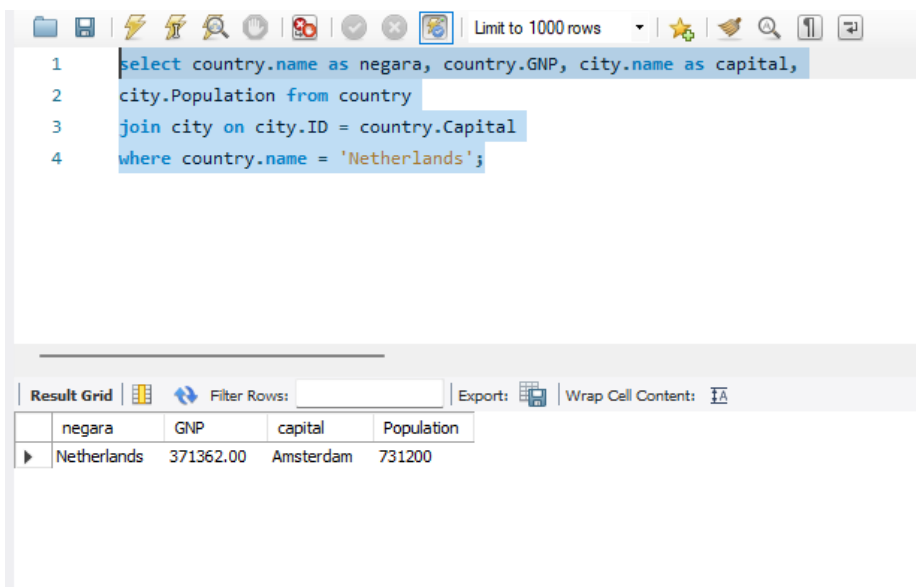
```
select city.name as nama_kota, Country.name as negara, city.Population from city  
join country on city.countrycode = country.Code  
order by city.Population desc;
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with a query that selects city names, country names, and city populations, ordered by population in descending order. The results are displayed in a table with columns: nama_kota, negara, and Population.

| nama_kota | negara | Population |
|------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Mumbai (Bombay) | India | 10500000 |
| Seoul | South Korea | 9981619 |
| São Paulo | Brazil | 9968485 |
| Shanghai | China | 9696300 |
| Jakarta | Indonesia | 9604900 |
| Karachi | Pakistan | 9269265 |
| Istanbul | Turkey | 8787958 |
| Ciudad de México | Mexico | 8591309 |
| Moscow | Russian Federation | 8389200 |
| New York | United States | 8008278 |
| Tokyo | Japan | 7980230 |
| Peking | China | 7472000 |
| London | United Kingdom | 7300000 |

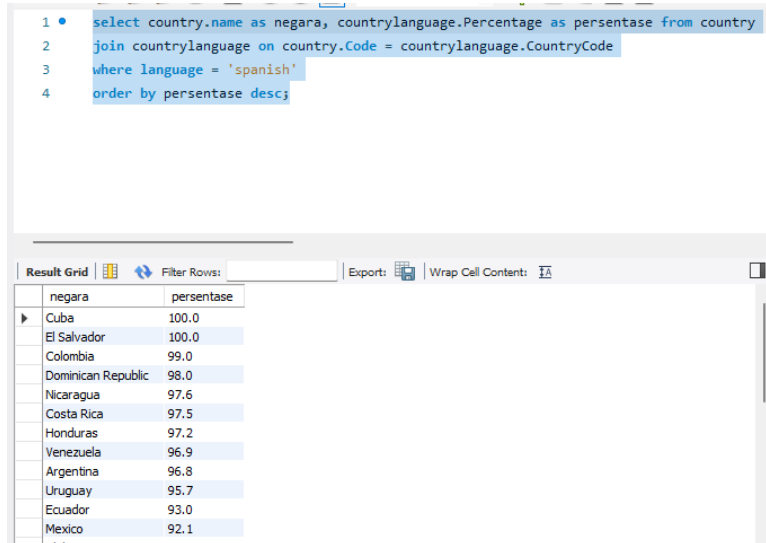
2. select country.name as negara, country.GNP, city.name as capital,
city.Population from country
join city on city.ID = country.Capital
where country.name = 'Netherlands';



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with a query that selects country name, GNP, city name, and city population for the Netherlands. The results are displayed in a table with columns: negara, GNP, capital, and Population.

| negara | GNP | capital | Population |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Netherlands | 371362.00 | Amsterdam | 731200 |

3. `select country.name as negara, countrylanguage.Percentage as persentase from country
join countrylanguage on country.Code = countrylanguage.CountryCode
where language = 'spanish'
order by persentase desc;`



```
1 • select country.name as negara, countrylanguage.Percentage as persentase from country
2 join countrylanguage on country.Code = countrylanguage.CountryCode
3 where language = 'spanish'
4 order by persentase desc;
```

| negara | persentase |
|--------------------|------------|
| Cuba | 100.0 |
| El Salvador | 100.0 |
| Colombia | 99.0 |
| Dominican Republic | 98.0 |
| Nicaragua | 97.6 |
| Costa Rica | 97.5 |
| Honduras | 97.2 |
| Venezuela | 96.9 |
| Argentina | 96.8 |
| Uruguay | 95.7 |
| Ecuador | 93.0 |
| Mexico | 92.1 |

4. `select country.name as negara, country.GNP, city.name as ibu_kota,
city.population as populasi, countrylanguage.language as bahasa from country
join city on country.capital = city.ID
join countrylanguage on country.code = countrylanguage.CountryCode
where country.name = 'Indonesia' and IsOfficial = 'T';`



```
1 • select country.name as negara, country.GNP, city.name as ibu_kota,
2 city.population as populasi, countrylanguage.language as bahasa from country
3 join city on country.capital = city.ID
4 join countrylanguage on country.code = countrylanguage.CountryCode
5 where country.name = 'Indonesia' and IsOfficial = 'T';
```

| negara | GNP | ibu_kota | populasi | bahasa |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|
| Indonesia | 84982.00 | Jakarta | 9604900 | Malay |

5. `select continent, count(name) as jumlah_negara from country
group by continent
having jumlah_negara > (select count(name) from country where continent = 'North America');`

```

1 • select continent, count(name) as jumlah_negara from country
2   group by continent
3   having jumlah_negara > (select count(name) from country where continent = 'North America');

```

| continent | jumlah_negara |
|-----------|---------------|
| Asia | 51 |
| Africa | 58 |
| Europe | 46 |

6. select name, GNP from country
 where continent = 'Asia' and GNP > (select avg(GNP) from country
 where continent = 'Europe')
 order by GNP desc;

```

1 • select name, GNP from country
2   where continent = 'Asia' and GNP > (select avg(GNP) from country
3   where continent = 'Europe')
4   order by GNP desc;

```

| name | GNP |
|-------------|------------|
| Japan | 3787042.00 |
| China | 982268.00 |
| India | 447114.00 |
| South Korea | 320749.00 |
| Taiwan | 256254.00 |
| Turkey | 210721.00 |

7. Select count(distinct region) as jumlah_region, continent from country
 group by continent
 having continent like '%a' and
 count(distinct region) > (select count(distinct region) from country
 where continent = 'Asia');

```

1 • select count(distinct region) as jumlah_region, continent from country
2   group by continent
3   having continent like '%a' and
4   count(distinct region) > (select count(distinct region) from country
5   where continent = 'Asia');
6

```

| jumlah_region | continent |
|---------------|-----------|
| 5 | Africa |
| 5 | Oceania |