

Metody Komputerowe w Spalaniu

Project 1

Ignition delay in three mixtures: hydrogen - air, methane - air and ethane - air

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Theoretical introduction

Autoignition theory

A vessel of volume V and of a constant wall temperature T_0 contains a mixture of a flammable gas and air. In the vessel a chemical reaction occurs at speed W measured by how many moles of the product of the oxidation X appear in a second in the volume unit.

$$W = \frac{dX}{dt} = k_0 \exp\left(\frac{-E}{RT}\right) p^n$$

where:

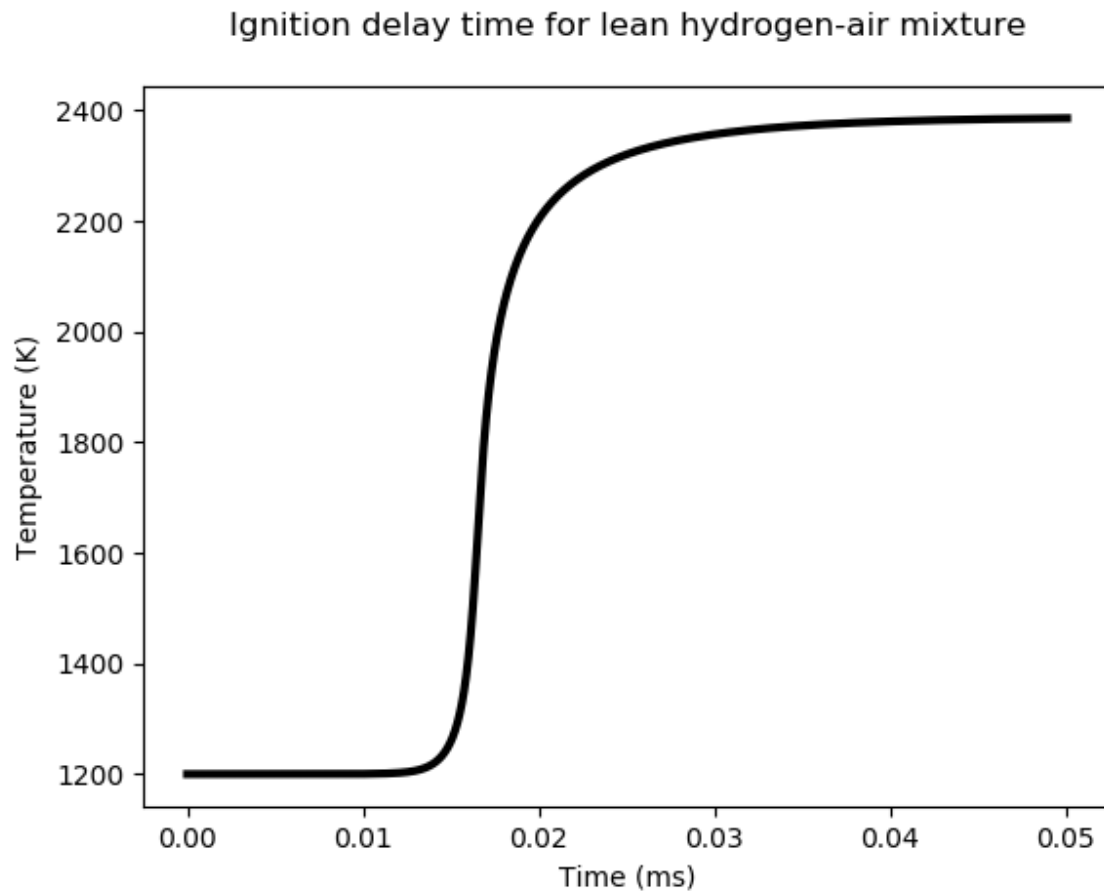
1. k_0 - reaction rate constant
2. p - partial pressure of the combustible gas
3. n - order of the chemical reaction
4. $\exp(\frac{-E}{RT})$ - Arrhenius function, which expresses the effect of temperature on the reaction speed
5. R - gas constant
6. E - activation energy
7. t - time
8. T - temperature of the mixture

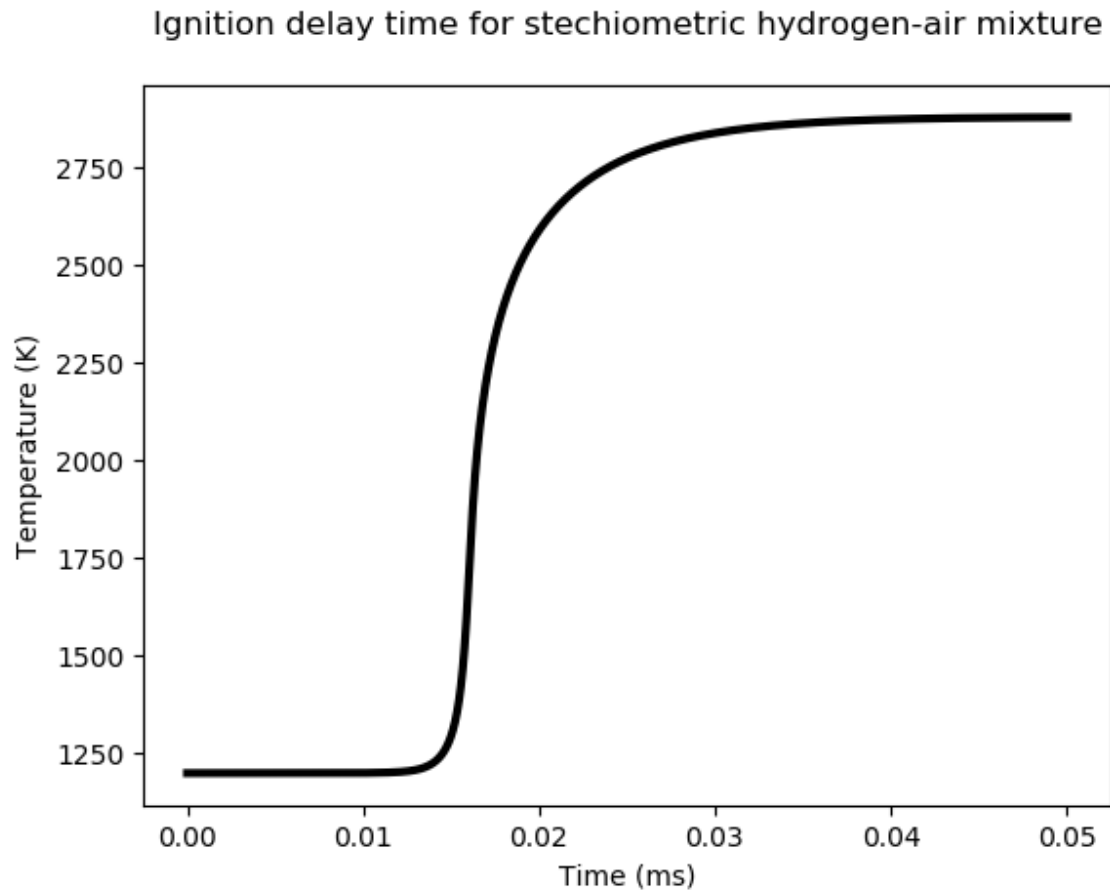
Description of the code

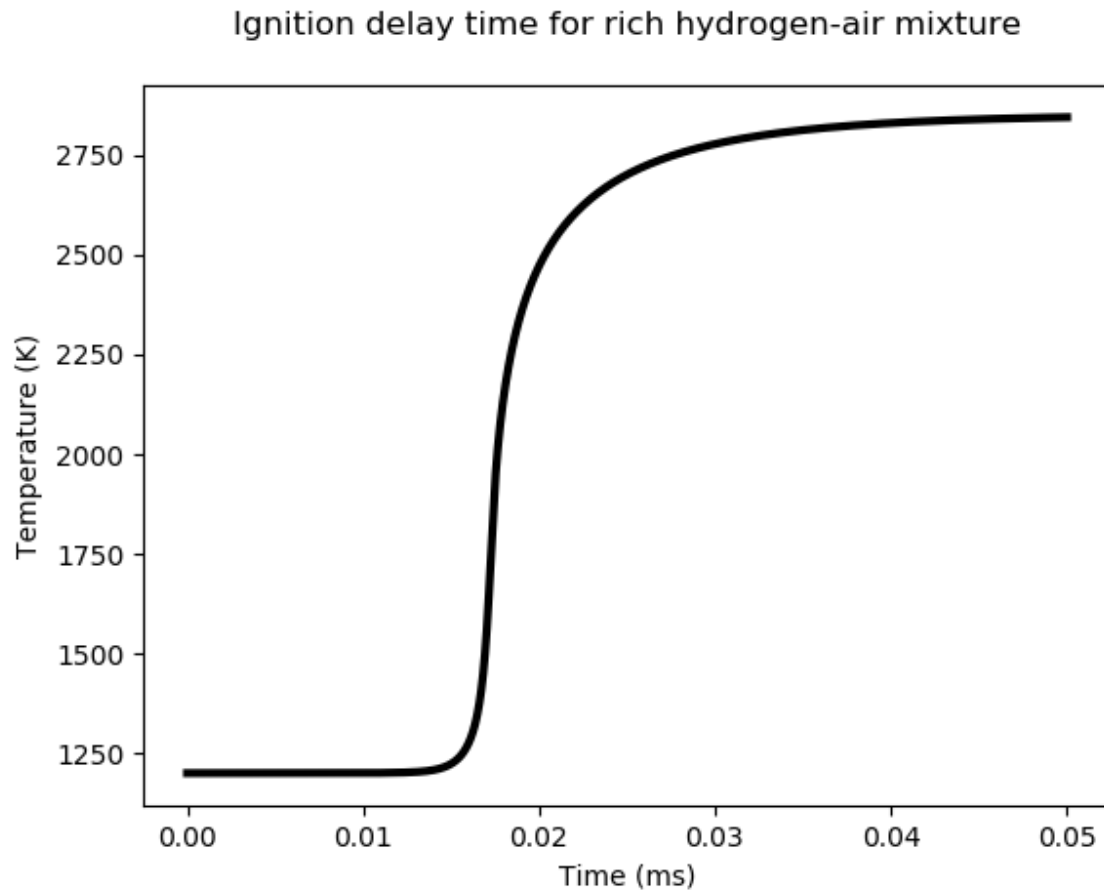
The project consists in making a comparison of the ignition delay time of three different gaseous mixtures that have three different concentrations of the flammable gas in air. The table beneath represents mole ratios of the gas in mixtures, considering that oxygen is 1.0 and nitrogen 3.76.

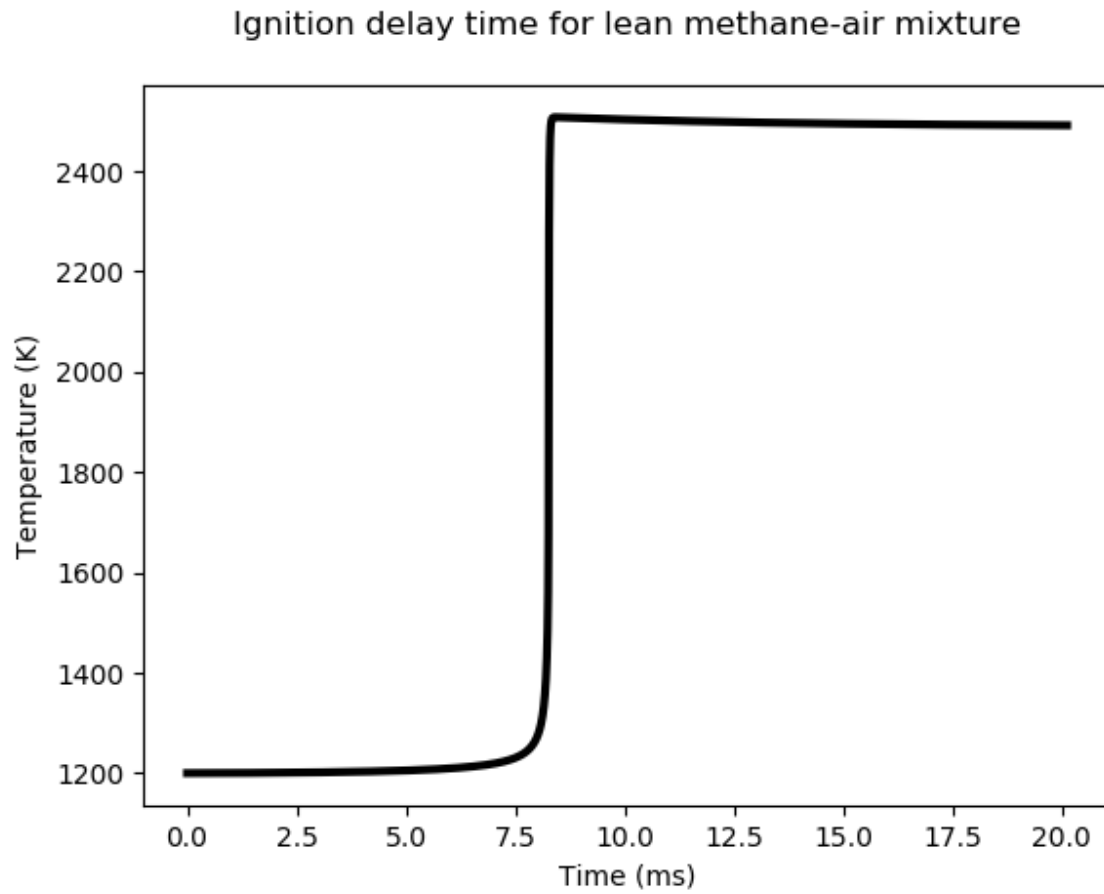
	<i>Hydrogen</i>	<i>Methane</i>	<i>Ethane</i>
<i>lean</i>	1	0.35	0.15
<i>close – to – stoichiometric</i>	2	0.5	0.28
<i>rich</i>	3	0.65	0.41

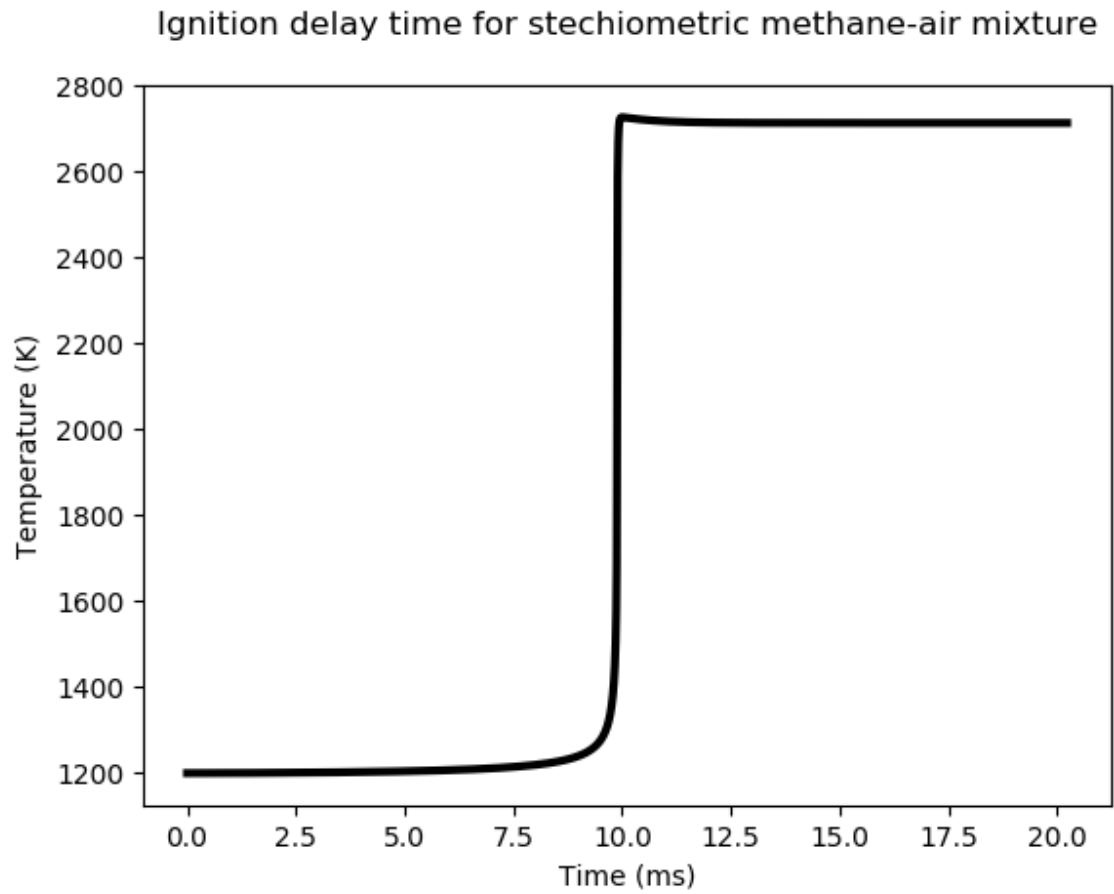
Results

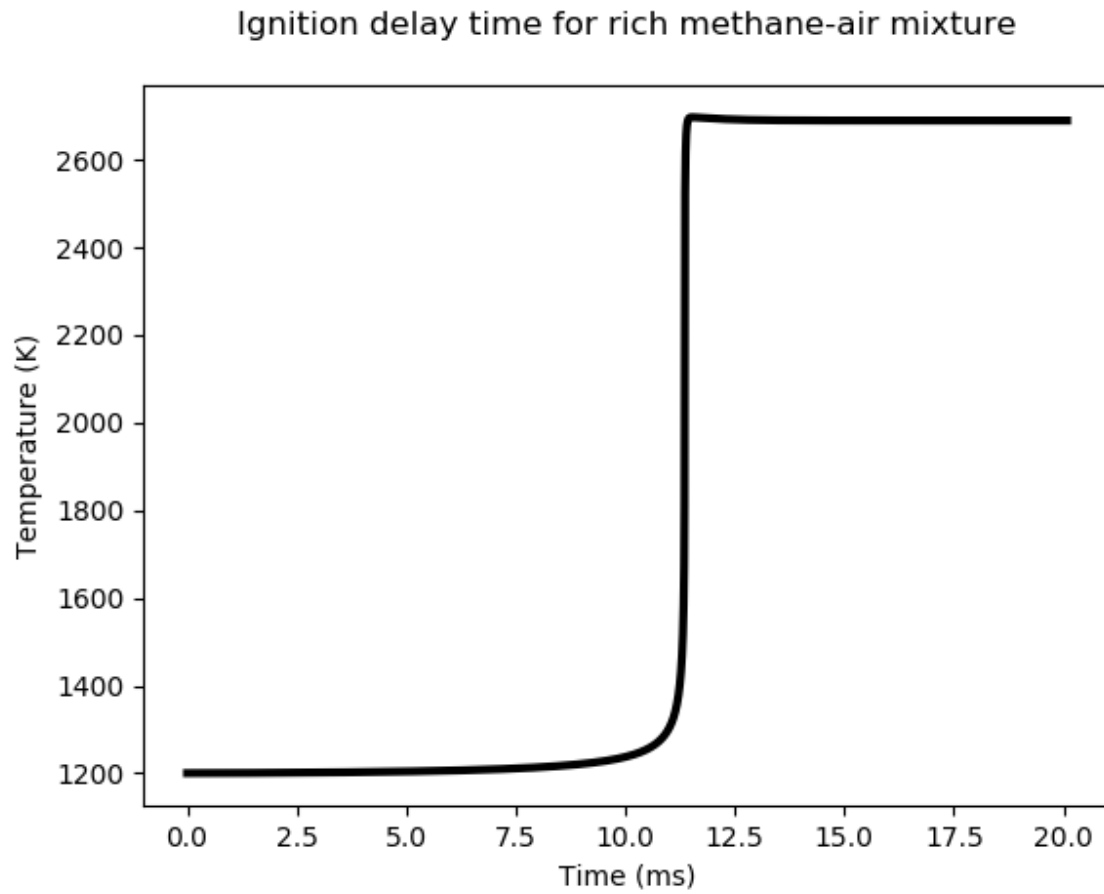




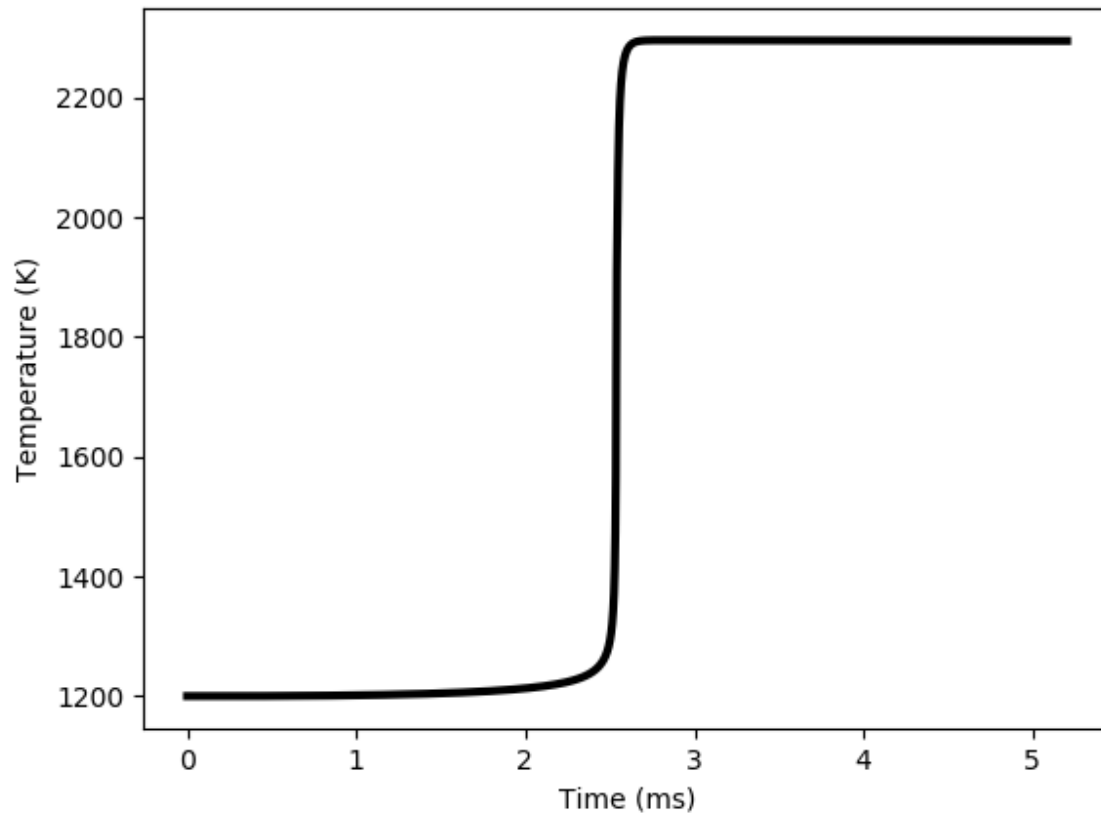


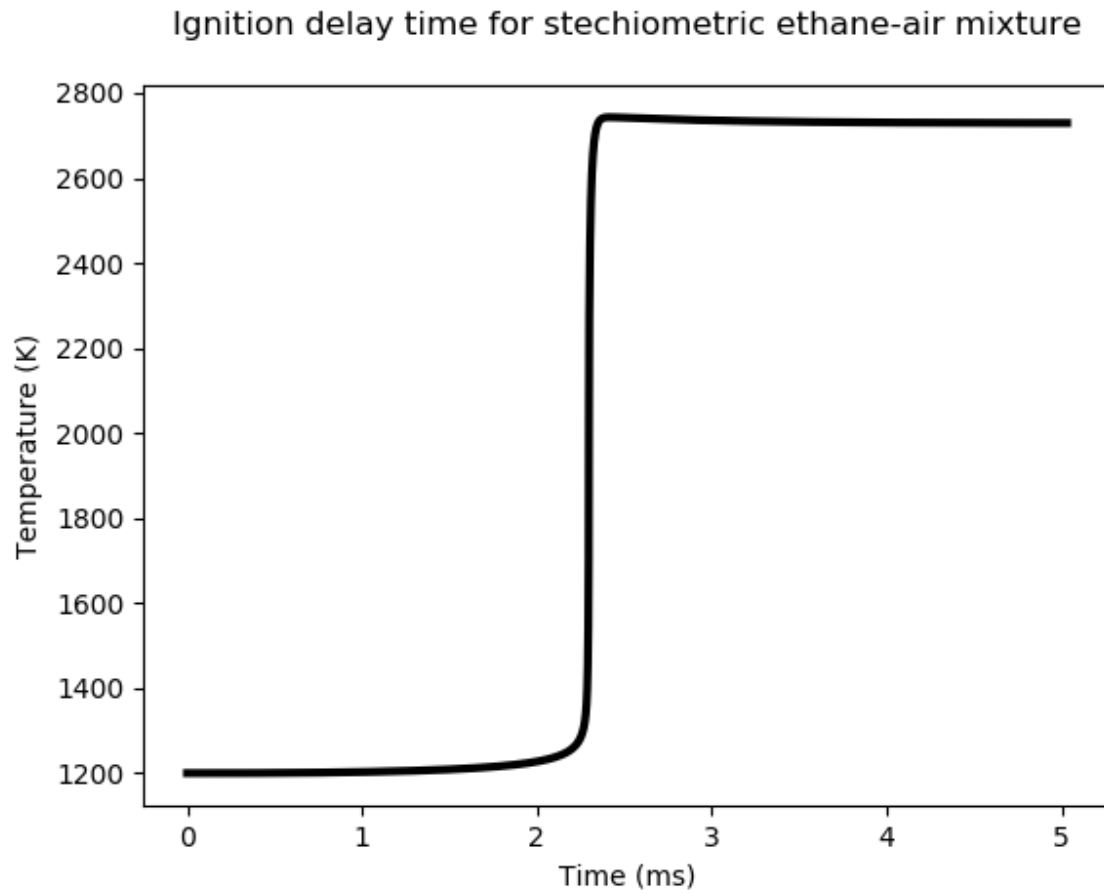




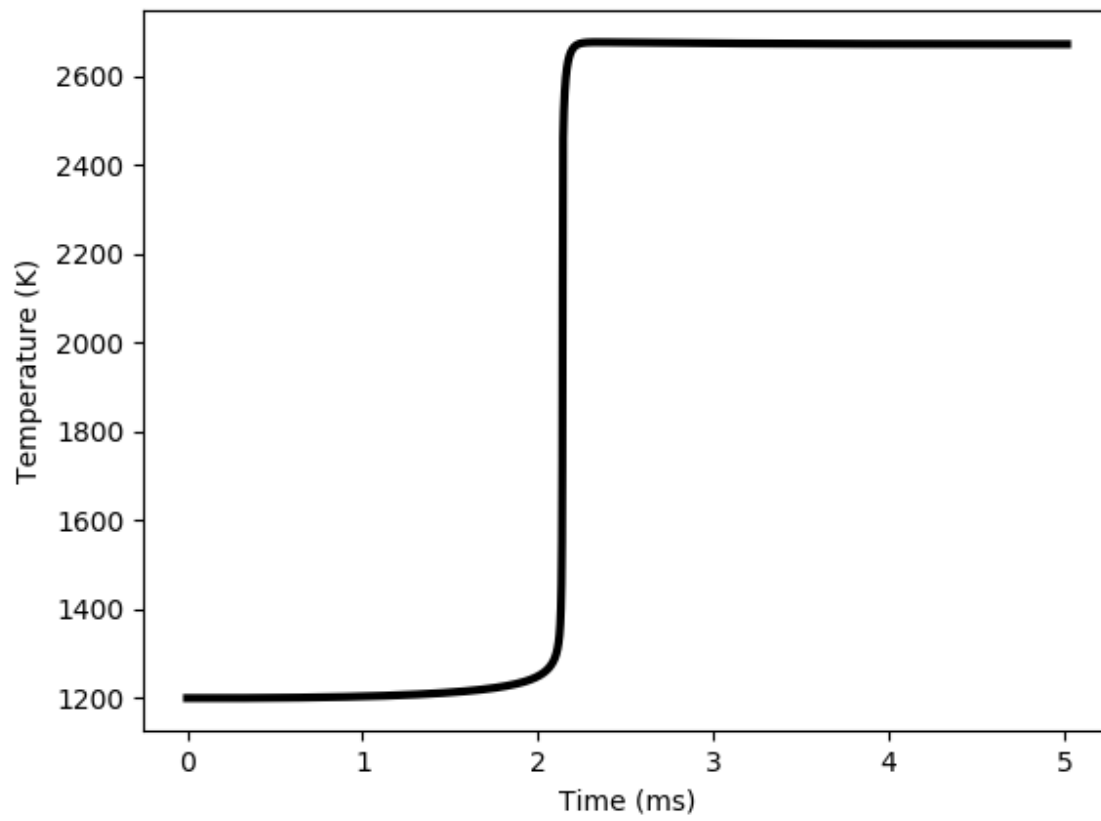


Ignition delay time for lean ethane-air mixture





Ignition delay time for rich ethane-air mixture



Bibliography

- Marian Gieras - "Spalanie - wybrane zagadnienia w zadaniach"
- www.cantera.org