

自动化生成漏洞复现环境 与大规模高精确度的漏洞信息获取

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<https://github.com/hust-open-atom-club/S2VulnHub>

漏洞复现是缓解漏洞的关键步骤



漏洞生命周期

- 发现异常
- 漏洞分类和优先级确定
- 漏洞解决，发布安全补丁
- 发布最终安全报告

漏洞复现

- 确定漏洞存在最准确的方式
- 详细了解漏洞的触发条件和潜在后果
 - 生成安全补丁
 - 评估漏洞危险性
 - 促进漏洞检测和漏洞防御

漏洞复现提升漏洞数据库质量



Known Affected Software Configurations [Switch to CPE 2.2](#)

Configuration 1 ([hide](#))

✖ cpe:2.3:a:jasper_project:jasper:*:*:*:*:*:*	Up to (excluding)
Show Matching CPE(s)▼	1.900.30

Configuration 1 ([hide](#))

✖ cpe:2.3:o:linux:linux_kernel:*:*:*:*:*:*	Up to (excluding)	
Show Matching CPE(s)▼	6.5.13	
✖ cpe:2.3:o:linux:linux_kernel:*:*:*:*:*:*	From (including)	Up to (excluding)
Show Matching CPE(s)▼	6.6	6.6.3

- 确定漏洞影响的软件版本信息，但静态方法误报率较高
- 提升开源漏洞数据库质量
- 辅助 SBOM 和 SCA 等软件供应链安全保障技术

漏洞复现需要人力和专业知识



用户态漏洞

- 漏洞软件获取
- 软件依赖获取
- 编译命令获取
- PoC 获取

内核态漏洞

- 内核源码获取
- 设置编译选项并编译内核
- PoC 获取

Docker — 最方便的漏洞复现方式



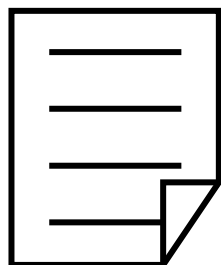
- Docker 可以很好地解决环境配置问题。容器不是模拟一个完整的操作系统，而是对进程进行隔离。
- Vulhub 是一个面向大众的开源漏洞靶场，无需 docker 知识，简单执行一条命令即可编译、运行一个完整的漏洞靶场镜像。
- Vulhub 的漏洞集中于Web应用，而我们希望关注 Linux 中用户态软件和 Linux 内核的内存漏洞。

Docker — 最方便的漏洞复现方式

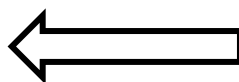


如何降低漏洞复现的门槛?

- 将漏洞环境打包为 docker

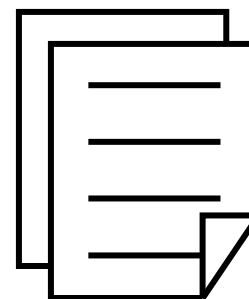


Dockerfile



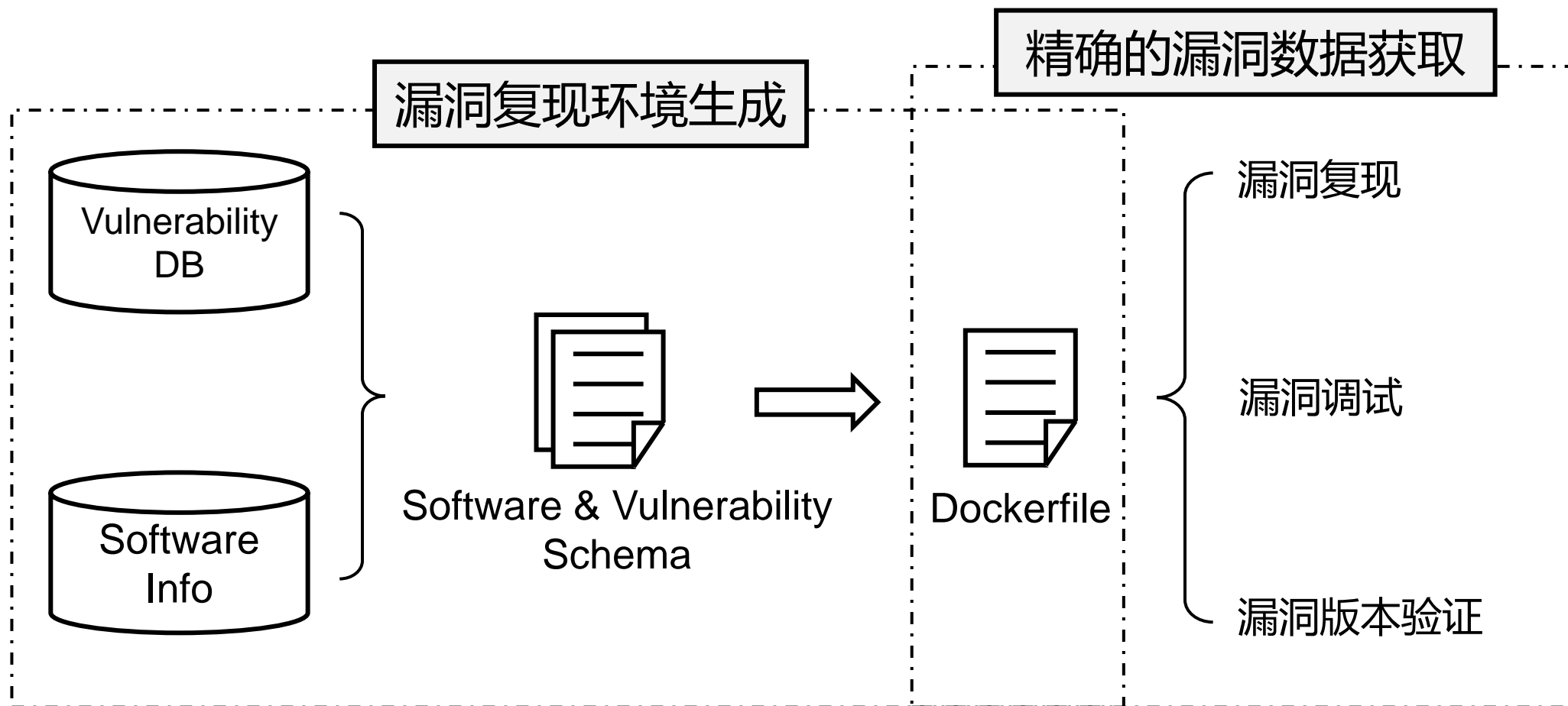
如何自动化 Dockerfile 的生成?

- 将必要信息存储到模板



Software & Vulnerability
Schema

S2VulHub 系统设计



Software Schema



- 软件依赖，软件获取，编译命令

```
{  
  "schema_version": "1.0",  
  "name": "jasper",  
  "environment": {  
    "distro": "ubuntu",  
    "dependencies": ["autoconf", "pkg-config", "libtool"]  
  },  
  "software": {  
    "source": "github",  
    "user": "jasper-software",  
    "repo": "jasper"  
  },  
  "build": "autoreconf -i\nCFLAGS='-std=c99 -fsanitize=address -fsanitize=undefined' ./configure\nmake -j"  
} ✨
```


Vulnerability Schema



- CVE ID, 漏洞软件, 软件版本, PoC

```
{  
  "schema_version": "1.0",  
  "id": "CVE-2016-9560",  
  "category": "jasper",  
  "version": "4786a1392bb13013ac1ca9020096f48abdac6107",  
  "trigger": {  
    "poc": "https://github.com/asarubbo/poc/raw/master/00047-jasper-stackoverflow-jpc\_tsfb\_getbands2",  
    "guide": "./src/appl/iminfo -f 00047-jasper-stackoverflow-jpc_tsfb_getbands2"  
  }  
}
```

Dockerfile 生成



```
1 FROM ubuntu:16.04
2 RUN sed -i "s@http://.*archive.ubuntu.com@http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/@g" /etc/apt/sources.list
3 RUN sed -i "s@http://.*security.ubuntu.com@http://mirrors.ustc.edu.cn/@g" /etc/apt/sources.list
4 ARG DEBIAN_FRONTEND=noninteractive
5 RUN apt update && apt install -y iputils-ping wget git vim build-essential cmake unzip
6 RUN apt install -y autoconf pkg-config libtool
7 WORKDIR /root
8 RUN git clone https://github.com/jasper-software/jasper
9 WORKDIR /root/jasper
10 RUN git checkout 4786a1392bb13013ac1ca9020096f48abdac6107 build.sh
11 RUN echo -n YXV0b3JlY29uZiAtaQpDRkxBR1M9Jy1zdGQ9Yzk5IC1mc2FuaXRpemU9YWVWRkcmVzcyAtZnNhbm10aXplPXVuZ
12 RUN wget https://github.com/asarubbo/poc/raw/master/00047-jasper-stackoverflow-jpc_tsfb_getbands2
13 RUN echo -n Li9zcmMvYXBwbC9pbWdpbmZvIC1mIDAwMDQ3LWphc3Blci1zdGFja292ZXJmbG93LWpwY190c2ZiX2dldGJhb
14 RUN bash build.sh trigger.sh
15 CMD ["/bin/bash"]
```

漏洞版本验证



自动启动容器并运行 PoC，根据容器退出状态和错误输出判断漏洞存在性

- 输入：CVE-ID，软件版本
- 输出：指定版本软件是否存在漏洞

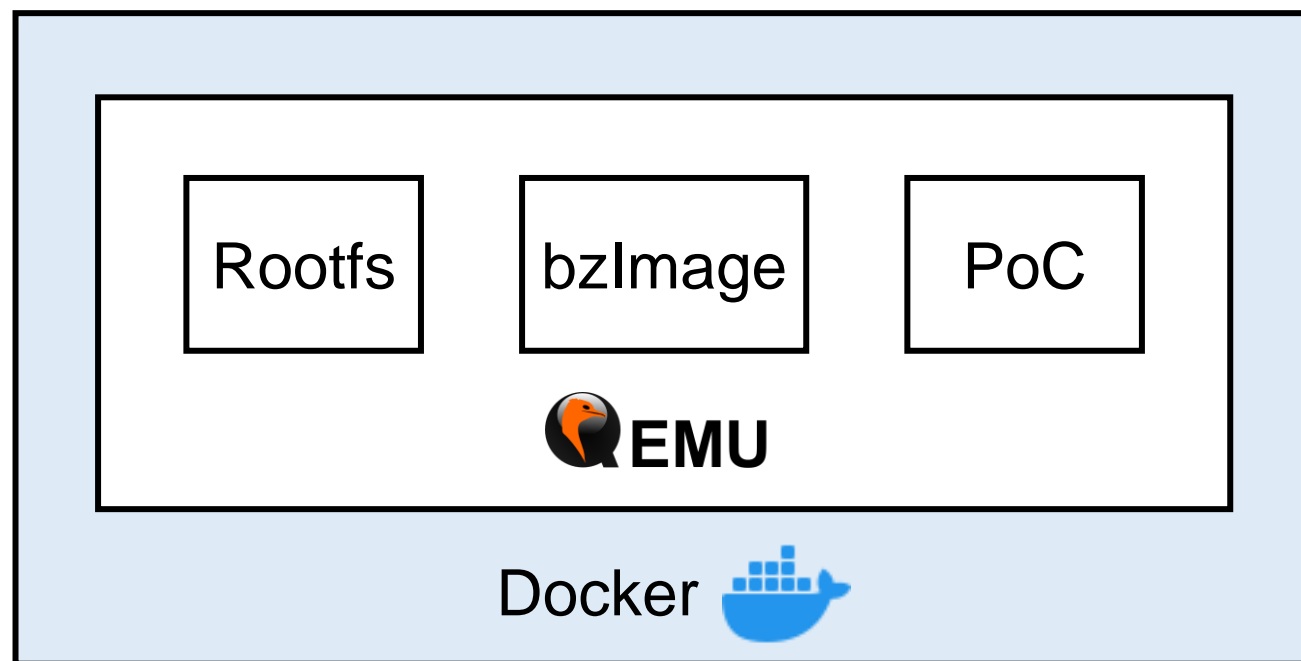
二分法确定漏洞影响版本 (Bisection)



内核态漏洞复现



- QEMU 是一款开源的模拟器及虚拟机监管器，可以模拟启动 Linux 系统。
- Rootfs 是操作系统在启动和运行时使用的主要文件系统，是系统能够启动、运行并提供基本功能的基础。



内核编译选项



bzImage = source code + config, 确保漏洞模块被编译进内核

(a) Vulnerable Code Snippet

```
#ifdef CONFIG_COMPAT
...
void xt_compat_target_from_user(...)
{
    ...
    target->compat_from_user(t->data, ct->data);
    else
        memcpy(t->data, ct->data, tsize - sizeof(*ct));
    ...
}
```

(c) Related Makefiles

```
net/Makefile:      obj-$(CONFIG_NETFILTER) += netfilter/
net/netfilter/Makefile: obj-$(CONFIG_NETFILTER_XTABLES) += x_tables.o
```

(d) Related Kconfig Files

```
[net/netfilter/Kconfig]
menu "Core Netfilter Configuration"
    depends on NET && !NET_IP6TABLES
```

```
[net/Kconfig]
if NET
    config TNET
```

使用 kconfiglib 库处理 Kconfig 依赖关系并自动生成 config

(b) Patch

```
diff --git a/net/netfilter/x_tables.c b/net/netfilter/x_tables.c
index 1126,9..1123,6
--- a/net/netfilter/x_tables.c
+++ b/net/netfilter/x_tables.c
@@ -1126,9 +1123,6 @@ void xt_compat_target_from_user(...)
{
    target->compat_from_user(t->data, ct->data);
    else
        memcpy(t->data, ct->data, tsize - sizeof(*ct));
-   pad = XT_ALIGN(target->targetsize) - target->targetsize;
-   if (pad > 0)
-       memset(t->data + target->targetsize, 0, pad);
    ...
}
```

CONFIG_BPF CONFIG_IP6_NF_IPTABLES

(f) PoC Snippet

```
data.match.u.user.match_size = (sizeof(data.match) + sizeof(data.pad));
strcpy(data.match.u.user.name, "icmp6");
data.match.u.user.revision = 0;
data.target.u.user.target_size = sizeof(data.target);
strcpy(data.target.u.user.name, "NFQUEUE");
data.target.u.user.revision = 1;
```

CONFIG_NETFILTER_XT_TARGET_NFQUEUE

内核漏洞复现



编译内核 + 启动QEMU + 运行 PoC

```
[ 92.084633][ T2560] br0: port 1(eth0) entered disabled state
[ 92.224293][ T2560] -----[ cut here ]-----
[ 92.225742][ T2560] WARNING: CPU: 1 PID: 2560 at net/netfilter/core.c:463 __nf_unregister_net_hook+0x0
[ 92.228775][ T2560] Modules linked in:
[ 92.229591][ T2560] CPU: 1 PID: 2560 Comm: kworker/u4:4 Not tainted 5.10.0 #1
[ 92.231310][ T2560] Hardware name: QEMU Standard PC (i440FX + PIIX, 1996), BIOS 1.13.0-1ubuntu1.1 04/4
[ 92.234846][ T2560] Workqueue: netns cleanup_net
[ 92.236147][ T2560] RIP: 0010: __nf_unregister_net_hook+0x258/0x280
[ 92.236979][ T2560] Code: 0f 85 10 ff ff ff e8 b7 a2 e4 ff 4c 89 ff e8 9f e5 cd fd 48 63 43 1c 83 f8 1
[ 92.240447][ T2560] RSP: 0018: ffff8880143578d8 EFLAGS: 00010246
[ 92.241389][ T2560] RAX: 0000000000000000 RBX: ffff8880ca63590 RCX: ffffffff8397d9b4
[ 92.242527][ T2560] RDX: dffffc0000000000 RSI: ffffffff84ab8b00 RDI: ffff8880187f23b0
[ 92.243615][ T2560] RBP: 0000000000000005 R08: 0000000000000000 R09: ffff8bfff0de8281
[ 92.244810][ T2560] R10: ffff8880143578d8 R11: ffff8bfff0de8280 R12: ffff8880187f23b0
[ 92.246076][ T2560] R13: ffffffff85603bc0 R14: 0000000000000000 R15: ffff8880ca635ac
[ 92.247219][ T2560] FS: 0000000000000000(0000) GS: ffff88806cd00000(0000) knlGS: 0000000000000000
[ 92.249155][ T2560] CS: 0010 DS: 0000 ES: 0000 CR0: 0000000080050033
[ 92.250191][ T2560] CR2: 00007f997bf35ec0 CR3: 000000001435d000 CR4: 00000000000006e0
[ 92.252738][ T2560] Call Trace:
[ 92.253563][ T2560] ? __warn+0x9c/0x110
[ 92.254594][ T2560] ? __nf_unregister_net_hook+0x258/0x280
[ 92.256525][ T2560] ? report_bug+0x114/0x140
[ 92.257982][ T2560] ? handle_bug+0x4a/0x90
[ 92.258723][ T2560] ? exc_invalid_op+0x14/0x70
[ 92.259399][ T2560] ? asm_exc_invalid_op+0x12/0x20
```

```
🔗 Dockerfile [master] ⚡ docker exec -it b0d2 /bin/bash
root@b0d205cdad35:~/CVE-2023-0179# ./connectvm
Warning: Permanently added '[localhost]:31696' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
Linux syzkaller 5.10.0 #1 SMP PREEMPT Mon Mar 11 20:20:09 CST 2024 x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Thu May 23 06:17:27 2024 from 10.0.2.2
root@syzkaller:~# ./poc
1322+1 records in
1322+1 records out
677337 bytes (677 kB, 661 KiB) copied, 0.00858991 s, 78.9 MB/s
_poc
setup.sh
[+] Dropping into network namespace
Choose an option:
  1. Leak kernel TEXT address and regs address
  2. Run the exploit
[+] Setting up the network namespace environment
[+] Created table mytable
[+] Created base chain base_chain
```

Web 服务 — 漏洞信息 + 复现环境展示



S2Vulhub漏洞复现平台

CVE编号:

漏洞信息

CVE编号:

CVE-2016-9560

漏洞类别:

jasper

漏洞版本:

4786a1392bb13013ac1ca9020096f48a
bdac6107

漏洞证明:

https://github.com/asarubbo/poc/raw/master/00047-jasper-stackoverflow-jpc_tsfb_getbands2

漏洞复现:

./src/appl/imginfo -f 00047-jasper-stackoverflow-jpc_tsfb_getbands2

连接服务 关闭连接 返回

```
=====
==5903==ERROR: AddressSanitizer: stack-buffer-overflow on address 0x7ffc44402b00 at pc 0x7fc92a1c86ac bp 0x7ffc44401b70 sp 0x7ffc44401b60
WRITE of size 4 at 0x7ffc44402b00 thread T0
#0 0x7fc92a1c86ab in jpc_tsfb_getbands2 (/root/jasper/src/libjasper/.libs/libjasper.so.1+0x3bc6ab)
#1 0x7fc92a1c85fb in jpc_tsfb_getbands2 (/root/jasper/src/libjasper/.libs/libjasper.so.1+0x3bc5fb)
#2 0x7fc92a1c7d76 in jpc_tsfb_getbands (/root/jasper/src/libjasper/.libs/libjasper.so.1+0x3bbd76)
#3 0x7fc92a1097fa in jpc_dec_tileinit (/root/jasper/src/libjasper/.libs/libjasper.so.1+0x2fd7fa)
#4 0x7fc92a10756e in jpc_dec_process_sod (/root/jasper/src/libjasper/.libs/libjasper.so.1+0x2fb56e)
#5 0x7fc92a105c4d in jpc_dec_decode (/root/jasper/src/libjasper/.libs/libjasper.so.1+0x2f9c4d)
#6 0x7fc92a104c6b in jpc_decode (/root/jasper/src/libjasper/.libs/libjasper.so.1+0x2f8c6b)
#7 0x7fc92a0950e7 in jas_image_decode (/root/jasper/src/libjasper/.libs/libjasper.so.1+0x2890e7)
#8 0x401312 in main (/root/jasper/src/appl/.libs/lt-imginfo+0x401312)
#9 0x7fc928d5583f in __libc_start_main (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6+0x2083f)
#10 0x400f18 in _start (/root/jasper/src/appl/.libs/lt-imginfo+0x400f18)

Address 0x7ffc44402b00 is located in stack of thread T0 at offset 3104 in frame
#0 0x7fc92a108804 in jpc_dec_tileinit (/root/jasper/src/libjasper/.libs/libjasper.so.1+0x2fc804)

This frame has 1 object(s):
[32, 3104) 'bands' <== Memory access at offset 3104 overflows this variable
HINT: this may be a false positive if your program uses some custom stack unwind mechanism or swapcontext
(longjmp and C++ exceptions *are* supported)
SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: stack-buffer-overflow ??:0 jpc_tsfb_getbands2
Shadow bytes around the buggy address:
0x100008878510: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x100008878520: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x100008878530: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x100008878540: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x100008878550: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
=>0x100008878560: [f3]f3 f3 f3 f3 f3 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x100008878570: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x100008878580: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 f1 f1 f1 00 04
0x100008878590: f4 f4 f3 f3 f3 f3 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x1000088785a0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x1000088785b0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Shadow byte legend (one shadow byte represents 8 application bytes):
Addressable: 00
Partially addressable: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
Heap left redzone: fa
Heap right redzone: fb
Freed heap region: fd
Stack left redzone: f1
Stack mid redzone: f2
Stack right redzone: f3
Stack partial redzone: f4
Stack after return: f5
Stack use after scope: f8
Global redzone: f9
Global init order: f6
Poisoned by user: f7
Container overflow: fc
Array cookie: ac
Intra object redzone: bb
ASan internal: fe
==5903==ABORTING
root@8b88809f258a:~/jasper#
```

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开源贡献



网站提交

S2Vulhub

提交生成CVE_DockerFile

* schema_version

* CVEid

* category

version

* poc

* guide

Create

Reset

Github 提交 PR

<https://github.com/hust-open-atom-club/S2VulnHub>

Filters

☒ Clear current search query, filters, and sorts

☐ 0 Open

☒ 6 Closed

☐ 添加lrzip和相关CVE

#6 by Yeeyooo was merged 15 hours ago

☐ Revise PR#4

#5 by JingJing1016 was merged 2 days ago

☐ update cve of podofo

#4 by ffish120 was merged 2 days ago

☐ 添加和jasper相关的CVE

#3 by Yeeyooo was merged 2 days ago

☐ add luaJIT and imageworsener CVEs and Dockerfiles

#2 by Yeeyooo was merged 2 weeks ago

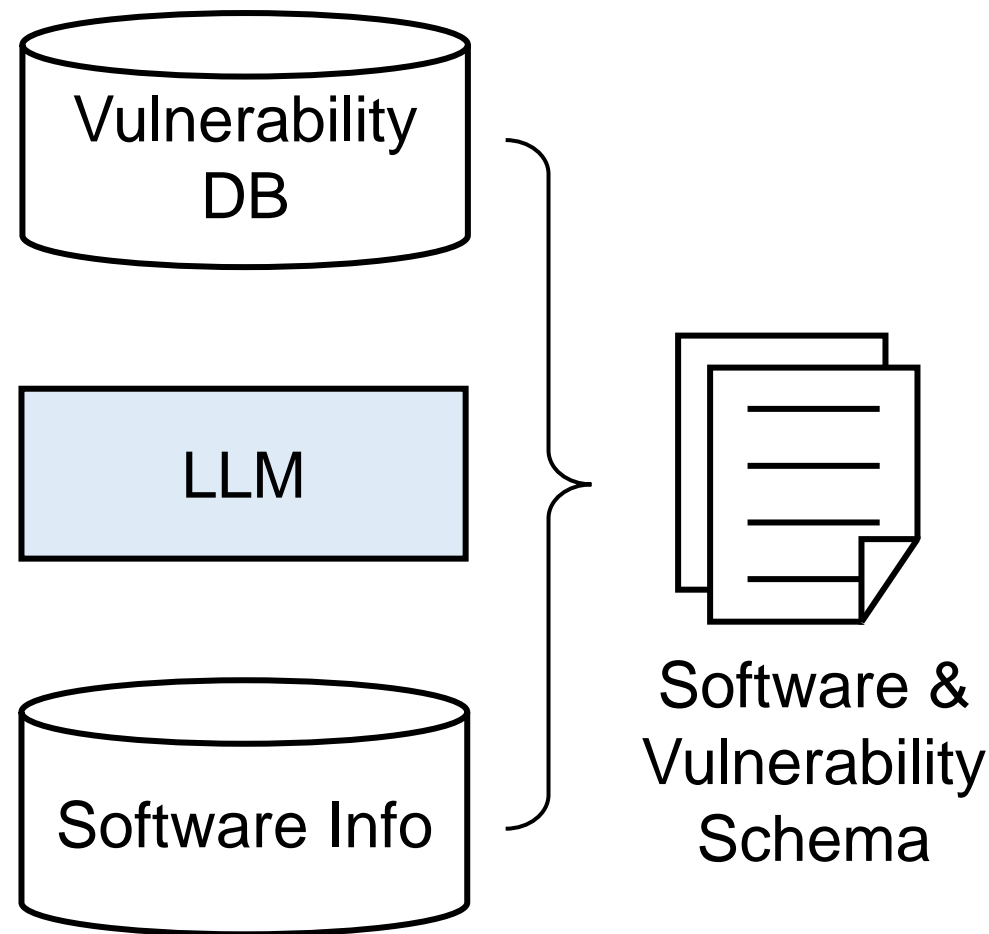
☐ add autotrace CVEs and Dockerfiles

#1 by Yeeyooo was merged 2 weeks ago

应用LLM

向大模型提问得到漏洞相关信息

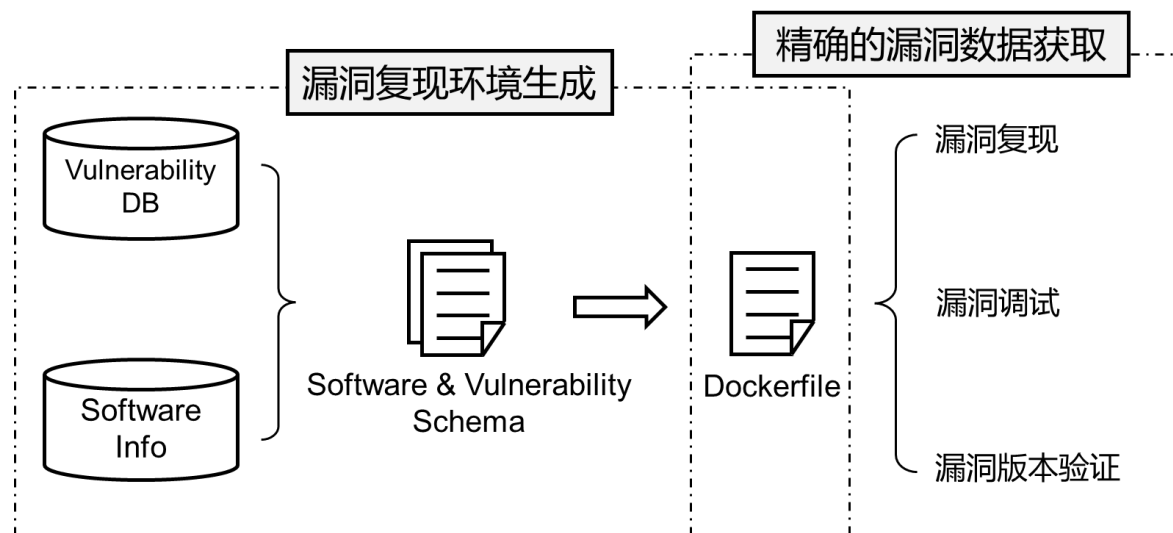
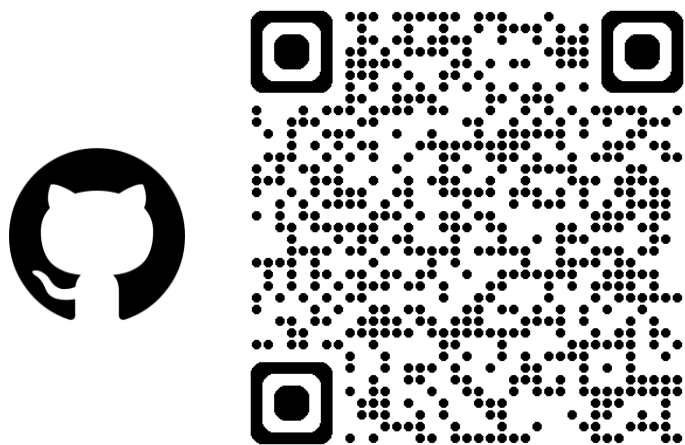
- 漏洞的描述信息，漏洞类型，软件版本
- 软件依赖
- 漏洞 PoC



总结



- 用户态、内核态漏洞自动复现，大模型辅助
- 验证漏洞存在性，确定漏洞影响范围
- 精确漏洞数据库信息，保障软件供应链安全



<https://github.com/hust-open-atom-club/S2VulnHub>

谢谢!