

Analytical and Computer Cartography
Lecture 15:
The NSDI and a Digital Earth

### What is the NSDI?

National Spatial Data Infrastructure

"...the technology, policies, standards, and human resources necessary to acquire, process, store, distribute, and improve the utilization of geospatial data."

# What is the NSDI?

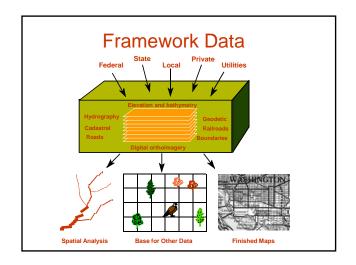
- Organizations and individuals cooperating
- Using electronic technology to help find and share geographic information
- Following mutually accepted standards
- Developing common base themes of data

# In reality....

- Data are hard to find
- Data are difficult to access
- Data are hard to integrate
- Data are not current
- Data are undocumented
- Data are incomplete

# Two types of data

- Community-developed data sets usually derived for a single purpose but made available for potential re-use
- ■Data sets developed to a common content specification for high re-use potential. These are known as "Framework" data.

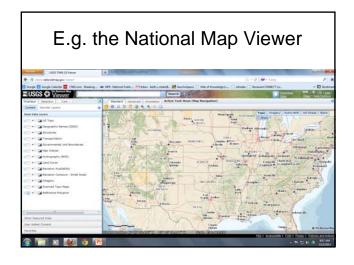


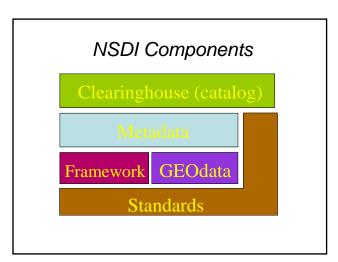
### Metadata: Data about data

- Provides documentation of existing internal geospatial data resources within an organization (inventory)
- Permits structured search and comparison of held spatial data by others (advertising, discovery)
- Provides end-users with adequate information to take the data and use it in an appropriate context (liability)

### Clearinghouse provides...

- Discovery of spatial data
- Distributed search worldwide
- Uniform interface for spatial data searches
- Advertising for your data holdings
- Means to clip, restructure and download





### Partners in FGDC

- 15 Federal Agencies within the U.S. Government
- 18 State or regional affiliated agencies
- FGDC is Principal Member of the OpenGIS Consortium
- Coordinates with the National Association of Counties (NACO) and National States Geographic Information Council (NSGIC)

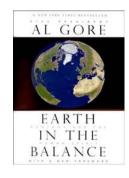
### **NSDI** in 2013

- FGDC working on next generation of vision
- Open Geospatial Consortium now has lead on standards
- Host of Federal initiatives, GeoSpatial One Stop, eGovenment, Imagery for the Nation, National GIS
- Emerging GSDI

### **NSDI** and Digital Earth

- · Beyond portals and data supply
- Framework concept has led to much embellishment, e.g. TIGER
- GeoBrowsers now commonplace, BingMaps, GoogleEarth, etc.
- Could the current situation, both bottom-up and top-down, lead to a DE?

### Gore's Earth in the Balance (1992)



"A multi-resolution, three dimensional representation of the planet, into which we can embed vast quantities of georeferenced data '



# Gore's DE Vision

- What is digital earth?
- Do we have it today?
- If not, what more do we need?
- What advantages does a DE offer?

### Gore's Digital Earth: 1998

"Imagine, for example, a young child going to a Digital Earth exhibit at a local museum. After donning a head-mounted display, she sees Earth as it appears from space. Using a data glove, she zooms in, using higher and higher levels of resolution, to see continents, then regions, countries, cities, and finally individual houses, trees, and other natural and man-made objects. Having found an area of the planet she is interested in exploring, she takes the equivalent of a 'magic carpet ride' through a 3-D visualization of the terrain. Of course, terrain is only one of the numerous kinds of data with which she can interact. Using the system's voice recognition capabilities, she is able to request information on land cover, distribution of plant and animal species, real-time weather, roads, political boundaries, and population. She can also visualize the environmental information that she and other students all over the world have collected as part of the GLOBE project. This information can be seamlessly fused with the digital map or terrain data. She can get more information on many of the objects she sees by using her data glove to click on a hyperlink. To prepare for her family's vacation to Yellowstone National Park, for example, she plans the perfect hike to the geysers, bison, and bighorn sheep that she has just read about. In fact, she can follow the trail visually from start to finish before she ever leaves the museum in her hometown.

She is not limited to moving through space, but can also travel through time. After taking a virtual field-trip to Paris to visit the Louvre, she moves backward in time to learn about French history, perusing digitized maps overlaid on the surface of the Digital Earth, newsreel footage, oral history, newspapers and other primary sources. She sends some of this information to her personal e-mail address to study later. The time-line, which stretches off in the distance, can be set for days, years, centuries, or even geological epochs, for those occasions when she wants to lear

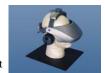
### Gore's Digital Earth

### Hardware

- virtual digital globe display
- head-mounted display (immersive VR)
- data glove

### **Interactive Capabilities**

- · voice recognition
- zoom
- search
- 3-D visualization and movement
- time-lines



Source: www.5dt.cor

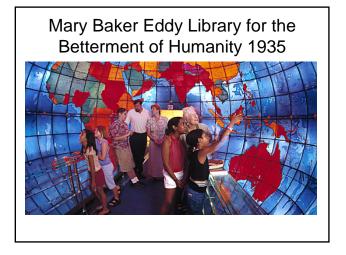
# Interactive capability

- Voice recognition
- Navigation
- Zoom: "Drill down": Progression
- Search
- 3-D visualization and movement
- Time-line
- Multimedia : web portals



"This giant, 200-foot diameter sphere will be a miniature earth -- the most accurate global representation of our planet ever to be realized."
"This... Geoscope would make it possible for humans to identify the true scale of themselves and their activities on this planet. Humans could thus comprehend much more readily that their personal survival problems related intimately to all humanity's survival." — R. Buckminster Fuller, 1962

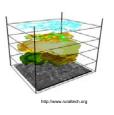




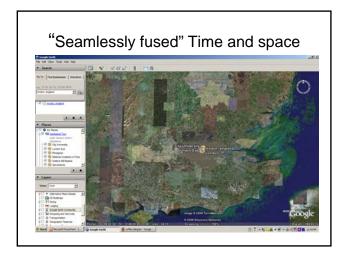


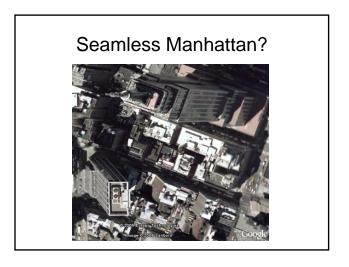
### Content

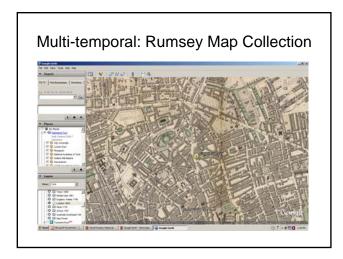
- "numerous kinds of data" = Themes
- Participant content
- Seamlessly fused
- Hyperlinks
- Multi-temporal

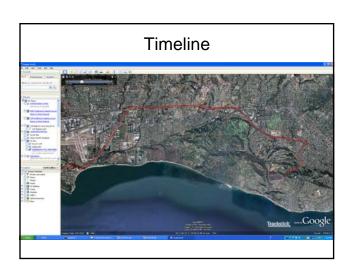


# Participant Content The state of the state













### Consensus definition 1999

 Digital Earth will be a virtual representation of our planet that enables a person to explore and interact with the vast amounts of natural and cultural information gathered about the Earth. (Consensus definition adopted at 2nd interagency workshop, 1999 Sept 23)

### DE Leadership since 2000

- IDEW (Interagency Digital Earth Working Group)
- ISDE (International Society for Digital Earth)
- 11 other companies, agencies, universities
- UCSB's Alexandria Digital Earth Prototype (ADEPT)

But no central government leadership or funding, other than in China

### Digital Earth Symposia

- Beijing (1999)
- New Brunswick, Canada (2001)
- Brno, Czech Republic (2003)
- Tokyo (2005)
- Auckland (2006)
- San Francisco (2007)
- Beijing (2009)
- Perth (2011)
- Digital Earth Summit 2012 Wellington, New Zealand

### So what is Google Earth?

"We are like an iPod for Earth images."

Michael T. Jones, Chief Technologist, Google Earth (Nov 2006)

### Google Earth: A history

- Gore represented Tennessee in the US Senate, 1985-1992. VP 1993-2001. Served on Senate Select Committee on Intelligence
- Dayton Peace Agreement /Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio Dec 1995, ends war in Bosnia
- Google founded 1998
- Keyhole Earthviewer (2002) In-Q-tel funding, Dual use
- Google buys Keyhole (Oct. 2004)
   Google Mane (Local Eath, 8th 2005)
- Google Maps/Local Feb. 8<sup>th</sup> 2005
- Google Earth (June 2005)
- Google Earth Community added (2005)
- Partnership with National Geographic (2006)
- 100 million downloads: Version 4 (Nov. 2006)



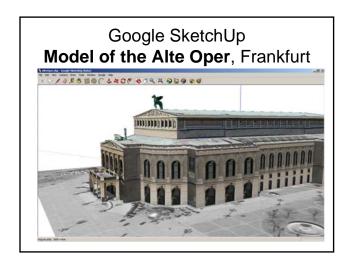
### In-Q-Tel (Created 1999)

"The (Senate Select Committee on Intelligence) encourages a symbiotic relationship between the Intelligence Community and the private sector using innovative approaches, such as the CIA's In-Q-Tel. In-Q-Tel is a venture capital fund, largely funded by the US Intelligence Community, to stimulate new technologies through private sector entrepreneurs. It shows great promise." Comments by Senator Graham, Chairman of the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, introducing the Intelligence

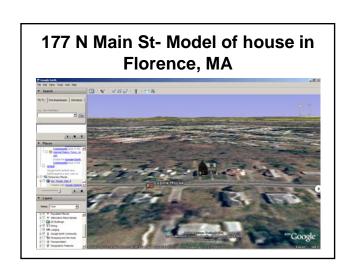
Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002

# Google Earth Today

- Google Earth viewer downloadable free
- Google Earth Plus GPS device support, import spreadsheets, drawing tools and better printing.
- Google Earth Pro "the ultimate research, presentation and collaboration tool for location information."
- Various additional tools e.g. Streetview, GoogleMaps, SketchUp, API, etc.



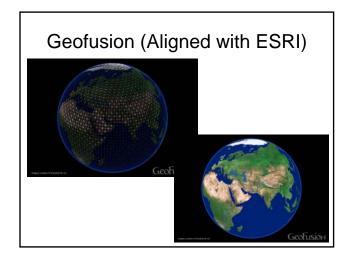
# Tower Bridge by Rene Almere

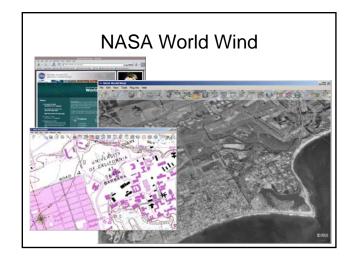


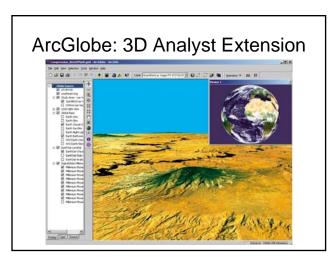
# So is Google Earth Digital Earth?

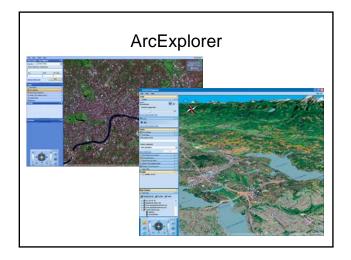
#### NO: because

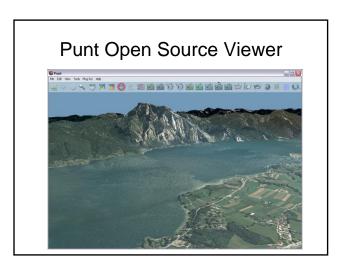
- Not all components of the vision are in place
- · Google is a media company, not an information broker
- Not yet in a position to do exploratory visualization in depth
- DE = Geobrowser + Global data
- Many browsers (30 on web)
  - NASA Worldwind (2003)
  - GeoFusion GeoPlayer (2001)
  - ESRI ArcExplorer
  - Microsoft Virtual Earth



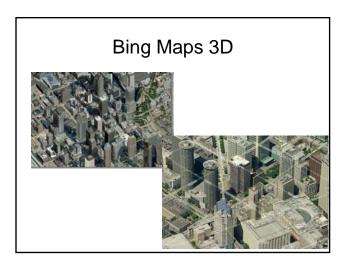




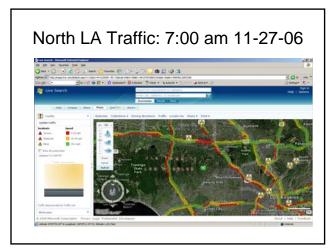






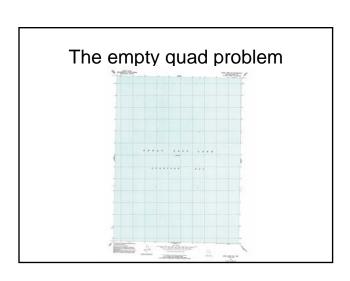






### What about Content?

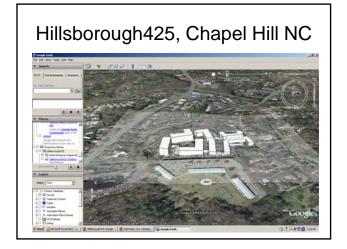
- Maps
  - International Millionth Map of the World
  - VMAP0 (Digital Chart of the World)
  - GlobalMap
- Imagery
  - US 133 Cities images
  - USGS digital orthophoto quadrangles 1m
- Toponymy (NGA web service)
- BUT: Proprietary vs. Public domain

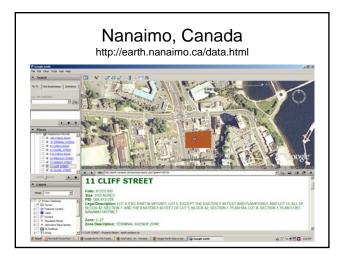


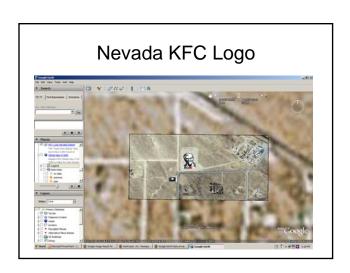
# Where next for Digital Earth?

### Negative

- Linking text, maps and imagery: Fusion
- Making maps and images text searchable
- · Data structures, content and resolution
- Timeliness and accuracy
- High license cost: but Google pays (\$500M/year)
- · Standards in place
- Supports proprietary and open data by encryption Can add content easily, if contributed by users
- Strong link to www
- Excellent source of public information







# Future roles for Geobrowsers

- Public information sharing
- Business directories, interiors
  - "Virtual Mall"
- · Advertising, virtual travel
- Mobile systems, navigation and search
- · Competition on content and features
- For DE, a public storehouse of knowledge
  - Who archives?
  - Who educates?
  - Who participates, adds information?Who polices the data? (Seer)

  - Does the digital divide get wider?

