

Eve

Working around evolution.

steve{@(stevelosh)}.com

{twitter}

(website)

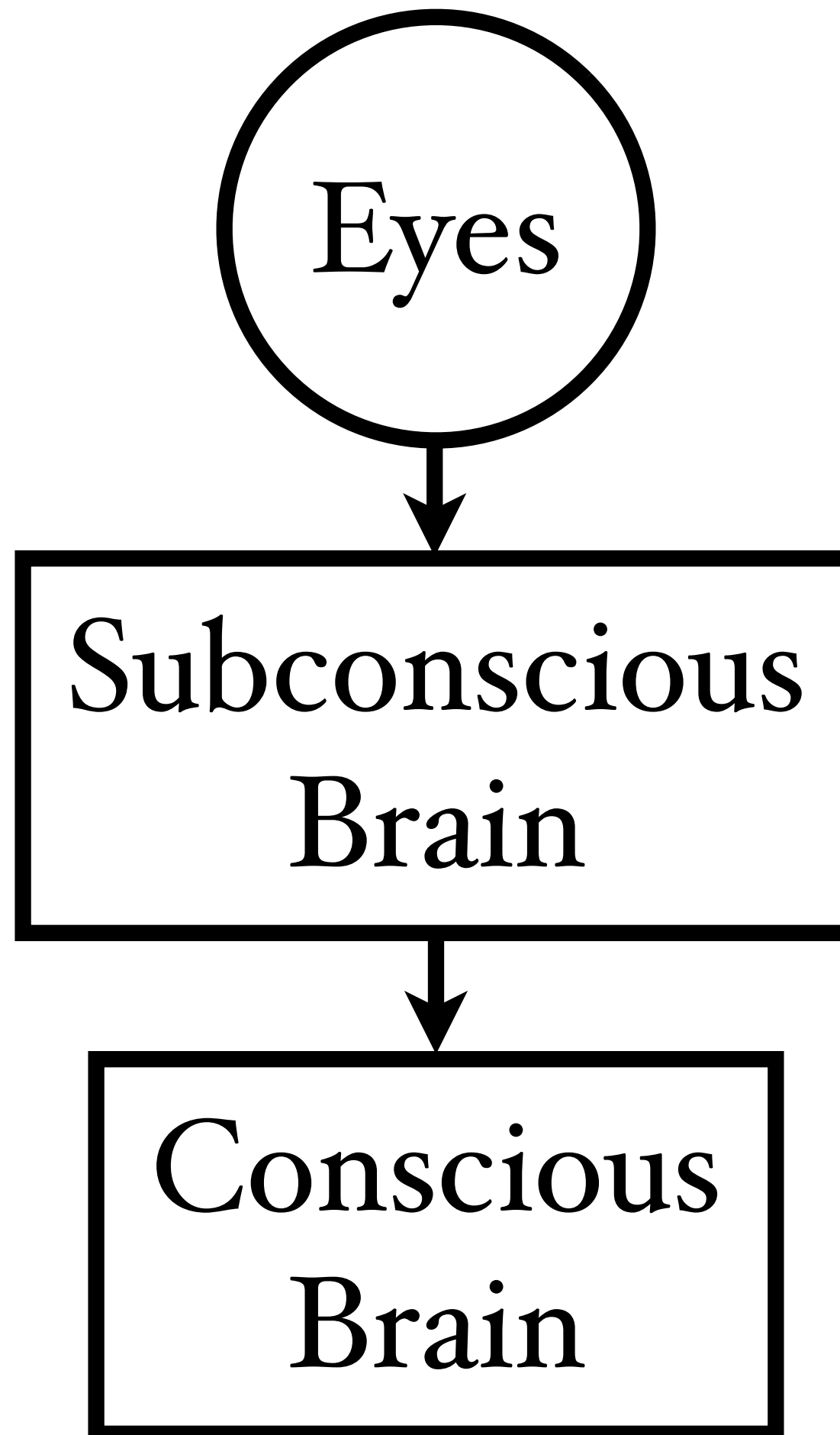


Eat

Reproduce

Don't Die

Natural Selection



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LOTSOFGRASSLOTSOFGRASSDIRTLOTSOFGRASSLOTSOFGRASSDIRTLOTSOFGRASS

**GRASS
TREE
LION**

Small numbers
of
medium-sized things

Small numbers

“Fewer than ten”

Medium-sized things

“Bigger than a child,
smaller than an
elephant”

Agriculture!

Large numbers
of
tiny and/or enormous
things

***“Two million rows
in the database”***

*“One hundred
milliseconds to serve
an HTTP request”*

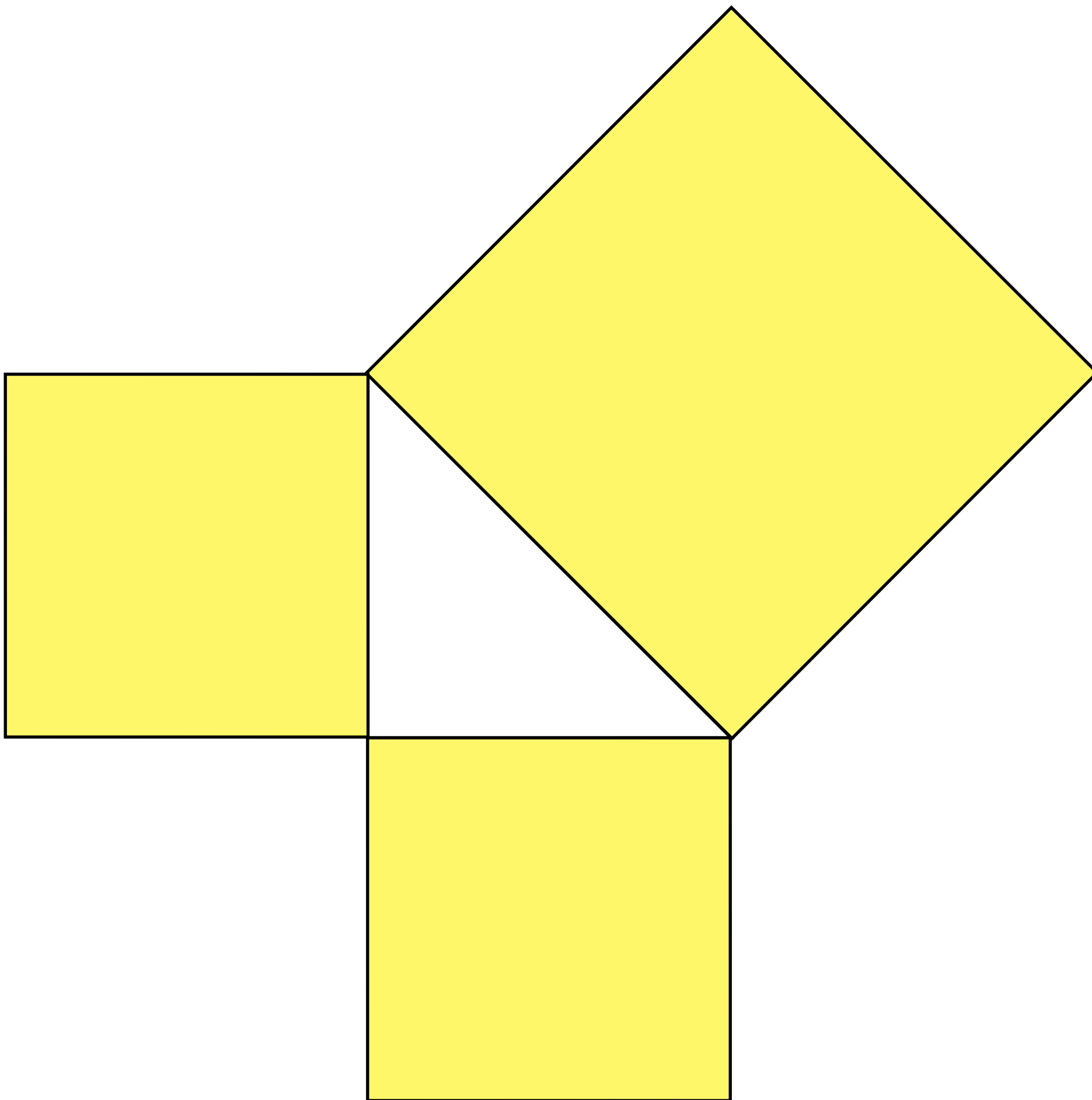
*“65,536 blocks in a
Minecraft chunk”*

We are not alone!

***“10 to 100 trillion
cells in the human body”***

*“ 9.2×10^{37} proton-proton
chain reactions per second
in the sun”*

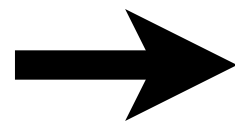
Math & Science



Reason

Abstractions

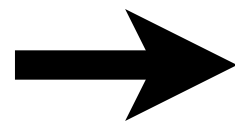
Large numbers
of things



Small numbers
of things

Logic

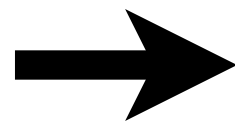
Abstractions



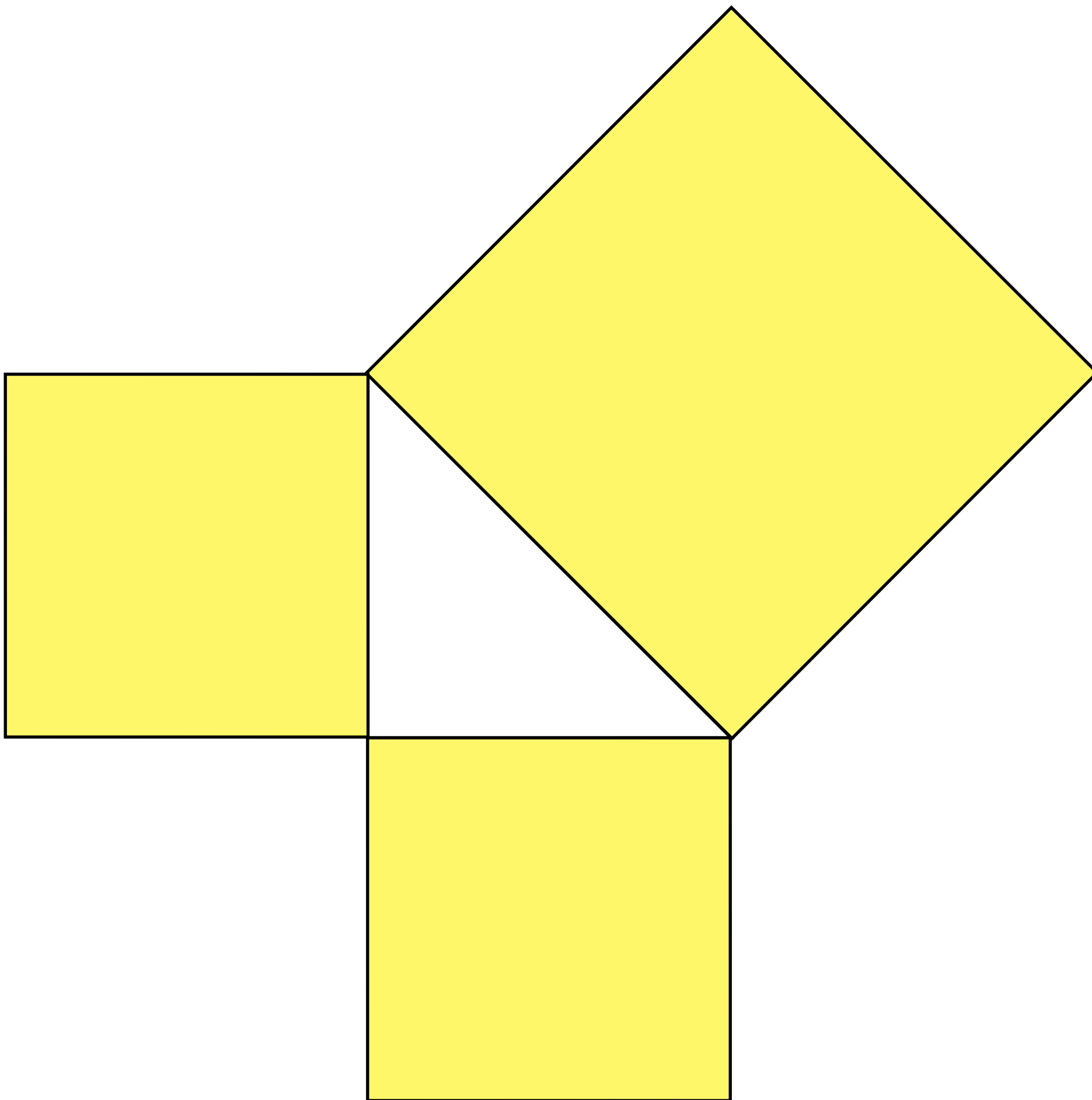
New
Abstractions

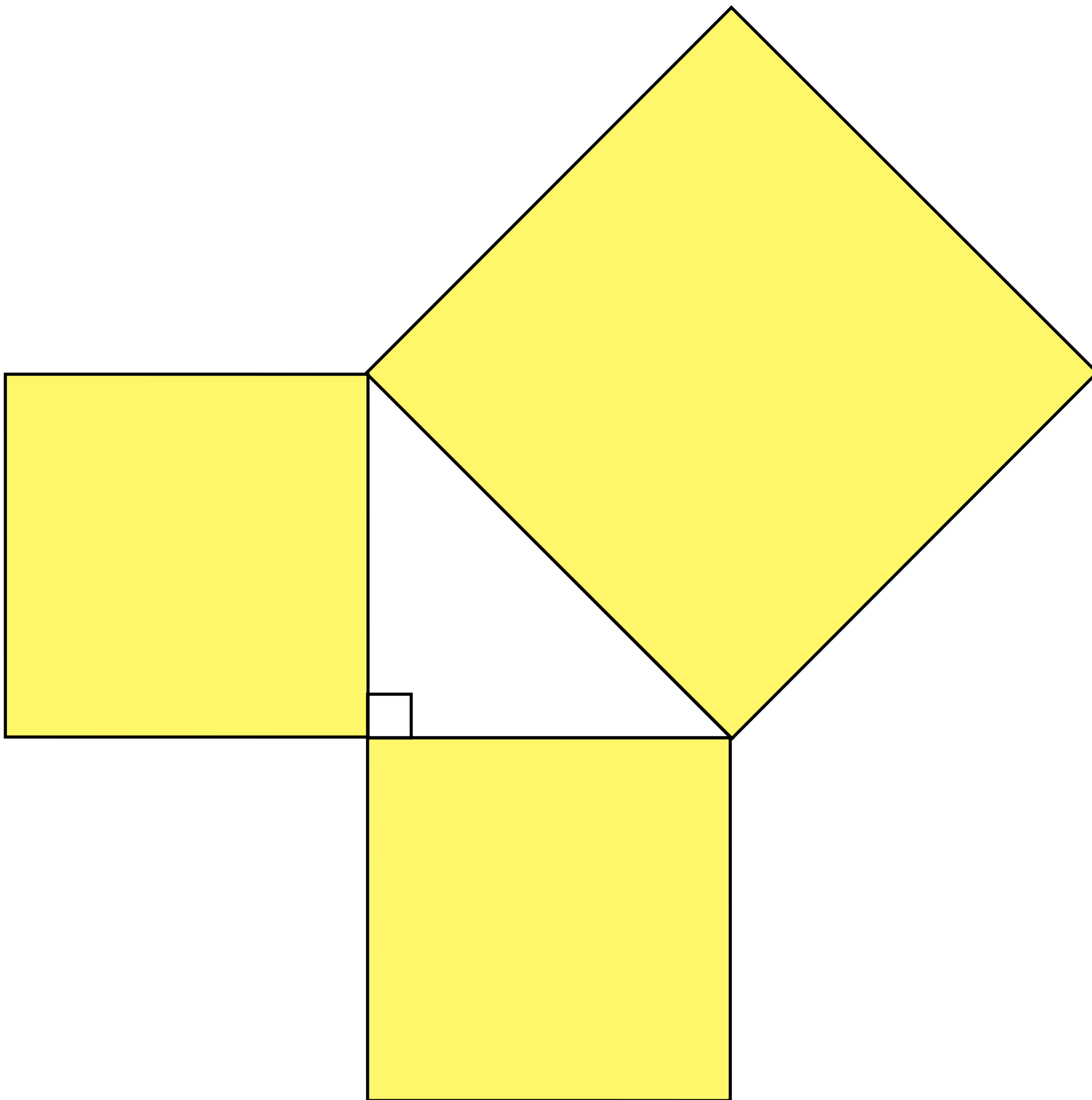
Abstractions

Small number
of abstractions



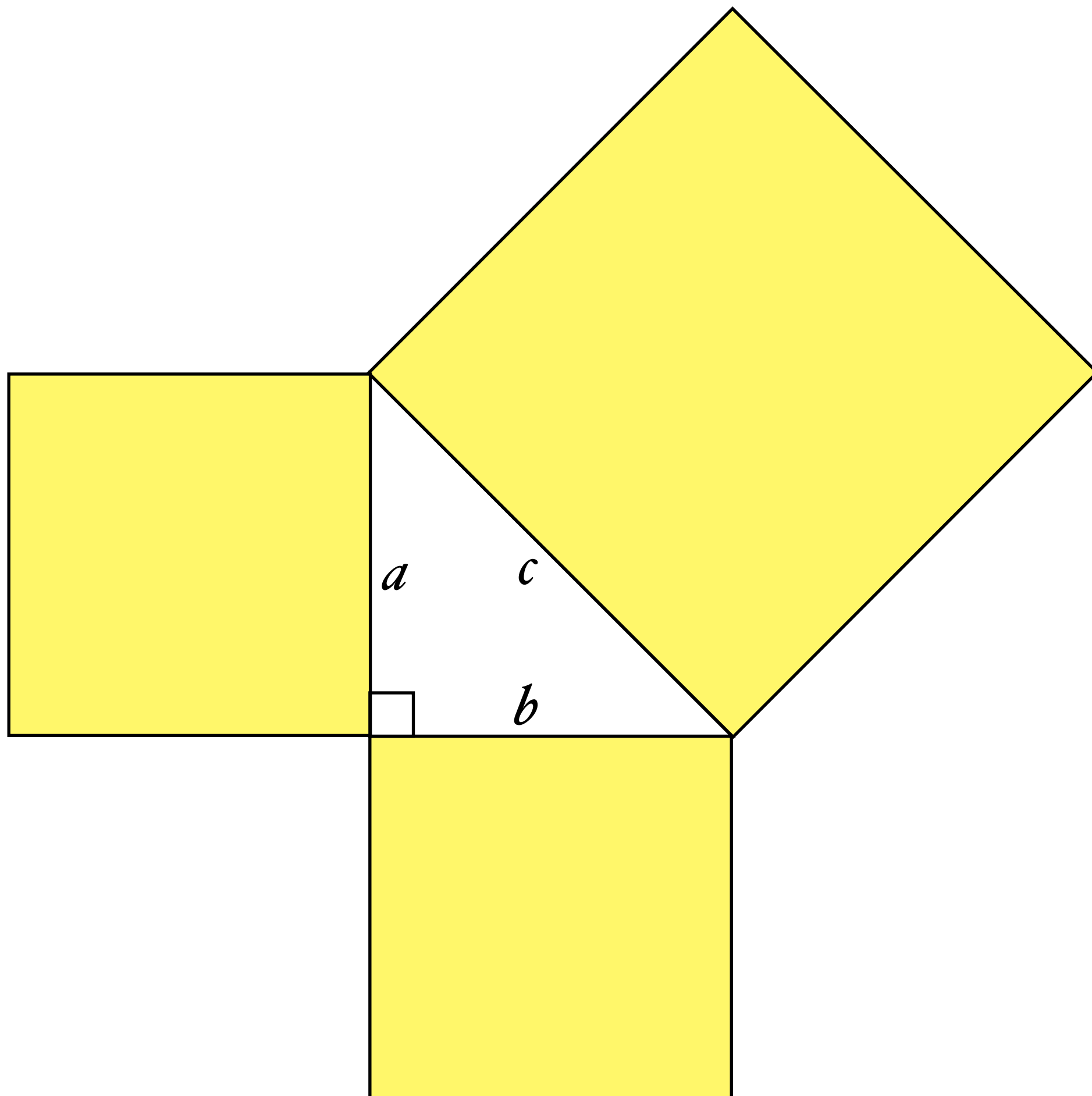
Many things in
the real world

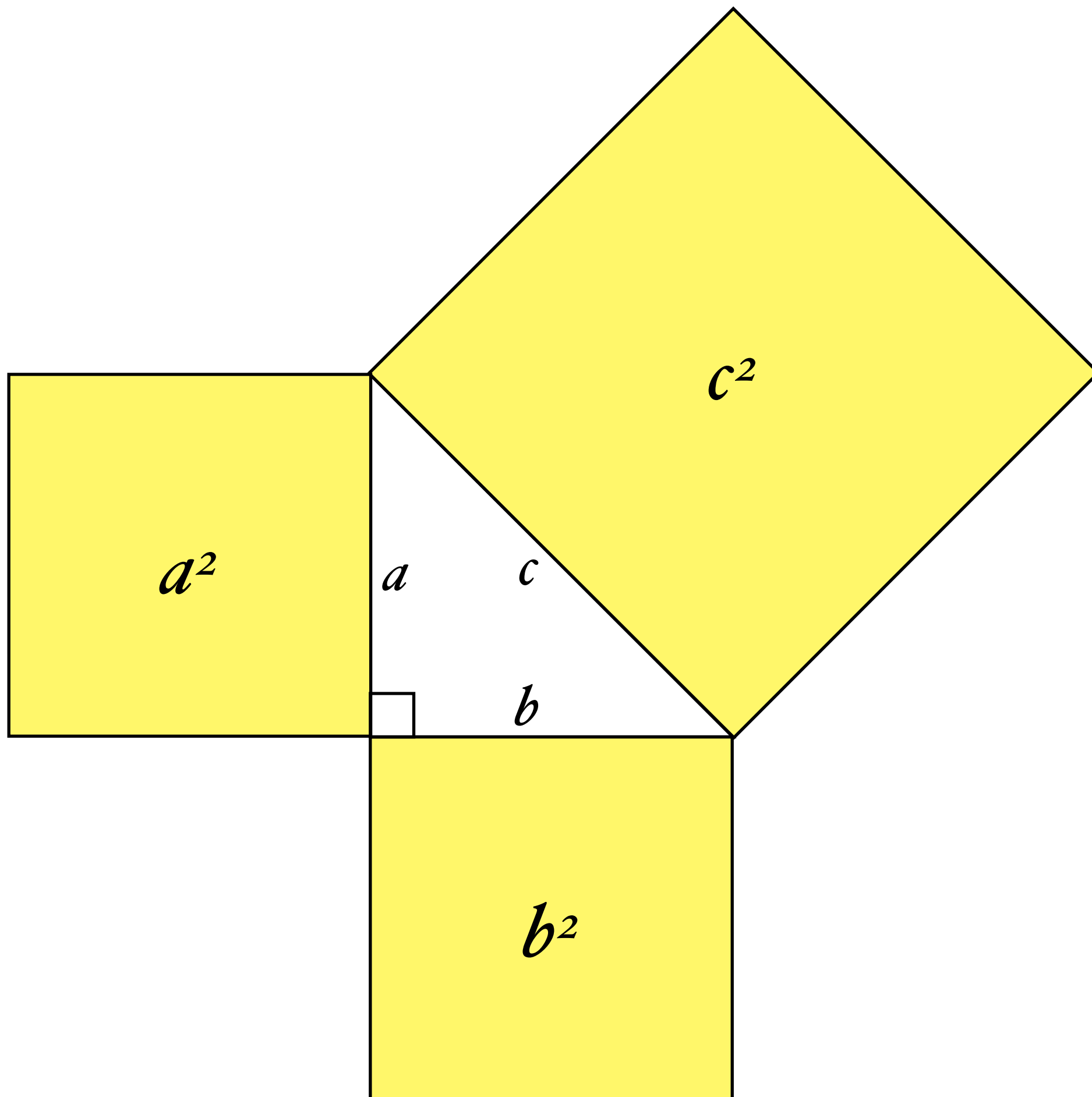


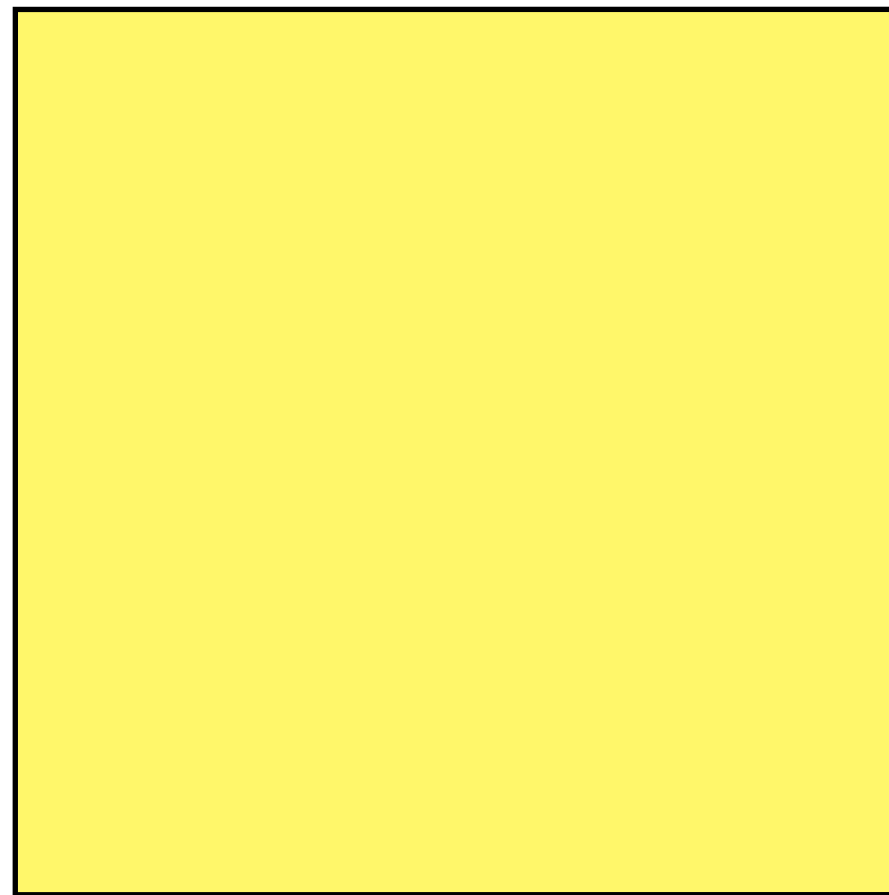
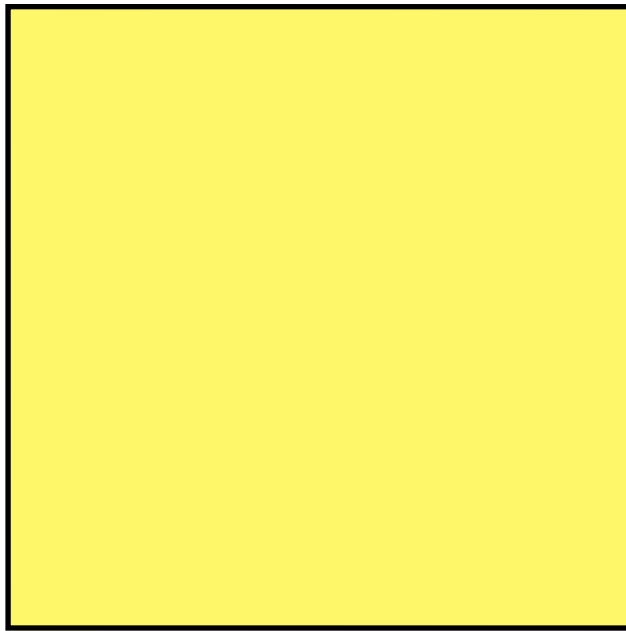
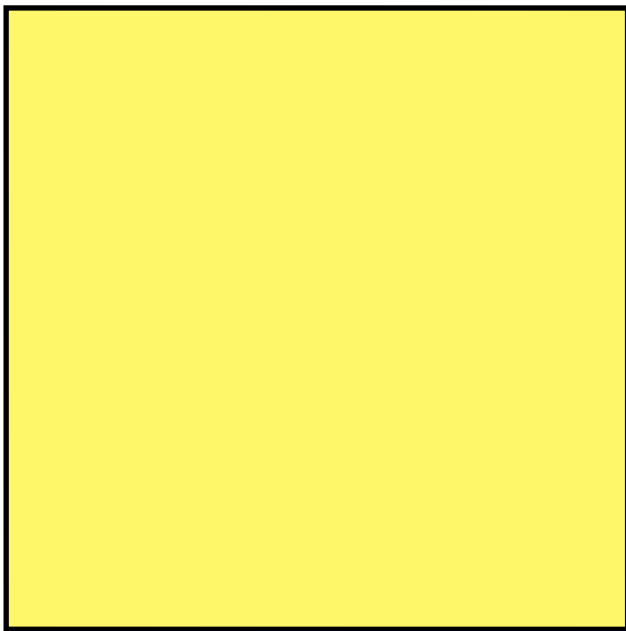


Pythagoras

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$







Eve

*“The ancestor of every
living human on Earth”*



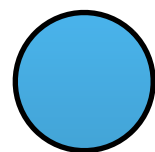
200,000 BCE

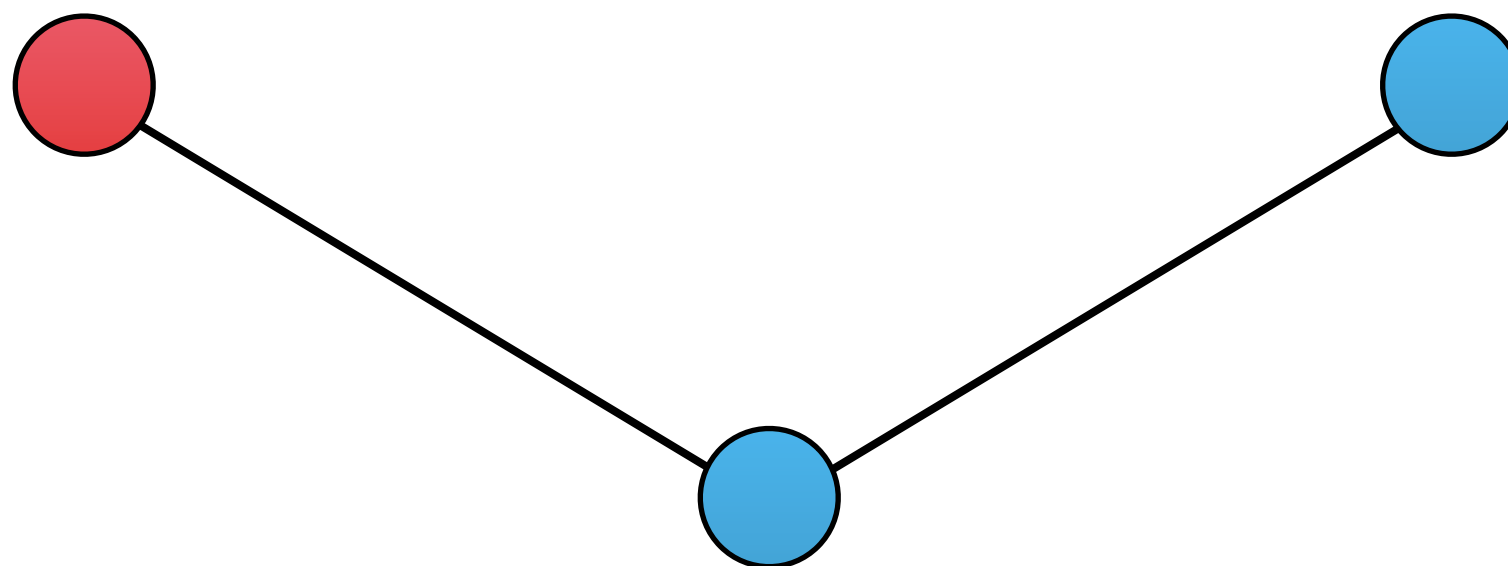
(modern humans evolved)

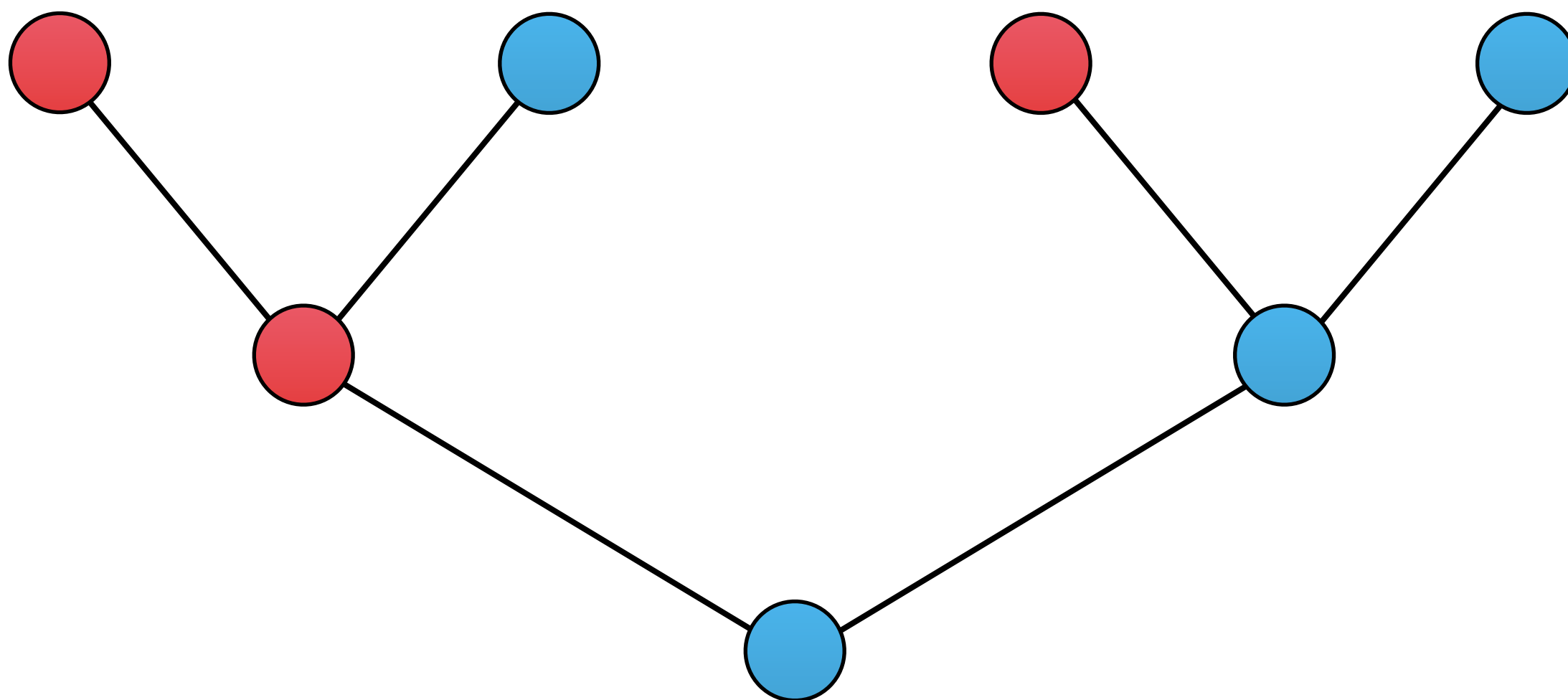
2012 CE

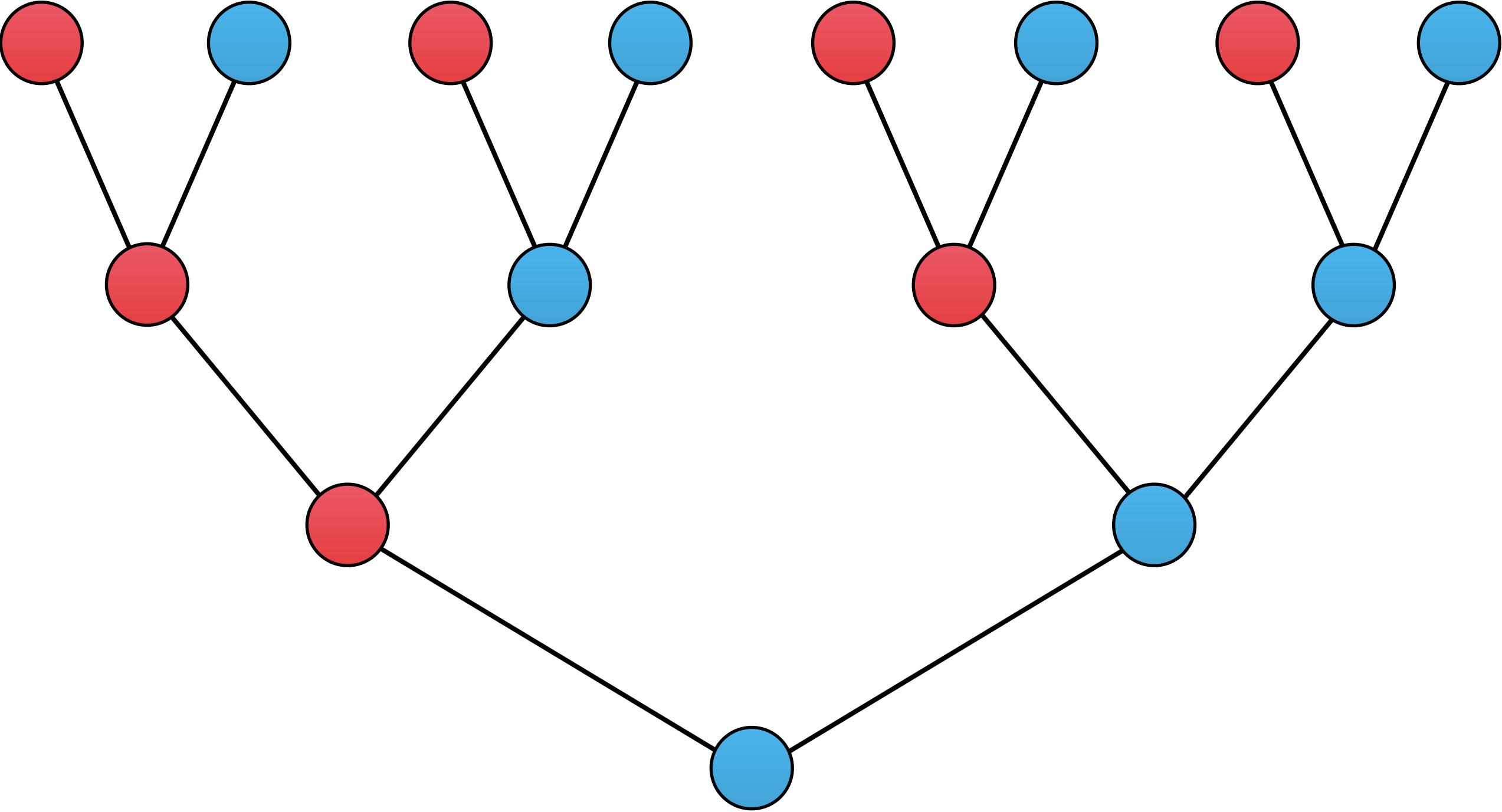
(present day)

Reason









Generations Ago	Ancestors
1	2
2	4
3	8
4	16
5	32
6	64
7	128
8	256

ancestors = $2^{\text{generations}}$

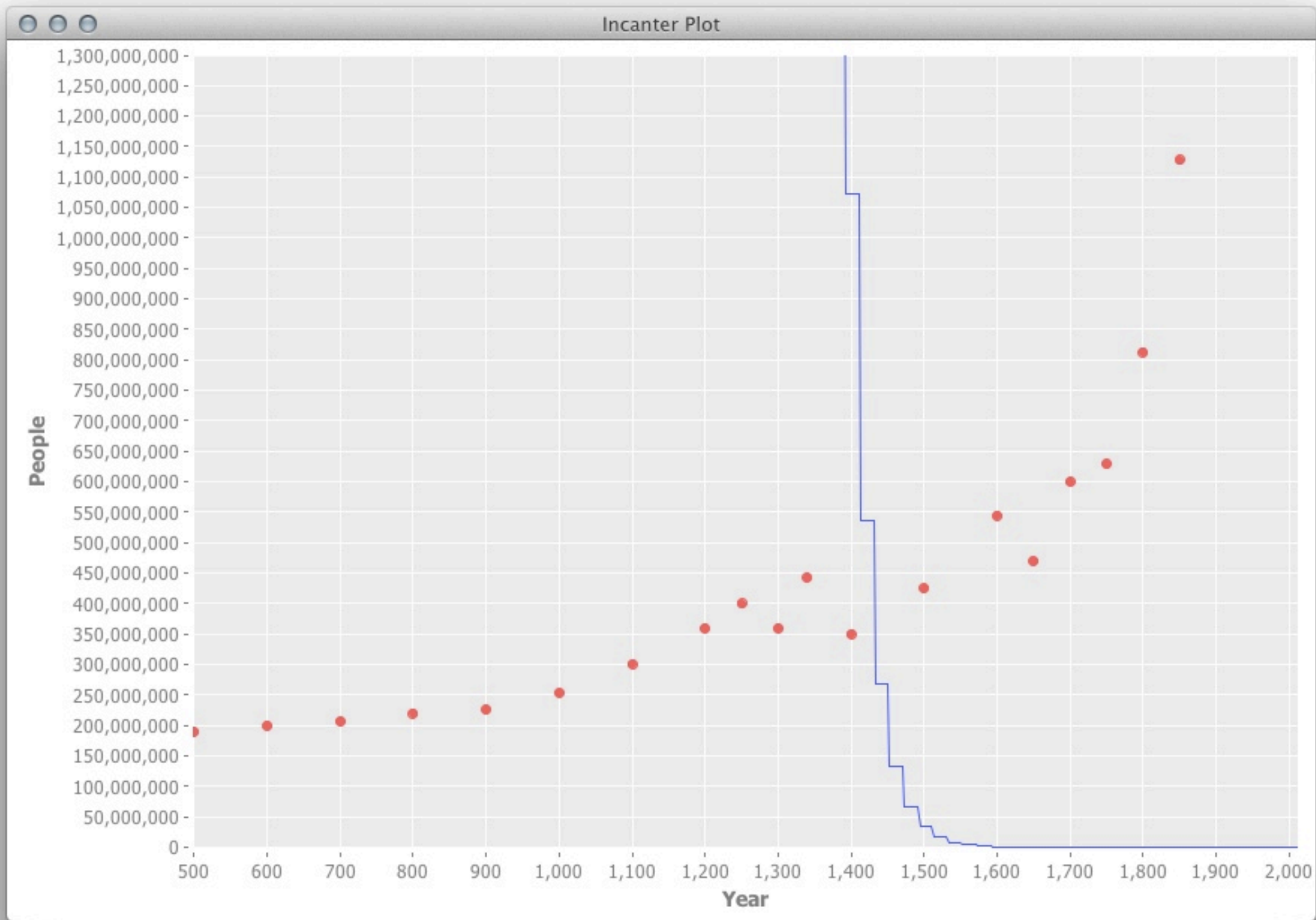
$$\text{ancestors} = 2^{((2012 - \text{year}) / 20)}$$

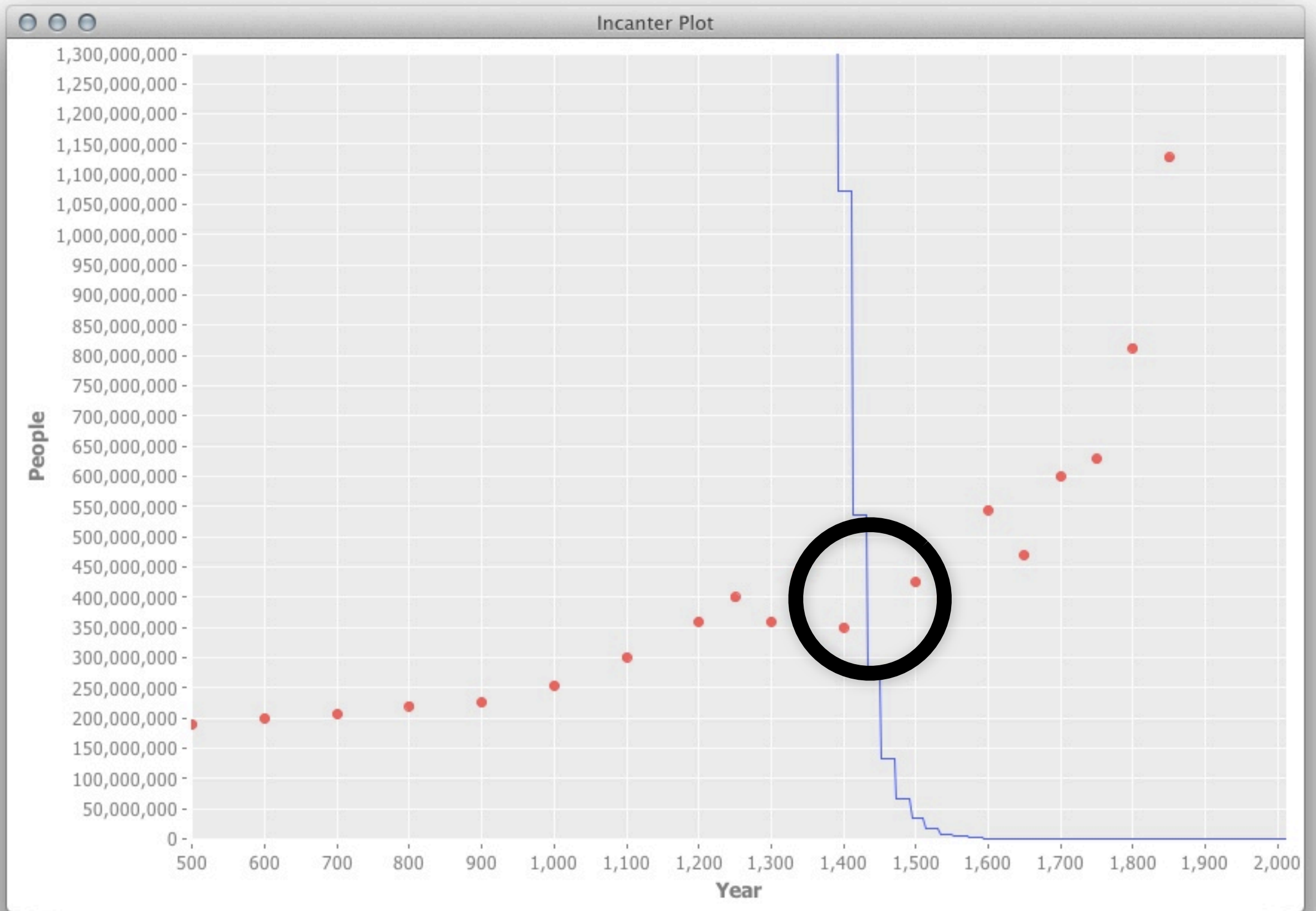
```
(ns eve.core
  (:use [incanter core io charts stats]))

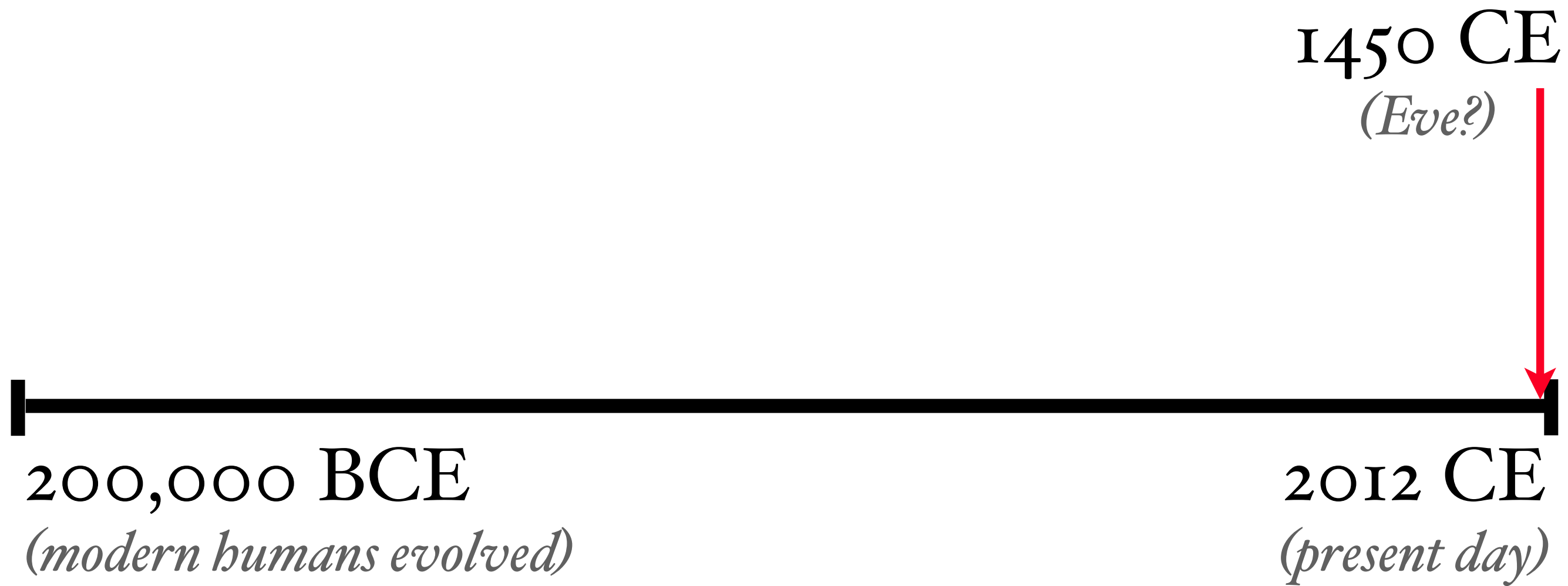
(def world-population
  (read-dataset
    "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/.../world-population.csv"
    :header true))

(defn number-of-ancestors [x]
  (let [years-ago (- 2012 x)
        generations-ago (int (/ years-ago 20))]
    (Math/pow 2 generations-ago)))

(doto (scatter-plot ($ :year world-population)
                    ($ :population world-population)
                    :x-label "Year"
                    :y-label "People")
  (add-function number-of-ancestors 500 2012)
  (set-x-range 500 2012)
  (set-y-range 0 13000000000)
  view)
```







Measurement

Gather Data
and
Analyze it with
Statistics

Learn!

On the Common Ancestors of All Living Humans

Douglas L. T. Rohde

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

November 11, 2003

Abstract

Questions concerning the common ancestors of all present-day humans have received considerable attention of late in both the scientific and lay communities. Principally, this attention has focused on 'Mitochondrial Eve,' defined to be the woman who lies at the confluence of our maternal ancestry lines, and who is believed to have lived 100,000–200,000 years ago. More recent attention has been given to our common paternal ancestor, 'Y Chromosome Adam,' who may have lived 35,000–89,000 years ago. However, if we consider not just our all-female and all-male lines, but our ancestors along all parental lines, it turns out that everyone on earth may share a common ancestor who is remarkably recent.

This study introduces a large-scale, detailed computer model of recent human history which suggests that the common ancestor of everyone alive today very likely lived between 2,000 and 5,000 years ago. Furthermore, the model indicates that nearly everyone living a few thousand years prior to that time is either the ancestor of no one or of all living humans.

1 Introduction

Advances in genetics have sparked interest in our common ancestors, the individuals from which all present-day humans descend. Initial interest focused on the topic of 'Mitochondrial Eve,' who is defined to be the most recent female ancestor from whom all individuals descend along strictly maternal lines (Cann, Stoneking, & Wilson, 1987; Vigilant, Stoneking, Harpending, Hawkes, & Wilson, 1991). An approximate date for Mitochondrial Eve of 100,000 to 200,000 years ago has been estimated based on the successive mutations in mitochondrial DNA, which are passed down from mother to child. A similar analysis can be performed on the strictly paternal lines of succession, using the Y chromosome, which is passed down from father to son, to determine the approximate date of 'Y Chromosome Adam.' This date was originally esti-

years ago (Dorit, Akashi, & Gilbert, 1995), a range that was more recently narrowed to 35,000–89,000 years ago (Ke et al., 2001).

Nevertheless, an individual's strictly maternal and strictly paternal lines are just two of a vast number of possible paths back through his or her ancestors. What if we adopt a more common-sense notion of ancestry that includes ancestors reachable along any path of succession, using both mothers and fathers? It seems likely that our most recent common ancestor (MRCA) under this broader definition will be much more recent than either Mitochondrial Eve or Y Chromosome Adam. Unfortunately, the age of our MRCA cannot as easily be estimated on the basis of genetic information because the relevant genes are not passed from parent to child with only occasional mutations but are, rather, the product of recombination. As a result of recombination, a given gene may not pass from parent to child. In fact, an individual's DNA may retain none of the genes specific to a particular ancestor who lived many generations in the past. These additional complications make accurately dating the MRCA or reconstructing other details of population history on the basis of our genes extremely difficult, if not impossible (Hey & Machado, 2003).

However, alternative methods may be able to answer this question. Some researchers have produced estimates of the age of our MRCA by means of the theoretical analysis of mathematical models. Building on work by Kammerle (1991) and Mohle (1994), Chang (1999) analyzed a model that assumes a fixed-size population, with discrete and non-overlapping generations, and random mating. That is, each child is the product of two parents, randomly selected from all members of the previous generation. Chang showed that, in this model, the mixing of genes occurs quite rapidly. In fact, the number of generations back to the MRCA is expected to be about \log_2 of the population size. With a population of 6 billion people, this model predicts that the MRCA is likely to occur in just over 32 generations, or 800–975 years. This suggests that our all-paths MRCA may be exceptionally recent.

3,000 BCE
(Eve)



200,000 BCE
(modern humans evolved)

2012 CE
(present day)

Math and Science
work!

How can we learn
from them?

Reason

Stop. Think.

“You have to keep a dozen of your favorite problems constantly present in your mind, although by and large they will lay in a dormant state.

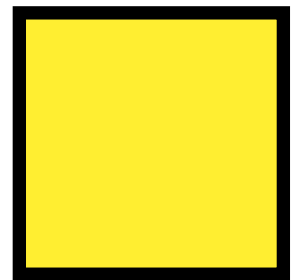
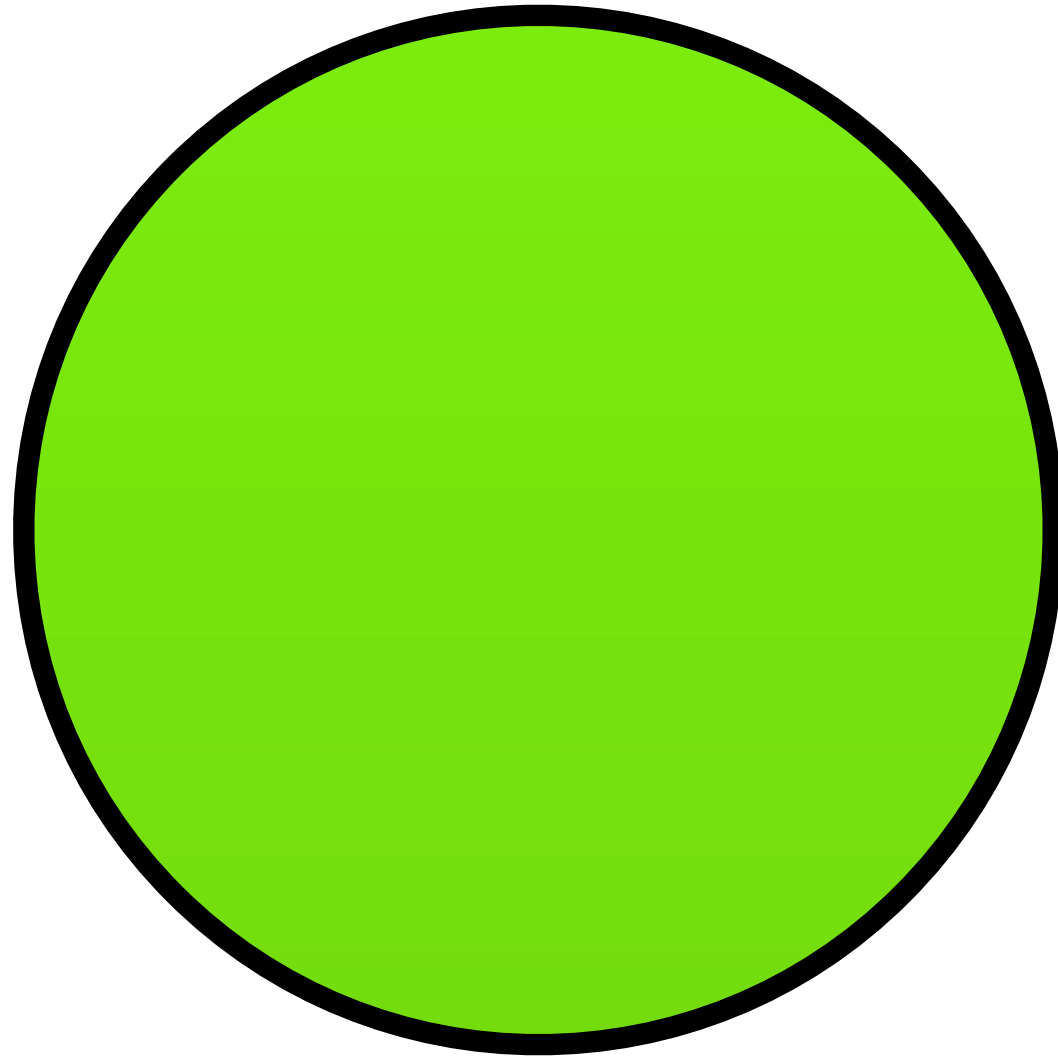
Every time you hear or read a new trick or a new result, test it against each of your twelve problems to see whether it helps.”

Write Reasonable
Code

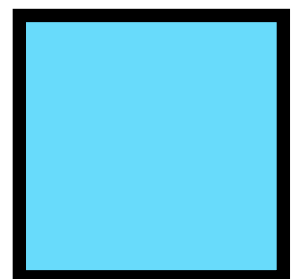
Measurement

Monitoring

**IN
PRODUCTION!**



Everyone who cares how fast Node.js
serves Fibonacci numbers on your laptop



You

```
(defn get-account-type [cash]
  (cond
    (< cash 1000)    :normal
    (< cash 10000)   :silver
    :else            :gold))
```

```
(time (dotimes [_ 1000] (get-account-type (rand 20000))))
"Elapsed time: 8.857 msecs"
```

```
(time (dotimes [_ 1000] (get-account-type (rand 20000))))
"Elapsed time: 5.255 msecs"
```

```
(time (dotimes [_ 1000] (get-account-type (rand 20000))))
"Elapsed time: 4.37 msecs"
```

```
(dotimes [_ 1000000] (get-account-type (rand 20000)))
```

```
(time (dotimes [_ 1000] (get-account-type (rand 20000))))
"Elapsed time: 0.476 msecs"
```

Monitoring Tools

**IN
PRODUCTION**

Testing

One Unit Test
equals
1 bit of information

One Unit Test

equals

one of my assumptions is true
for one set of input
on one particular machine
at one particular point in time

Generative Testing

One Generative Test

equals

many bits of information

One Generative Test

equals

one of my assumptions is true
for **thousands of sets** of input
on one particular machine
at one particular point in time

Ape Brains

Jesus Christ it's a lion



GET IN THE CAR

Small numbers
of
medium-sized things

Math & Science

Reason

Measurement

Overcome
Evolution

Thanks!

<http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/worldhis.html>

<http://pivotallabs.com/talks/139-metrics-metrics-everywhere>

<http://www.infoq.com/presentations/Simple-Made-Easy>

<http://greenteapress.com/thinkstats/>

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Human_microbiome

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sun>

<http://tedlab.mit.edu/~dr/Papers/Rohde-MRCA-two.pdf>

<http://incanter.org/>

<http://www.khanacademy.org/>

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/QuickCheck>

<http://github.com/clojure/test.generative>

<http://github.com/sjl/bacon-eve>

github.com/sjl/
bacon-eve

Thanks!

