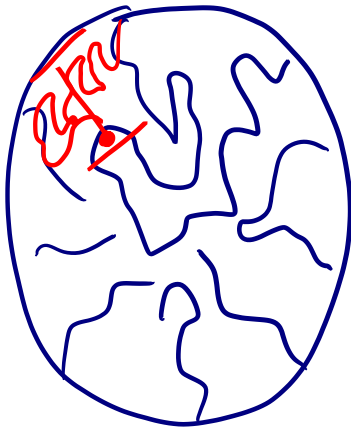


effective diffusivity

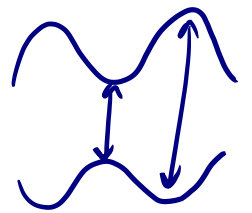
$$D_e = \frac{D_{AB} \Phi \epsilon}{\tau}$$



$D_{AB}$  = gas phase diffusion

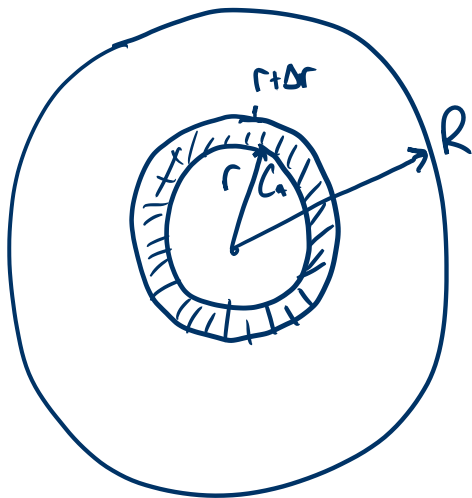
$\Phi$  = porosity  $\frac{\text{void volume}}{\text{total volume}}$  (0, 1)

$\epsilon$  = constriction factor (0, 1)



$$W_{Ar} = \frac{\text{molar flux}}{\frac{\text{mol}}{\text{cm}^2 \cdot \text{s}}}$$

$\tau$  = tortuosity =  $\frac{\text{actual distance traveled}}{\text{shortest distance between 2 pts}}$



at  $r$ :  $W_{Ar} \times 4\pi r^2$

$C_{As}$  at  $r + \Delta r$   $W_{Ar} \times 4\pi r^2 / r + \Delta r$

$$r_{Agen} = \underbrace{r'_A}_{\substack{\text{rate per} \\ \text{mass catalyst}}} \cdot \underbrace{p_c}_{\substack{\text{mass} \\ \text{catalyst} \\ \text{vol}}} \times \underbrace{4\pi r^2 \Delta r}_{\text{Volume}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{d(W_{Ar} \cdot r^2)}{dr} - r'_A p_c r^2 = 0}$$

$$W_A = -De \frac{dC_A}{dr}$$

for dilute concentrations

$$\frac{d^2 C_A}{dr^2} + \frac{2}{r} \frac{dC_A}{dr} - \frac{k_n}{De} C_A^n = 0 \quad \text{where} \quad \boxed{r_A' = -k_n C_A^n}$$

At  $\boxed{r=R \quad C_A = C_{As}}$

$\boxed{r=0 \quad \frac{dC_A}{dr} = 0}$

Boundary value problem

or  $C_A$  is finite at  $r=0$

let  $W_A = \frac{dC_A}{dr}$

then  $\frac{dW_A}{dr} = \frac{d^2 C_A}{dr^2}$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} \frac{dW_A}{dr} &= -\frac{2}{r} W_A + \frac{k_n}{De} C_A^n \\ \frac{dC_A}{dr} &= W_A \end{aligned}}$$

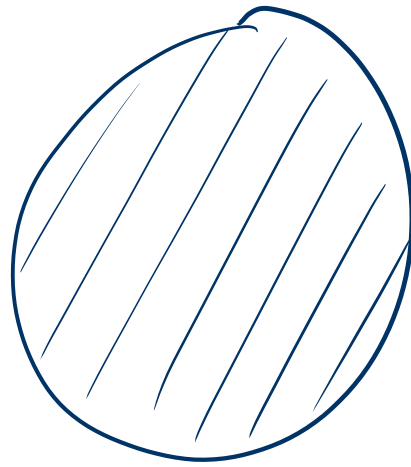
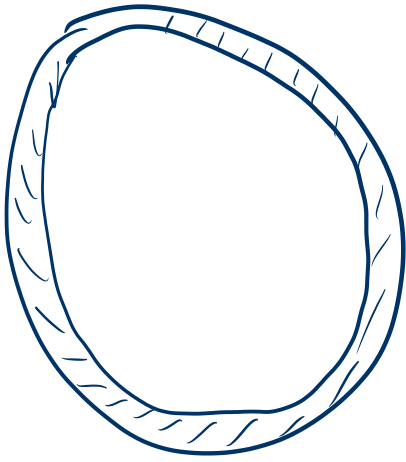
$$De = 0.1 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$$

$$R = 0.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$k = 6.4 \text{ } 1/\text{s}$$

$$C_{As} = 0.2 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{L}}$$

1<sup>st</sup> order reaction  
in a spherical particle



internal diffusion

PBR

$$\frac{dF_A}{dW} = r_A$$

$$\frac{dF_A}{dW} = \eta r_A$$

↑  
effectiveness  
factor