Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

BE- SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2020

Subject Code:3150912 Date:01/02/2021

Subject Name:Signals and Systems

Time:10:30 AM TO 12:30 PM Total Marks: 56

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt any FOUR questions out of EIGHT questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1	(a)	Compare Analog Signal and Digital Signal Differentiate between continuous and discrete time signal.	Marks 03 04
	(b) (c)	Explain with Example following properties of system. (1) Linearity (2) Homogeneity (3) Additivity (4) Casuality (5) Shift invariance (6) Stability (7) Realizability	07
Q.2	(a) (b)	Determine the energy and power of a unit step signal. State and prove the frequency differentiation property of	03 04
	(c)	Fourier transform. Define Laplace transform. Prove linearity property for Laplace transform. State how ROC of Laplace transform is useful in defining stability of systems.	07
Q.3	(a)	Obtain the DFT of unit impulse $\delta(n)$	03
	(b) (c)	Prove the duality or symmetry property of fourier transform. Find the fourier transform of the periodic signal	04 07
	(0)	$x(t)=\cos(2\pi f_0 t) u(t)$	U7
Q.4	(a)	State and prove a condition for a discrete time LTI system to be invertible.	03
	(b)	State and prove the time scaling property of Laplace transform.	04
	(c)	Find the convolution of two signals $X_1(t)$ and $X_2(t)$ $X^*(t) = e^{-4t}u(t)$ $X_2(t) = u(t-4)$	07
Q.5	(a)	State the condition for existence of Fourier integral.	03
	(b)	Prove that when a periodic signal is time shifted, then the magnitude of its fourier series coefficient remains unchanged. (an = bn)	04
	(c)	Determine the homogeneous solution of the system described by: $y(n) - 3y(n-1) - 4y(n-2) = x(n)$	07
Q.6	(a)	State and prove the initial value theorem.	03
	(b) (c)	State and prove the Final value theorem. Explain the trigonometric fourier series with suitable example.	04 07
Q.7	(a)	Explain discrete Fourier transform and enlist its features.	03
	(b) (c)	Define the region of convergence with respect to z-transform. Define: The Z transform. State and prove Time shifting and Time reversal properties of Z transform	04 07
0.8	(a)	Determine the z-transform of following finite duration	03

sequence $X(n) = \{1, 2, 4, 5, 0, 7\}$

- (b) Calculate the DFT of the sequence, $x(n) = \{1,1,0,0\}$. Verify your answer with IDFT.
- (c) Determine if the following systems described by

07

i. $y(t) = \sin[x(t+2)];$

ii. y(n)=x[2-n]

are memoryless, causal, linear, time invariant, stable

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BE - SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION - WINTER 2021

Subject Code:3150912 Date:27/12/2021

Subject Name:Signals and Systems

Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

			MARKS
Q.1	(a)	Give expression of trigonometric Fourier Series. Define coefficients of DC, fundamental and harmonics.	03
	(b)	Check whether the signal $x(t)=2\cos(100\pi t)+5\sin(50t)$ is periodic or not.	04
	(c)	Obtain complex exponential Fourier series for sin ωt and $\cos \omega t$. Assume ω to be constant.	07
Q.2	(a)	Find even part of signal $x(n)=u(n)-u(n-4)$.	03
	(b)	Define energy signal. Find the energy of the signal $x(t)=5e^{-4t}u(t)$	04
	(c)	Check whether the system described by the equation $y(t)=10x(t)+5$ is linear, static, time invariant, causal and stable.	07
		OR	
	(c)	Check whether the system described by the equation $y(n)=x(n)u(n)$ is	07
		linear, static, time invariant, causal and stable.	
Q.3	(a)	Give the convolution sum and integral formulas.	03
	(b)	List and prove any two properties of convolution sum.	04
	(c)	Convolve $x(t)=e^{-3t} [u(t)-u(t-2)]$ and $h(t)=e^{-t} u(t)$.	07
Q.3	(a)	State the linearity and time shifting property of Fourier transform.	03
Q.S	(b)	Prove convolution property of Fourier transform.	03
	(c)	Find inverse Fourier transform of	07
	(-)	$2j\omega$	
		$X(\omega) = \frac{2j\omega}{(2+j\omega)^2}$	
		$(2+j\omega)^2$	
Q.4	(a)	Define Z-transform. What is ROC?	03
	(b)	Find the Z-transform of 4 ⁿ u(n).	04
	(c)	Find inverse Z-transform of	07
		V(z) =	
		X(z) =	
		Assume right-sided sequence.	
		OR	
Q.4	(a)	State any three properties of ROC of Z-transform.	03
-	(b)	State and prove the time shifting property of the	04
		Z-transform.	
	(c)	Solve the difference equation $y(n)-0.5y(n-1) = \delta(n)$ using Z-transform.	07
Q.5	(a)	What is zero-order hold in sampling?	03

	(b)	What are the effects of under sampling of a signal?	04
	(c)	Describe various types of sensors used for IoT applications.	07
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	Explain the reconstruction of a signal from its samples.	03
	(b)	Explain any one practical application of Signals and Systems theory.	04
	(c)	Explain working of any system based on Arduino.	07

BE - SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2021

Subject Code:3150912 Date:15/09/2021

Subject Name: Signals and Systems

Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.
- **Q.1** (a) Determine the energy and power of a unit step signal.

03

(b) Determine whether or not the following signals is periodic. If a signal is periodic, determine its fundamental period.

04

(i) $x(t) = \cos t + \sin \sqrt{2}t$

(ii)
$$x[n] = e^{j(\frac{\pi}{4})n}$$

(c) Write the properties of convolution and explain them with suitable example.

07

Q.2 (a) Consider an analog pulse

Q.3

03

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 0 & Otherwise \end{cases}$$

Find mathematical expression for (t) delayed by 2, advanced by 2, and the reflected signal x(-t).

(b) Consider the following signal

04

$$X(t) = Ae^{\alpha t}u(t)$$
, $\alpha > 0$

Is X(t) an energy signal or power signal as $\alpha \rightarrow 0$ what is the nature of signal?

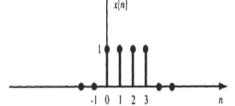
(c) Determine natural response of the first order system governed by the equation,

07

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 3y(t) = x(t); y(0) = 2$$

OR

(c) Evaluate [n] = x[n] * h[n], by graphical method, where x[n] and h[n] are shown figure below. 07



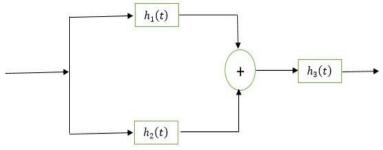
- (a) Prove that a DT LTI system is causal if and only if h(n)=0 for n<0.(b) Explain time shifting and periodicity property of laplace transform.

03 04

(c) Find the overall impulse response of the system shown in figure below.

07

Take, $h_1(t) = tu(t)$; $h_2(t) = 3u(t)$; $h_3(t) = 2u(t)$;



OR

		OK	
Q.3	(a)	State and prove the initial value theorem.	03
	(b)	Consider a discrete-time LTI system with impulse response $h[n]$ given by $h[n] = \alpha^n u[n]$	04
		i. Is this system causal?	
		ii. Is this system BIBO stable?	
	(c)	Obtain the convolution integral of	07
	()	$X(t)=1 \text{ for } -1 \le t \le 1$	
		$H(t)=1 \text{ for } 0 \le t \le 2$	
Q.4	(a)	Consider the system described by	03
		Y'(t) + 2 y(t) = x(t) + x'(t)	
		Find the impulse response h(t) of the system.	
	(b)	Explain sampling and quantization.	04
	(c)	Define Z-transform. Explain region of convergence and their properties.	07
		OR	
Q.4	(a)	Determine the z-transform of $x(n) = (n-3)u(n)$	03
	(b)	Determine the inverse z-transform of	04
		$(z) = \log(1 + az^{-1})$; $ z > a $.	
	(c)	Derive the Convolution integral for CTS. Find out the even and odd part.	07
Q.5	(a)	Test the following systems for linearity. $y(t) = 4x(t) + 2\frac{dx(t)}{dt}$.	03
	(b)	State and prove the time scaling property of Laplace transform.	04
	(c)	A system has impulse response h(n) given by, $h(n) = -0.25\delta(n+1) + 0.5\delta(n) - 0.25\delta(n-1)$.	07
	` ′	i. Is the system BIBO stable?	
		ii. Is the system causal? Justify your answer.	
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	State and prove the initial value theorem.	03
-	(b)	Prove the duality or symmetry property of fourier transform.	04
	(c)	Explain the property of continuous time and discrete time Systems.	07

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BE - SEMESTER-V(NEW) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2022

Subject Code:3150912 Date:07/06/2022

Subject Name:Signals and Systems

Time:02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

			MARKS
Q.1	(a)	Explain odd and even signals with diagram.	03
	(b)	Define the following: Energy signal, Causal System, Analog signal, Periodic signal.	04
	(c)	Explain the Standard / Elementary signals in signal processing in continuous and discrete time.	07
Q.2	(a)	A 100 Hz sinusoid x(t) is sampled at 240 Hz. Has aliasing occurred? Also state the minimum sampling frequency.	03
	(b)	What is a system? Explain different types of system in brief.	04
	(c)	Determine whether the following system given as $y(t) = 10x(t) + 5$ is static, causal, linear, time invariant and stable.	07
		OR 2t of the state	0=
	(c)	For LTI system with unit impulse response $h(t)=e^{-2t}u(t)$, determine output to the input $x(t)=e^{-t}u(t)$.	07
Q.3	(a)	Find Z transform for sequence $x(n) = \{1,2,4,5,0,7\}$ and specify ROC.	03
•	(b)	Explain trigonometric fourier series with all equations.	04
	(c)	Sketch the following signals if $x(n) = \{1,1,1,1,1,1/2\}$	07
		1. $x(n-4)$ 2. $x(n).u(2-n)$ 3. $x(n-1) + \delta(n-3)$ OR	
Q.3	(a)	State and prove the time shifting property of Fourier transform.	03
	(b)	Find Fourier transform of unit step function.	04
	(c)	Find inverse Z transform of $X(z)=1$ / $(1-1.5z^{-1}+0.5z^{-2})$ for 1. ROC: $ z > 1$, 2. ROC: $ z < 0.5$.	07
Q.4	(a)	Find the energy or power of the signal $x(n)=u(n)$.	03
	(b)	Explain any two properties of convolution sum.	04
	(c)	Find the linear convolution of : $x(n) = \{1,1,1,1\}$ and $h(n) = \{2,2\}$	07
		using basic convolution equation or graphical method.	
		OR	0.7
Q.4	(a)	Define Laplace transform and prove its linearity property.	03
	(b)	Obtain Fourier transform of a rectangular pulse given as : $x(t)=A \text{ rect } (t/T).$	04
	(c)	The difference equation of system is given as below:	07
		y(n)=0.5y(n-1)+x(n). Determine the system function and the impulse response h (n) of the system.	

Q.5	(a)	Find Z transform of $x(n)=(1/3)^n u(n)$ and also sketch its ROC.	03
	(b)	State and prove any two properties of Z transform.	04
	(c)	Give equation for Z transform. What is ROC for Z transform? State	07
		the properties of ROC.	
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	State and explain sampling theorem with necessary equations.	03
	(b)	Explain any three sensors used in Internet of Things.	04
	(c)	Find Z transform of $x(n) = cos(\omega n) u(n)$	07
