Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

BE - SEMESTER- VI (NEW) EXAMINATION - WINTER 2021

Subject Code:3160507 Date:04/12/2021

**Subject Name: Advanced Separation Processes** 

Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM Total Marks: 70

## **Instructions:**

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

			MARKS
Q.1	(a)	Enlist major areas of application in advance separation processes	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Show importance's of chemical engineer in industry	04
	(c)	Discuss drawback of conventional separation processes	07
Q.2	(a)	1	03
	<b>(b)</b>		04
	<b>(c)</b>	Explain Nano-Filtration Process	07
		OR	
	(c)	Explain Reverse Osmosis process	07
Q.3	(a)	±	03
	<b>(b)</b>		04
	<b>(c)</b>	Draw neat sketch of SPDU with concept and working	07
		OR	
<b>Q.3</b>	(a)	Show membrane bio-reactor	03
	<b>(b)</b>		04
	(c)	Draw and explain with sketch BALE and KATMAX packing	07
<b>Q.4</b>	(a)	±	03
	<b>(b)</b>		04
	(c)	Discuss and draw Residium Oil Supercritical Extraction (ROSE) process	07
		OR	
<b>Q.4</b>	(a)		03
	<b>(b)</b>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	04
	(c)	Explain Decaffeination of Coffee with sketch	07
Q.5	(a)	Give uses of Electrophoresis	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Discuss principle of Electrophoresis	04
	<b>(c)</b>	Show advantages and disadvantages of Chromatographic Separation	07
o -	( )	OR	0.3
Q.5	(a)		03
	<b>(b)</b>		04
	(c)	Describe Paper Electrophoresis	07

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## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

		BE - SEMESTER-VI (NEW) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2022	
Subj	ect (	Code:3160507 Date:10/06/202	22
Subj	ect N	Name:Advanced Separation Processes	
•		30 AM TO 01:00 PM Total Marks: '	<b>70</b>
	ictions		
		Attempt all questions.	
		Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.	
		Figures to the right indicate full marks. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.	
	<b>4.</b>	Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are anowed.	
Q.1	(a)	Write two examples of materials used as organic membrane and inorganic membrane.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	What are unique properties and solubility behaviour of supercritical fluids?	04
	(c)	With suitable examples discuss importance of advanced separation processes over conventional separation processes in chemical industry.	07
Q.2	(a)	List out three names of membrane modules used in membrane separation processes.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Discuss working principle of nanofiltration and its industrial applications.	04
	(c)	Explain with neat flow sheet Residuum Oil Supercritical Extraction (ROSE) process.	07
		OR	
	(c)	Explain with neat flow sheet MTBE manufacturing by catalytic distillation.	07
Q.3	(a)	Define: Membrane fouling. If the pressure drop ( $\Delta P$ ) is 1000 units, the flux (J) is 50 units, what is the hydraulic membrane permeability?	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Define: supercritical fluid. Explain important properties of super critical fluid. CO <sub>2</sub> is most widely used super critical fluid for extraction-justify.	04
	<b>(c)</b>	Discuss in detail about different types of membrane reactors.  OR	07
Q.3	(a)	Draw labeled diagram of: (i) dead-end membrane filtration and (ii) cross-flow membrane filtration	03
	<b>(b)</b>	State four advantages of reverse osmosis.	04
	(c)	List out five advantages and five limitations of reactive/catalytic distillation over conventional distillation.	07
Q.4	(a)	Define: (i) equilibrium governed separation and (ii) rate governed separation.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	State four applications of microfiltration.	04
	(c)	Draw a labeled diagram of short path distillation unit (SPDU).  OR	07
Q.4	(a)	Write three examples of concentration driven membrane process.	03
<b>~</b> ··	(b)	What are the essential properties of a good supercritical solvent?	04
	(c)	Discuss membrane gas separator principal using complete mixing model.	07
Q.5	(a)	Answer the followings:	03
-	(i)	What is the membrane that selectively allows certain species to pass through called?	
	(ii)	What is the value of standard design temperature of reverse osmosis	

systems?

	(iii)	Calculate the recovery for the following data:	
		Product Flow: 535 m <sup>3</sup> /h.	
		Feed flow: $635 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ .	
	<b>(b)</b>	What is principal and working of thin layer chromatography?	04
	(c)	Explain in detail about pervaporation separation.	07
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	List out three industrial applications of membrane gas separation.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	With neat diagram explain principle of electrophoresis separation.	04
	(c)	Explain principal and working of gel filtration and affinity chromatography.	07

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