Seat No.:	Enrolment No.
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## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE- SEMESTER-IV (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2020 de:3140702 Date:09/02/2021

Subject Code:3140702 Subject Name:Operating System

Time:02:30 PM TO 04:30 PM Total Marks:56

### **Instructions:**

- 1. Attempt any FOUR questions out of EIGHT questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

•	). F1	gures to the right h	nuicate fun mai ks	•	Marks	
Q.1	(a)	Explain structure of Operating System.			03	
C.	(b)	Draw and explain five state Process State Transition Diagram.			04	
	` ′	•		FCFS and SJF CPU scheduling	07	
	(c)	_		I calculate Average Waiting Time	U7	
		and Average Tur		consequence of the confidence		
		Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time		
		P0	0	10		
		P1	1	6		
		P2	5	4		
		P3	3	4		
<b>Q.2</b>	(a)	State features of	•	•	03	
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain principle			04	
	<b>(c)</b>	1 01	philosopher probl	em and its solution using	07	
		semaphore.				
Q.3	(a)	Evnlain nura virt	ualization in bria	f	03	
Q.S	(a) (b)	Explain pure virtualization in brief.  What is deadlock? List the conditions that lead to deadlock.			03	
	` ′					
	(c)			Explain the steps to handle a page	07	
		fault using demand paging.				
Q.4	(a)	Explain Access (	Control List in bri	ief.	03	
	<b>(b)</b>	•			04	
	(c)	Disk requests come in to the disk driver for cylinders 10, 22, 20, 2, 07			07	
	( )	40, 6, and 38, in that order. A seek takes 6 msec per cylinder moved.				
		How much seek time is needed for				
		(a) First-come, first served.				
		(b) Closest cylinder next. In all cases, the arm is initially at cylinder 20.				
		in an cases, the a	um is initially at	cyffider 20.		
Q.5	(a)	Explain different	services provide	d by operating system.	03	
Q.C	(b)	Explain process of	•	• • •	04	
	(c)	Explain Thread S		•	07	
					· · ·	
Q.6	(a)	Give the differen	ice between multi	tasking OS and multiprogramming	03	
_	` /	OS.				
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain Mutual Exclusion in brief.			04	

	(c)	Explain producer-consumer problem and solve it using semaphore. Write pseudo code for the same.	07
Q.7	(a)	Explain need of Virtual Machines.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	How Resource Trajectories can be helpful in avoiding the deadlock?	04
	(c)	Given memory partitions of 100 KB, 500 KB, 200 KB, 300 KB and 600 KB (in order), how would each of the first-fit, best-fit and worst-fit algorithms place processes of 212 KB, 417 KB, 112 KB and 426 KB (in that order)? Which algorithm makes the most efficient use of memory?	07
Q.8	(a)	Write a note on Generic Security Attacks.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain Unix Commands – grep, sort, cat, chmod.	04
	(c)	Explain RAID level system in detail.  ********	07

		GUJARAT	TECHNOLOG	GICAL UNIV	ERSITY	
~			R–IV (NEW) EXAM	INATION – WIN'		
	•	Code:3140702	<b>G</b>		Date:31/12/2021	
Ti	U	Name:Operatin 0:30 AM TO 01:	<b>.</b>		Total Marks: 70	)
	2. 3.	Figures to the right	ns. mptions wherever nec t indicate full marks. ogrammable scientific	-	wed.	
Q.1	(a)	Define the following (1) System bus (2) Auxiliary n	\$			(
	<b>(b)</b>	What do you mean	by cache memory? E	xplain the cache re	ad operation.	(
	(c)	What is process? I	Explain the process cre	eation and terminati	on.	(
Q.2	(a)	Define the term critical section.			(	
	<b>(b)</b>				(	
	(c)					
			Process	Burst time		
			P1	5		
			P2	10		
			P3	2		
			P4	1		
		<ul><li>(1) Draw gantt ch</li><li>robin (quantum</li><li>(2) Calculate wait</li></ul>	m=1) ing time for each process rage waiting time for e	tion of these proces	0 0	I
	(c)	What are various c	riteria for a good prod		orithm? Explain any	(
	` /		heduling algorithms in		1 ,	
Q.3	(a)	What is meant price				
-	<b>(b)</b>	What is the criterio	on used to select the ti		e of round-robin	(
	(c)		e? Give the implemen	=	Buffer Producer	(

Consumer Problem using Semaphore. OR What is Deadlock? List the conditions that lead to deadlock. **Q.3** 03 (a) List criterions used to evaluate the performance of CPU scheduling algorithms. **(b)** 04 What is advantage of using Monitor? Give the implementation of Bounded Buffer **07** (c) Producer Consumer Problem using Monitor. **Q.4** What is resource allocation graph? 03 (a) Explain paging technique. 04 **(b)** Explain the following allocation algorithms: **07** (c)

		(3) Worst-fit	
		OR	
<b>Q.4</b>	(a)	When is a system in a safe state?	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain segmentation.	04
	(c)	What is fragmentation? Explain the difference between internal and external fragmentation.	07
Q.5	(a)	Explain RAID. How it is helpful to increase CPU performance?	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain the following Linux commands:	04
		(1) mkdir	
		(2) touch	
		(3) cat	
		(4) rm	
	<b>(c)</b>	What do you mean by security? Discuss in brief access control list.	<b>07</b>
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	Explain i/o buffering.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	What is virtualization? Explain the benefits of virtualization.	04
	<b>(c)</b>	Why is segmented paging important (as compared to a paging system)? What are	<b>07</b>
		the different pieces of the virtual address in a segmented paging?	

(1) First-fit(2) Best-fit

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## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

**BE - SEMESTER-IV (NEW) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2021** 

	•	Code:3140702 Date:03/09/2021	
Tir	U	Name:Operating System 2:30 PM TO 05:00 PM Total Marks: 70 as:	
		Attempt all questions.  Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.  Figures to the right indicate full marks.  Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.	
Q.1	(a)	Define the essential properties of the following types of operating systems: (1) Batch (2) Time-sharing (3) Real-time	03
	<b>(b)</b>	What are the advantages of multiprogramming?	04
	(c)	What is the thread? What are the difference between user-level threads and kernel-supported threads? Under what circumstances is one type "better" than the other?	07
Q.2	(a) (b)	What is Process? Give the difference between a process and a program.  What is Process State? Explain different states of a process with various queues	03 04
		generated at each stage.	
	(c)	Write a bounded-buffer monitor in which the buffers (portions) are embedded within the monitor itself.	07
	(2)	OR What is Companhage? Give the implementation of Readons Writage Puchlam using	07
	(c)	What is Semaphore? Give the implementation of Readers-Writers Problem using Semaphore.	07
<b>Q.3</b>	(a)	Define the difference between preemptive and nonpreemptive scheduling.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	What are the Allocation Methods of a Disk Space?	04
	<b>(c)</b>	What is deadlock? Explain deadlock prevention in detail.	07
		OR	
Q.3	(a)	What are the disadvantages of FCFS scheduling algorithm as compared to shortest job first (SJF) scheduling?	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Distinguish between CPU bounded, I/O bounded processes.	04
	(c)	What is deadlock? Explain deadlock Avoidance in detail.	07
Q.4	(a)	What is Access control?	03
	<b>(b)</b>	What are Pages and Frames? What is the basic method of Segmentation?	04
	(c)	Briefly explain and compare, fixed and dynamic memory partitioning schemes.  OR	07
<b>Q.4</b>	(a)	Explain difference between Security and Protection?	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Differentiate external fragmentation with internal fragmentation.	04
	<b>(c)</b>	Explain the best fit, first fit and worst fit algorithm.	07
Q.5	(a)	Explain the concept of virtual machines.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Compare virtual machine and non virtual machine.	04
	(c)	What is "inode"? Explain File and Directory Management of Unix Operating System.  OR	07
Q.5	(a)	What is marshalling and unmarshalling?	03
	<b>(b)</b>	What are components of Linux systems?	04
	(c)	Explain Disk arm scheduling algorithm.	07

Seat No.:	Enrolment No.
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### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

**BE - SEMESTER-IV (NEW) EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2022** 

Subject Code:3140702 Date:23-06-2022

**Subject Name:Operating System** 

Time:10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM Total Marks: 70

### **Instructions:**

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4. Simple and non-programmable scientific calculators are allowed.

Q.1	(a) (b)	List any four functions of operating system?  Explain the essential properties of  i) Batch system ii) Time sharing iii) Real time iv) Distribute	Marks 03 04
	(c)	Explain process states and process control block in details.	07
Q.2	(a) (b) (c)	What are the various criteria for a good process scheduling algorithm? What is thread? Explain classical thread model. How semaphores can be used to deal with n-process critical section problem? Explain.	03 04 07
	(c)	<b>OR</b> What is monitor? Explain solution for producer-consumer problem using monitor.	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Define preemption and nonpreemption.  Explain the terms related to IPC:  i) Page condition ii) Critical section iii) Mutual evaluation iv) Samanhores	03 04
	(c)	i) Race condition ii) Critical section iii) Mutual exclusion iv) Semaphores How does deadlock avoidance differ from deadlock prevention? Write about deadlock avoidance algorithm in detail.  OR	07
Q.3	(a)	Give the Difference between Thread and Process.	03
Q.C	(b)	Explain the Priority scheduling algorithm.	04
	(c)	How to characterize the structure of deadlock? Explain the two solutions of recovery from deadlock.	07
Q.4	(a)	List out the seven RAID levels.	03
<b>7.</b> -7	(b)	Write short note on: Relocation problem for multiprogramming with fixed partitions.	04
	(c)	What is paging? Discuss basic paging technique in details. <b>OR</b>	07
<b>Q.4</b>	(a)	What is the difference between logical I/O and device I/O?	03
	(b) (c)	Write the first, best fit memory allocation techniques. Define Virtual Memory. Explain the process of converting virtual addresses to physical addresses with a neat diagram.	04 07
Q.5	(a)	Explain access control list.	03
-	(b) (c)	Differentiate between Windows and Linux file system. Write about Least Recently Used page replacement algorithm all its variants with an example.	04 07

# OR

Q.5	(a)	Explain domain protection mechanism.	03
	<b>(b)</b>	Write a short note: Unix kernel.	04
	(c)	Describe in detail about variety of techniques used to improve the efficiency	07
		and performance of secondary storage.	
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