

```
import tkinter
import tkinter.messagebox
import tkinter.ttk
import sqlite3
import os
# 创建tkinter应用程序
from tkinter import ttk

root = tkinter.Tk()
# 设置窗口标题
root.title('学生信息管理系统V1.0')
# 定义窗口初始大小
root['height'] = 500
root['width'] = 370

# 在窗口上创建标签组件
labelId = tkinter.Label(root, text='编号:', justify=tkinter.RIGHT, width=50)
labelId.place(x=15, y=5, width=50, height=20)
# 添加文本框
varId = tkinter.StringVar(root, value='')
entryId = tkinter.Entry(root, width=120, textvariable=varId)
entryId.place(x=90, y=5, width=120, height=20)

# 在窗口上创建标签组件
labelName = tkinter.Label(root, text='姓名:', justify=tkinter.RIGHT, width=50)
labelName.place(x=15, y=35, width=50, height=20)
# 添加文本框
varName = tkinter.StringVar(root, value='')
entryName = tkinter.Entry(root, width=120, textvariable=varName)
entryName.place(x=90, y=35, width=120, height=20)

# 在窗口上创建标签组件
labelSex = tkinter.Label(root, text='性别:', justify=tkinter.RIGHT, width=50)
labelSex.place(x=15, y=70, width=50, height=20)
# 添加文本框
varSex = tkinter.StringVar(root, value='')
entrySex = tkinter.Entry(root, width=120, textvariable=varSex)
entrySex.place(x=90, y=70, width=120, height=20)

# 在窗口上创建标签组件
```

```

labelPython = tkinter.Label(root, text='python成绩:', justify=tkinter.RIGHT, width=50)
labelPython.place(x=10, y=105, width=80, height=20)
# 添加文本框
varPython = tkinter.StringVar(root, value='')
entryPython = tkinter.Entry(root, width=120, textvariable=varPython)
entryPython.place(x=90, y=105, width=120, height=20)

# 在窗口上创建标签组件
labeldatabase = tkinter.Label(root, text='数据库成绩:', justify=tkinter.RIGHT, width=50)
labeldatabase.place(x=10, y=140, width=80, height=20)
# 添加文本框
vardatabase = tkinter.StringVar(root, value='')
entrydatabase = tkinter.Entry(root, width=120, textvariable=vardatabase)
entrydatabase.place(x=90, y=140, width=120, height=20)

# 在窗口上创建标签组件
labelClanguage = tkinter.Label(root, text='C语言:', justify=tkinter.RIGHT, width=50)
labelClanguage.place(x=15, y=175, width=50, height=20)
# 添加文本框
varClanguage = tkinter.StringVar(root, value='')
entryClanguage =
tkinter.Entry(root, width=120, textvariable=varClanguage)
entryClanguage.place(x=90, y=175, width=120, height=20)

# 数据库位置
database = './test.db'

# 显示函数
def showAllInfo():
    # 先删除显示列表
    x = dataTreeview.get_children()
    for item in x:
        dataTreeview.delete(item)
    # 连接数据库
    con = sqlite3.connect(database)
    cur = con.cursor()
    cur.execute("select * from student")
    lst = cur.fetchall()
    for item in lst:
        dataTreeview.insert("", 1, text="line1", values=item)
    cur.close()
    con.close()

# 添加函数
def addInfo():

```

```

        if entryId.get() and entryName.get() and entrySex.get() and
entryPython.get() and entrydatabase.get() and entryClanguage.get():
            x = dataTreeview.get_children()
            for item in x:
                dataTreeview.delete(item)
            values = (entryId.get(), entryName.get(), entrySex.get(),
entryPython.get(), entrydatabase.get(), entryClanguage.get())
            con = sqlite3.connect(database)
            cur = con.cursor()
            cur.execute("insert into student values(?,?,?,?,?,?)", values)
            con.commit()
            cur.execute("select * from student")
            lst = cur.fetchall()
            for item in lst:
                dataTreeview.insert("", 1, text="line1", values=item)
            cur.close()
            con.close()
    else:
        tkinter.messagebox.showerror(title='提示', message='输入不能为
空')

```

# 删除函数

```

def deleteSelection():
    con = sqlite3.connect(database)
    cur = con.cursor()
    cur.execute("select * from student")
    studentList = cur.fetchall()
    cur.close()
    con.close()
    print(studentList)

    id = entryName.get()
    flag = 0
    for i in range(len(studentList)):
        for item in studentList[i]:
            if id == item:
                flag = 1
                con = sqlite3.connect(database)
                cur = con.cursor()
                cur.execute('delete from student where 姓名 =
"%s"%id)
                # cur.execute("delete from student where name = ?",
(id,))

                con.commit()
                cur.close()
                con.close()
                break
    if flag == 1:

```

```

tkinter.messagebox.showinfo(title='提示', message='删除成功! ')
else:
    tkinter.messagebox.showerror(title='提示', message='删除失败')

# 删除列表框节点
x = dataTreeview.get_children()
for item in x:
    dataTreeview.delete(item)

# 连接数据库打印显示
con = sqlite3.connect(database)
cur = con.cursor()
cur.execute("select * from student")
lst = cur.fetchall()
for item in lst:
    dataTreeview.insert("", 1, text="line1", values=item)
cur.close()
con.close()

# 添加按钮组件，绑定函数
tkinter.Button(root, text='添加', width=40, command=addInfo).place(x=20,
y=210, width=40, height=20)
tkinter.Button(root, text='删除已
选', width=100, command=deleteSelection).place(x=80, y=210, width=100,
height=20)
tkinter.Button(root, text='查
询', width=40, command=showAllInfo).place(x=200, y=210, width=40,
height=20)

# 数据列表显示模块
dataTreeview = ttk.Treeview(root, show='headings', column=
('id', 'name', 'sex', 'python_score', 'database_score',
'c_language_score'))
# dataTreeview = ttk.Treeview(root, column=('id', 'name', 'sex',
'python_score', 'database_score', 'c_language_score'))
# 设置表头的大小和位置
dataTreeview.column('id', width=15, anchor="center")
dataTreeview.column('name', width=20, anchor="center")
dataTreeview.column('sex', width=20, anchor="center")
dataTreeview.column('python_score', width=60, anchor="center")
dataTreeview.column('database_score', width=60, anchor="center")
dataTreeview.column('c_language_score', width=40, anchor="center")

# 设置表头的别名（给用户看的）
dataTreeview.heading('id', text='编号')
dataTreeview.heading('name', text='姓名')
dataTreeview.heading('sex', text='性别')
dataTreeview.heading('python_score', text='Python成绩')

```

```
dataTreeview.heading('database_score', text='数据库成绩')
dataTreeview.heading('c_language_score', text='C成绩')
dataTreeview.place(x=10, y=245, width=350, height=250)

# 创建列表框组件
# sb = tkinter.Scrollbar(dataTreeview, command=dataTreeview.yview)
# sb.pack(side="right", fill="y")
# dataTreeview.config(yscrollcommand=sb.set) # 给dataTreeview组件加上滚动条

root.mainloop()
```

以后参加比赛可以在这个基础上进行修改。

比如：增加导出excel表格， 导入excel表， 等等等 发挥自己的想象

有一些我们是看懂的，比如insert