

Homework 2

$$(a) E(Y) = 1 \times f(1) + 0 \times f(0) = \theta$$

$$E(Y^2) = 1^2 \times f(1) + 0^2 \times f(0) = \theta$$

$$\text{Var}(Y) = E(Y^2) - [E(Y)]^2 = \theta - \theta^2 = \theta(1-\theta)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (b) \prod_{i=1}^n f(Y_i; \theta) &= f(Y_1; \theta) f(Y_2; \theta) \dots f(Y_n; \theta) \\ &= \theta^{Y_1} (1-\theta)^{(1-Y_1)} \theta^{Y_2} (1-\theta)^{(1-Y_2)} \dots \theta^{Y_n} (1-\theta)^{(1-Y_n)} \\ &= \theta^{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i} (1-\theta)^{(n - \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i)} \\ &= L \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} &= L^L \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i \ln \theta + (n - \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i) \ln(1-\theta) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{\theta} - \frac{n - \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{1-\theta} = 0 \Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{n}$$

$$(c) E(\hat{\theta}) = \frac{1}{n} E(Y_i) = \frac{1}{n} \theta = \theta$$

$$E(\hat{\theta}^2) = E\left[\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{n}\right)^2\right] = \frac{n\theta + (n-1)\theta^2}{n^2} = \frac{\theta + (n-1)\theta^2}{n}$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\theta}) = E(\hat{\theta}^2) - [E(\hat{\theta})]^2 = \frac{\theta + (n-1)\theta^2}{n} - \theta^2 = \frac{\theta(1-\theta)}{n}$$

$$(d) E(\hat{\theta}) = \theta \Rightarrow \hat{\theta} \text{ is unbiased}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} E(\hat{\theta}) = \theta \text{ and } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{Var}(\hat{\theta}) = 0 \Rightarrow \hat{\theta} \text{ is consistent}$$

$$(e) [I(\theta)]^{-1} = \left[-E\left(\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta^2}\right) \right]^{-1} = \left[E\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{\theta^2} + \frac{n - \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{(1-\theta)^2}\right) \right]^{-1} = \left[\frac{n}{\theta} + \frac{n}{1-\theta} \right]^{-1} = \frac{\theta(1-\theta)}{n}$$

(f) The asymptotic variance is the same as the exact finite sample variance.

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$$f(x, \gamma) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \delta_x \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\left(\frac{x-\mu_x}{\delta_x} \right)^2 - 2\rho \left(\frac{x-\mu_x}{\delta_x} \right) \left(\frac{\gamma-\mu_\gamma}{\delta_\gamma} \right) + \left(\frac{\gamma-\mu_\gamma}{\delta_\gamma} \right)^2 \right] \right\}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \delta_x} \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x-\mu_x}{\delta_x} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$f(\gamma|x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \delta_\gamma \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\frac{(x-\mu_x)^2}{\delta_x^2} - 2\rho \frac{(x-\mu_x)(\gamma-\mu_\gamma)}{\delta_x \delta_\gamma} + \frac{(\gamma-\mu_\gamma)^2}{\delta_\gamma^2} - (1-\rho^2) \frac{(x-\mu_x)^2}{\delta_x^2} \right] \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \delta_\gamma \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2) \delta_\gamma^2} \left[\frac{\delta_\gamma^2}{\delta_x^2} (x-\mu_x)^2 - 2\rho \frac{\delta_\gamma}{\delta_x} (x-\mu_x)(\gamma-\mu_\gamma) + (\gamma-\mu_\gamma)^2 - (1-\rho^2) \frac{\delta_\gamma^2}{\delta_x^2} (x-\mu_x)^2 \right] \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \delta_\gamma \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2) \delta_\gamma^2} \left[\rho^2 \frac{\delta_\gamma^2}{\delta_x^2} (x-\mu_x)^2 - 2\rho \frac{\delta_\gamma}{\delta_x} (x-\mu_x)(\gamma-\mu_\gamma) + (\gamma-\mu_\gamma)^2 \right] \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \delta_\gamma \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2 \delta_\gamma^2 (1-\rho^2)} \left[(\gamma-\mu_\gamma) - \rho \frac{\delta_\gamma}{\delta_x} (x-\mu_x) \right]^2 \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \delta_\gamma \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\gamma - \mu_\gamma - \rho \frac{\delta_\gamma}{\delta_x} (x-\mu_x)}{\delta_\gamma \sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \right]^2 \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \delta_\gamma |x|} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\gamma - \mu_\gamma |x|}{\delta_\gamma |x|} \right]^2 \right\}$$

$$\mu_\gamma |x| = \alpha + \beta x, \quad \alpha = \mu_\gamma - \beta \mu_x \quad \text{and} \quad \beta = \rho \frac{\delta_\gamma}{\delta_x}$$

$$\delta_\gamma |x| = \delta_\gamma (1-\rho^2)$$

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$$(a) R = [0, 1, 1], \quad r = 1, \quad q = 1, \quad (R\hat{\beta} - r) = \hat{\beta}_2 + \hat{\beta}_3 - 1$$

$$(b) S^2 R(X'X)^{-1} R' = S^2 [0, 1, 1] \begin{bmatrix} c_{11} & c_{12} & c_{13} \\ c_{21} & c_{22} & c_{23} \\ c_{31} & c_{32} & c_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= S^2 c_{22} + S^2 c_{33} + 2 S^2 c_{23}$$

$$= \widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_2) + \widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_3) + 2 \widehat{\text{Cov}}(\hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_2)$$

$$(c) F = (\hat{\beta}_2 + \hat{\beta}_3 - 1)' \left[\widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_2) + \widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_3) + 2 \widehat{\text{Cov}}(\hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_2) \right]^{-1} (\hat{\beta}_2 + \hat{\beta}_3 - 1)$$

$$= \left[\frac{\hat{\beta}_2 + \hat{\beta}_3 - 1}{\sqrt{\widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_2) + \widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_3) + 2 \widehat{\text{Cov}}(\hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_2)}} \right]^2 \sim F(1, n-3)$$

$$t = \frac{\hat{\beta}_2 + \hat{\beta}_3 - 1}{\sqrt{\widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_2) + \widehat{\text{Var}}(\hat{\beta}_3) + 2 \widehat{\text{Cov}}(\hat{\beta}_1, \hat{\beta}_3)}} \sim t(n-3)$$