

(T16)討論 DataManipulationLanguage(DML)Trigger

0. Summary

1. Create Sample Data

2. DMLTriggers

2.1. CREATE TABLE GamerAudit

2.2. DML Trigger: After/For Insert Trigger

2.3. DML Trigger: After/For DELETE Trigger

2.4. DML Trigger: After/For UPDATE Trigger

2.5. AFTER/FOR INSERT Trigger fires

2.6. DML Trigger: After/For UPDATE Trigger

2.7. Clean up

3. Create Sample Data

4. InsteadOfInsertTrigger : Fix Incorrectly Insert VIEW

4.1. Incorrectly Insert VIEW

4.2. Fix the incorrectly Insert VIEW

4.3. Fix the incorrectly Insert VIEW

5. InsteadOfInsertTrigger : Fix Incorrectly Update VIEW

5.1. Incorrectly Update VIEW

5.2. Fix the incorrectly Update VIEW

5.3. Fix the incorrectly Update VIEW

5.3.1. Update Name

5.3.2. Update Name and TeamName

5.3.3. Clean up

6. InsteadOfInsertTrigger : Fix Incorrectly Delete VIEW

6.1. Incorrectly Delete VIEW

6.2. Fix incorrectly Delete VIEW

6.3. Fix incorrectly Delete VIEW

7. Clean up

=====

0. Summary

1.

Trigger is a special stored procedure
which will be executed automatically when an event occurs.
There are 3 types of trigger.

1.1.

Data Manipulation Language (DML) triggers

1.2.

Data Definition Language (DDL) triggers

1.3.

Logon trigger

2.

There are 2 Types of Data Manipulation Language (DML) triggers

2.1.

After/For Trigger:

After/For Triggers fires after the INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE event happened.

After/For Trigger Syntax:

```
--CREATE TRIGGER {TriggerName} ON {TableName}
--{ After/For Insert | AFTER/For DELETE | AFTER/For UPDATE }
--AS
-- BEGIN
-- ...
-- END
```

2.2.

INSTEAD OF Trigger:

Syntax:

```
--CREATE TRIGGER {TriggerName} ON {TableName}
--{ INSTEAD OF Insert | INSTEAD OF DELETE | INSTEAD OF UPDATE }
--AS
-- BEGIN
-- ...
-- END
```

INSTEAD OF Triggers fires when the Table/View run INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE event, instead of running the default behaviour, it will run the query in the trigger body.

INSTEAD OF triggers normally correct updating views that are based on multiple tables.

3.

INSERTED table V.S. DELETED table

3.1.

AFTER/FOR INSERT Trigger / INSTEAD OF INSERT Trigger:

INSERTED table structure is same as {TableName} structure, and it contains the copy version of data rows we inserted.

This table can only be accessed by the Trigger.

3.2.

AFTER/FOR DELETE Trigger / INSTEAD OF DELETE Trigger:

DELETED table structure is same as {TableName} structure, and it contains the copy version of data rows we deleted.

This table can only be accessed by the Trigger.

3.3.

AFTER/FOR UPDATE Trigger / INSTEAD OF UPDATE Trigger:

The DELETED table contains the copy version of old data.

The INSERTED table contains the copy version of new data.

Both table structures are same as {TableName} structure and can only be accessed by the Trigger.

4.

Syntax:

```
--RAISERROR ( { msg_str | @local_variable }
-- { ,severity ,state }
-- [ ,argument [ ,...n ] ] )
-- [ WITH option [ ,...n ] ]
```

E.g.

```
--RAISERROR('ErrorMessage', 16, 1);
```

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/language-elements/raiserror-transact-sql>

4.1.

The first parameter, msg_str, is the error message.

4.2.

the second parameter, severity, is the severity level.

Severity level 16 means general errors and can be corrected by the user.

4.3.

The third parameter is state, and we should set default to 1.

RAISERROR only generates errors with state from 1 through 18.

Because the PDW engine may raise errors with state 0, using a unique state number for different location can help find which section of code is raising the errors.

5.

```
--IF ( UPDATE(ColumnName) )
```

if someone tries to update or insert {ColumnName}, then ...

5.1.

UPDATE(column)

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/functions/update-trigger-functions-transact-sql>

Returns a Boolean value that indicates whether an

INSERT or UPDATE attempt was made on a specified column of a table or view.

=====

1. Create Sample Data

--=====

--T016_01_Create Sample Data

--=====

```
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT      *
                FROM        INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
                WHERE       TABLE_NAME = 'Gamer' ) )
```

BEGIN

TRUNCATE TABLE Gamer;

DROP TABLE Gamer;

END;

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

CREATE TABLE Gamer

```
(
    ID INT PRIMARY KEY ,
    [Name] NVARCHAR(100) ,
    Email NVARCHAR(100) ,
    GenderID INT ,
    GameScore INT
);
```

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES (4, 'Name4', '4@4.com', 1, 43000);

INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES (2, 'Name2', '2@2.com', 2, 44000);

INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES (1, 'Name1', '1@1.com', 1, 43000);

INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES (5, 'Name5', '5@5.com', 1, 42000);

INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES (3, 'Name3', '3@3.com', 2, 41000);

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

SELECT *

FROM Gamer;

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

	ID	Name	Email	GenderID	GameScore
1	1	Name1	1@1.com	1	43000
2	2	Name2	2@2.com	2	44000
3	3	Name3	3@3.com	2	41000
4	4	Name4	4@4.com	1	43000
5	5	Name5	5@5.com	1	42000

=====

2. DMLTriggers

--T016_02_DMLTriggers

2.1. CREATE TABLE GamerAudit

--T016_02_01
--CREATE TABLE GamerAudit
IF (EXISTS (SELECT *
FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
WHERE TABLE_NAME = 'GamerAudit'))
BEGIN
TRUNCATE TABLE GamerAudit;
DROP TABLE GamerAudit;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TABLE GamerAudit
(
ID INT IDENTITY(1, 1)
PRIMARY KEY ,
AuditData NVARCHAR(1000)
);
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

2.2. DML Trigger: After/For Insert Trigger

--T016_02_02
--DML Trigger: After/For Insert Trigger
IF EXISTS (SELECT *
FROM sys.triggers
WHERE name = 'trgGamerForInsert')
BEGIN
DROP TRIGGER trgGamerForInsert;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgGamerForInsert ON Gamer
--AFTER INSERT
FOR INSERT
AS
BEGIN
DECLARE @ID INT;
SELECT @ID = ID
FROM inserted;

INSERT INTO GamerAudit
VALUES ('New Gamer with Id = ' + CAST(@ID AS NVARCHAR(10))
+ ' is inserted at ' + CAST(GETDATE() AS NVARCHAR(20)));

```

END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
2.1.
After/For Trigger:
After/For Triggers fires after the INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE event happened.
After/For Trigger Syntax:
--CREATE TRIGGER {TriggerName} ON {TableName}
--{ After/For Insert | AFTER/For DELETE | AFTER/For UPDATE }
--AS
--    BEGIN
--        ...
--    END
3.1.
AFTER/FOR INSERT Trigger / INSTEAD OF INSERT Trigger:
INSERTED table structure is same as {TableName} structure,
and it contains the copy version of data rows we inserted.
This table can only be accessed by the Trigger.
*/

```

2.3. DML Trigger: After/For DELETE Trigger

```

=====
--T016_02_03
--DML Trigger: After/For DELETE Trigger
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM    sys.triggers
            WHERE   name = 'trgGamerForDelete' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trgGamerForDelete;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgGamerForDelete ON Gamer
    --AFTER DELETE
    FOR DELETE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @ID INT;
    SELECT  @ID = ID
    FROM    deleted;

    INSERT INTO GamerAudit
    VALUES ( 'An existing Gamer with Id = ' + CAST(@ID AS NVARCHAR(10))
            + ' is deleted at ' + CAST(GETDATE() AS NVARCHAR(20)) );
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
2.1.
After/For Trigger:
After/For Triggers fires after the INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE event happened.
After/For Trigger Syntax:
--CREATE TRIGGER {TriggerName} ON {TableName}
--{ After/For Insert | AFTER/For DELETE | AFTER/For UPDATE }
--AS
--    BEGIN
--        ...
--    END
3.2.
AFTER/FOR DELETE Trigger / INSTEAD OF DELETE Trigger:
DELETED table structure is same as {TableName} structure,
and it contains the copy version of data rows we deleted.
*/

```

This table can only be accessed by the Trigger.
*/

2.4. DML Trigger: After/For UPDATE Trigger

```
--=====
--T016_02_04
--DML Trigger: After/For UPDATE Trigger
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM    sys.triggers
            WHERE   name = 'trgGamerForUpdate' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trgGamerForUpdate;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgGamerForUpdate ON Gamer
    FOR UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    SELECT *
    FROM    deleted;
    SELECT *
    FROM    inserted;
    DECLARE @ID INT;
    SELECT  @ID = ID
    FROM    deleted;
    INSERT INTO GamerAudit
    VALUES ( 'An existing Gamer with Id = ' + CAST(@ID AS NVARCHAR(10))
            + ' is updated at ' + CAST(GETDATE() AS NVARCHAR(20)) );
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
2.1.
After/For Trigger:
After/For Triggers fires after the INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE event happened.
After/For Trigger Syntax:
--CREATE TRIGGER {TriggerName} ON {TableName}
--{ After/For Insert | AFTER/For DELETE | AFTER/For UPDATE }
--AS
--    BEGIN
--        ...
--    END
3.3.
AFTER/FOR UPDATE Trigger / INSTEAD OF UPDATE Trigger:
The DELETED table contains the copy version of old data.
The INSERTED table contains the copy version of new data.
Both table structures are same as {TableName} structure
and can only be accessed by the Trigger.
*/
```

2.5. AFTER/FOR INSERT Trigger fires

```
--=====
--T016_02_05
--AFTER/FOR INSERT Trigger fires
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ( 7, 'Name7', '7@7.com', 2, 48000 );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

```
--AFTER/FOR DELETE Trigger fires.
DELETE  dbo.Gamer
WHERE   ID = 7;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--AFTER/FOR DELETE UPDATE fires.
UPDATE  Gamer
SET      Name = 'NewName5' ,
         --Email = '5_1@5_1.com'.
         GenderID = 1 ,
         GameScore = 58000
WHERE   ID = 5;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

	ID	Name	Email	GenderID	GameScore
1	5	Name5	5@5.com	1	42000

	ID	Name	Email	GenderID	GameScore
1	5	NewName5	5@5.com	1	58000

```
SELECT *
FROM    GamerAudit;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

	ID	AuditData
1	1	New Gamer with Id = 7 is inserted at Nov 9 2017 3:24AM
2	2	An existing Gamer with Id = 7 is deleted at Nov 9 2017 3:24AM
3	3	An existing Gamer with Id = 5 is updated at Nov 9 2017 3:24AM

2.6. DML Trigger: After/For UPDATE Trigger

```
=====
--T016_02_06
--DML Trigger: After/For UPDATE Trigger
ALTER TRIGGER trgGamerForUpdate ON Gamer
    FOR UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    -- Declare variables to hold old and updated data
    DECLARE @ID INT;
    DECLARE @OldName NVARCHAR(100) ,
            @NewName NVARCHAR(100);
    DECLARE @OldEmail NVARCHAR(100) ,
            @NewEmail NVARCHAR(100);
    DECLARE @OldGenderID INT ,
            @NewGenderID INT;
    DECLARE @OldGameScore INT ,
            @NewGameScore INT;

    -- Audit string variable
    DECLARE @AuditString NVARCHAR(1000);

    -- inserted contains updated data
    -- Load the updated data into local temporary table
    SELECT *
    INTO    #TempTable
    FROM    inserted;
```

```

-- Loop through the data row in temp table
WHILE ( EXISTS ( SELECT ID
                  FROM    #TempTable ) )

BEGIN
    --Initialize the audit string
    SET @AuditString = '';

    -- Select first row data from local temp table
    -- which contains updated data.
    SELECT TOP 1
        @ID = ID ,
        @NewName = Name ,
        @NewEmail = Email ,
        @NewGenderID = GenderID ,
        @NewGameScore = GameScore
    FROM    #TempTable;

    -- Select correspond row data from deleted tables
    -- which contains old data.
    SELECT  @OldName = Name ,
            @OldEmail = Email ,
            @OldGenderID = GenderID ,
            @OldGameScore = GameScore
    FROM    deleted
    WHERE   ID = @ID;

    -- Build the audit string
    SET @AuditString = 'Gamer with Id = '
        + CAST(@ID AS NVARCHAR(4)) + ' changed';
    IF ( @OldName <> @NewName )
        SET @AuditString = @AuditString + ' NAME from ' + @OldName
            + ' to ' + @NewName;

    IF ( @OldEmail <> @NewEmail )
        SET @AuditString = @AuditString + ' Email from '
            + @OldEmail + ' to ' + @NewEmail;

    IF ( @OldGenderID <> @NewGenderID )
        SET @AuditString = @AuditString + ' GenderID from '
            + CAST(@OldGenderID AS NVARCHAR(10)) + ' to '
            + CAST(@NewGenderID AS NVARCHAR(10));

    IF ( @OldGameScore <> @NewGameScore )
        SET @AuditString = @AuditString + ' GameScore from '
            + CAST(@OldGameScore AS NVARCHAR(10)) + ' to '
            + CAST(@NewGameScore AS NVARCHAR(10));

    INSERT INTO GamerAudit
    VALUES ( @AuditString );

    -- Delete the row from temp table,
    -- so we can move to the next row
    DELETE FROM #TempTable
    WHERE   ID = @ID;
END;
END;

```



```

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
UPDATE  Gamer
SET      Name = 'NewName3' ,
          --Email = '3_1@3_1.com'.
          GenderID = 1 ,
          GameScore = 58000
WHERE    ID = 3;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
SELECT  *
FROM      GamerAudit;
/*
Gamer with Id = 3 changed NAME from Name3 to NewName3 GenderID from 2 to 1 GameScore from 41000 to 58000
*/

```

	ID	AuditData
1	1	New Gamer with Id = 7 is inserted at Nov 9 2017 3:24AM
2	2	An existing Gamer with Id = 7 is deleted at Nov 9 2017 3:24AM
3	3	An existing Gamer with Id = 5 is updated at Nov 9 2017 3:24AM
4	4	Gamer with Id = 3 changed NAME from Name3 to NewName3 GenderID from 2 to 1 GameScore from 41000 to 58000

2.7. Clean up

```

=====
--T016_02_07
--Clean up
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT  *
               FROM      INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
               WHERE      TABLE_NAME = 'Gamer' ) )
BEGIN
    TRUNCATE TABLE Gamer;
    DROP TABLE Gamer;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT  *
               FROM      INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
               WHERE      TABLE_NAME = 'GamerAudit' ) )
BEGIN
    TRUNCATE TABLE GamerAudit;
    DROP TABLE GamerAudit;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT  *
            FROM      sys.triggers
            WHERE      name = 'trgGamerForInsert' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trgGamerForInsert;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT  *
            FROM      sys.triggers
            WHERE      name = 'trgGamerForDelete' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trgGamerForDelete;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

```

```

IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM    sys.triggers
            WHERE   name = 'trgGamerForUpdate' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trgGamerForUpdate;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

```

3. Create Sample Data

```

=====
--T016_03_Create Sample Data
=====
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT *
              FROM    INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
              WHERE   TABLE_NAME = 'vwPlayerTeam' ) )
BEGIN
    DROP VIEW vwPlayerTeam;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT *
              FROM    INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
              WHERE   TABLE_NAME = 'Player' ) )
BEGIN
    TRUNCATE TABLE Player;
    DROP TABLE Player;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT *
              FROM    INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
              WHERE   TABLE_NAME = 'Team' ) )
BEGIN
    TRUNCATE TABLE Team;
    DROP TABLE Team;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT *
              FROM    INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
              WHERE   TABLE_NAME = 'Gender' ) )
BEGIN
    TRUNCATE TABLE Gender;
    DROP TABLE Gender;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TABLE Gender
(
    GenderID INT IDENTITY(1, 1)
            PRIMARY KEY
            NOT NULL ,

```

```

Gender NVARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
);
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
INSERT Gender VALUES (N'Male')
INSERT Gender VALUES (N'Female')
INSERT Gender VALUES (N'Unknow')
CREATE TABLE Team
(
    TeamID INT IDENTITY(1, 1)
                PRIMARY KEY
                NOT NULL ,
    TeamName NVARCHAR(100)
);
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
INSERT INTO Team
VALUES ( 'Team1' );
INSERT INTO Team
VALUES ( 'Team2' );
INSERT INTO Team
VALUES ( 'Team3' );
INSERT INTO Team
VALUES ( 'Team4' );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TABLE Player
(
    PlayerId INT IDENTITY(1, 1)
                PRIMARY KEY
                NOT NULL ,
    Name NVARCHAR(100) ,
    GenderID INT FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Gender ( GenderID ),
    TeamID INT FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Team ( TeamID )
);
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
INSERT INTO Player
VALUES ( 'Name1', 1, 2 );
INSERT INTO Player
VALUES ( 'Name2', 2, 2 );
INSERT INTO Player
VALUES ( 'Name3', 2, 1 );
INSERT INTO Player
VALUES ( 'Name4', 1, 4 );
INSERT INTO Player
VALUES ( 'Name5', 3, 2 );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE VIEW vwPlayerTeam
AS
    SELECT p.PlayerId ,
           p.Name ,
           p.GenderID ,
           p.TeamID,
           t.TeamName
    FROM   dbo.Player p
           INNER JOIN dbo.Team t ON p.TeamID = t.TeamID;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

```

```

SELECT *
FROM Player;
SELECT *
FROM Team;
SELECT *
FROM Gender;
SELECT *
FROM vwPlayerTeam;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID
1	1	Name1	1	2
2	2	Name2	2	2
3	3	Name3	2	1
4	4	Name4	1	4
5	5	Name5	3	2

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team2
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

	GenderID	Gender
1	1	Male
2	2	Female
3	3	Unknow

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Name1	1	2	Team2
2	2	Name2	2	2	Team2
3	3	Name3	2	1	Team1
4	4	Name4	1	4	Team4
5	5	Name5	3	2	Team2

=====

4. InsteadOfInsertTrigger : Fix Incorrectly Insert VIEW

```

-----
--T016_04_InsteadOfInsertTrigger : Fix Incorrectly Insert VIEW
-----

```

4.1. Incorrectly Insert VIEW

```

-----
--T016_04_01
--Incorrectly Insert VIEW
INSERT INTO vwPlayerTeam
( Name, GenderID, TeamName )
VALUES ( 'Name6', 1, 'NotExistTeam' );

```

```
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Return Error
```

Messages

Msg 4405, Level 16, State 1, Line 572
View or function 'vwPlayerTeam' is not updatable because the modification affects multiple base tables.

4.2. Fix the incorrectly Insert VIEW

```
=====
--T016_04_02
--Fix the incorrectly Insert VIEW
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM sys.triggers
            WHERE name = 'trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfInsert' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfInsert;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfInsert ON vwPlayerTeam
    INSTEAD OF INSERT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @TeamID INT;
    DECLARE @GenderID INT;

    --check if the input TeamName is valid and exists in the TeamTable.
    SELECT @TeamID = Team.TeamID
    FROM    dbo.Team
            JOIN inserted ON inserted.TeamName = Team.TeamName;
    --If TeamId is in-valid, then raise Error and Stop processing
    IF ( @TeamID IS NULL )
    BEGIN
        RAISERROR('Invalid Team Name. Statement terminated', 16, 1);
        RETURN;
    END;

    --check if the input GenderID is valid and exists in the TeamTable.
    SELECT @GenderID = inserted.GenderID
    FROM    dbo.Gender
            JOIN inserted ON inserted.GenderID = dbo.Gender.GenderID;
    --If GenderID is in-valid, then raise Error and Stop processing
    IF ( @GenderID IS NULL )
    BEGIN
        RAISERROR('Invalid GenderID. Statement terminated', 16, 1);
        RETURN;
    END;

    --Insert into Gamer table
    INSERT INTO dbo.Player
        ( Name ,
          GenderID ,
          TeamID
        )
    SELECT [Name] ,
           @GenderID ,
           @TeamID
    FROM    inserted i;
```

```

END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
1.
--SELECT @TeamID = Team.TeamID
--FROM    dbo.Team
--        JOIN inserted ON inserted.TeamName = Team.TeamName;
AFTER/FOR INSERT Trigger / INSTEAD OF INSERT Trigger:
INSERTED table structure is same as {TableName} structure,
and it contains the copy version of data rows we inserted.
This table can only be accessed by the Trigger.
2.
--IF ( @TeamID is null )
--    BEGIN
--        RAISERROR('Invalid Team Name. Statement terminated', 16, 1)
--        RETURN
--    END
2.1.
If TeamId is in-valid, then raise Error and Stop processing.
IF ( @TeamID is null ) means
the input TeamName is NOT exist in the TeamTable.
Then raise the Error
--RAISERROR('Invalid Team Name. Statement terminated', 16, 1)
RETURN will stop processing.
2.2.
--RAISERROR ( { msg_str | @local_variable }
--    { ,severity ,state }
--    [ ,argument [ ,...n ] ] )
--    [ WITH option [ ,...n ] ]
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/language-elements/raiserror-transact-sql
2.2.1.
The first parameter, msg_str, is the error message.
2.2.2.
the second parameter, severity, is the severity level.
Severity level 16 means general errors and can be corrected by the user.
2.2.3.
The third parameter is state, and we should set default to 1.
RAISERROR only generates errors with state from 1 through 18.
Because the PDW engine may raise errors with state 0,
using a unique state number for different location
can help find which section of code is raising the errors.
*/


```

4.3. Fix the incorrectly Insert VIEW

```

=====
--T016_04_03
--Fix the incorrectly Insert VIEW
--T016_04_03_01
--Insert with a invalid teamName
INSERT INTO vwPlayerTeam
    ( Name, GenderID, TeamName )
VALUES ( 'Name6', 1, 'NotExistTeam' );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Return Error,
--because 'NotExistTeam' is a invalid teamName

```

 Messages

Msg 50000, Level 16, State 1, Procedure trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfInsert, Line 15 [Batch Start Line 671]
Invalid Team Name. Statement terminated

(1 row affected)

```

--T016_04_03_02
--Insert with a valid teamName
INSERT INTO vwPlayerTeam

```

```

        ( Name, GenderID, TeamName )
VALUES ( 'Name6', 1, 'Team1' );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
SELECT *
FROM vwPlayerTeam
WHERE PlayerId >= 5;
SELECT *
FROM dbo.Player
WHERE PlayerId >= 5;
SELECT *
FROM dbo.Team;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	5	Name5	3	2	Team2
2	6	Name6	1	1	Team1

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	
1	5	Name5	3	2	
2	6	Name6	1	1	

	TeamID	TeamName	
1	1	Team1	
2	2	Team2	
3	3	Team3	
4	4	Team4	

=====

5. InsteadOfInsertTrigger : Fix Incorrectly Update VIEW

```

-----
--T016_05_InsteadOfInsertTrigger : Fix Incorrectly Update VIEW
-----

```

5.1. Incorrectly Update VIEW

```

-----
--T016_05_01
--Incorrectly Update VIEW

```

```

SELECT *
FROM vwPlayerTeam;

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Name1	1	2	Team2
2	2	Name2	2	2	Team2
3	3	Name3	2	1	Team1
4	4	Name4	1	4	Team4
5	5	Name5	3	2	Team2
6	6	Name6	1	1	Team1

```

UPDATE vwPlayerTeam

```

```
SET      TeamName = 'Team3'
```

```
WHERE    PlayerId = 5;
```

```
SELECT  *
```

```
FROM     vwPlayerTeam;
```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Name1	1	2	Team3
2	2	Name2	2	2	Team3
3	3	Name3	2	1	Team1
4	4	Name4	1	4	Team4
5	5	Name5	3	2	Team3
6	6	Name6	1	1	Team1

```
SELECT  *
```

```
FROM     Team;
```

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team3
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

```
/*
In Team table,
Look at the TeamID=2,
its TeamName became "Team3"
This is wrong.
*/
```

```
--Clean up
```

```
UPDATE   Team
```

```
SET      TeamName = 'Team1'
```

```
WHERE    TeamID = 1;
```

```
UPDATE   Team
```

```
SET      TeamName = 'Team2'
```

```
WHERE    TeamID = 2;
```

```
UPDATE   Team
```

```
SET      TeamName = 'Team3'
```

```
WHERE    TeamID = 3;
```

```
UPDATE   Team
```

```
SET      TeamName = 'Team4'
```

```
WHERE    TeamID = 4;
```

```
SELECT  *
```

```
FROM     Team;
```

```
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team2
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

5.2. Fix the incorrectly Update VIEW

```
--=====
--T016_05_02
--Fix the incorrectly Update VIEW
IF EXISTS ( SELECT  *
```



```

        FROM    sys.triggers
        WHERE    name = 'trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfUpdate' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfUpdate;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfUpdate ON vwPlayerTeam
    INSTEAD OF UPDATE
AS
    BEGIN
        -- if someone tries to update or insert PlayerId
        IF ( UPDATE(PlayerId) )
            BEGIN
                RAISERROR('PlayerId is PK and unchangeable.', 16, 1);
                RETURN;
            END;
        -- if someone tries to update or insert GenderID
        IF ( UPDATE(GenderID) )
            BEGIN
                DECLARE @GenderID INT;
                --check if the input GenderID is valid and exist in the GenderTable
                SELECT  @GenderID = Gender.GenderID
                FROM      dbo.Gender
                JOIN inserted ON inserted.GenderID = Gender.GenderID;
                --(@GenderID IS NULL)=true means input GenderID is in-valid.
                IF ( @GenderID IS NULL )
                    BEGIN
                        RAISERROR('Invalid GenderID. Statement terminated', 16, 1);
                        RETURN;
                    END;
                --if input GenderID is valid, then process updating.
                UPDATE Player
                SET      GenderID = @GenderID
                FROM      inserted
                JOIN Player ON Player.PlayerId = inserted.PlayerId;
            END;
        -- if someone tries to update or insert TeamName
        IF ( UPDATE(TeamName) )
            BEGIN
                DECLARE @TeamID INT;
                --check if the input TeamName is valid and exist in the TeamTable
                SELECT  @TeamID = Team.TeamID
                FROM      Team
                JOIN inserted ON inserted.TeamName = Team.TeamName;
                --(@TeamID IS NULL)=true means input TeamName is in-valid.
                IF ( @TeamID IS NULL )
                    BEGIN
                        RAISERROR('Invalid Team Name. Statement terminated', 16, 1);
                        RETURN;
                    END;
                --if input TeamName is valid, then process updating.
                UPDATE Player
                SET      TeamID = @TeamID
                FROM      inserted

```

```

        JOIN Player ON Player.PlayerId = inserted.PlayerId;
    END;
    -- if someone tries to update or insert Name
    IF ( UPDATE(Name) )
    BEGIN
        --Name is NOT a foreign key,
        --thus, does not need to check if valid
        --then process updating.
        UPDATE Player
        SET     Name = inserted.Name
        FROM   inserted
        JOIN Player ON Player.PlayerId = inserted.PlayerId;
    END;
END;

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
1.
INSTEAD OF UPDATE Trigger:
The DELETED table contains the old data.
The INSERTED table contains the updated data.
2.
--IF ( UPDATE(PlayerId) )
if someone tries to update or insert PlayerId, then ...
2.1.
UPDATE(column)
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/functions/update-trigger-functions-transact-sql
Returns a Boolean value that indicates whether an
INSERT or UPDATE attempt was made on a specified column of a table or view.
*/

```

5.3. Fix the incorrectly Update VIEW

```

=====
--T016_05_03
--Fix the incorrectly Update VIEW

```

5.3.1. Update Name

```

-----
--T016_05_03_01
--Update Name and TeamName
SELECT *
FROM   vwPlayerTeam
WHERE  PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM   Player
WHERE  PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM   Team;

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Name1	1	2	Team2

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	
1	1	Name1	1	2	

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team2
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

```

UPDATE vwPlayerTeam
SET     Name = 'Name1_1' ,
        TeamName = 'Team1'
WHERE   PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM     vwPlayerTeam
WHERE    PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM     Player
WHERE    PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM     Team;

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Name1_1	1	1	Team1

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	
1	1	Name1_1	1	1	

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team2
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

```

/*
Update PlayerId=1,
update his name to 'Name1_1' and TeamID to 1.
It updates correctly.
*/

```

5.3.2. Update Name and TeamName

```

--T016_05_03_02
--Update Name and TeamName

```

```

SELECT *
FROM     vwPlayerTeam
WHERE    PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM     Player
WHERE    PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM     Team;

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Name1_1	1	1	Team1

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	
1	1	Name1_1	1	1	

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team2
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

```

UPDATE vwPlayerTeam
SET     Name = 'Name1_1_1' ,
        TeamName = 'Team3' ,

```

```

        GenderID = 3
WHERE   PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM     vwPlayerTeam
WHERE   PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM     Player
WHERE   PlayerId = 1;
SELECT *
FROM     Team;

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Name1_1_1	3	3	Team3

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	
1	1	Name1_1_1	3	3	

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team2
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

```

/*
Update PlayerId=1,
update his name to 'Name1_1_1'
and update his TeamID to 3.
and update his GenderID to 3.
It updates correctly.
*/

```

5.3.3. Clean up

```

-----
--T016_05_03_03
--Clean up
--Team
UPDATE Team
SET     TeamName = 'Team1'
WHERE   TeamID = 1;
UPDATE Team
SET     TeamName = 'Team2'
WHERE   TeamID = 2;
UPDATE Team
SET     TeamName = 'Team3'
WHERE   TeamID = 3;
UPDATE Team
SET     TeamName = 'Team4'
WHERE   TeamID = 4;
--Player
UPDATE Player
SET     Name = 'Name1' ,
        GenderID = 1 ,
        TeamID = 2
WHERE   PlayerId = 1;
UPDATE Player
SET     Name = 'Name2' ,
        GenderID = 2 ,
        TeamID = 2
WHERE   PlayerId = 2;

```

```

UPDATE Player
SET Name = 'Name3' ,
    GenderID = 2 ,
    TeamID = 1
WHERE PlayerId = 3;
UPDATE Player
SET Name = 'Name4' ,
    GenderID = 1 ,
    TeamID = 4
WHERE PlayerId = 4;
UPDATE Player
SET Name = 'Name5' ,
    GenderID = 3 ,
    TeamID = 2
WHERE PlayerId = 5;
UPDATE Player
SET Name = 'Name6' ,
    GenderID = 1 ,
    TeamID = 1
WHERE PlayerId = 6;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
SELECT *
FROM Player;
SELECT *
FROM Team;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID
1	1	Name1	1	2
2	2	Name2	2	2
3	3	Name3	2	1
4	4	Name4	1	4
5	5	Name5	3	2
6	6	Name6	1	1

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team2
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

6. InsteadOfInsertTrigger : Fix Incorrectly Delete VIEW

```

=====
--T016_06_InsteadOfInsertTrigger : Fix Incorrectly Delete VIEW
=====

```

6.1. Incorrectly Delete VIEW

```

=====
--T016_06_01
--Incorrectly Delete VIEW
DELETE FROM vwPlayerTeam
WHERE PlayerId = 1;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Return Error
--SQL server is confused that whether it should delete Player or delete Team

```

Messages

Msg 4405, Level 16, State 1, Line 984
View or function 'vwPlayerTeam' is not updatable because the modification affects multiple base tables.

6.2. Fix incorrectly Delete VIEW

```

=====
--T016_06_02
--Fix incorrectly Delete VIEW
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM sys.triggers
            WHERE name = 'trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfDelete' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfDelete;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfDelete ON vwPlayerTeam
INSTEAD OF DELETE
AS
BEGIN
    ----Join
    --Delete dbo.Player
    --FROM dbo.Player
    -- join deleted on Player.PlayerId = deleted.PlayerId
    --SubQuery
    DELETE FROM dbo.Player
    WHERE PlayerId IN ( SELECT PlayerId
                       FROM deleted );
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
In most cases JOINS are faster than SUB-QUERIES.
However, in this case, you only need one subset of data rows which is PlayerId.
thus, in this case, SubQuery is slightly faster.
*/

```

6.3. Fix incorrectly Delete VIEW

```

=====
--T016_06_03
--Fix incorrectly Delete VIEW
SELECT *
FROM vwPlayerTeam
WHERE PlayerId <= 2;
SELECT *
FROM Player
WHERE PlayerId <= 2;

```

```

SELECT *
FROM Team;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Name1	1	2	Team2
2	2	Name2	2	2	Team2

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID
1	1	Name1	1	2
2	2	Name2	2	2

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team2
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

```

DELETE FROM vwPlayerTeam
WHERE PlayerId = 1;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
SELECT *
FROM vwPlayerTeam
WHERE PlayerId <= 2;
SELECT *
FROM Player
WHERE PlayerId <= 2;
SELECT *
FROM Team;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

```

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID	TeamName
1	2	Name2	2	2	Team2

	PlayerId	Name	GenderID	TeamID
1	2	Name2	2	2

	TeamID	TeamName
1	1	Team1
2	2	Team2
3	3	Team3
4	4	Team4

=====

7. Clean up

```

-----
--T016_07_Clean up
-----
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT *

```

```

        FROM      INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
        WHERE      TABLE_NAME = 'vwPlayerTeam' ) )
BEGIN
    DROP VIEW vwPlayerTeam;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT      *
                FROM      INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
                WHERE      TABLE_NAME = 'Player' ) )
BEGIN
    TRUNCATE TABLE Player;
    DROP TABLE Player;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT      *
                FROM      INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
                WHERE      TABLE_NAME = 'Team' ) )
BEGIN
    TRUNCATE TABLE Team;
    DROP TABLE Team;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT      *
                FROM      INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
                WHERE      TABLE_NAME = 'Gender' ) )
BEGIN
    TRUNCATE TABLE Gender;
    DROP TABLE Gender;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-----
IF EXISTS ( SELECT      *
            FROM      sys.triggers
            WHERE      name = 'trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfInsert' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfInsert;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT      *
            FROM      sys.triggers
            WHERE      name = 'trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfUpdate' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfUpdate;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT      *
            FROM      sys.triggers
            WHERE      name = 'trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfDelete' )
BEGIN
    DROP TRIGGER trVwPlayerTeam_InsteadOfDelete;
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

```