(T29)介紹 DDLTrigger 搭配 AllServerScope 和 LoginTrigger CourseGUID: e48417fc-9db5-4e99-822c-706c5ccef6cc

(T29)介紹 DDLTrigger 搭配 AllServerScope 和 LoginTrigger

0. Summary

- 1. Database Scoped Data Definition Language (DDL) Triggers event : CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE , DROP_TABLE, RENAME
- 1.1. DDL Trigger event: CREATE TABLE
- 1.2. Enable/Disable DDL Trigger: CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP TABLE
- 1.3. DATABASE scoped DDL Trigger: RENAME
- 1.4. Clean up

2. Server Scoped Data Definition Language (DDL) Triggers event : CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE , DROP_TABLE

- 3. TriggerExecutionOrder sp settriggerorder
- 3.1. sp_settriggerorder
- 3.2. sp settriggerorder order

- 4. AuditTableChanges
- 4.1. EVENTDATA
- 4.2. AuditTableStructureChanges
- 4.3. Clean up

--BEGIN

5. LogonTriggers sys.dm exec sessions ORIGINAL LOGIN()

0. Summary

1. DDL Trigger Reference: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/triggers/ddl-events Drop DDL trigger(ALL Server scope/Database scope) if it exists http://sqlhints.com/2016/04/03/how-to-check-if-a-trigger-exists-in-sql-server/ Syntax -- CREATE TRIGGER [TriggerName] --ON (All Server/Database) --FOR [EventType1, EventType2, ...], --AS --BEGIN -- ... --END Database Scope DDL Trigger 2.1. Create Database Scope DDL Trigger Syntax --CREATE TRIGGER [TriggerName] --ON Database --FOR [EventType1, EventType2, ...], --AS

```
--END
2.1.1.
E.g.
--IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
       FROM sys.triggers
       WHERE name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable' )
-- BEGIN
     DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE;
-- END;
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-- CREATE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
-- FOR CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
   BEGIN
     PRINT 'Create table is prohibited.';
     ROLLBACK;
-- END;
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
Create DDL Database Triggers in SSMS
Database Name --> Programmability --> Database Triggers
2.2.
Enable/Sisable Trigger
Syntax
--DISABLE TRIGGER trgName ON DATABASE
Disable trgName DATABASE scope trigger.
-- ENABLE TRIGGER trgName ON DATABASE
Enable trgName DATABASE scope trigger.
--DISABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
--ENABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
2.3.
---- Drop database scope trigger if it exists
--IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
       FROM sys.triggers
       WHERE name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable' )
   BEGIN
     DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE;
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-- CREATE TRIGGER trgRename ON DATABASE
-- FOR RENAME
--AS
-- BEGIN
     PRINT 'Rename DDL trigger is fired.';
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--sp_rename 'TestTable', 'TestTable2';
Rename 'TestTable' to 'TestTable2'
--sp_rename 'TestTable2.ID', 'ID2', 'column'
Rename TestTable2.ID Column to TestTable2.ID2 Column,
the third parameter means dealing with column.
3.
All Server Scope DDL Trigger
Create All Server Scope DDL Trigger
Syntax
-- CREATE TRIGGER [TriggerName]
```

```
--ON All Server
--FOR [EventType1, EventType2, ...],
--AS
--BEGIN
-- ...
--END
3.1.1.
E.g.
--IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
       FROM sys.server_triggers
       WHERE name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2')
   BEGIN
     DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON DATABASE;
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-- CREATE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER
-- FOR CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
--AS
   BEGIN
     PRINT 'Any definition change for table is not prohibited.';
     ROLLBACK;
-- END;
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
The scope is ALL SERVER.
This is the CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE event trigger.
3.1.2.
Create DDL Database scope Triggers in SSMS
Database Name --> Programmability --> Database Triggers
Create DDL All Server scope Triggers in SSMS
Server Objects --> Triggers --> ...
Enable/Sisable ALL SERVER scope DDL trigger
Syntax
--DISABLE TRIGGER trgName ON ALL SERVER
Disable trgName All Server scope trigger.
-- ENABLE TRIGGER trgName ON ALL SERVER
Enable trgName All Server scope trigger.
--DISABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER
--ENABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER
3.3.
Drop ALL SERVER scope trigger if it exists
Reference: http://sqlhints.com/2016/04/03/how-to-check-if-a-trigger-exists-in-sql-server/
--IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
       FROM sys.server_triggers
       WHERE name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2' )
   BEGIN
     DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER;
-- END;
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
4.
Even if we use sp settriggerorder to change the order,
server scoped triggers will always fire before any of the database scoped triggers.
4.2.
sp_settriggerorder can set the order of server scoped DDL triggers
or database scoped triggers.
4.3.
E.g.
--EXEC sp_settriggerorder
-- @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
```

```
-- @order = 'first',
-- @stmttype = 'CREATE TABLE',
-- @namespace = 'DATABASE';
Set the database scoped trigger, trgFirstTrigger,
to the first order of CREATE_TABLE event.
4.3.1.
   @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
1st parameter is the trigger name that you want to set.
4.3.2.
--@order = 'first',
--@order = 'last',
--@order = 'none',
2nd parameter is the running order.
Value can be First, Last or None.
4.3.3.
-- @stmttype = 'CREATE TABLE',
3rd parameter is the SQL statement that fires the trigger.
You many only put ONE statement type here.
If you want 'ALTER_TABLE' or 'DROP_TABLE' or other statement,
you need to "ECECUTE sp_settriggerorder" several times
for each statement type you want to set.
4.3.4.
-- @namespace = 'DATABASE';
or
-- @namespace = 'SERVER';
4th parameter is the scope of the trigger.
Value can be DATABASE, SERVER, or NULL.
4.4.
If there is a database scoped DDL Triggers and a server scoped DDL triggers
handling the same event.
Here is the execution order.
4.4.1.
The server scope DDL trigger which @order = 'first'
-->
other server scope DDL triggers which @order = 'none'
The server scope DDL trigger which @order = 'Last'
The database scope DDL trigger which @order = 'first'
other database scope DDL triggers which @order = 'none'
-->
The database scope DDL trigger which @order = 'Last'
--EVENTDATA()
5.1.
--EVENTDATA()
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/functions/eventdata-transact-sql
EventData() returns information about server or database events in XML format.
E.g.
--<EVENT INSTANCE>
-- <EventType>CREATE TABLE</EventType>
-- <PostTime>2017-10-10T04:42:27.870</PostTime>
-- <SPID>54</SPID>
-- <ServerName>N550JKL\SQL2016</ServerName>
-- <LoginName>MicrosoftAccount\lpmplpmp01@hotmail.com</LoginName>
-- <UserName>dbo</UserName>
-- < DatabaseName > Sample 3 < / DatabaseName >
-- <SchemaName>dbo</SchemaName>
-- <ObjectName>TestTable</ObjectName>
-- <ObjectType>TABLE</ObjectType>
-- <TSQLCommand>
```

```
<SetOptions ANSI NULLS="ON" ANSI NULL DEFAULT="ON" ANSI PADDING="ON" QUOTED IDENTIFIER="ON" ENCRYPTED="FALSE" />
   <CommandText>CREATE TABLE TestTable
   ID INT,
   [Name] NVARCHAR(100)
-- )</CommandText>
-- </TSQLCommand>
--</EVENT_INSTANCE>
_____
---- Drop Table if it exists
--IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT *
        FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
        WHERE TABLE_NAME = 'AuditTableStructureChanges' ) )
     TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.AuditTableStructureChanges;
     DROP TABLE AuditTableStructureChanges;
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-- CREATE TABLE AuditTableStructureChanges
    EventType NVARCHAR(300),
    PostTime DATETIME,
   --Server Process ID
   SPID NVARCHAR(300),
   ServerName NVARCHAR(300),
   LoginName NVARCHAR(300),
   UserName NVARCHAR(300),
   DatabaseName NVARCHAR(300),
   SchemaName NVARCHAR(300),
    ObjectName NVARCHAR(300),
    ObjectType NVARCHAR(300),
   TSQLCommand NVARCHAR(MAX)
-- );
--GO
---- Drop ALL SERVER scope trigger if it exists
----Reference: http://sqlhints.com/2016/04/03/how-to-check-if-a-trigger-exists-in-sql-server/
--IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
       FROM sys.server_triggers
       WHERE name = 'trgAuditTableStructureChanges')
     DROP TRIGGER trgAuditTableStructureChanges ON ALL SERVER;
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-- CREATE TRIGGER trgAuditTableStructureChanges ON ALL SERVER
   FOR CREATE TABLE, ALTER TABLE, DROP TABLE
--AS
   BEGIN
     DECLARE @EventData XML;
     SELECT @EventData = EVENTDATA();
     INSERT INTO Sample3.dbo.AuditTableStructureChanges
        (EventType,
         PostTime,
         SPID,
         ServerName,
         LoginName,
         UserName,
         DatabaseName,
         SchemaName,
         ObjectName,
         ObjectType,
         TSQLCommand
```

)

```
VALUES (@EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/EventType)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(300)'),
          @ Event Data.value ('(/EVENT\_INSTANCE/PostTime)[1]', 'DATETIME') \ , \\
          @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/SPID)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(300)'),
          @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/ServerName)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(300)'),
          @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/LoginName)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(300)'),
          @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/UserName)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(300)'),
          @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/DatabaseName)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(300)'),
          @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/SchemaName)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(300)'),
          @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/ObjectName)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(300)'),
          @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/ObjectType)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(300)'),
          @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/TSQLCommand)[1]',
                  'NVARCHAR(MAX)')
-- END;
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

Database Scoped Data Definition Language (DDL) Triggers event : CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE, RENAME

```
--T029_01_Database Scoped Data Definition Language (DDL) Triggers event : CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE , DROP_TABLE, RENAME
```

1.1. DDL Trigger event: CREATE_TABLE

```
--T029 01 01
--DDL Trigger event: CREATE_TABLE
--T029_01_01_01
--Create DDL Trigger : CREATE_TABLE
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM
                   sys.triggers
           WHERE    name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
   FOR CREATE_TABLE
AS
   BEGIN
       PRINT 'Create table is prohibited.';
       ROLLBACK;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

```
-- CREATE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
    FOR CREATE TABLE
--AS
    BEGIN
       PRINT 'Create table is prohibited.';
       ROLLBACK;
    END;
prohibit create table in Sample3 database.
1.1.
Syntax
--CREATE TRIGGER [TriggerName]
--ON (All Server/Database)
--FOR [EventType1, EventType2, ...],
--AS
--BEGIN
--END
--CREATE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
-- FOR CREATE TABLE
Create a trigger which name as trgNoCreateAlterDropTable
The scope is current database.
This is the CREATE_TABLE event trigger.
Create DDL Database Triggers in SSMS
Database Name --> Programmability --> Database Triggers

☐ Sample3

    Database Diagrams
    Tables
    External Resources
    Synonyms
    Programmability
       Stored Procedures
       Functions
       Database Triggers
             trgNoCreateAlterDropTable
       Assemblies
       Types
       Rules
       Defaults
       Plan Guides
       Sequences
    Service Broker
    Storage
    Security
------
--T029 01 01 02
--Test DDL Trigger CREATE_TABLE
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                   INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
           WHERE
                   TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
      TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
```

1.

```
DROP TABLE TestTable;
END;

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT PRIMARY KEY );

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

/*

Output Error Message

--Create table is prohibited.

--Msg 3609, Level 16, State 2, Line 88

--The transaction ended in the trigger. The batch has been aborted.

*/

Messages

Create table is prohibited.

Msg 3609, Level 16, State 2, Line 387

The transaction ended in the trigger. The batch has been aborted.
```

1.2. Enable/Disable DDL Trigger: CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE

```
-----
--T029 01 02
--Enable/Disable DDL Trigger: CREATE TABLE, ALTER TABLE, DROP TABLE
--T029 01 02 01
--Create DDL Trigger : CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
ALTER TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
   FOR CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
AS
   BEGIN
       PRINT 'Any change for table is not prohibited.';
       ROLLBACK;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
1.
--ALTER TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
     FOR CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
--AS
     BEGIN
         PRINT 'Any change for table is not prohibited.';
         ROLLBACK;
prohibit create/Alter/Drop table in Sample3 database.
1.1.
Syntax
-- CREATE TRIGGER [TriggerName]
--ON (All Server/Database)
--FOR [EventType1, EventType2, ...],
--AS
--BEGIN
--END
--ALTER TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
     FOR CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
Alter a trigger which name as trgNoCreateAlterDropTable
The scope is current database.
This is the CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE event trigger.
Create DDL Database Triggers in SSMS
Database Name --> Programmability --> Database Triggers
```

```
--T029 01 02 02
--Enable/Disable DDL Trigger: CREATE TABLE, ALTER TABLE, DROP TABLE
/*
Enable/Sisable Trigger
Syntax
--DISABLE TRIGGER trgName ON DATABASE
Disable trgName DATABASE scope trigger.
-- ENABLE TRIGGER trgName ON DATABASE
Enable trgName DATABASE scope trigger.
--DISABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
--ENABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE
*/
--T029_01_02_02_01
--Disable the Trigger
DISABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

☐ Sample3

   Database Diagrams

→ Wiews

   External Resources
   Synonyms
   Programmability
                                              New Database Trigger...
      Script Database Trigger as
      Database Triggers
                                              View Dependencies
             trgNoCreateAlterDropTable
      Assemblies
                                              Enable
      Types
                                              Disable
      Rules
                                              Policies

    ■ Defaults

      Plan Guides
                                              Find Invalid Objects
      Sequences
                                              Facets
   Service Broker
   Storage
                                              Start PowerShell
   Security
   Security
                                              Reports
   Server Ohierts
                                              Delete
                                              Refresh
--T029_01_02_02_02
--Test the trigger
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
            FROM
                    INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
                    TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
           WHERE
   BEGIN
      TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
      DROP TABLE TestTable;
```

```
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT PRIMARY KEY );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-- Create table successfully..
--T029_01_02_02_03
--Test the trigger
DROP TABLE TestTable;
-- Drop table successfully..
--T029 01 02 02 04
--Enable the Trigger
ENABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--T029_01_02_02_04
--Test the trigger
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT PRIMARY KEY );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-- Error : Create table un-successfully

    Messages

   Any change for table is not prohibited.
   Msg 3609, Level 16, State 2, Line 495
   The transaction ended in the trigger. The batch has been aborted.
                --T029_01_02_02_05
--Test the trigger
DROP TABLE TestTable;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-- Error : Drop table un-successfully.
Messages
  Msg 3701, Level 11, State 5, Line 502
  Cannot drop the table 'TestTable', because it does not exist or you do not have permission.
--T029_01_02_03
--Drop DATABASE scoped DDL Trigger: CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                  sys.triggers
           WHERE    name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
1.3. DATABASE scoped DDL Trigger: RENAME
--T029 01 03
--DATABASE scoped DDL Trigger: RENAME
               _____
--T029_01_03_01
-- Create DATABASE scoped DDL Trigger: RENAME
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
```

FROM

BEGIN

sys.triggers WHERE name = 'trgRename')

```
DROP TRIGGER trgRename ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgRename ON DATABASE
   FOR RENAME
AS
   BEGIN
       PRINT 'Rename DDL trigger is fired.';
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
1.
-- CREATE TRIGGER trgRename ON DATABASE
      FOR RENAME
--AS
     BEGIN
         PRINT 'Rename DDL trigger is fired.';
Rename DDL trigger will be fired when rename events happen.
Syntax
-- CREATE TRIGGER [TriggerName]
--ON (All Server/Database)
--FOR [EventType1, EventType2, ...],
--AS
--BEGIN
-- ...
--END
1.2.
--CREATE TRIGGER trgRename ON DATABASE
-- FOR RENAME
CREATE a trigger which name as trgRename
The scope is current database.
This is the RENAME event trigger.
1.3.
Create DDL Database Triggers in SSMS
Database Name --> Programmability --> Database Triggers
*/
______
--T029 01 03 02
-- Test DATABASE scoped DDL Trigger: RENAME
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
             FROM
                      INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
             WHERE
                       TABLE NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Rename 'TestTable' to 'TestTable2'
EXECUTE sp_rename 'TestTable', 'TestTable2';
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
Output message
--Caution: Changing any part of an object name could break scripts and stored procedures.
-- Rename DDL trigger is fired.
*/
```

```
Caution: Changing any part of an object name could break scripts and stored procedures.

Rename DDL trigger is fired.

--Rename TestTable2.ID Column to TestTable2.ID2 Column,

--the third parameter means dealing with column.

EXECUTE sp_rename 'TestTable2.ID', 'ID2', 'column';

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

/*

Output message

--Caution: Changing any part of an object name could break scripts and stored procedures.

--Rename DDL trigger is fired.

*/

Messages

Caution: Changing any part of an object name could break scripts and stored procedures.

Rename DDL trigger is fired.
```

1.4. Clean up

```
______
--T029 01 04
--Clean up
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                  sys.triggers
           WHERE    name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable ON DATABASE;
   END:
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                  sys.triggers
           WHERE
                 name = 'trgRename' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgRename ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                      INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
             FROM
             WHERE
                      TABLE NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                      INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
             FROM
             WHERE
                      TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable2' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE TestTable2;
       DROP TABLE TestTable2;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

Server Scoped Data Definition Language (DDL) Triggers event : CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE

```
--T029_02_Server Scoped Data Definition Language (DDL) Triggers event : CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE,
DROP_TABLE
------
------
--Create Server Scoped DDL Triggers event : CREATE TABLE, ALTER TABLE , DROP TABLE
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
         FROM
             sys.server_triggers
        WHERE    name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2' )
  BEGIN
     DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER;
  END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER
  FOR CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
AS
  BEGIN
     PRINT 'Any definition change for table is not prohibited.';
     ROLLBACK;
  END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
N550JKL\SQL2016 (SQL Server 13.0.4206.0 - N550JKL\lpm
   Databases
   Security
   Server Objects
      Backup Devices
      Endpoints
      Linked Servers
      Triggers
           trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2
   Replication
   PolyBase
   Always On High Availability
   Management
   Integration Services Catalogs
      SQL Server Agent (Agent XPs disabled)
1.
--IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
          FROM sys.server_triggers
          WHERE    name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2' )
       DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON DATABASE;
    END;
```

```
--GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
-- CREATE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER
     FOR CREATE TABLE, ALTER TABLE, DROP TABLE
--AS
         PRINT 'Any definition change for table is not prohibited.';
         ROLLBACK;
     END;
prohibit create/Alter/Drop table in ALL SERVER.
1.1.
Syntax
--CREATE TRIGGER [TriggerName]
--ON (All Server/Database)
--FOR [EventType1, EventType2, ...],
--AS
--BEGIN
--END
--CREATE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER
     FOR CREATE TABLE, ALTER TABLE, DROP TABLE
CREATE a trigger which name as trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2
The scope is ALL SERVER.
This is the CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE event trigger.
1.3.
Create DDL Database scope Triggers in SSMS
Database Name --> Programmability --> Database Triggers
Create DDL All Server scope Triggers in SSMS
Server Objects --> Triggers --> ...
*/
-----
--T029 02 02
--Disable/Enable Server Scoped DDL Triggers event : CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE , DROP_TABLE
--Disable/Enable ALL SERVER scope DDL trigger
DISABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
ENABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
Enable/Sisable ALL SERVER scope DDL trigger
Syntax
--DISABLE TRIGGER trgName ON ALL SERVER
Disable trgName All Server scope trigger.
-- ENABLE TRIGGER trgName ON ALL SERVER
Enable trgName All Server scope trigger.
E.g.
--DISABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER
--ENABLE TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER
------
--T029 02 03
--Drop Server Scoped DDL Triggers event : CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE , DROP_TABLE
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                 sys.server_triggers
          WHERE    name = 'trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgNoCreateAlterDropTable2 ON ALL SERVER;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

3. TriggerExecutionOrder_sp_settriggerorder

```
--T029_03_TriggerExecutionOrder_sp_settriggerorder
```

3.1. sp settriggerorder

```
--T029 03 01
--sp_settriggerorder
--T029_03_01_01
-- Create two CREATE_TABLE triggers
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                  sys.triggers
           WHERE   name = 'trgFirstTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgFirstTrigger ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                  sys.triggers
           WHERE    name = 'trgSecondTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgSecondTrigger ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgSecondTrigger ON DATABASE
   FOR CREATE_TABLE
AS
   PRINT 'This is the second CREATE TABLE trigger';
G<sub>0</sub>
CREATE TRIGGER trgFirstTrigger ON DATABASE
   FOR CREATE_TABLE
AS
   PRINT 'This is the first CREATE TABLE trigger';
GO.
--T029 03 01 02
--Test the trigger
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                      INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
             FROM
             WHERE
                       TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Create a simple test table
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT );
G<sub>0</sub>
Output as the following
-- This is the second CREATE TABLE trigger
--This is the first CREATE_TABLE trigger
*/
--T029_03_01
```

```
--sp_settriggerorder
______
--T029 03 01 01
-- Create two CREATE_TABLE triggers
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM
                    sys.triggers
            WHERE
                   name = 'trgFirstTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgFirstTrigger ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM
                    sys.triggers
            WHERE
                  name = 'trgSecondTrigger' )
   BEGTN
       DROP TRIGGER trgSecondTrigger ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgSecondTrigger ON DATABASE
   FOR CREATE_TABLE
AS
   PRINT 'This is the second CREATE_TABLE trigger';
G0
CREATE TRIGGER trgFirstTrigger ON DATABASE
   FOR CREATE_TABLE
AS
   PRINT 'This is the first CREATE TABLE trigger';
G<sub>0</sub>
--T029_03_01_02
--Test the trigger
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                        INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
              FROM
                        TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
              WHERE
   BEGIN
        TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Create a simple test table
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT );
GO
Output as the following
--This is the second CREATE_TABLE trigger
--This is the first CREATE_TABLE trigger
*/
Messages
   Caution: Changing any part of an object name could break scripts and stored procedures.
   Rename DDL trigger is fired.
--T029 03 01 03
--sp_settriggerorder
EXEC sp_settriggerorder @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger', @order = 'first',
       --@order = 'last',
       --@order = 'none',
    @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE', @namespace = 'DATABASE';
       --@namespace = 'SERVER';
/*
```

```
1.
-- EXEC sp settriggerorder
      @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
      @order = 'first',
   @stmttype = 'CREATE TABLE',
      @namespace = 'DATABASE';
Set the database scoped trigger, trgFirstTrigger,
to the first order of CREATE_TABLE event.
1.1.
      @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
1st parameter is the trigger name that you want to set.
--@order = 'first',
--@order = 'last',
--@order = 'none',
2nd parameter is the running order.
Value can be First, Last or None.
1.3.
-- @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE',
3rd parameter is the SQL statement that fires the trigger.
You many only put ONE statement type here.
If you want 'ALTER_TABLE' or 'DROP_TABLE' or other statement,
you need to "ECECUTE sp_settriggerorder" several times
for each statement type you want to set.
1.4.
-- @namespace = 'DATABASE';
or
-- @namespace = 'SERVER';
4th parameter is the scope of the trigger.
Value can be DATABASE, SERVER, or NULL.
*/
--T029_03_01_04
--Test the trigger
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                       INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
             FROM
                       TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
             WHERE
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Create a simple test table
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT );
G<sub>0</sub>
/*
--This is the first CREATE_TABLE trigger
--This is the second CREATE_TABLE trigger
Messages
   This is the first CREATE TABLE trigger
   This is the second CREATE_TABLE trigger
--T029 03 01 05
--sp_settriggerorder
--When @order = 'none', trigger is fired in random order
EXEC sp settriggerorder @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
       --@order = 'first',
       --@order = 'last',
    @order = 'none', -- Clean up
    @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE', @namespace = 'DATABASE';
```

```
--@namespace = 'SERVER';
/*
1.
--EXEC sp settriggerorder
      @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
      @order = 'none',
-- @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE',
      @namespace = 'DATABASE';
Set the database scoped trigger, trgFirstTrigger,
to the none order of CREATE_TABLE event.
When @order = 'none', trigger is fired in random order.
1.1.
      @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
1st parameter is the trigger name that you want to set.
--@order = 'first',
--@order = 'last',
--@order = 'none',
2nd parameter is the running order.
Value can be First, Last or None.
-- @stmttype = 'CREATE TABLE',
3rd parameter is the SQL statement that fires the trigger.
You many only put ONE statement type here.
If you want 'ALTER_TABLE' or 'DROP_TABLE' or other statement,
you need to "ECECUTE sp_settriggerorder" several times
for each statement type you want to set.
1.4.
-- @namespace = 'DATABASE';
or
-- @namespace = 'SERVER';
4th parameter is the scope of the trigger.
Value can be DATABASE, SERVER, or NULL.
*/
--T029_03_01_06
--Drop the trigger
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
             FROM
                       INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
                       TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
             WHERE
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Create a simple test table
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT );
GO
/*
Output as the following
--This is the second CREATE_TABLE trigger
--This is the first CREATE_TABLE trigger
Messages
   This is the second CREATE TABLE trigger
   This is the first CREATE TABLE trigger
--T029 03 01 07
--Clean up
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                 sys.triggers
```

```
WHERE name = 'trgFirstTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgFirstTrigger ON DATABASE;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                   sys.triggers
           WHERE    name = 'trgSecondTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgSecondTrigger ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                       INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
             FROM
                        TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
             WHERE
   BEGIN
        TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--T029 03 01 03
--sp_settriggerorder
EXEC sp settriggerorder @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger', @order = 'first',
       --@order = 'last',
       --@order = 'none',
    @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE', @namespace = 'DATABASE';
       --@namespace = 'SERVER';
/*
1.
--EXEC sp_settriggerorder
       @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
       @order = 'first',
    @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE',
       @namespace = 'DATABASE';
Set the database scoped trigger, trgFirstTrigger,
to the first order of CREATE_TABLE event.
       @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
1st parameter is the trigger name that you want to set.
--@order = 'first',
--@order = 'last',
--@order = 'none',
2nd parameter is the running order.
Value can be First, Last or None.
1.3.
-- @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE',
3rd parameter is the SQL statement that fires the trigger.
You many only put ONE statement type here.
If you want 'ALTER_TABLE' or 'DROP_TABLE' or other statement,
you need to "ECECUTE sp_settriggerorder" several times
for each statement type you want to set.
1.4.
-- @namespace = 'DATABASE';
or
-- @namespace = 'SERVER';
4th parameter is the scope of the trigger.
Value can be DATABASE, SERVER, or NULL.
*/
```

```
--T029 03 01 04
-- Test the trigger
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
             FROM
                       INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
             WHERE
                        TABLE NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Create a simple test table
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT );
GO
/*
--This is the first CREATE_TABLE trigger
--This is the second CREATE_TABLE trigger
*/
--T029 03 01 05
--sp_settriggerorder
--When @order = 'none', trigger is fired in random order
EXEC sp_settriggerorder @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
       --@order = 'first',
       --@order = 'last',
    @order = 'none', -- Clean up
    @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE', @namespace = 'DATABASE';
       --@namespace = 'SERVER';
/*
1.
--EXEC sp_settriggerorder
       @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
       @order = 'none',
   @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE'
       @namespace = 'DATABASE';
Set the database scoped trigger, trgFirstTrigger,
to the none order of CREATE TABLE event.
When @order = 'none', trigger is fired in random order.
1.1.
       @triggername = 'trgFirstTrigger',
1st parameter is the trigger name that you want to set.
1.2.
--@order = 'first',
--@order = 'last',
--@order = 'none',
2nd parameter is the running order.
Value can be First, Last or None.
1.3.
-- @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE',
3rd parameter is the SQL statement that fires the trigger.
You many only put ONE statement type here.
If you want 'ALTER_TABLE' or 'DROP_TABLE' or other statement,
you need to "ECECUTE sp_settriggerorder" several times
for each statement type you want to set.
-- @namespace = 'DATABASE';
or
-- @namespace = 'SERVER';
4th parameter is the scope of the trigger.
Value can be DATABASE, SERVER, or NULL.
*/
--T029 03 01 06
--Drop the trigger
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
```

```
FROM
                        INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
              WHERE
                        TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Create a simple test table
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT );
G0
Output as the following
--This is the second CREATE_TABLE trigger
--This is the first CREATE_TABLE trigger
*/
--T029 03 01 07
--Clean up
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM
                   sys.triggers
           WHERE   name = 'trgFirstTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgFirstTrigger ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM
                   sys.triggers
            WHERE    name = 'trgSecondTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgSecondTrigger ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
              FROM
                        INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
              WHERE
                        TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

3.2. sp_settriggerorder order

```
--T029_03_02
--sp_settriggerorder order
/*

1.

Even if we use sp_settriggerorder to change the order,
server scoped triggers will always fire before any of the database scoped triggers.

2.

sp_settriggerorder can set the order of server scoped DDL triggers
or database scoped triggers.

3.

If there is a database scoped DDL Triggers and a server scoped DDL triggers
handling the same event.
Here is the execution order.
The server scope DDL trigger which @order = 'first'
-->
```

```
other server scope DDL triggers which @order = 'none'
-->
The server scope DDL trigger which @order = 'Last'
The database scope DDL trigger which @order = 'first'
other database scope DDL triggers which @order = 'none'
The database scope DDL trigger which @order = 'Last'
*/
--T029_03_02_01
--Create Database Scope Create_Table Trigger
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                  sys.triggers
           WHERE    name = 'trgDatabaseScopeCreateTableTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgDatabaseScopeCreateTableTrigger ON DATABASE;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgDatabaseScopeCreateTableTrigger ON DATABASE
   FOR CREATE_TABLE
AS
   BEGIN
       PRINT 'Database Scope CREATE TABLE Trigger';
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--T029_03_02_02
--Create Server Scope Create_Table Trigger
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                  sys.server_triggers
           WHERE    name = 'trgServerScopeCreateTableTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgServerScopeCreateTableTrigger ON ALL SERVER;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgServerScopeCreateTableTrigger ON ALL SERVER
   FOR CREATE_TABLE
AS
   BEGIN
       PRINT 'Server Scope CREATE_TABLE Trigger';
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--T029 03 02 03
--Test the trigger
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                       INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
             FROM
                       TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
             WHERE
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

```
--Create a simple test table
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
Output as the following
--Server Scope CREATE_TABLE Trigger
--Database Scope CREATE TABLE Trigger

    Messages

    Server Scope CREATE TABLE Trigger
    Database Scope CREATE TABLE Trigger
--T029 03 02 04
--sp_settriggerorder order
EXEC sp_settriggerorder @triggername = 'trgDatabaseScopeCreateTableTrigger',
    @order = 'first', @stmttype = 'CREATE_TABLE', @namespace = 'DATABASE';
/*
1.
Even if we use sp_settriggerorder to change the order,
server scoped triggers will always fire before any of the database scoped triggers.
sp settriggerorder can set the order of server scoped DDL triggers
or database scoped triggers .
--T029_03_02_05
--Test the trigger
--If Table exists then DROP it
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                       INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
             FROM
             WHERE
                       TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Create a simple test table
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID INT );
G0
Output as the following
-- Server Scope CREATE TABLE Trigger
--Database Scope CREATE TABLE Trigger
*/

    Messages

   Server Scope CREATE TABLE Trigger
   Database Scope CREATE TABLE Trigger
--T029 03 02 06
--Clean up
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                  sys.triggers
           WHERE    name = 'trgDatabaseScopeCreateTableTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgDatabaseScopeCreateTableTrigger ON DATABASE;
```

```
END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM
                   sys.server_triggers
           WHERE    name = 'trgServerScopeCreateTableTrigger' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgServerScopeCreateTableTrigger ON ALL SERVER;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
              FROM
                        INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
              WHERE
                        TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

4. AuditTableChanges

```
--T029_04_AuditTableChanges
 ------
4.1. EVENTDATA
------
--T029 04 01
--EVENTDATA()
--T029 04 01 01
--EVENTDATA()
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
         FROM
               sys.server_triggers
         WHERE    name = 'trgAuditTableStructureChanges' )
  BEGIN
      DROP TRIGGER trgAuditTableStructureChanges ON ALL SERVER;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgAuditTableStructureChanges ON ALL SERVER
   FOR CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
AS
   BEGIN
      SELECT EVENTDATA();
  END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
/*
--EVENTDATA()
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/functions/eventdata-transact-sql
EventData() returns information about server or database events in XML format.
--<EVENT_INSTANCE>
-- <EventType>CREATE_TABLE</EventType>
-- <PostTime>2017-10-10T04:42:27.870</PostTime>
```

```
-- <SPID>54</SPID>
    <ServerName>N550JKL\SQL2016
    <LoginName>MicrosoftAccount\lpmplpmp01@hotmail.com</LoginName>
    <UserName>dbo</UserName>
    <DatabaseName>Sample3</DatabaseName>
   <SchemaName>dbo</SchemaName>
    <ObjectName>TestTable</ObjectName>
    <ObjectType>TABLE</ObjectType>
    <TSOLCommand>
      <SetOptions ANSI_NULLS="ON" ANSI_NULL_DEFAULT="ON" ANSI_PADDING="ON" QUOTED_IDENTIFIER="ON"</pre>
ENCRYPTED="FALSE" />
      <CommandText>CREATE TABLE TestTable
        ID INT ,
        [Name] NVARCHAR(100)
      )</CommandText>
    </TSQLCommand>
--</EVENT_INSTANCE>
*/
--T029 04 01 02
-- Test EVENTDATA()
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
             FROM
                       INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
                       TABLE NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
             WHERE
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TABLE TestTable
      ID INT,
      [Name] NVARCHAR(100)
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
       (No column name)
 1
       <EVENT_INSTANCE><EventType>CREATE_TABLE</EventTy.
```

```
→ X T029_DDLTriggers_A...550JKL\lpmpl (56))
       EVENT_INSTANCE>

<EventType>CREATE_TABLE

           <PostTime>2017-11-17T10:43:23.577</PostTime>
          <SPID>56</SPID>
          <ServerName>N550JKL\SQL2016</ServerName>
          <LoginName>MicrosoftAccount\lpmplpmp01@hotmail.com</LoginName>
           <UserName>dbo</UserName>
          <DatabaseName>Sample
          <SchemaName>dbo</SchemaName>
          <ObjectName>TestTable</ObjectName>
    10
           <ObjectType>TABLE</ObjectType>
    12 (TSQLCommand)
            <SetOptions ANSI_NULLS="ON" ANSI_NULL_DEFAULT="ON" ANSI_PADDING="ON" QUOTED_IDENTIFIER="ON" ENCRYPTED="FALSE" />
    13
            <CommandText>CREATE TABLE TestTable
              ID INT
              [Name] NVARCHAR(100)
    18
            )</CommandText>
        </EVENT_INSTANCE>
Output
--<EVENT INSTANCE>
-- <EventType>CREATE_TABLE</EventType>
     <PostTime>2017-10-10T08:01:28.670</PostTime>
     <SPID>54</SPID>
     <ServerName>N550JKL\SQL2016
     <LoginName>MicrosoftAccount\lpmplpmp01@hotmail.com</LoginName>
```

```
-- <UserName>dbo</UserName>
-- <DatabaseName>Sample3</DatabaseName>
-- <SchemaName>dbo</SchemaName>
-- <ObjectName>TestTable</ObjectName>
-- <ObjectType>TABLE</ObjectType>
-- <TSQLCommand>
-- <SetOptions ANSI_NULLS="ON" ANSI_NULL_DEFAULT="ON" ANSI_PADDING="ON" QUOTED_IDENTIFIER="ON"
ENCRYPTED="FALSE" />
-- <CommandText>CREATE TABLE TestTable
-- (
-- ID INT ,
-- [Name] NVARCHAR(100)
-- )</CommandText>
-- </TSQLCommand>
--</EVENT_INSTANCE>
*/
```

4.2. AuditTableStructureChanges

```
-----
--T029 04 02
--AuditTableStructureChanges
--T029_04_02_01
--Create AuditTableStructureChanges
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
             FROM
                     INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
            WHERE
                      TABLE_NAME = 'AuditTableStructureChanges' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.AuditTableStructureChanges;
       DROP TABLE AuditTableStructureChanges;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TABLE AuditTableStructureChanges
     EventType NVARCHAR(300) ,
     PostTime DATETIME,
        --Server Process ID
     SPID NVARCHAR (300),
     ServerName NVARCHAR(300),
     LoginName NVARCHAR(300),
     UserName NVARCHAR(300),
     DatabaseName NVARCHAR(300),
     SchemaName NVARCHAR (300),
     ObjectName NVARCHAR(300),
     ObjectType NVARCHAR(300),
     TSQLCommand NVARCHAR (MAX)
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
      (No column name)
      <EVENT_INSTANCE><EventType>CREATE_TABLE</EventTy...
1
--T029 04 02 02
--Alter trgAuditTableStructureChanges
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
           FROM
                 sys.server_triggers
```

```
WHERE
                   name = 'trgAuditTableStructureChanges' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgAuditTableStructureChanges ON ALL SERVER;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgAuditTableStructureChanges ON ALL SERVER
   FOR CREATE_TABLE, ALTER_TABLE, DROP_TABLE
AS
   BEGIN
       DECLARE @EventData XML;
       SELECT @EventData = EVENTDATA();
       INSERT INTO [Sample].dbo.AuditTableStructureChanges
                (EventType,
                  PostTime,
                  SPID,
                  ServerName,
                  LoginName,
                  UserName,
                  DatabaseName,
                  SchemaName,
                  ObjectName,
                  ObjectType,
                  TSQLCommand
       VALUES (@EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/EventType)[1]',
                                   'NVARCHAR(300)'),
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/PostTime)[1]', 'DATETIME') ,
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/SPID)[1]',
                                   'NVARCHAR(300)'),
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/ServerName)[1]',
                                    'NVARCHAR(300)'),
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/LoginName)[1]',
                                   'NVARCHAR(300)'),
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/UserName)[1]',
                                   'NVARCHAR(300)'),
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/DatabaseName)[1]',
                                   'NVARCHAR(300)'),
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/SchemaName)[1]',
                                   'NVARCHAR(300)'),
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/ObjectName)[1]',
                                   'NVARCHAR(300)'),
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/ObjectType)[1]',
                                   'NVARCHAR(300)'),
                  @EventData.value('(/EVENT_INSTANCE/TSQLCommand)[1]',
                                   'NVARCHAR(MAX)')
                );
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--T029_04_02_03
--Create TestTable to test trgAuditTableStructureChanges
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
             FROM
                       INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
             WHERE
                        TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
```

```
DROP TABLE TestTable;
    END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TABLE TestTable
       ID INT,
       [Name] NVARCHAR(100)
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
FROM
         dbo.AuditTableStructureChanges;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch

        Event Type
        Post Time
        SPID
        ServerName
        LognName
        UserName
        UserName

        DROP_TABLE
        2017-11-17 10.45.04.230
        56
        N550.IKL/SQL2016
        Microsoft Account l/pmp/pmp01@hotmail.com
        dbo

        CREATE_TABLE
        2017-11-17 10.45.04.290
        56
        N550.IKL/SQL2016
        Microsoft Account l/pmp/pmp01@hotmail.com
        dbo

                                                                                       DROP TABLE TestTable;
CREATE TABLE TestTable ( ID IN...
--T029 04 02 04
--Alter TestTable to test trgAuditTableStructureChanges
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                FROM
                            INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
                             TABLE NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
                WHERE
    BEGIN
         ALTER TABLE TestTable
         ALTER COLUMN [Name] NVARCHAR(150);
    END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
SELECT *
         dbo.AuditTableStructureChanges;
FROM
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
  --T029 04 02 05
--Drop TestTable to test trgAuditTableStructureChanges
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                FROM
                            INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
                             TABLE NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
                 WHERE
    BEGIN
         TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
         DROP TABLE TestTable;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
SELECT *
FROM
         dbo.AuditTableStructureChanges;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
 4.3. Clean up
------
--T029_04_03
--Clean up
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
```

FROM

sys.server_triggers

```
WHERE    name = 'trgAuditTableStructureChanges' )
   BEGIN
       DROP TRIGGER trgAuditTableStructureChanges ON ALL SERVER;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
              FROM
                        INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
                        TABLE_NAME = 'TestTable' ) )
              WHERE
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.TestTable;
       DROP TABLE TestTable;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT
                        INFORMATION SCHEMA.TABLES
              FROM
              WHERE
                        TABLE NAME = 'AuditTableStructureChanges' ) )
   BEGIN
       TRUNCATE TABLE dbo.AuditTableStructureChanges;
       DROP TABLE AuditTableStructureChanges;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

LogonTriggers_sys.dm_exec_sessions_ORIGIN AL_LOGIN()

```
------
--T029 05 01
--sys.dm_exec_sessions and ORIGINAL_LOGIN()
SELECT ORIGINAL_LOGIN();
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
    (No column name)
    Microsoft Account \pmplpmp01@hotmail.com
/*
ORIGINAL_LOGIN()
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/functions/original-login-transact-sql
Returns the name of the login that connected to the instance of SQL Server.
Output
--MicrosoftAccount\XXXXXX@hotmail.com
--T029_05_02
SELECT *
FROM
     sys.dm_exec_sessions
ORDER BY login_time DESC;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```



```
Results Results Messages
      is_user_process
                       original_login_name
                                                                 session id
 1
                        MicrosoftAccount\pmplpmp01@hotmail.com
                                                                 52
       (No column name)
       1
  N550JKL\SQL2016 (13.0 SP1)
                               N550JKL\lpmpl (52)
                                                    Sample3 00:00:00 2 rows
Go to Service Manager and restart the SQL server service
1.
ORIGINAL_LOGIN()
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/functions/original-login-transact-sql
Returns the name of the login that connected to the instance of SQL Server.
--MicrosoftAccount\XXXXXX@hotmail.com
2.
--sys.dm_exec_sessions
sys.dm_exec_sessions returns one row
per authenticated session on SQL Server.
2.1.
Go to Service Manager and restart the SQL server service
2.2.
E.g.
--SELECT is_user_process,
         original_login_name,
            session id
--FROM
         sys.dm_exec_sessions
--WHERE is_user_process = 1
         AND original_login_name = ORIGINAL_LOGIN()
--ORDER BY login_time DESC;
Return all the sessions which is using by current user.
--SELECT COUNT(*)
--FROM
         sys.dm_exec_sessions
--WHERE
         is_user_process = 1
         AND original_login_name = ORIGINAL_LOGIN()
Return the number of the sessions which is using by current user.
Columns in sys.dm_exec_sessions
2.4.1.
--sys.dm_exec_sessions
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/system-dynamic-management-views/sys-dm-exec-
sessions-transact-sql
sys.dm_exec_sessions returns one row
per authenticated session on SQL Server.
2.4.2.
--is_user_process=1
0 if the session is a system session.
Otherwise, it is 1. Is not nullable.
2.4.3.
--original login name
SQL Server login name that the client used to create this session.
2.4.4.
--session_id
The current connection ID,
If using SSMS, you may find the session on the bottom bar.
*/
------
--T029 05 04
--sys.dm_exec_sessions
--Drop ALL SERVER scope trigger if it exists
```

```
--Reference: http://sqlhints.com/2016/04/03/how-to-check-if-a-trigger-exists-in-sql-server/
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
              FROM
                      sys.server triggers
             WHERE name = 'trgLogonAuditTriggers' )
    BEGIN
        DROP TRIGGER trgLogonAuditTriggers ON ALL SERVER;
    END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TRIGGER trgLogonAuditTriggers ON ALL SERVER
    FOR LOGON
ΔS
    BEGIN
        DECLARE @LoginName NVARCHAR(100);
        SET @LoginName = ORIGINAL_LOGIN();
        IF ( SELECT COUNT(*)
               FROM
                     sys.dm_exec_sessions
               WHERE is_user_process = 1
                       AND original_login_name = @LoginName
            ) > 3
             BEGIN
                  PRINT 'LoginName : ' + @LoginName + '. The connections can not more than 3';
                  ROLLBACK;
             END;
    END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
                                                                                                 \times
 Connect to Database Engine
          Cannot connect to N550JKL\SQL2016.
          Additional information:
          Logon failed for login 'MicrosoftAccount\pmplpmp01@hotmail.com' due to trigger execution.
             Changed database context to 'Sample3'.
             Changed language setting to us_english. (Microsoft SQL Server, Error: 17892)
   ⊘ → 🛅 🐏
                                                                                           OK
/*
Go to Service Manager and restart the SQL server service
If there are more than 3 sessions/connections by current user,
then we block it by rollback.
--T029 05 05
-- The system store procedure to read the Error Log.
Execute sp readerrorlog 0, 1, 'The connections can not more than 3'
 Results Messages
     LogDate
                        ProcessInfo Text
    2017-10-10 15:05:07.450 spid54
                                 LoginName: MicrosoftAccount\pmplpmp01@hotmail.com. The connections can not more than 3
 2
    2017-10-10 15:05:07.460 spid54
                                  LoginName: MicrosoftAccount\pmplpmp01@hotmail.com. The connections can not more than 3
     2017-10-10 15:05:07.470 spid54
 3
                                  LoginName: MicrosoftAccount\pmplpmp01@hotmail.com. The connections can not more than 3
                                  LoginName: MicrosoftAccount\pmplpmp01@hotmail.com. The connections can not more than 3
     2017-10-10 15:05:24.790 spid55
 4
 5
     2017-10-10 15:05:24.800 spid55
                                  LoginName: MicrosoftAccount \\ Vpmplpmp01@hotmail.com. The connections can not more than 3
 6
     2017-10-10 15:05:24.800 spid55
                                  LoginName: MicrosoftAccount\pmplpmp01@hotmail.com. The connections can not more than 3
 7
     2017-10-10 15:05:24.810 spid55
                                  LoginName: MicrosoftAccount\pmplpmp01@hotmail.com. The connections can not more than 3
 8
     2017-10-10 15:05:24.840 spid55
                                  LoginName: MicrosoftAccount\pmplpmp01@hotmail.com. The connections can not more than 3
/*
1.
--sp_readerrorlog
1.1.
Reference:
https://www.mssqltips.com/sqlservertip/1476/reading-the-sql-server-log-files-using-tsql/
```

```
1.1.1.
1st parameter: The session Number.
Value of error log file you want to read:
0 = current, 1 = Archive #1, 2 = Archive #2, etc...
2nd parameter: Log File Type:
1 or NULL = error log, 2 = SQL Agent log
1.1.3.
3rd parameter:
Search string 1:
String one you want to search for
1.1.4.
4th parameter:
Search string 2:
String two you want to search for to further refine the results
1.2.
Execute sp_readerrorlog 0, 1, 'The connections can not more than 3'
Searching the Text 'The connections can not more than 3'
in the Error log in Current log file
------
--T029 05 06
--Clean up
IF EXISTS ( SELECT *
          FROM
                 sys.server_triggers
          WHERE    name = 'trgLogonAuditTriggers' )
   BEGIN
      DROP TRIGGER trgLogonAuditTriggers ON ALL SERVER;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```