(T8)比較 Enum、EnumGetValue、EnumGetNames CourseGUID: 29f1196a-1950-41a4-b9c1-dd13a9e92d92

(T8)比較 Enum、EnumGetValue、EnumGetNames

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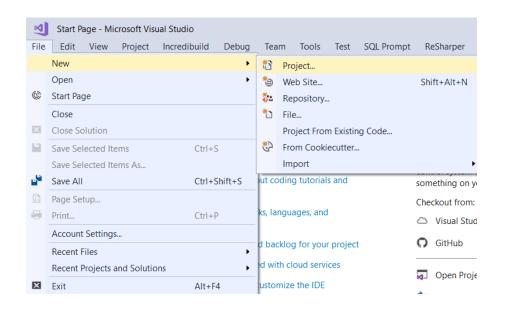
0. Summary

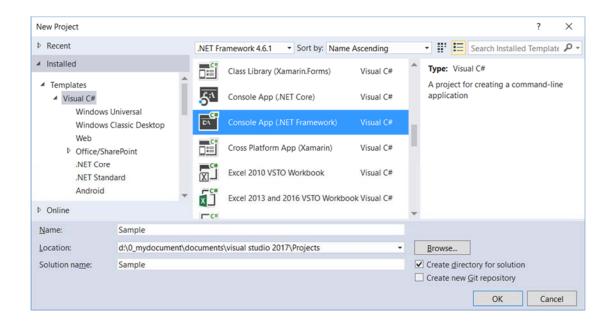
```
1.
Enum
1.1.
Using Enum keyword to create enumerations and it is strongly value typed constants.
The default underlying type of an enum is int.
You may use ": short " to set the underlying type of an enum is short.
The default value for first element is ZERO and gets incremented by 1.
1.2.
Syntax:
//public enum EnumName [:underlyingType]
//{
// EnumValue1 [ = StarValue],
// EnumValue2,
// EnumValue3 [ = SpecificValue],
// ....
//}
E.g.1.
//public enum MagicType //: int
//{
// Wood,
// Fire,
// Earth,
// Metal,
// Water
//}
E.g.2.
//public enum MagicType2 : short
//{
// Wood = 5,
// Fire, //6
// Earth //7
//}
E.g.3.
//public enum MagicType4 : short
```

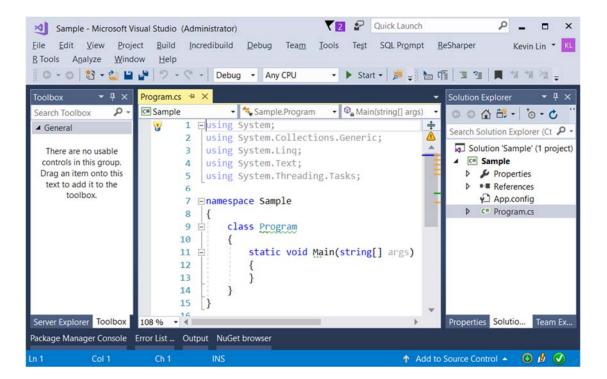
```
//{
   Wood = 8,
// Fire = 100,
// Earth = 20
//}
1.3.
//int woodInt = (int)MagicType.Wood;
Convert Enum to int
1.4.
//MagicType magicType1 = (MagicType)1;
Convert int to Enum
_____
1.5.
Enum.GetValues list Enum underlying type values.
E.g.
int[] MagicTypeValues = (int[])Enum.GetValues(typeof(MagicType));
//MagicTypeValues == {0,1,2,3,4}
1.6.
Enum.GetNames list Enum underlying type names.
string[] MagicTypeNames = Enum.GetNames(typeof(MagicType));
//MagicTypeNames == {"Wood","Fire","Earth","Metal","Water"}
```

1. Create New Project

```
File --> New --> Project... -->
Visual C# --> Console App (.Net Framework) -->
Name: Sample
```







2. Program

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using OnLineGame;
namespace Sample
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
```

```
Console.WriteLine("Gamer.GamerInfo(gamer) ===========;);
           List<Gamer> gamerList = new List<Gamer>();
           gamerList.Add(new Gamer { Name = "Name01", Gender = 0 });
           gamerList.Add(new Gamer { Name = "Name02", Gender = 2 });
           gamerList.Add(new Gamer { Name = "Name03", Gender = 1 });
           foreach (Gamer gamer in gamerList)
               Console.WriteLine(Gamer.GamerInfo(gamer));
           }
           ///Name: Name01
           ////Gender: 0
           ////MagicList:
           ///Name: Name02
           ////Gender: 2
           ///MagicList:
           ///Name: Name03
           ////Gender: 1
           ///MagicList:
           //how do I know what does "Gender: 1" mean?
           Console.WriteLine("Gamer.GamerInfo2(gamer) ===========");
           foreach (Gamer gamer in gamerList)
               Console.WriteLine(Gamer.GamerInfo2(gamer));
           ///Name: Name01
           ////Gender: Unknown
           ///MagicList :
           ///Name: Name02
           ////Gender: Female
           ///MagicList :
           ///Name: Name03
           ////Gender: Male
           ///MagicList :
           //I have to use Gamer.GetGender(int gender) method to know the meaning.
           //It is totally un-readable. Thus, we need enum.
           Console.WriteLine("firstGamerMagicList ========");
           List<Magic> firstGamerMagicList = new List<Magic>();
           firstGamerMagicList.Add(new Magic { MagicName = "WoodMagic", MpCost = 5, MagicType
= MagicType.Wood });
           firstGamerMagicList.Add(new Magic { MagicName = "FireMagic", MpCost = 4, MagicType
= MagicType.Fire });
           firstGamerMagicList.Add(new Magic { MagicName = "EarthMagic", MpCost = 3, MagicType
= MagicType.Earth });
           firstGamerMagicList.Add(new Magic { MagicName = "MetalMagic", MpCost = 2, MagicType
= MagicType.Metal });
           firstGamerMagicList.Add(new Magic { MagicName = "WaterMagic", MpCost = 1, MagicType
= MagicType.Water });
           //MagicType = MagicType.Wood
                                       is more readable.
           gamerList.First().MagicList = firstGamerMagicList;
           foreach (Magic magic in gamerList.First().MagicList)
               Console.WriteLine(Magic.MagicInfo(magic));
           }
```

{

```
///MagicName: WoodMagic
///MpCost: 5
////MagicList: Wood
///MagicName : FireMagic
///MpCost: 4
////MagicList: Fire
///MagicName : EarthMagic
///MpCost: 3
////MagicList: Earth
///MagicName : MetalMagic
///MpCost: 2
///MagicList: Metal
///MagicName : WaterMagic
///MpCost: 1
////MagicList: Water
// The code is readable, and the return is readable.
Console.WriteLine("Enum to Int =======");
int woodInt = (int)MagicType.Wood;
int fireInt = (int)MagicType.Fire;
int earthInt = (int)MagicType.Earth;
int metalInt = (int)MagicType.Metal;
int waterInt = (int)MagicType.Water;
Console.WriteLine($"woodInt : {woodInt} \n" +
                $"fireInt : {fireInt} \n" +
                $"earthInt : {earthInt} \n" +
                $"metalInt : {metalInt} \n" +
                $"waterInt : {waterInt}");
//woodInt: 0
//fireInt: 1
//earthInt: 2
//metalInt: 3
//waterInt: 4
Console.WriteLine("Int to Enum =======");
MagicType magicType0 = 0; // When 0, you don't need cast keyword "(MagicType)"
MagicType magicType1 = (MagicType)1;
MagicType magicType2 = (MagicType)2;
MagicType magicType3 = (MagicType)3;
MagicType magicType4 = (MagicType)4;
Console.WriteLine($"magicType0 : {magicType0} \n" +
                $"magicType1 : {magicType1} \n" +
                $"magicType2 : {magicType2} \n" +
                $"magicType3 : {magicType3} \n" +
                $"magicType4 : {magicType4}");
//magicType0: Wood
//magicType1 : Fire
//magicType2 : Earth
//magicType3 : Metal
//magicType4 : Water
int[] MagicTypeValues = (int[])Enum.GetValues(typeof(MagicType));
Console.WriteLine("MagicType Enum Values");
foreach (int value in MagicTypeValues)
{
```

```
Console.WriteLine(value);
            }
           ///MagicType Enum Values
           ////0
           ////1
           ////2
           ////3
           ////4
           //(int[])Enum.GetValues(typeof(MagicType)) list Enum underlying type values
           Console.WriteLine("Enum.GetNames(typeof(MagicType)) =========");
           string[] MagicTypeNames = Enum.GetNames(typeof(MagicType));
           Console.WriteLine("MagicType Enum Names");
           foreach (string name in MagicTypeNames)
               Console.WriteLine(name);
           ////MagicType Enum Names
           ////Wood
           ///Fire
           ////Earth
           ///Metal
           ///Water
           //Enum.GetNames(typeof(MagicType)) list Enum underlying type names
           Console.ReadLine();
        }
    }
}
namespace OnLineGame
{
   public class Gamer
    {
       public string Name { get; set; }
       public int Gender { get; set; }
       public List<Magic> MagicList { get; set; }
       public static string GetGender(int gender)
           switch (gender)
            {
               case 0:
                    return "Unknown";
               case 1:
                    return "Male";
               case 2:
                    return "Female";
               default:
                    //Run default only if the value does not match any of case.
                    return "Invalid";
            }
        }
       public static string GamerInfo(Gamer gamer)
        {
           return $"Name : {gamer.Name} \nGender: {gamer.Gender} \nMagicList : {gamer.MagicList} ";
       public static string GamerInfo2(Gamer gamer)
        {
```

```
return $"Name : {gamer.Name} \nGender: {GetGender(gamer.Gender)} \nMagicList : {gamer.MagicList}
        }
    }
   public class Magic
       public string MagicName { get; set; }
       public int MpCost { get; set; }
       public MagicType MagicType { get; set; }
       public static string MagicInfo(Magic magic)
           return $"MagicName : {magic.MagicName} \nMpCost: {magic.MpCost} \nMagicType : {magic.MagicType} "
;
        }
    }
   public enum MagicType // : int
        Wood,
        Fire,
        Earth,
       Metal,
        Water
    }
   public enum MagicType2 : short
    {
        Wood = 5,
        Fire, //6
        Earth //7
    }
   public enum MagicType3 : short
    {
        Wood = 8,
        Fire = 9,
        Earth = 10
   public enum MagicType4 : short
    {
        Wood = 8,
        Fire = 100,
        Earth = 20
    }
}
/*
1.
Enum
______
Using Enum keyword to create enumerations and it is strongly value typed constants.
The default underlying type of an enum is int.
You may use " : short " to set the underlying type of an enum is short.
The default value for first element is ZERO and gets incremented by 1.
1.2.
Syntax:
//public enum EnumName [ : underlyingType ]
//{
//
      EnumValue1 [ = StarValue],
//
      EnumValue2,
//
      EnumValue3 [ = SpecificValue],
//
//}
E.g.1.
```

```
//public enum MagicType // : int
//{
//
      Wood,
//
     Fire,
//
     Earth,
//
     Metal,
//
      Water
//}
E.g.2.
//public enum MagicType2 : short
//{
//
      Wood = 5,
      Fire, //6
Earth //7
//
//
//}
E.g.3.
//public enum MagicType4 : short
      Wood = 8,
//
//
     Fire = 100,
     Earth = 20
//
//}
1.3.
//int woodInt = (int)MagicType.Wood;
Convert Enum to int
1.4.
//MagicType magicType1 = (MagicType)1;
Convert int to Enum
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Enum.GetValues list Enum underlying type values.
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string[] MagicTypeNames = Enum.GetNames(typeof(MagicType));
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*/
```

```
Gamer.GamerInfo(gamer) =============
Name : Name01
Gender: 0
MagicList :
Name : Name02
Gender: 2
MagicList :
Name : Name03
Gender: 1
MagicList :
Gamer.GamerInfo2(gamer) =
Name : Name01
Gender: Unknown
MagicList :
Name : Name02
Gender: Female
MagicList :
Name : Name03
Gender: Male
MagicList :
firstGamerMagicList ==
MagicName : WoodMagic
MpČost: 5
MagicList : Wood
MagicName : FireMagic
MpĆost: 4
MagicList : Fire
MagicName : EarthMagic
MpČost: 3
MagicList : Earth
MagicName : MetalMagic
MpČost: 2
MagicList : Metal
MagicName : WaterMagic
MpCost: 1
MagicList : Water
Enum to Int ===
woodInt : 0
fireInt : 1
earthInt : 2
metalInt : 3
waterInt : 4
```

Int to Enum =