(T4)在不同的 origin 透過 Json、Padding 和 EnableCors(CrossOriginResourceSharing)的方式用 Ajax 呼叫 Api

CourseGUID 4c5822ff-7111-4e25-a336-ef18d48d54bd

(T4)在不同的 origin 透過 Json、Padding 和 EnableCors(CrossOriginResourceSharing)的方式用 Ajax 呼叫 Api

(T4-1)自動生成 ApiController、MvcController。用 Ajax 呼叫 Api

(T4-2)討論 ApiController 的 Get、Put

(T4-3)討論 ApiController 的 Post、Delete

(T4-4)討論 MvcController

(T4-5)在相同的 origin 用 Ajax 呼叫 Api

(T4-6)討論在不同的 origin 用 Ajax 呼叫 Api 的問題

(T4-7)在不同的 origin 透過 Json、Padding 的方式用 Ajax 呼叫 Api

(T4-8)在不同的 origin 透過 EnableCors(CrossOriginResourceSharing)的方式用 Ajax 呼叫 Api

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1. OnlineGame DB

The tutorial will discuss

Auto-generate the API with Get , Post , Put , Delete

and then Read, Insert, Update, Delete data from the database

About HttpGet、HttpPost、HttpPut、HttpDelete.

About FromBody and FromURI

Jquery AJAX call Web API in the different origins

JSONP(JSON with Padding) allows Jquery AJAX call Web API in the different origins

CORS (Cross Origin Resource Sharing) allows Jquery AJAX call Web API in the different origins

本堂課討論

建立一個 API with Get、Post、Put、Delete 並且 Read, Insert, Update, Delete data from the database。

關於 HttpGet、HttpPost、HttpPut、HttpDelete 四大屬性

關於 FromBody 和 FromURI

Jquery AJAX 呼叫 Web API 在相同的 origin

使用 JSONP (JSON with Padding)讓 Jquery AJAX 呼叫 Web API 在不同的 origin

使用 Enable CORS (Cross Origin Resource Sharing)讓 Jquery AJAX 呼叫 Web API 在不同的 origin

1.0. Some points

1.

Regular expression

https://regexr.com/

2.

Calling Stored Procedure from Entity Framework 6 Code First

http://www.dotnetodyssey.com/2015/03/12/calling-stored-procedure-from-entity-framework-6-code-first/

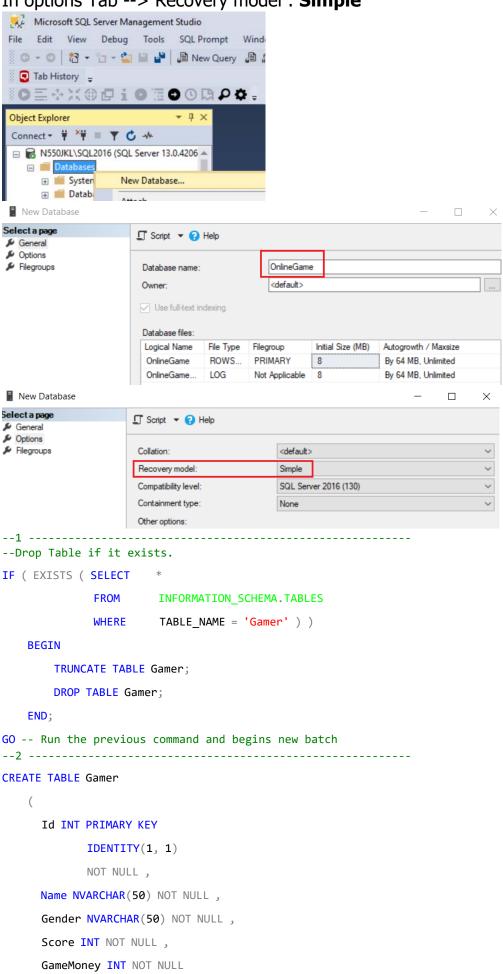
1.1. TSQL

In SQL server Management Studio (SSMS)

Database --> Right Click --> New Database -->
In General Tab -->

Name: OnlineGame

In options Tab --> Recovery model: Simple



```
);
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ( 'NameOne ABC', 'Male', 5000, 550 );
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ( 'NameTwo ABCDE', 'Female', 4500, 1200 );
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ( 'NameThree EFGH', 'Male', 6500, 3050 );
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ( 'NameFour HIJKLMN', 'Female', 45000, 450 );
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ( 'NameFive NOP', 'Male', 3000, 200 );
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ( 'NameSix PQRSTUVW', 'Male', 4000, 700 );
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ( 'NameSeven XYZ', 'Male', 450, 1500 );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

1.2. Security login

In SQL server

Object Explorer --> Security --> Logins --> New Logins

-->

General Tab

Login Name:

Tester2

Password:

1234

Default Database:

OnlineGame

-->

Server Roles Tab

Select

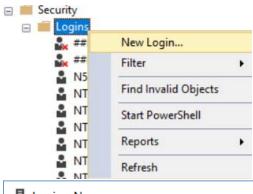
sysadmin

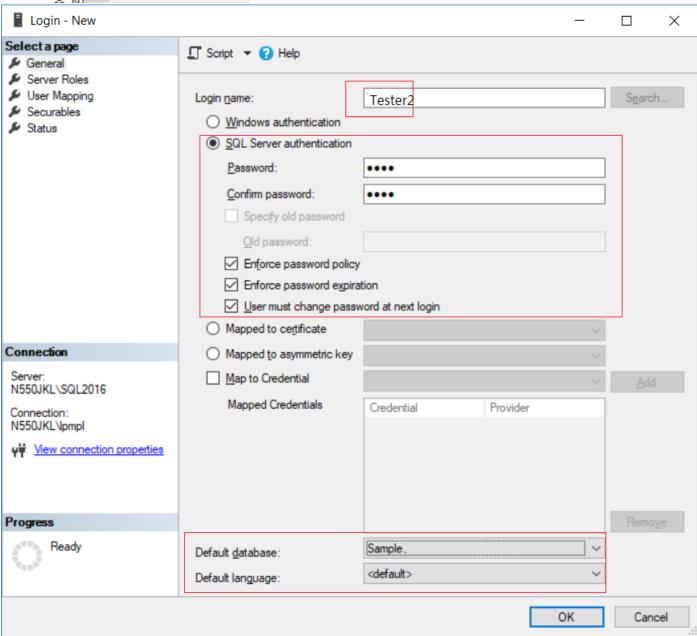
-->

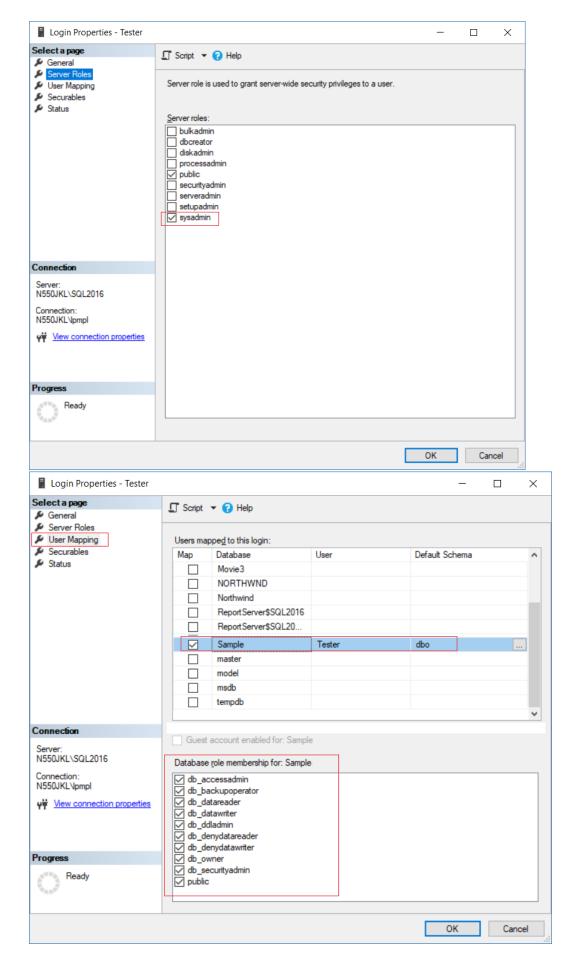
User Mapping Tab

Select **OnlineGame**

Select every single role.







2. OnlineGame Solution

2.1. OnlineGame Solution

File --> New --> Project... -->
Other Project Types --> Visual Studio Solutions --> Blank Solution
-->

Name: OnlineGame

2.2. OnlineGame.Data

Solutions Name --> Add --> New Project -->

Visual C# --> Class Library (.NET Framework)

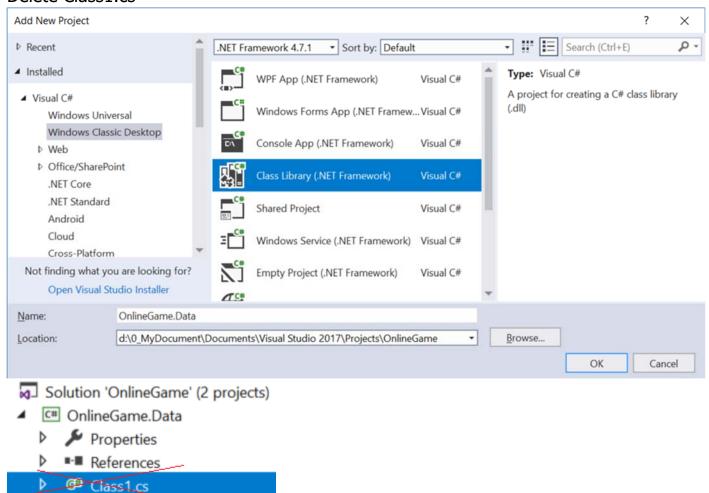
-->

Name:

OnlineGame.Data

-->

Delete Class1.cs



2.3. OnlineGame.WebApi

Solutions Name --> Add --> New Project -->

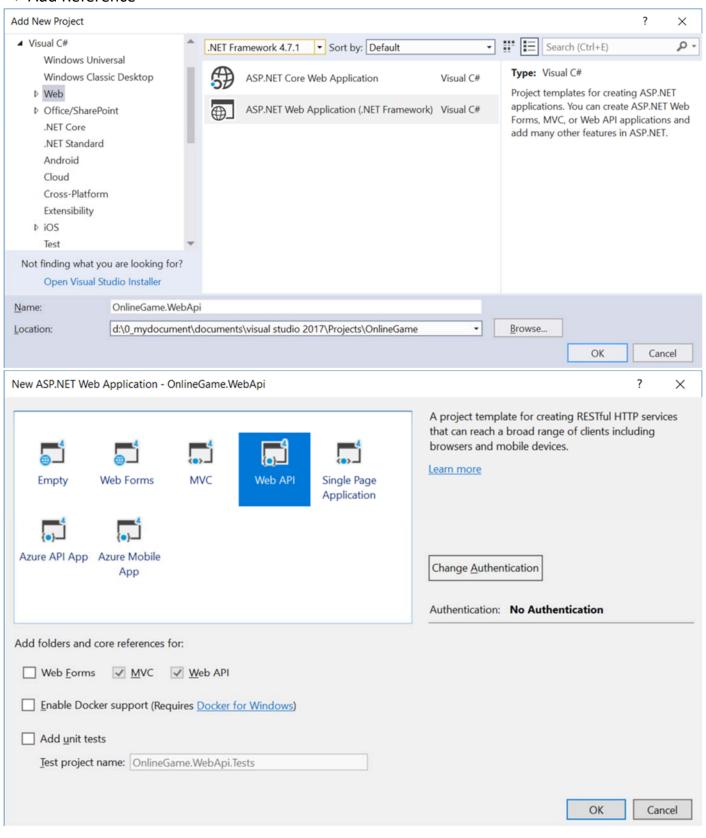
Visual C# --> Web --> <u>ASP.NET</u>Web Application (.Net Framework)

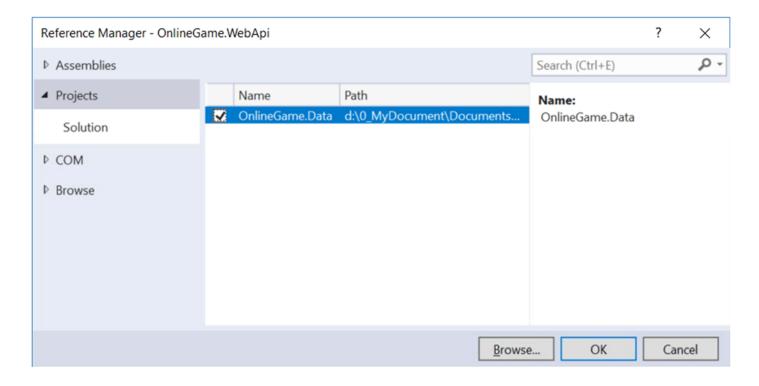
-->

Name: OnlineGame.WebApi

--> Select "Web API" --> OK

--> Add Reference





2.4. OnlineGame.Mvc

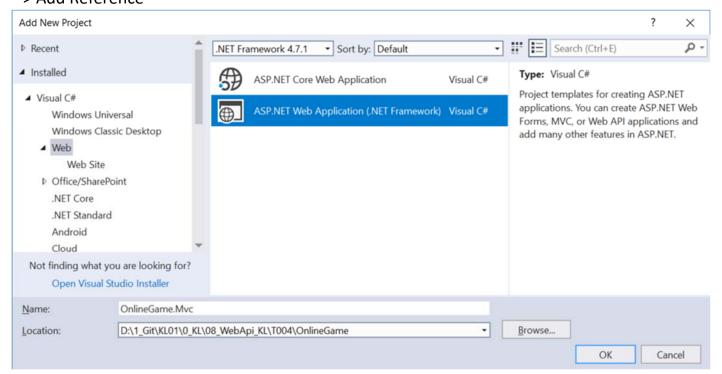
Solutions Name --> Add --> New Project -->

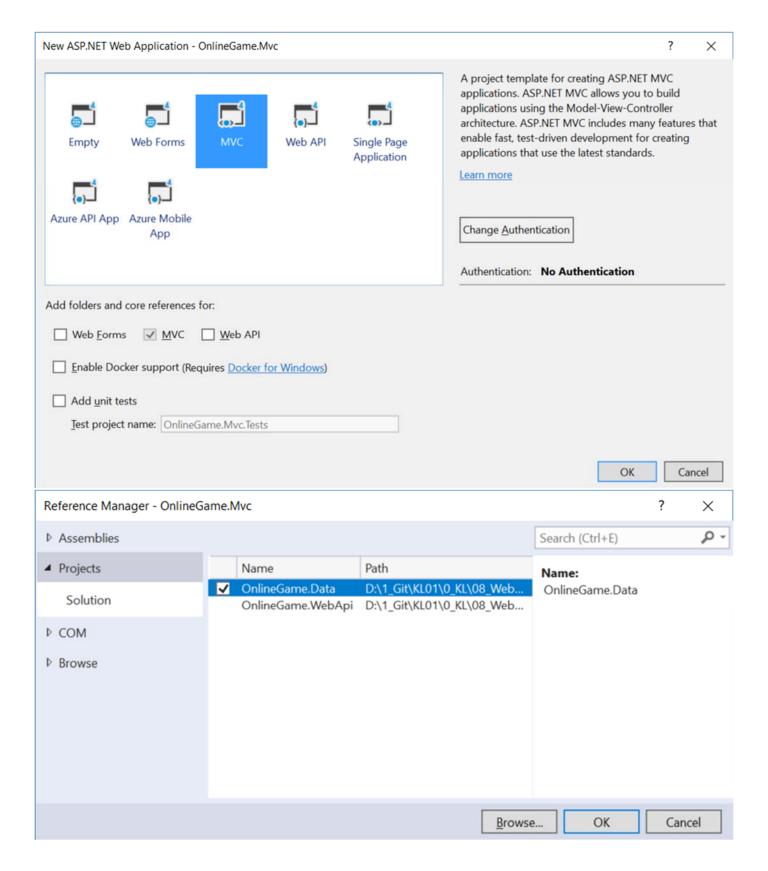
Visual C# --> Web --> $\underline{ASP.NET}$ Web Application (.Net Framework)

-->

Name: **OnlineGame.Mvc**--> Select "**MVC**" --> OK

--> Add Reference



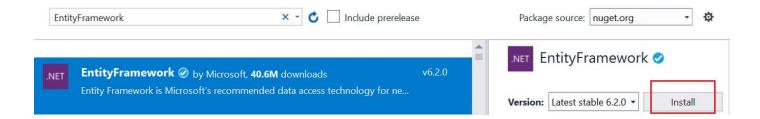


3. OnlineGame.Data

3.1. Install Entity Framework

Tools --> NuGet Package Manager --> Manage NuGet Packages for Solutions...

- --> Browse tab --> Search : EntityFramework
- --> Install it



3.2. ADO.Net Entity Data Model - Entity Framework

In Visual Studio 2017

Project Name --> Right Click --> Add --> New Item --> Visual C# --> Data --> ADO.Net Entity Data Model Name:

OnlineGameDataModel

-->

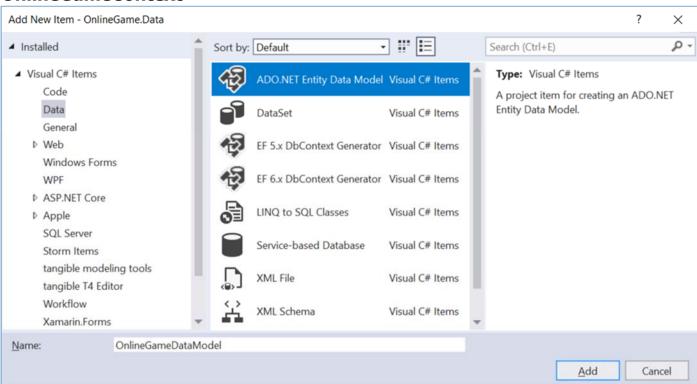
EF Designer from database

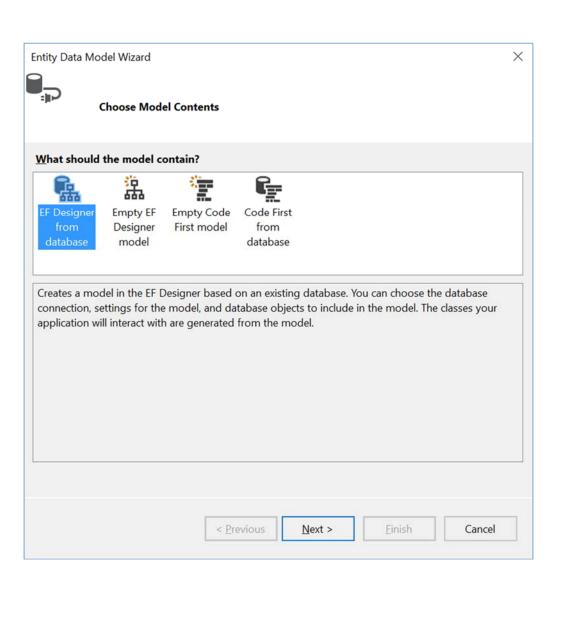
• • •

-->

Save Connection settings in Web.Config as:

OnlineGameContext





Entity Data Model Wizard				×
دادی Choose Your Data C	onnection			
Which data connection should	your application	use to connect	to the da	atabase?
			~	New <u>C</u> onnection
This connection string appears to connect to the database. Storing want to include this sensitive data	sensitive data in t	he connection stri		
O No, exclude sensitive data	from the connec	tion string. I will s	et it in my	y application code.
Yes, include the sensitive of	lata in the connec	tion string.		
Connection string:				
				^
				~
✓ <u>Save connection settings in We</u>	eb.Config as:			
	< <u>P</u> revious	Next >	<u>F</u> ini	sh Cancel

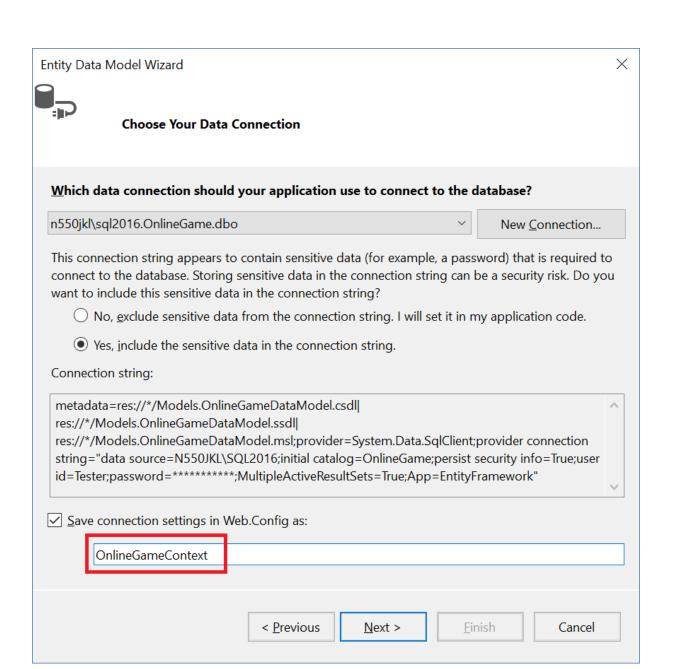
Test Connection

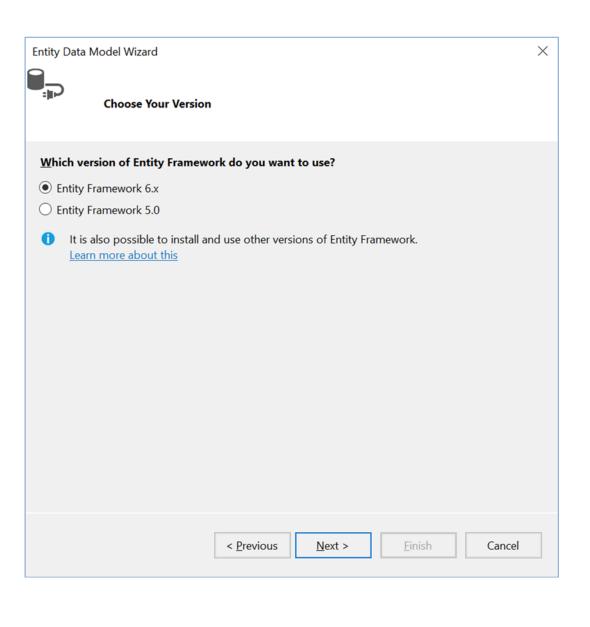
OK

Cancel



Enter information to connect to the selected data source or click "Change" to choose a different data source and/or provider. Data source: Microsoft SQL Server (SqlClient) Change... Server name: Refresh N550JKL\SQL2016 Log on to the server Authentication: SQL Server Authentication Microsoft Visual Studio X Tester2 User name: Password: Test connection succeeded. ✓ Save my password Connect to a database OK Select or enter a database name: OnineGame Attach a database file: Browse... Advanced...

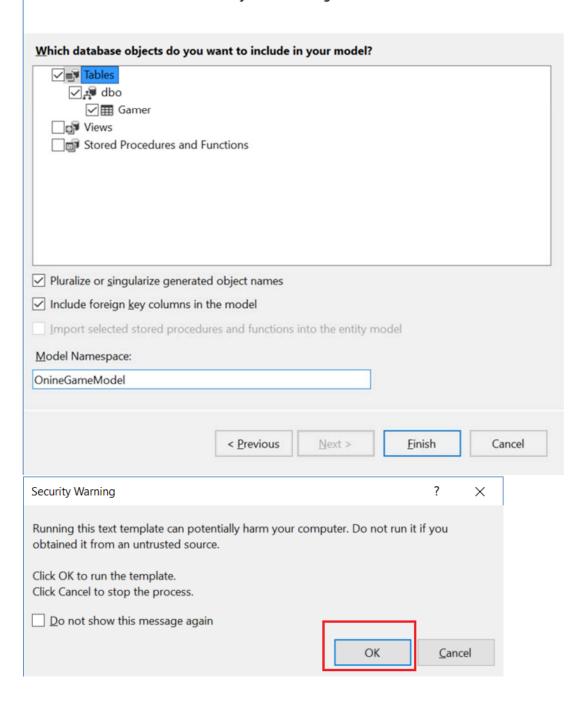


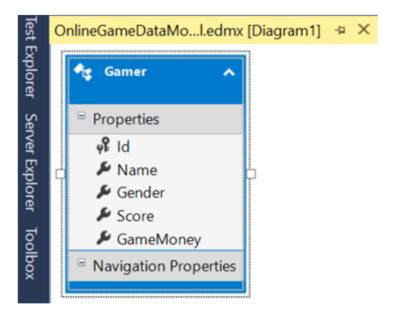






Choose Your Database Objects and Settings



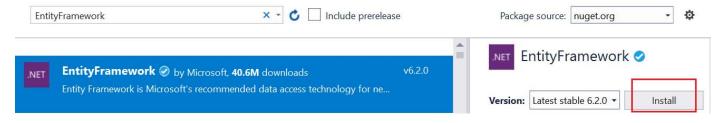


4. OnlineGame.WebApi

4.1. Install Entity Framework

Tools --> NuGet Package Manager --> Manage NuGet Packages for Solutions...

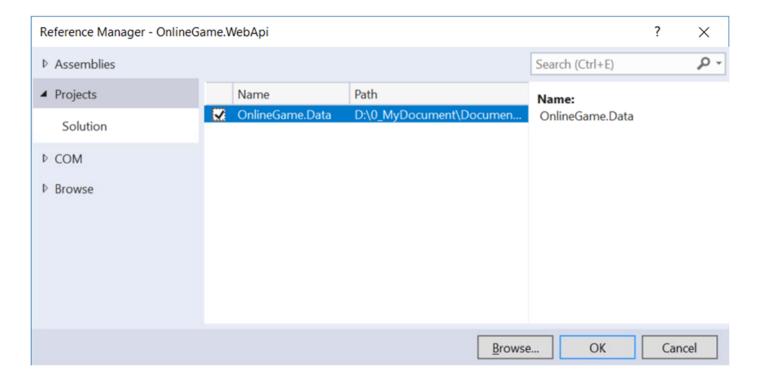
- --> Browse tab --> Search : **EntityFramework**
- --> Install it



4.2. Web.config: Add Connection String

```
Web.config → X
                      69
                                                  </compilers>
                      70
                                           </system.codedom>
                      71
                                           <entityFramework>
                      72 <del>|</del> 73 <del>|</del>
                                                 <defaultConnectionFactory type="System.Data.Entity.Infrastructure.LocalDbConnectionFactory, EntityFramework">
                      74
                                                             <parameter value="mssqllocaldb" />
                      75
                                                       </parameters>
                      76
                                                 </defaultConnectionFactory>
                      77
                                                 coroviders>
                                                       <previder invariantName="System.Data.SqlClient" type="System.Data.Entity.SqlServer.SqlProviderServices,</pre>
                                                          EntityFramework.SqlServer" />
                                                  </providers>
                                           </entityFramework>
                      80
                      81
                                        <connectionStrings>
                                                 \verb|\| cand | name = "Online Game Context"| connection String = "metadata = res://*/Online Game Data Model.csdl| res://*/O
                      82
                                                    OnlineGameDataModel.ssdl|res://*/OnlineGameDataModel.msl;provider=System.Data.SqlClient;provider connection
                                                    string="data source=N550JKL\SQL2016;initial catalog=OnineGame;persist security info=True;user
                                                    id=Tester2;password=1234;MultipleActiveResultSets=True;App=EntityFramework""
                                                    providerName="System.Data.EntityClient" />
                                           </connectionStrings>
                                    </configuration>
<connectionStrings>
```

4.3. Add Reference

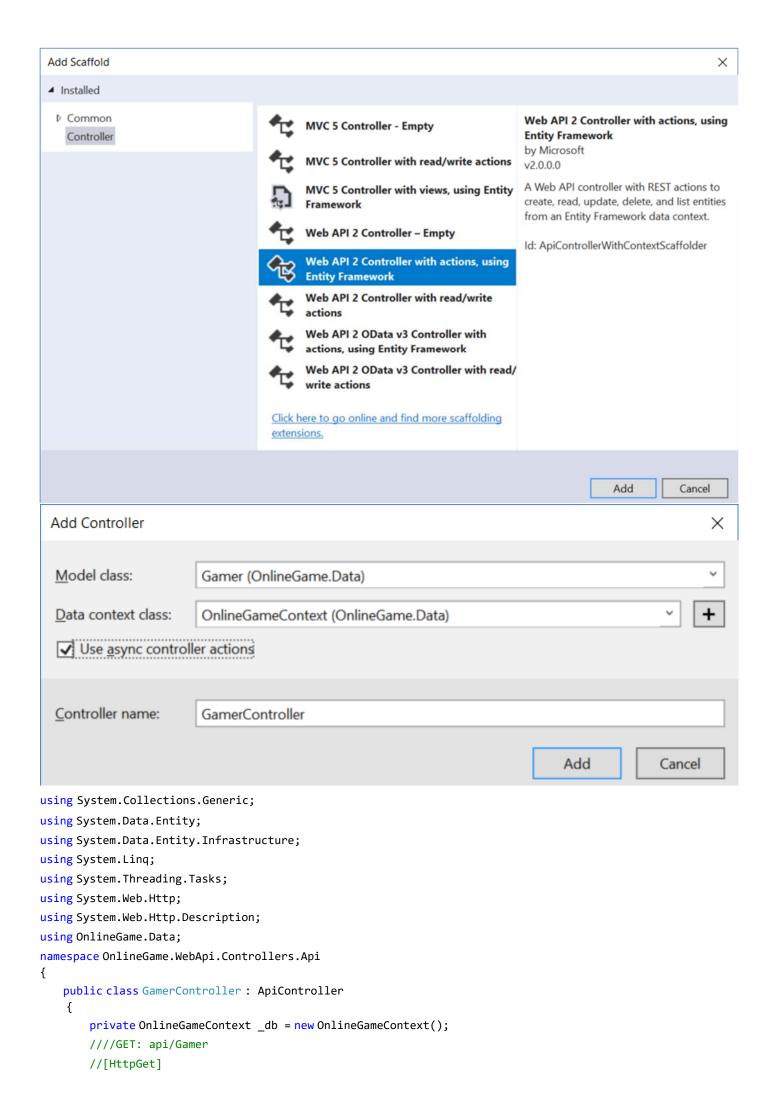


4.4. Controllers/Api/GamerController.cs

Controllers/Api folder --> Right Click --> Add --> Controller

- --> Web API 2 Controller with actions, using Entity Framework
- --> GamerController

if you have any error message, please ensure re-build whole solutions.



```
//public IQueryable<Gamer> LoadGamers()
       ///public IQueryable<Gamer> GetGamers()
       //{
       //
             return _db.Gamers;
       //}
       //GET: api/gamer?gender=female --> Only Female Gamer
       //GET: api/gamer? gender = male-- > Only Male Gamer
       //GET: api/gamer --> All Gamers
        [HttpGet]
       public async Task<IHttpActionResult> LoadGamers(string gender = "")
       //public IQueryable<Gamer> GetGamers()
            List<Gamer> gamers;
           switch (gender.ToLower())
               case "male":
                    gamers = await _db.Gamers.Where(g => g.Gender.ToLower() == "male").ToListAsync();
                   break;
               case "female":
                    gamers = await _db.Gamers.Where(g => g.Gender.ToLower() == "female").ToListAsync();
                   break;
               default:
                    gamers = await _db.Gamers.ToListAsync();
                   break;
            }
           return Ok(gamers); //200
        }
       // GET: api/Gamer/5
        [ResponseType(typeof(Gamer))]
       public async Task<IHttpActionResult> LoadGamer(int id)
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> GetGamer(int id)
        {
            Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
           if (gamer == null) return NotFound(); //404
           return Ok(gamer); //200
        }
       // PUT: api/Gamer/5
        [ResponseType(typeof(void))]
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> PutGamer(int id, Gamer gamer)
        [HttpPut]
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer(int id, Gamer gamer)
       public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer([FromUri]int id, [FromBody]Gamer gamer)
                                                                                                   //By
Default
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer([FromBody]int id, [FromUri]Gamer gamer)
        {
           if (!ModelState.IsValid) return BadRequest(ModelState); //400
           //if (id != gamer.Id) return BadRequest();
           //1.
            gamer.Id = id;
            _db.Entry(gamer).State = EntityState.Modified; //update the gamer
           //2.
           //Gamer currentGamer = await _db.Gamers.FirstOrDefaultAsync(g => g.Id == id);
           //if (currentGamer == null) return NotFound(); //404
           //currentGamer.Name = gamer.Name;
           //currentGamer.Gender = gamer.Gender;
```

```
//currentGamer.Score = gamer.Score;
    //currentGamer.GameMoney = gamer.GameMoney;
    try
    {
        await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
        return Ok();
                     //200
    }
    catch (DbUpdateConcurrencyException)
        if (!GamerExists(id)) return NotFound(); //404
        throw;
    }
}
// POST: api/Gamer
[ResponseType(typeof(Gamer))]
[HttpPost]
public async Task<IHttpActionResult> InsertGamer([FromBody]Gamer gamer)
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> PostGamer([FromBody]Gamer gamer)
    if (!ModelState.IsValid) return BadRequest(ModelState); //400
    _db.Gamers.Add(gamer);
    await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
    //Return Created/201.
    //1.
    return CreatedAtRoute("DefaultApi", new { id = gamer.Id }, gamer); //Created/201
    ////Return Created/201.
    ////2.
    ///If you want to return HttpResponseMessage()
    ////Create a HttpResponseMessage with status code 201 Item Created.
    ////Pass the gamer into 2nd parameter as the created value.
    //HttpResponseMessage message =
          Request.CreateResponse(HttpStatusCode.Created, gamer);
    ////The Headers.Location should know the URI of the created item.
    //message.Headers.Location = new Uri(Request.RequestUri +
          gamer.Id.ToString());
    //return message; //Created/201
    ///Return OK/200.
    ////3.
    ///if you want to return OK/200 when item created.
    //return Created(new Uri(Request.RequestUri + gamer.Id.ToString()), gamer);
                                                                                    //OK/200
}
// DELETE: api/Gamer/5
[ResponseType(typeof(Gamer))]
//[HttpDelete]
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> RemoveGamer(Gamer gamer)
public async Task<IHttpActionResult> DeleteGamer(int id)
{
    Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
    if (gamer == null) return NotFound(); //404
    _db.Gamers.Remove(gamer);
    await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
    return Ok(gamer); //200
}
protected override void Dispose(bool disposing)
{
```

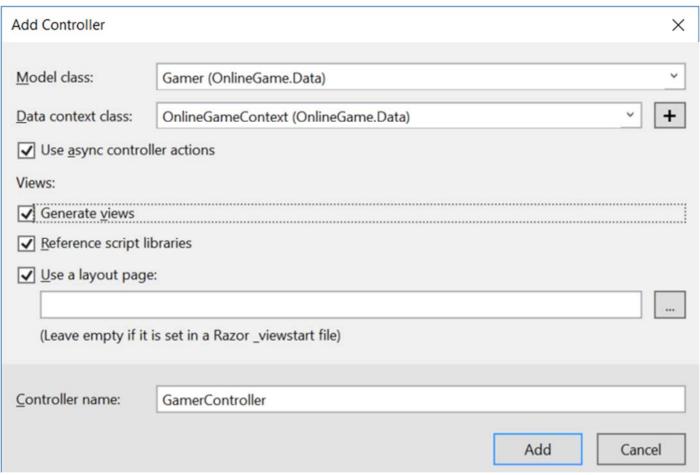
```
if (disposing) _db.Dispose(); //Dispose DBContext
           base.Dispose(disposing);
        }
       private bool GamerExists(int id)
        {
           return _db.Gamers.Count(e => e.Id == id) > 0;
        }
    }
}
/*
1.
By default, the HTTP verb GET maps to a method that has the name Get() or "Get" prefix.
E.g. Get(), GetGamers, GetXXX()
If you want the HTTP verb GET maps to the method name without "Get" prefix.
You can use [HttpGet] attribute.
1.2.
[HttpGet] attribute maps HTTP verb GET.
[HttpPost] attribute maps HTTP verb POST.
[HttpPut] attribute maps HTTP verb PUT.
[HttpDelete] attribute maps HTTP verb DELETE.
2.
[FromUri] V.S. [FromBody]
Web Api default binding parameter convention
2.1.
By default, if the parameter is a simple type,
Web Api will try to get value from uri.
E.g. int, double, bool, ...etc.
By default, if the parameter is a complex type,
Web Api will try to get value from the request body.
E.g. Gamer
2.3.
//[HttpPut]
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer(int id, Gamer gamer)
By Default, the Web Api will try to get id from uri, and gamer from request body as below code.
//[HttpPut]
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer([FromUri]int id, [FromBody]Gamer gamer)
E.g.
Α.
PUT
http://localhost:58302/api/Gamer/8
Request Header
Host: localhost:58302
Content-Type: application/json
Accept: application/json
means we request JSON format response.
Content-Type: application/json
The client will post a data to the server, the data format is JSON
С.
Request Body
"Name": "NameEight XYZ222",
"Gender": "Male",
"Score":450,
"GameMoney":1500
}
2.4.
//[HttpPut]
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer([FromBody]int id, [FromUri]Gamer gamer)
```

```
[FromBody] will enfroce to get id from request body
[FromUri] will enforce to get gamer from uri
E.g.
A.
PUT
http://localhost:58302/api/Gamer?Name=NameEight%20XYZ333&Gender=Male&Score=450&GameMoney=1500
B.
Request Header
Host: localhost:58302
Content-Type: application/json
B.1.
Accept: application/json
means we request JSON format response.
B.2.
Content-Type: application/json
The client will post a data to the server, the data format is JSON
C.
Request Body
8
*/
```

4.5. Controllers/GamerController.cs

Controllers --> Right click --> Add --> Controller

--> MVC 5 Controller with views, using Entity Framework Properties View in Browser (Internet Explorer) Ctrl+Shift+W ■-■ References Browse With... App_Data App Start Add 0 Controller... C# RouteCor View in Object Browser Controllers New from Template Models File Nesting New Item... Add Scaffold × ■ Installed ▶ Common MVC 5 Controller with views, using **MVC 5 Controller - Empty** Controller **Entity Framework** by Microsoft MVC 5 Controller with read/write actions v5.0.0.0 An MVC controller with actions and Razor MVC 5 Controller with views, using Entity Framework views to create, read, update, delete, and list entities from an Entity Framework data context. Web API 2 Controller - Empty Id: MvcControllerWithContextScaffolder Web API 2 Controller with actions, using Entity Framework Web API 2 Controller with read/write actions Web API 2 OData v3 Controller with actions, using Entity Web API 2 OData v3 Controller with read/write actions Click here to go online and find more scaffolding extensions. Add Cancel



It will automatically generate the controller, views, and several javascript and css files.

If you see the following error message, then you have to re-build solution before you create the controller.

```
Microsoft Visual Studio

Error

There was an error running the selected code generator:
'There was an error getting the type
'OnlineGame.Web.Models.Gamer'. Try rebuilding the project.'

OK

using System.Data.Entity;
```

```
using System.Data.Entity;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
usingSystem.Net;
using System.Web.Mvc;
using OnlineGame.Data;
namespace OnlineGame.WebApi.Controllers
{
    public class GamerController: Controller
    {
        private OnlineGameContext _db = new OnlineGameContext();
        // GET: Gamer
        [HttpGet]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Index()
        {
            return View(await _db.Gamers.ToListAsync());
        }
        // GET: Gamer
        [HttpGet]
```

```
public ActionResult Index2()
            return View();
        // GET: Gamer/Details/5
        [HttpGet]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Details(int? id)
            if (id == null) return new HttpStatusCodeResult(HttpStatusCode.BadRequest);
             Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
            if (gamer == null) return HttpNotFound();
            return View(gamer);
        }
        // GET: Gamer/Create
        [HttpGet]
        public ActionResult Create()
        {
            return View();
        }
        // POST: Gamer/Create
        // To protect from overposting attacks, please enable the specific properties you want to bind to,
for
        // more details see <a href="https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=317598">https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=317598</a>.
        [HttpPost]
        [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Create([Bind(Include = "Id,Name,Gender,Score,GameMoney")] Gamer
gamer)
        {
            if (!ModelState.IsValid) return View(gamer);
             _db.Gamers.Add(gamer);
            await db.SaveChangesAsync();
            return RedirectToAction("Index");
        }
        // GET: Gamer/Edit/5
        [HttpGet]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Edit(int? id)
        {
            if (id == null) return new HttpStatusCodeResult(HttpStatusCode.BadRequest);
             Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
            if (gamer == null) return HttpNotFound();
            return View(gamer);
        }
        // POST: Gamer/Edit/5
        // To protect from overposting attacks, please enable the specific properties you want to bind to,
for
        // more details see <a href="https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=317598">https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=317598</a>.
        [HttpPost]
        [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Edit([Bind(Include = "Id,Name,Gender,Score,GameMoney")] Gamer
gamer)
        {
            if (!ModelState.IsValid) return View(gamer);
             _db.Entry(gamer).State = EntityState.Modified;
            await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
            return RedirectToAction("Index");
        }
        // GET: Gamer/Delete/5
        [HttpGet]
```

```
public async Task<ActionResult> Delete(int? id)
       if (id == null) return new HttpStatusCodeResult(HttpStatusCode.BadRequest);
        Gamer gamer = await db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
       if (gamer == null) return HttpNotFound();
       return View(gamer);
    }
   // POST: Gamer/Delete/5
    [HttpPost, ActionName("Delete")]
    [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
   public async Task<ActionResult> DeleteConfirmed(int id)
    {
        Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
       if (gamer != null) db.Gamers.Remove(gamer);
       await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
       return RedirectToAction("Index");
   protected override void Dispose(bool disposing)
       if (disposing) _db.Dispose();
       base.Dispose(disposing);
    }
}
```

4.6. Views/Gamer/Index2.cshtml - Jquery AJAX call Web API

```
ViewBag.Title = "Index2";
<h2>Index2</h2>
<div>
   <input id="btnGamerList" type="button" value="Gamer List" />
   <input id="btnGamerTable" type="button" value="Gamer Table" />
   <input id="btnClear" type="button" value="Clear" />
   ul id="ulGamers">
   </div>
<script src="~/Scripts/jquery-1.10.2.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
    $(document).ready(function() {
       var ulGamers = $('#ulGamers');
       var tblGamers = $('#tblGamers');
       var gamerApiUrl = '/api/gamer/';
       $('#btnGamerList').click(function() {
           $.ajax({
               type: 'GET',
               url: gamerApiUrl,
               dataType: 'json',
               success: function (data) {
                   ulGamers.empty();
                   $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                       var name = val.Name;
                       ulGamers.append('' + name + '');
                   });
               }
           });
```

}

```
});
      $('#btnGamerTable').click(function() {
          $.ajax({
             type: 'GET',
             url: gamerApiUrl,
             dataType: 'json',
             success: function (data) {
                 tblGamers.empty();
                 tbl Gamers.append ( \verb|'IdNameGenderScoreGameMo
ney');
                 $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                    tblGamers.append('' +
                       '' + val.Id + '' +
                       '' + val.Name + '' +
                       '' + val.Gender + '' +
                       '' + val.Score + '' +
                       '' + val.GameMoney + '' +
                       '');
                 });
             }
          });
      });
      $('#btnClear').click(function() {
          ulGamers.empty();
          tblGamers.empty();
      });
   });
</script>
```

Index2

Gamer List

Gamer Table

Clear

- NameOne ABC
- NameTwo ABCDE
- NameThree EFGH
- NameFour HIJKLMN
- NameFive NOP
- NameSix PQRSTUVW
- NameSeven XYZ

Id Name Gender Score Game Money 1 NameOne ABC Male 5000 550 2 NameTwo ABCDE Female 4500 1200 3 NameThree EFGH Male 6500 3050 4 NameFour HIJKLMN Female 45000 450 5 NameFive NOP Male 3000 200 6 NameSix PQRSTUVW Male 4000 700 7 NameSeven XYZ Male 450 1500

5. OnlineGame.Mvc

5.1. Jquery AJAX may call Web API in the same origin

For security reason, web browsers do not allow Jquery AJAX call Web API in the different origin. There are 2 popular ways to fix it.

```
1.

JSONP (JSON with Padding) will wrap the JSON data in a function Install-Package WebApiContrib.Formatting.Jsonp

E.g.1.1. JSON

{
    "Name":"KL",
    "Gender":"Male"
}

E.g.1.2. JSONP

CallbackFunction({
    "Name":"KL",
    "Gender":"Male"
```

2.

Enable CORS (Cross Origin Resource Sharing)
Install-Package Microsoft.AspNet.WebApi.Cors

The following examples have the same origin.

http://localhost:1234/api/gamer http://localhost:1234/gamer/Index2

The following examples have different port numbers, so they are different origins.

http://localhost:1234/api/gamer http://localhost:4321/gamer/Index2

The following examples have different domains, so they are different origins.

http://AAAA.com/api/gamer http://AAAA.net/gamer/Index2

The following examples have different schemes, so they are different origins.

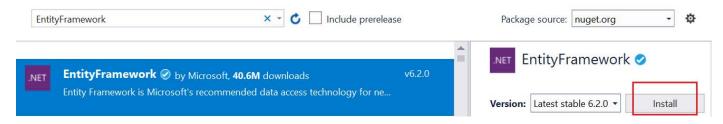
https://AAAA.com/api/gamer http://AAAA.com/gamer/Index2

5.2. Install Entity Framework

Tools --> NuGet Package Manager --> Manage NuGet Packages for Solutions...

--> Browse tab --> Search : EntityFramework

--> Install it



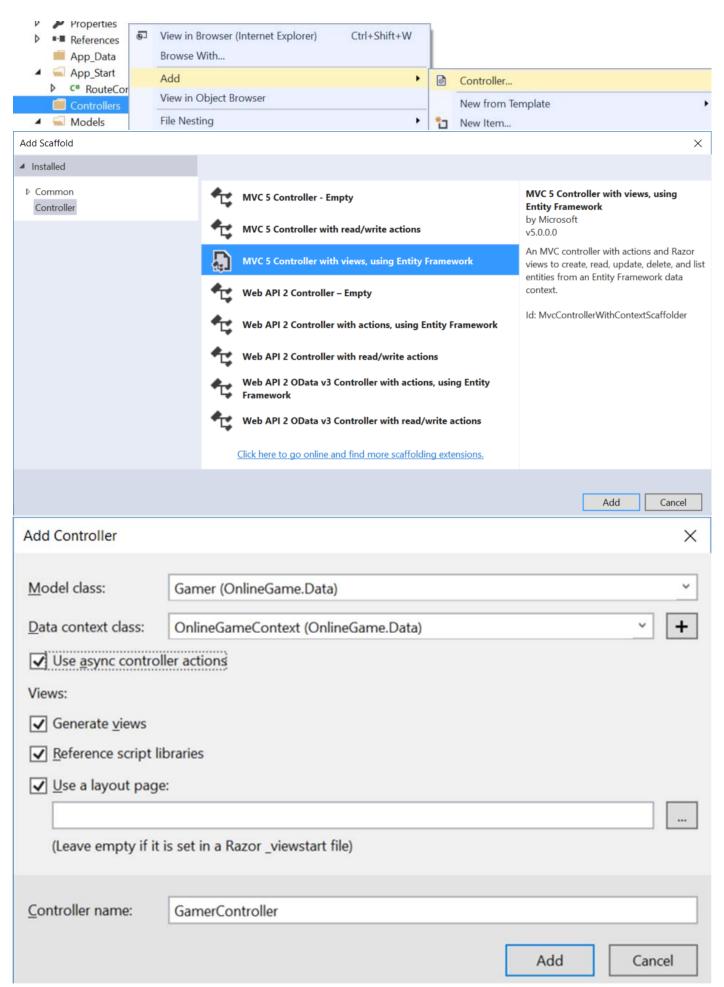
5.3. Web.config: Add Connection String

5.4. Controllers/GamerController.cs

Controllers --> Right click --> Add --> Controller

-->

MVC 5 Controller with views, using Entity Framework



It will automatically generate the controller, views, and several javascript and css files.

If you see the following error message, then you have to re-build solution before you create the controller.

```
Microsoft Visual Studio
                                                        \times
         Error
         There was an error running the selected code generator:
        'There was an error getting the type
         'OnlineGame.Web.Models.Gamer'. Try rebuilding the project.'
                                                  OK
using System.Data.Entity;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Net;
using System.Web.Mvc;
using OnlineGame.Data;
namespace OnlineGame.Mvc.Controllers
   public class GamerController : Controller
    {
        private OnlineGameContext _db = new OnlineGameContext();
        // GET: Gamer
        [HttpGet]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Index()
            return View(await _db.Gamers.ToListAsync());
        [HttpGet]
        public ActionResult IndexWebApi()
            return View();
        [HttpGet]
        public ActionResult IndexWebApiJsonp()
            return View();
        [HttpGet]
        public ActionResult IndexWebApiCors()
            return View();
        // GET: Gamer/Details/5
        [HttpGet]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Details(int? id)
        {
            if (id == null) return new HttpStatusCodeResult(HttpStatusCode.BadRequest);
            Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
            if (gamer == null) return HttpNotFound();
            return View(gamer);
        }
        // GET: Gamer/Create
        [HttpGet]
        public ActionResult Create()
            return View();
        // POST: Gamer/Create
```

```
// To protect from overposting attacks, please enable the specific properties you want to bind to,
for
        // more details see <a href="https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=317598">https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=317598</a>.
        [HttpPost]
        [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Create([Bind(Include = "Id,Name,Gender,Score,GameMoney")] Gamer
gamer)
            if (!ModelState.IsValid) return View(gamer);
             _db.Gamers.Add(gamer);
            await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
            return RedirectToAction("Index");
        // GET: Gamer/Edit/5
        [HttpGet]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Edit(int? id)
        {
            if (id == null) return new HttpStatusCodeResult(HttpStatusCode.BadRequest);
             Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
            if (gamer == null) return HttpNotFound();
            return View(gamer);
        }
        // POST: Gamer/Edit/5
        // To protect from overposting attacks, please enable the specific properties you want to bind to,
for
        // more details see <a href="https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=317598">https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=317598</a>.
        [HttpPost]
        [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Edit([Bind(Include = "Id,Name,Gender,Score,GameMoney")] Gamer
gamer)
        {
            if (!ModelState.IsValid) return View(gamer);
             _db.Entry(gamer).State = EntityState.Modified;
            await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
            return RedirectToAction("Index");
        // GET: Gamer/Delete/5
        [HttpGet]
        public async Task<ActionResult> Delete(int? id)
            if (id == null) return new HttpStatusCodeResult(HttpStatusCode.BadRequest);
             Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
            if (gamer == null) return HttpNotFound();
            return View(gamer);
        // POST: Gamer/Delete/5
        [HttpPost, ActionName("Delete")]
        [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
        public async Task<ActionResult> DeleteConfirmed(int id)
             Gamer gamer = await db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
            if (gamer != null) _db.Gamers.Remove(gamer);
            await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
            return RedirectToAction("Index");
        protected override void Dispose(bool disposing)
            if (disposing) _db.Dispose();
```

```
base.Dispose(disposing);
}
}
```

5.5. Views/Gamer/IndexWebApi.cshtml

```
ViewBag.Title = "IndexWebApi";
<h2>IndexWebApi</h2>
   <input id="btnGamerList" type="button" value="Gamer List" />
   <input id="btnGamerTable" type="button" value="Gamer Table" />
   <input id="btnClear" type="button" value="Clear" />
   <ulid="ulGamers">
   </div>
<script src="~/Scripts/jquery-1.10.2.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
   $(document).ready(function() {
       var ulGamers = $('#ulGamers');
       var tblGamers = $('#tblGamers');
       var gamerApiUrl = 'http://localhost:49789/api/gamer';
       //http://localhost:49789 is the domain of OnlineGame.WebApi project.
       //It supposed to call gamer api controller in OnlineGame.WebApi.
       //However, it will fails.
       //For security reason, web browsers do not allow
       //Jquery AJAX call Web API in the different origin/domain.
       $('#btnGamerList').click(function() {
           $.ajax({
               type: 'GET',
               url: gamerApiUrl,
               dataType: 'json',
               success: function (data) {
                   ulGamers.empty();
                  $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                      var name = val.Name;
                      ulGamers.append('' + name + '');
                  });
               }
           });
       });
       $('#btnGamerTable').click(function() {
           $.ajax({
               type: 'GET',
               url: gamerApiUrl,
               dataType: 'json',
               success: function (data) {
                  tblGamers.emptv();
                   tblGamers.append('IdNameGenderScoreGameMo
ney');
                  $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                      tblGamers.append('' +
                          '' + val.Id + '' +
                          '' + val.Name + '' +
```

6. OnlineGame.Mvc

6.1. JSONP allows Jquery AJAX may call Web API in the different origins

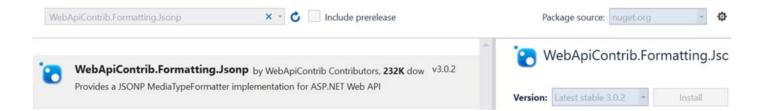
```
Reference:
https://github.com/WebApiContrib/WebApiContrib.Formatting.Jsonp
https://www.nuget.org/packages/WebApiContrib.Formatting.Jsonp/
For security reason, web browsers do not allow Jquery AJAX call Web API in the different origin.
There are 2 popular ways to fix it.
1.
JSONP (JSON with Padding) will wrap the JSON data in a function
Install-Package WebApiContrib.Formatting.Jsonp
E.g.1.1. JSON
  "Name":"KL",
  "Gender":"Male"
}
E.g.1.2. JSONP
CallbackFunction({
  "Name":"KL",
  "Gender":"Male"
})
2.
Enable CORS (Cross Origin Resource Sharing)
```

6.2. Install JSONP

In OnlineGame.WebApi project

Install-Package WebApiContrib.Formatting.Jsonp

Install-Package Microsoft.AspNet.WebApi.Cors



6.3. OnlineGame. WebApi/App_Start/WebApiConfig.cs

```
using System.Web.Http;
using WebApiContrib.Formatting.Jsonp;
namespace OnlineGame.WebApi
{
   public static class WebApiConfig
       public static void Register(HttpConfiguration config)
        {
            // Web API configuration and services
            // Web API routes
            config.MapHttpAttributeRoutes();
            config.Routes.MapHttpRoute(
                name: "DefaultApi",
                routeTemplate: "api/{controller}/{id}",
                defaults: new { id = RouteParameter.Optional }
            );
            //Create a new JSON media type formatter,
            //and insert it into first position of HttpConfiguration formatter.
            //It will allow you to use JSONP formatter which
            //can wrap the JSON data in a function
            JsonpMediaTypeFormatter jsonpFormatter =
                new JsonpMediaTypeFormatter(config.Formatters.JsonFormatter);
            config.Formatters.Insert(0, jsonpFormatter);
        }
    }
JSONP allows Jquery AJAX may call Web API in the different origins
//JsonpMediaTypeFormatter jsonpFormatter =
      new JsonpMediaTypeFormatter(config.Formatters.JsonFormatter);
//config.Formatters.Insert(0, jsonpFormatter);
Create a new JSON media type formatter,
and insert it into first position of HttpConfiguration formatter.
It will allow you to use JSONP formatter which
can wrap the JSON data in a function
E.g.1.1. JSON
    "Name": "KL"
     "Gender": "Male"
E.g.1.2. JSONP
CallbackFunction({
    "Name": "KL",
     "Gender": "Male"
})
```

6.4. OnlineGame.Mvc/Views/Gamer/IndexWebApiJsonp.cshtml

```
@{
   ViewBag.Title = "IndexWebApiJsonp";
<h2>IndexWebApiJsonp</h2>
<div>
   <input id="btnGamerList" type="button" value="Gamer List" />
   <input id="btnGamerTable" type="button" value="Gamer Table" />
   <input id="btnClear" type="button" value="Clear" />
   <ulid="ulGamers">
   </div>
<script src="~/Scripts/jquery-1.10.2.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
   $(document).ready(function() {
       var ulGamers = $('#ulGamers');
       var tblGamers = $('#tblGamers');
       var gamerdatatype = 'jsonp';
       var gamerApiUrl = 'http://localhost:49789/api/gamer';
       //http://localhost:49789 is the domain of OnlineGame.WebApi project.
       //It supposed to call gamer api controller in OnlineGame.WebApi.
       //However, it will fails.
       //For security reason, web browsers do not allow
       //Jquery AJAX call Web API in the different origin/domain.
       //There are 2 popular ways to fix it.
       //1.
       //JSONP (JSON with Padding) will wrap the JSON data in a function
       //2.
       //Enable CORS (Cross Origin Resource Sharing)
       //Here, we will use JSONP to fix the issue.
       $('#btnGamerList').click(function() {
           $.ajax({
               type: 'GET',
               url: gamerApiUrl,
               dataType: gamerdatatype,
               success: function (data) {
                   ulGamers.empty();
                   $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                      var name = val.Name;
                       ulGamers.append('' + name + '');
                   });
               }
           });
       });
       $('#btnGamerTable').click(function() {
           $.ajax({
               type: 'GET',
               url: gamerApiUrl,
               dataType: gamerdatatype,
               success: function (data) {
                   tblGamers.empty();
                   tblGamers.append('IdNameGenderScoreGameMo
ney');
                   $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                       tblGamers.append('' +
                          '' + val.Id + '' +
                          '' + val.Name + '' +
                          '' + val.Gender + '' +
```

http://localhost:49804/Gamer/IndexWebApiJsonp

IndexWebApiJsonp

Gamer List

Gamer Table

Clear

- NameOne ABC
- NameTwo ABCDE
- NameThree EFGH
- NameFour HIJKLMN
- NameFive NOP
- NameSix PQRSTUVW
- NameSeven XYZ

Id Name Gender Score Game Money

1 NameOne ABC Male 5000 550

2 NameTwo ABCDE Female 4500 1200

3 NameThree EFGH Male 6500 3050

4 NameFour HIJKLMN Female 45000 450

5 NameFive NOP Male 3000 200

6 NameSix PQRSTUVW Male 4000 700

7 NameSeven XYZ Male 450 1500

6.5. OnlineGame. WebApi/Views/Gamer/Index2.cshtml

```
<input id="btnClear" type="button" value="Clear" />
   </div>
<script src="~/Scripts/jquery-1.10.2.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
   $(document).ready(function() {
      var ulGamers = $('#ulGamers');
      var tblGamers = $('#tblGamers');
      var gamerdatatype = 'jsonp';
      var gamerApiUrl = '/api/gamer/';
       $('#btnGamerList').click(function() {
          $.ajax({
              type: 'GET',
              url: gamerApiUrl,
              dataType: gamerdatatype,
              success: function (data) {
                  ulGamers.empty();
                  $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                     var name = val.Name;
                     ulGamers.append('' + name + '');
                  });
              }
          });
       });
       $('#btnGamerTable').click(function() {
          $.ajax({
              type: 'GET',
              url: gamerApiUrl,
              dataType: gamerdatatype,
              success: function (data) {
                  tblGamers.empty();
                  tblGamers.append('IdNameGenderScoreGameMo
ney');
                  $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                     tblGamers.append('' +
                        '' + val.Id + '' +
                        '' + val.Name + '' +
                        '' + val.Gender + '' +
                        '' + val.Score + '' +
                        '' + val.GameMoney + '' +
                        '');
                 });
              }
          });
       });
       $('#btnClear').click(function() {
          ulGamers.empty();
          tblGamers.empty();
       });
   });
</script>
http://localhost:49789/gamer/index2
```

Index2

Gamer List

Gamer Table

Clear

- NameOne ABC
- NameTwo ABCDE
- NameThree EFGH
- NameFour HIJKLMN
- NameFive NOP
- NameSix PQRSTUVW
- NameSeven XYZ

Gender Score Game Money **Id Name** 1 NameOne ABC Male 5000 550 2 NameTwo ABCDE Female 4500 1200 3 NameThree EFGH Male 6500 3050 4 NameFour HIJKLMN Female 45000 450 5 NameFive NOP Male 3000 200 6 NameSix PQRSTUVW Male 4000 700 7 NameSeven XYZ Male 450 1500

6.6. Fiddler test Jsonp

1.

http://localhost:49789/api/gamer

Request header: Host: localhost:49789

-->

Response

HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error

Use this page to compose a Request. You can clone a prior request by dragging and dropping a session from the Web Sessions list.

Parsed Raw Scratchpad Options

GET

http://localhost:49789/api/gamer

HTTP/1.1

Log Requests

History

-->



2.

http://localhost:49789/api/gamer?callback=AAA

Request header:

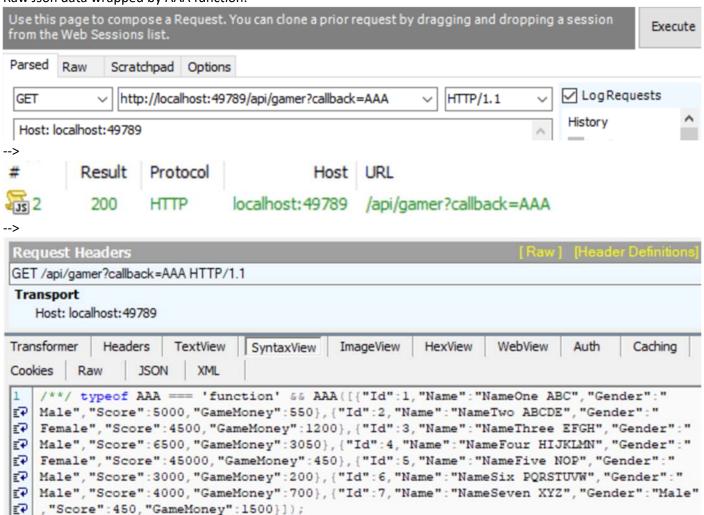
Host: localhost:49789

-->

Response

200

Raw Json data wrapped by AAA function.



3.

http://localhost:49789/api/gamer

Request header:

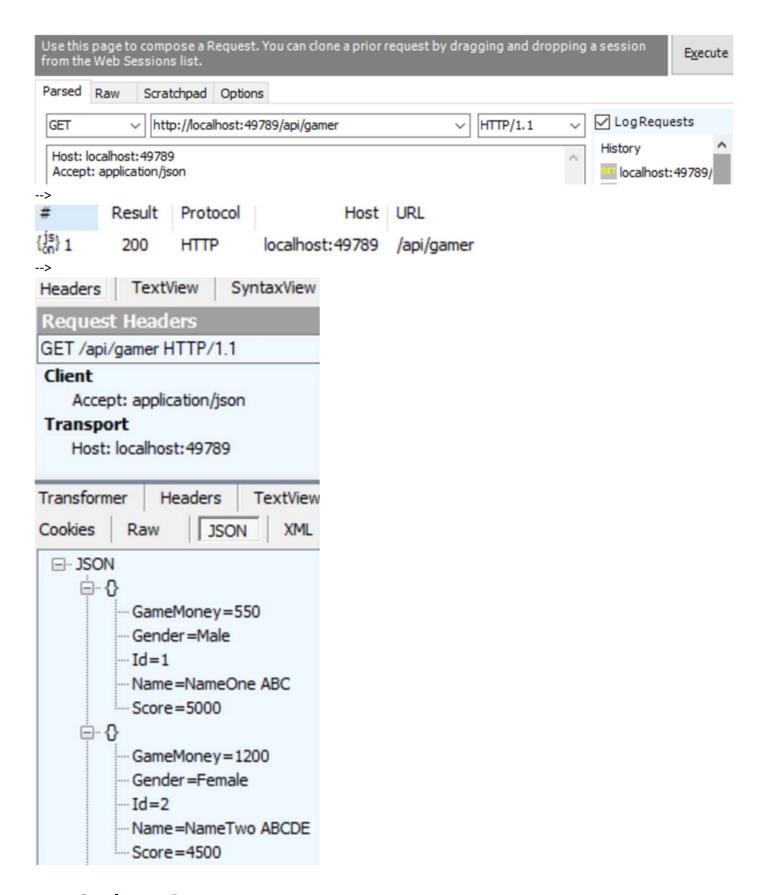
Host: localhost:49789 Accept: application/json

-->

Response

200

The json data.



7. OnlineGame.Mvc

7.1. WebApi Cors (Cross Origin Resource Sharing) allows Jquery AJAX may call Web API in the different origins

Reference:

2.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/web-api/overview/security/enabling-cross-origin-requests-in-web-api/https://www.nuget.org/packages/Microsoft.AspNet.WebApi.Cors/

```
For security reason, web browsers do not allow Jquery AJAX call Web API in the different origin. There are 2 popular ways to fix it.

1.

JSONP (JSON with Padding) will wrap the JSON data in a function
Install-Package WebApiContrib.Formatting.Jsonp
E.g.1.1. JSON

{
    "Name":"KL",
    "Gender":"Male"
}
E.g.1.2. JSONP
CallbackFunction({
    "Name":"KL",
    "Gender":"Male"
})
```

7.2. Install WebApi Cors

Enable CORS (Cross Origin Resource Sharing)
Install-Package Microsoft.AspNet.WebApi.Cors

Install-Package Microsoft.AspNet.WebApi.Cors



7.3. OnlineGame.WebApi/App_Start/WebApiConfig.cs

```
////1.
           ////JSONP allows Jquery AJAX may call Web API in the different origins
           ////Create a new JSON media type formatter,
           ////and insert it into first position of HttpConfiguration formatter.
           ////It will allow you to use JSONP formatter which
           ////can wrap the JSON data in a function
           //JsonpMediaTypeFormatter jsonpFormatter =
                 new JsonpMediaTypeFormatter(config.Formatters.JsonFormatter);
           //config.Formatters.Insert(0, jsonpFormatter);
           ////WebApi Cors(Cross Origin Resource Sharing)
           ////allows Jquery AJAX may call Web API in the different origins
           ///EnableCorsAttribute(origins, headers, methods)
           ////It allows the resource to be accessed by all origins,
           ////and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
           ///and it accepts all methods ("GET,POST...etc")
           //EnableCorsAttribute cors = new EnableCorsAttribute("*", "*");
           //config.EnableCors(cors);
           //2.2.
           config.EnableCors();
        }
   }
}
/*
1.
JSONP allows Jquery AJAX may call Web API in the different origins
//JsonpMediaTypeFormatter jsonpFormatter =
     new JsonpMediaTypeFormatter(config.Formatters.JsonFormatter);
//config.Formatters.Insert(0, jsonpFormatter);
Create a new JSON media type formatter,
and insert it into first position of HttpConfiguration formatter.
It will allow you to use JSONP formatter which
can wrap the JSON data in a function
E.g.1.1. JSON
{
    "Name": "KL",
    "Gender": "Male"
}
E.g.1.2. JSONP
CallbackFunction({
    "Name": "KL",
    "Gender": "Male"
})
3.
WebApi Cors (Cross Origin Resource Sharing)
allows Jquery AJAX may call Web API in the different origins
______
3.1.
new EnableCorsAttribute(origins, headers, methods)
//EnableCorsAttribute cors = new EnableCorsAttribute("*", "*");
//config.EnableCors(cors);
It allows the resource to be accessed by all origins,
and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
and it accepts all methods ("GET, POST...etc")
______
3.1.1.
origins:
It is a Comma-separated whitelist which are allowed to access the web api by Ajax call.
E.g.3.1.1.1.
"http://localhost:49804,https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au"
```

```
That means only <a href="http://localhost:49804">http://localhost:49804</a> and <a href="https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au">https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au</a>
can access the web api by Ajax call.
E.g.3.1.1.2.
It means allows all origins to access the web api by Ajax call.
3.1.2.
headers:
It is a Comma-separated whitelist of request headers which are supported by the resource.
E.g.3.1.2.1.
"accept,content-type,origin" means only these 3 things can be used in request header.
E.g.3.1.2.2.
It means allows all request headers to the web api by Ajax call.
3.1.3.
It is a Comma-separated whitelist of methods which are supported by the resource.
"GET, POST" means only these 2 methods can be used in request.
E.g.3.1.3.2.
It means allows all request methods to the web api by Ajax call.
In OnlineGame.WebApi/App_Start/WebApiConfig.cs
//config.EnableCors();
In OnlineGame.WebApi/Controllers/Api/GamerController.cs
////[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
////[EnableCors("<a href="https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au"">https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au</a>", "*", "*")]
//[EnableCors("<a href="http://localhost:49804", "*", "*")]</a>
//public class GamerController : ApiController
//[DisableCors]
//[HttpGet]
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> LoadGamers(string gender = "")
3.2.1.
If you don't want to enable Cors globally,
then you may enable Cors in api controller level or method level.
When you enable Cors, in api controller level,
//[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
it will apply to all methods in that controller.
If you want to exclude any method, then you may use
//[DisableCors]
3.2.2.
3.2.2.1.
//[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
EnableCorsAttribute(origins, headers, methods)
It allows the resource to be accessed by all origins,
and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
and it accepts all methods ("GET,POST...etc")
3.2.2.2.
//[EnableCors("https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au", "*", "*")]
EnableCorsAttribute(origins, headers, methods)
It allows the resource to be accessed by <a href="https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au">https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au</a> origins,
and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
and it accepts all methods ("GET, POST...etc")
3.2.2.3.
//[EnableCors("<a href="http://localhost:49804", "*", "*")]</a>
It allows the resource to be accessed by <a href="http://localhost:49804">http://localhost:49804</a> origins,
and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
and it accepts all methods ("GET, POST...etc")
*/
```

7.4. OnlineGame. WebApi/Controllers/Api/GamerController.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Data.Entity;
using System.Data.Entity.Infrastructure;
using System.Linq;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Web.Http;
using System.Web.Http.Cors;
using System.Web.Http.Description;
using OnlineGame.Data;
namespace OnlineGame.WebApi.Controllers.Api
   //[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
   //[EnableCors("https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au", "*", "*")]
    [EnableCors("http://localhost:49804", "*", "*")]
   public class GamerController : ApiController
    {
       private OnlineGameContext _db = new OnlineGameContext();
       ////GET: api/Gamer
       //[HttpGet]
       //public IQueryable<Gamer> LoadGamers()
       ///public IQueryable<Gamer> GetGamers()
       //{
       //
             return _db.Gamers;
       //}
       //GET: api/gamer?gender=female --> Only Female Gamer
       //GET: api/gamer? gender = male-- > Only Male Gamer
       //GET: api/gamer --> All Gamers
       //[DisableCors]
        [HttpGet]
       public async Task<IHttpActionResult> LoadGamers(string gender = "")
       //public IQueryable<Gamer> GetGamers()
        {
            List<Gamer> gamers;
           switch (gender.ToLower())
               case "male":
                    gamers = await _db.Gamers.Where(g => g.Gender.ToLower() == "male").ToListAsync();
                   break;
               case "female":
                    gamers = await _db.Gamers.Where(g => g.Gender.ToLower() == "female").ToListAsync();
                   break;
               default:
                    gamers = await _db.Gamers.ToListAsync();
                    break;
           return Ok(gamers); //200
       // GET: api/Gamer/5
        [ResponseType(typeof(Gamer))]
        [HttpGet]
       public async Task<IHttpActionResult> LoadGamer(int id)
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> GetGamer(int id)
        {
            Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
```

```
if (gamer == null) return NotFound(); //404
           return Ok(gamer); //200
        }
       // PUT: api/Gamer/5
        [ResponseType(typeof(void))]
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> PutGamer(int id, Gamer gamer)
        [HttpPut]
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer(int id, Gamer gamer)
       public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer([FromUri]int id, [FromBody]Gamer gamer)
                                                                                                   //By
Default
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer([FromBody]int id, [FromUri]Gamer gamer)
           if (!ModelState.IsValid) return BadRequest(ModelState); //400
           //if (id != gamer.Id) return BadRequest();
           //1.
            gamer.Id = id;
            _db.Entry(gamer).State = EntityState.Modified; //update the gamer
           //2.
           //Gamer currentGamer = await _db.Gamers.FirstOrDefaultAsync(g => g.Id == id);
           //if (currentGamer == null) return NotFound(); //404
           //currentGamer.Name = gamer.Name;
           //currentGamer.Gender = gamer.Gender;
           //currentGamer.Score = gamer.Score;
           //currentGamer.GameMoney = gamer.GameMoney;
           try
            {
               await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
               return Ok();
                             //200
            }
           catch (DbUpdateConcurrencyException)
               if (!GamerExists(id)) return NotFound(); //404
               throw;
            }
        }
       // POST: api/Gamer
        [ResponseType(typeof(Gamer))]
        [HttpPost]
       public async Task<IHttpActionResult> InsertGamer([FromBody]Gamer gamer)
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> PostGamer([FromBody]Gamer gamer)
        {
           if (!ModelState.IsValid) return BadRequest(ModelState); //400
            _db.Gamers.Add(gamer);
           await db.SaveChangesAsync();
           //Return Created/201.
           //1.
           return CreatedAtRoute("DefaultApi", new { id = gamer.Id }, gamer);
                                                                                //Created/201
           ////Return Created/201.
           ////2.
           ////If you want to return HttpResponseMessage()
           ////2.
           ////Create a HttpResponseMessage with status code 201 Item Created.
           ////Pass the gamer into 2nd parameter as the created value.
           //HttpResponseMessage message =
                 Request.CreateResponse(HttpStatusCode.Created, gamer);
           ////The Headers.Location should know the URI of the created item.
```

```
//message.Headers.Location = new Uri(Request.RequestUri +
                 gamer.Id.ToString());
           //return message;
                               //Created/201
           ///Return OK/200.
           ////3.
           ///if you want to return OK/200 when item created.
           //return Created(new Uri(Request.RequestUri + gamer.Id.ToString()), gamer);
                                                                                            //OK/200
        }
       // DELETE: api/Gamer/5
        [ResponseType(typeof(Gamer))]
       //[HttpDelete]
       //public async Task<IHttpActionResult> RemoveGamer(Gamer gamer)
       public async Task<IHttpActionResult> DeleteGamer(int id)
            Gamer gamer = await _db.Gamers.FindAsync(id);
           if (gamer == null) return NotFound(); //404
            _db.Gamers.Remove(gamer);
           await _db.SaveChangesAsync();
           return Ok(gamer); //200
        }
       protected override void Dispose(bool disposing)
           if (disposing) _db.Dispose(); //Dispose DBContext
           base.Dispose(disposing);
        }
       private bool GamerExists(int id)
           return _db.Gamers.Count(e => e.Id == id) > 0;
        }
    }
}
/*
1.
By default, the HTTP verb GET maps to a method that has the name Get() or "Get" prefix.
E.g. Get(), GetGamers, GetXXX()
If you want the HTTP verb GET maps to the method name without "Get" prefix.
You can use [HttpGet] attribute.
1.2.
[HttpGet] attribute maps HTTP verb GET.
[HttpPost] attribute maps HTTP verb POST.
[HttpPut] attribute maps HTTP verb PUT.
[HttpDelete] attribute maps HTTP verb DELETE.
2.
[FromUri] V.S. [FromBody]
Web Api default binding parameter convention
2.1.
By default, if the parameter is a simple type,
Web Api will try to get value from uri.
E.g. int, double, bool, ...etc.
2.2.
By default, if the parameter is a complex type,
Web Api will try to get value from the request body.
E.g. Gamer
//[HttpPut]
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer(int id, Gamer gamer)
By Default, the Web Api will try to get id from uri, and gamer from request body as below code.
//[HttpPut]
```

```
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer([FromUri]int id, [FromBody]Gamer gamer)
E.g.
Α.
PUT
http://localhost:58302/api/Gamer/8
В.
Request Header
Host: localhost:58302
Content-Type: application/json
B.1.
Accept: application/json
means we request JSON format response.
Content-Type: application/json
The client will post a data to the server, the data format is JSON
Request Body
"Name": "NameEight XYZ222",
"Gender": "Male",
"Score":450,
"GameMoney":1500
}
2.4.
//[HttpPut]
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> UpdateGamer([FromBody]int id, [FromUri]Gamer gamer)
[FromBody] will enfroce to get id from request body
[FromUri] will enforce to get gamer from uri
E.g.
Α.
PUT
http://localhost:58302/api/Gamer?Name=NameEight%20XYZ333&Gender=Male&Score=450&GameMoney=1500
Request Header
Host: localhost:58302
Content-Type: application/json
Accept: application/json
means we request JSON format response.
Content-Type: application/json
The client will post a data to the server, the data format is JSON
Request Body
     _____
WebApi Cors (Cross Origin Resource Sharing)
allows Jquery AJAX may call Web API in the different origins
_____
new EnableCorsAttribute(origins, headers, methods)
//EnableCorsAttribute cors = new EnableCorsAttribute("*", "*");
//config.EnableCors(cors);
It allows the resource to be accessed by all origins,
and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
and it accepts all methods ("GET,POST...etc")
_____
3.1.1.
origins:
It is a Comma-separated whitelist which are allowed to access the web api by Ajax call.
E.g.3.1.1.1.
"http://localhost:49804, https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au"
That means only <a href="http://localhost:49804">http://localhost:49804</a> and <a href="https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au">https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au</a>
can access the web api by Ajax call.
E.g.3.1.1.2.
```

```
It means allows all origins to access the web api by Ajax call.
3.1.2.
headers:
It is a Comma-separated whitelist of request headers which are supported by the resource.
"accept,content-type,origin" means only these 3 things can be used in request header.
E.g.3.1.2.2.
It means allows all request headers to the web api by Ajax call.
3.1.3.
methods:
It is a Comma-separated whitelist of methods which are supported by the resource.
"GET, POST" means only these 2 methods can be used in request.
E.g.3.1.3.2.
It means allows all request methods to the web api by Ajax call.
_____
In OnlineGame.WebApi/App_Start/WebApiConfig.cs
//config.EnableCors();
In OnlineGame.WebApi/Controllers/Api/GamerController.cs
///[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
////[EnableCors("<a href="https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au", "*", "*")]
//[EnableCors("<a href="http://localhost:49804", "*", "*")]</a>
//public class GamerController : ApiController
//[DisableCors]
//[HttpGet]
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> LoadGamers(string gender = "")
3.2.1.
If you don't want to enable Cors globally,
then you may enable Cors in api controller level or method level.
When you enable Cors, in api controller level,
//[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
it will apply to all methods in that controller.
If you want to exclude any method, then you may use
//[DisableCors]
3.2.2.
3.2.2.1.
//[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
EnableCorsAttribute(origins, headers, methods)
It allows the resource to be accessed by all origins,
and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
and it accepts all methods ("GET,POST...etc")
3.2.2.2.
//[EnableCors("https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au", "*", "*")]
EnableCorsAttribute(origins, headers, methods)
It allows the resource to be accessed by <a href="https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au">https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au</a> origins,
and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
and it accepts all methods ("GET,POST...etc")
3.2.2.3.
//[EnableCors("<a href="http://localhost:49804", "*", "*")]</a>
It allows the resource to be accessed by <a href="http://localhost:49804">http://localhost:49804</a> origins,
and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
and it accepts all methods ("GET,POST...etc")
```

7.5. OnlineGame. WebApi/Views/Gamer/Index2.cshtml

*/

```
<h2>Index2</h2>
<div>
   <input id="btnGamerList" type="button" value="Gamer List" />
   <input id="btnGamerTable" type="button" value="Gamer Table" />
   <input id="btnClear" type="button" value="Clear" />
   <ulid="ulGamers">
   </div>
<script src="~/Scripts/jquery-1.10.2.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
   $(document).ready(function() {
       var ulGamers = $('#ulGamers');
       var tblGamers = $('#tblGamers');
       //var gamerdatatype = 'jsonp';
       var gamerdatatype = 'json';
       var gamerApiUrl = '/api/gamer/';
       $('#btnGamerList').click(function() {
           $.ajax({
              type: 'GET',
              url: gamerApiUrl,
              dataType: gamerdatatype,
              success: function (data) {
                  ulGamers.empty();
                  $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                      var name = val.Name;
                      ulGamers.append('' + name + '');
                  });
              }
           });
       });
       $('#btnGamerTable').click(function() {
           $.ajax({
              type: 'GET',
              url: gamerApiUrl,
              dataType: gamerdatatype,
              success: function (data) {
                  tblGamers.empty();
                  tblGamers.append('IdNameGenderScoreGameMo
ney');
                  $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                      tblGamers.append('' +
                         '' + val.Id + '' +
                         '' + val.Name + '' +
                         '' + val.Gender + '' +
                         '' + val.Score + '' +
                         '' + val.GameMoney + '' +
                         '');
                  });
              }
           });
       });
       $('#btnClear').click(function() {
           ulGamers.empty();
           tblGamers.empty();
       });
   });
</script>
```

7.6. OnlineGame.Mvc/Views/Gamer/IndexWebApiCors.cshtml

```
<mark>@{</mark>
   ViewBag.Title = "IndexWebApiJsonp";
<h2>IndexWebApiJsonp</h2>
<div>
   <input id="btnGamerList" type="button" value="Gamer List" />
   <input id="btnGamerTable" type="button" value="Gamer Table" />
   <input id="btnClear" type="button" value="Clear" />
   <ulid="ulGamers">
   </div>
<script src="~/Scripts/jquery-1.10.2.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
   $(document).ready(function() {
       var ulGamers = $('#ulGamers');
       var tblGamers = $('#tblGamers');
       //var gamerdatatype = 'jsonp';
       var gamerdatatype = 'json';
       var gamerApiUrl = 'http://localhost:49789/api/gamer';
       //http://localhost:49789 is the domain of OnlineGame.WebApi project.
       //It supposed to call gamer api controller in OnlineGame.WebApi.
       //However, it will fails.
       //For security reason, web browsers do not allow
       //Jquery AJAX call Web API in the different origin/domain.
       //There are 2 popular ways to fix it.
       //1.
       //JSONP (JSON with Padding) will wrap the JSON data in a function
       //2.
       //Enable CORS (Cross Origin Resource Sharing)
       //Here, we will use JSONP to fix the issue.
       $('#btnGamerList').click(function() {
           $.ajax({
               type: 'GET',
               url: gamerApiUrl,
               dataType: gamerdatatype,
               success: function (data) {
                   ulGamers.empty();
                   $.each(data, function (index, val) {
                      var name = val.Name;
                       ulGamers.append('' + name + '');
                   });
               }
           });
       });
       $('#btnGamerTable').click(function() {
           $.ajax({
               type: 'GET',
               url: gamerApiUrl,
               dataType: gamerdatatype,
               success: function (data) {
                   tblGamers.empty();
                   tblGamers.append('IdNameGenderScoreGameMo
ney');
                   $.each(data, function (index, val) {
```

```
tblGamers.append('' +
                        '' + val.Id + '' +
                        '' + val.Name + '' +
                        '' + val.Gender + '' +
                        '' + val.Score + '' +
                        '' + val.GameMoney + '' +
                        '');
                 });
              }
          });
       });
       $('#btnClear').click(function() {
          ulGamers.empty();
          tblGamers.empty();
       });
   });
</script>
```

7.7. Fiddler test CORS (Cross Origin Resource Sharing)

```
3.2.
In OnlineGame.WebApi/App_Start/WebApiConfig.cs
//config.EnableCors();
In OnlineGame.WebApi/Controllers/Api/GamerController.cs
////[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
////[EnableCors("https://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com.au", "*", "*")]
//[EnableCors("http://localhost:49804", "*", "*")]
//public class GamerController : ApiController
//[DisableCors]
//[HttpGet]
//public async Task<IHttpActionResult> LoadGamers(string gender = "")
If you don't want to enable Cors globally,
then you may enable Cors in api controller level or method level.
When you enable Cors, in api controller level,
//[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
it will apply to all methods in that controller.
If you want to exclude any method, then you may use
//[DisableCors]
3.2.2.
3.2.2.1.
//[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
EnableCorsAttribute(origins, headers, methods)
It allows the resource to be accessed by all origins,
and it accepts any request header ("accept,content-type,origin...etc"),
and it accepts all methods ("GET,POST...etc")
E.g.
In OnlineGame.WebApi/App Start/WebApiConfig.cs
config.EnableCors();
In OnlineGame.WebApi/Controllers/Api/GamerController.cs
[EnableCors("*", "*", "*")]
public class GamerController : ApiController
http://localhost:49804/Gamer/IndexWebApiJsonp
```

