0. Summary 1. Web Form Application - Linq Query 1.1. TSQL 1.2. Set up SQL Authentication 2. Console App 2.1. Linq to SQL 2.1.1. Add Connection 2.1.2. Sample.dbml 2.2. Program.cs 3. Web Form App 3.1. Web.config 3.2. Linq to SQL			
=====================================			
0. Summary			
1.1. TSQL			
2. Console App 2.1. Linq to SQL 2.1.1. Add Connection 2.1.2. Sample.dbml 2.2. Program.cs			
3. Web Form App 3.1. Web.config 3.2. Linq to SQL 3.2.1. Add Connection 3.2.2. Sample.dbml 3.3. WebForm1.aspx 3.3.1. WebForm1.aspx 3.3.2. WebForm1.aspx			
4. LazyLoading V.S. EagerLoading			

0. Summary

1.

LazyLoading V.S. EagerLoading

Reference:

https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj574232(v=vs.113).aspx

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/97197/what-is-n1-select-query-issue

1.1.

LazyLoading

1.1.1.

We retrieve just the amount of data that we need in a single query.

When we need more data, then it issues more queries to the database.

That means we might have to request the data from database many times,

and this might cost the performance.

1.1.2.

LazyLoading might cause N+1 select problem.

E.g.

One Team can have many Gamers.

One Gamer can have one Team.

This isOne-to-Many relationship.

When we have N teams, and when we select for the Teams,

and then additional selects to retrieve the Gamers belonging to each Team.

That means we have to request the data from database additional N times.

This is N+1 select problem.

1.2.

EagerLoading

We retrieve all data that we need in a single query,

and then be cached to improve the application performance.

That means we just have to request the data from database once,

but this cost memory consumption.

1.3.

Conclusion

1.3.1.

If you need only Team data,

then "lazy loading" works best.

If you choose to use "Eager loading" in this case,

it will cost memory consumption.

1.3.2.

However, if you need Team data and its Gamers data,

then "Eager loading" works best.

If you choose to use "lazy loading" in this case,

it will request the data from database too many times,

this cost application performance.

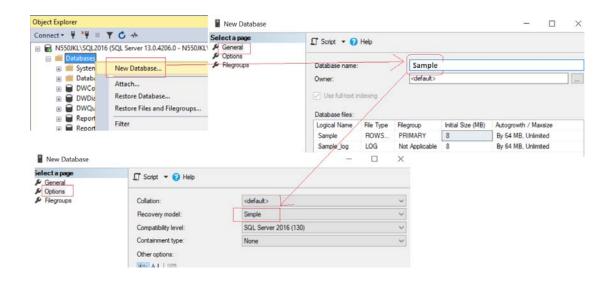
1. Web Form Application - Linq Query

1.1. TSQL

Database --> Right Click --> New Database -->

Database Name: Sample

Options --> Recovery Model : Simple



⁻⁻ Create a Sample DataBase and Run the following TSQL

```
1.
One Team can have many Gamers
One Gamer can have One Team.
This is One to Many Relationship.
Team Id==4 has no Gamer.
Gamer Id==7 has no Team.
*/
--1 ------
--Drop Table if it exists.
--IF OBJECT_ID('Gamer') IS NOT NULL
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM
                  INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
            WHERE
                   TABLE_NAME = 'Gamer' ) )
   BEGIN
      TRUNCATE TABLE Gamer;
      DROP TABLE Gamer;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Drop Table if it exists.
--IF OBJECT_ID('Team') IS NOT NULL
IF ( EXISTS ( SELECT *
            FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES
            WHERE
                  TABLE_NAME = 'Team' ) )
   BEGIN
      TRUNCATE TABLE Team;
      DROP TABLE Team;
   END;
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Create Tables
CREATE TABLE Team
   (
     Id INT PRIMARY KEY
```

```
IDENTITY,
     Name NVARCHAR(100),
     Type NVARCHAR (100)
   );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
CREATE TABLE Gamer
   (
      Id INT PRIMARY KEY
            IDENTITY,
     Name NVARCHAR(50),
      Gender NVARCHAR(50),
      Score INT,
     Type NVARCHAR(50),
      TeamId INT FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Team ( Id )
   );
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
--Insert Data
INSERT INTO Team
VALUES ('Team1_Guardian', 'Guardian');
INSERT INTO Team
VALUES ('Team2_Assassinator', 'Assassinator');
INSERT INTO Team
VALUES ('Team3_Soldier', 'Soldier');
INSERT INTO Team
VALUES ('Team4_Civilian', 'Civilian');
GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ( 'Name1 ABC', 'Male', 5000, 'Water', 1);
INSERT INTO Gamer
VALUES ('Name2 ABCDE', 'Female', 4500, 'Fire', 3);
```

```
INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES ('Name3 EFGH', 'Male', 6500, 'Fire', 2);

INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES ('Name4 HIJKLMN', 'Female', 45000, 'Water', 2);

INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES ('Name5 NOP', 'Male', 3000, 'Wood', 1);

INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES ('Name6 PQRSTUVW', 'Male', 4000, 'Earth', 3);

INSERT INTO Gamer

VALUES ('Name7 XYZ', 'Male', 4500, 'Metal', NULL);

GO -- Run the previous command and begins new batch
```

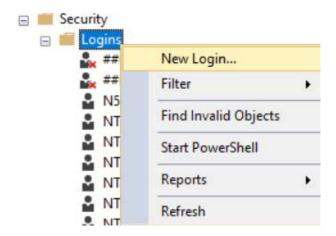
1.2. Set up SQL Authentication

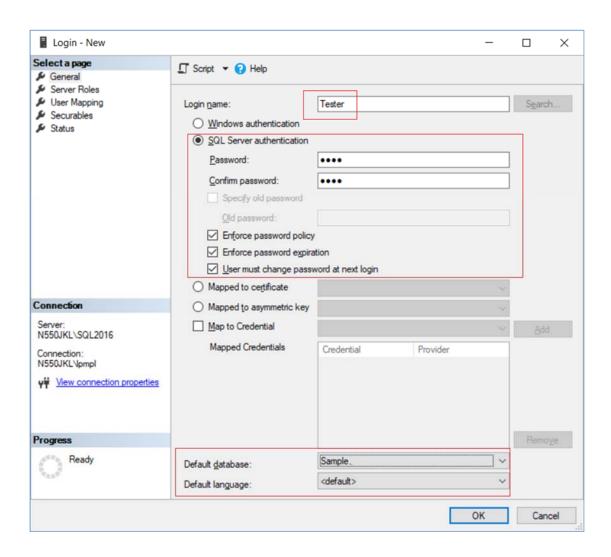
In SQL server

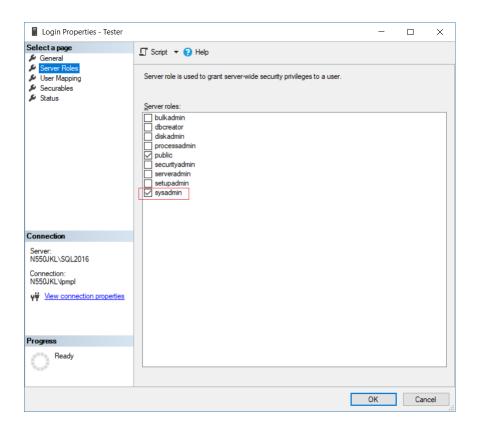
```
Object Explorer --> Security --> Logins --> New Logins
-->
General Tab
Login Name:
Tester
Password:
1234
Default Database:
Sample
-->
Server Roles Tab
Select
sysadmin
-->
User Mapping Tab
```

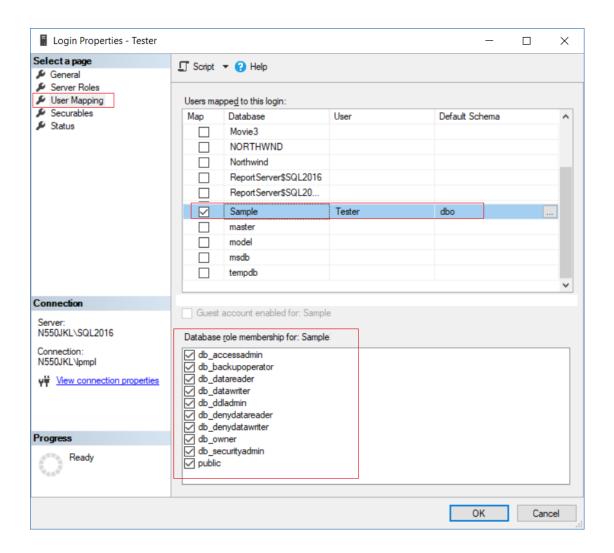
Select Sample

Select every Roles.







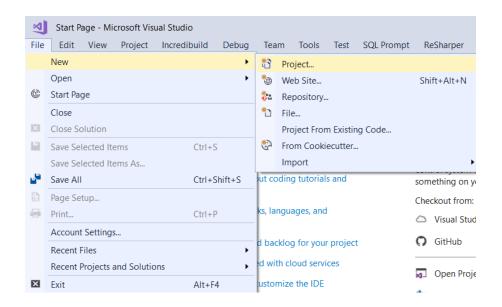


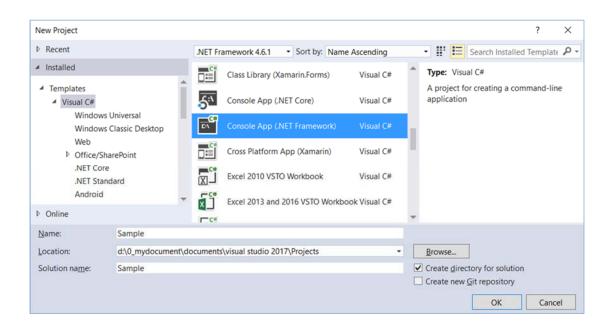
2. Console App

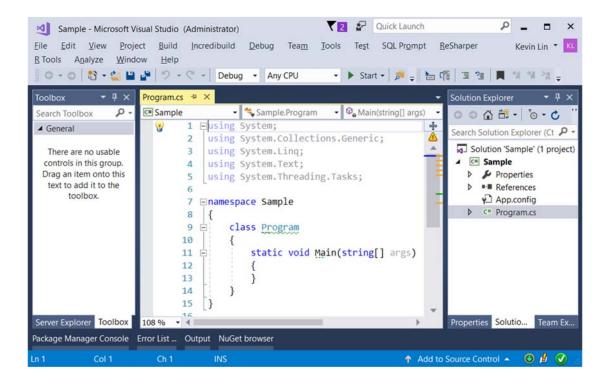
File --> New --> Project... -->

Visual C# --> Console App (.Net Framework) -->

Name: Sample







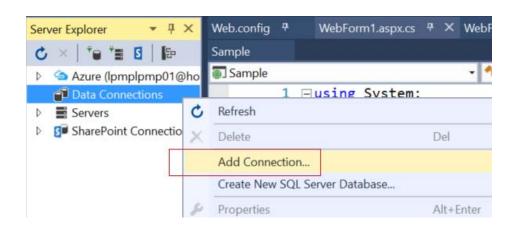
2.1. Ling to SQL

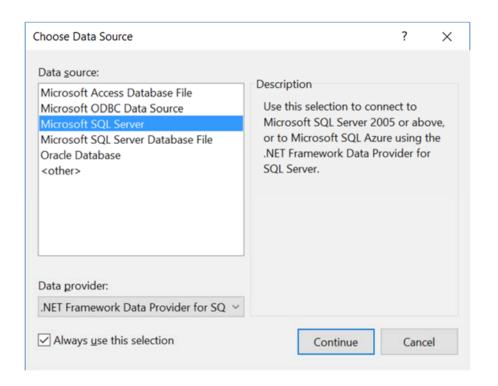
2.1.1. Add Connection

Server Explorer --> Data Connections --> Right click --> Add Connection...

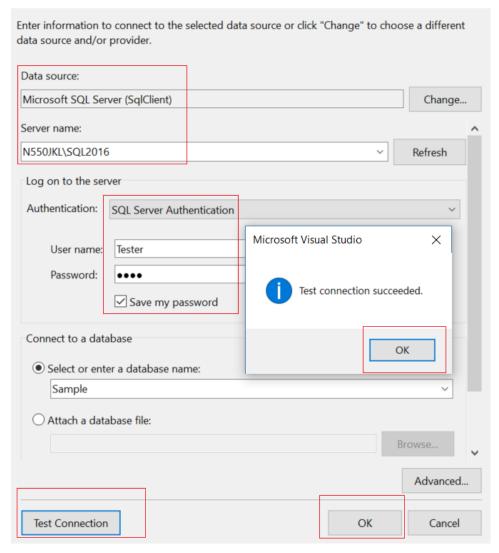
--> Microsoft SQL server -->

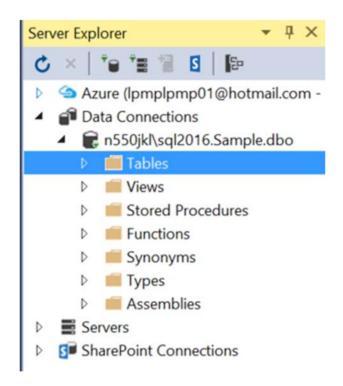
Enter your server and database details





Add Connection ? X





2.1.2. Sample.dbml

ProjectName --> Right Click --> Add --> New Item...

--> Linq to SQL classes -->

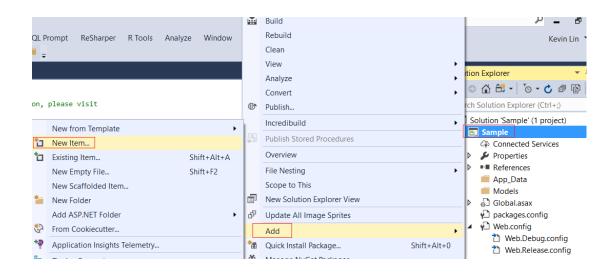
Name: Sample.dbml

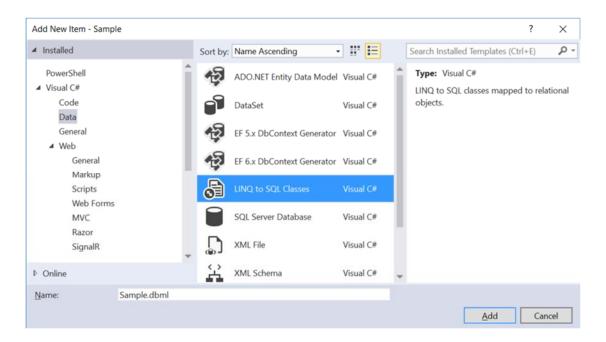
I name it as "Sample.dbml",

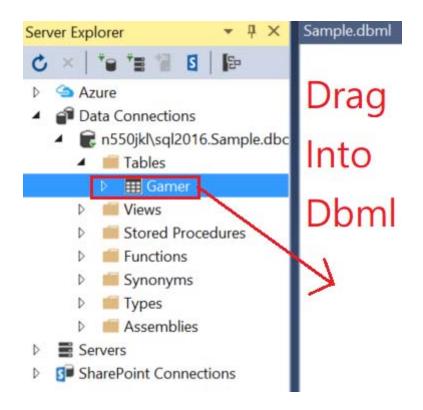
because I know this is for connection to "Sample" Database.

-->

Drag Table from Server Explorer into DBML

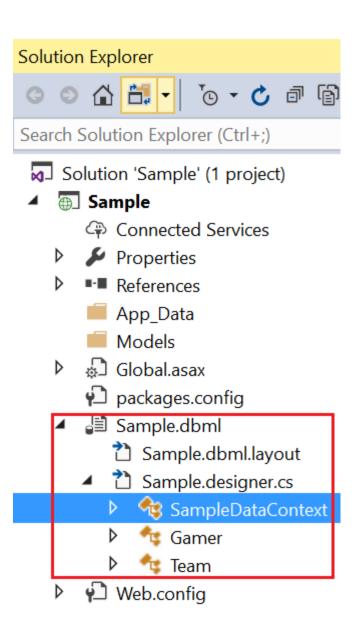






Save the dbml, it will generate the following files.

The DataContext context is the entry point to database.



2.2. Program.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Data.Linq;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace Sample
{
```

```
class Program
{
   static void Main(string[] args)
   {
      // 1. ==========
      //LazyLoading()
      Console.WriteLine("1. LazyLoading() ========== ");
       LazyLoading();
       // 2. ==========
      //EagerLoading()
      Console.WriteLine("2. EagerLoading() ========== ");
       EagerLoading();
       // 3. ===========
      //EagerLoading2()
      Console.WriteLine("3. EagerLoading2() ========== ");
       EagerLoading2();
       Console.ReadLine();
   }
   // 1. ===========
   //LazyLoading()
   static void LazyLoading()
   {
      using (SampleDataContext dbContext = new SampleDataContext())
       {
          //Write the generated sql query to the Console window
          dbContext.Log = Console.Out;
          foreach (Team team in dbContext.Teams)
          {
             Console.WriteLine("Team -----");
             Console.WriteLine(team);
             foreach (Gamer gamer in team.Gamers)
              {
```

```
Console.WriteLine("Gamer -----");
              Console.WriteLine(gamer);
           }
          Console.WriteLine();
       }
   }
}
//EagerLoading()
static void EagerLoading()
{
   using (SampleDataContext dbContext = new SampleDataContext())
       //Write the generated sql query to the Console window
       dbContext.Log = Console.Out;
       // Load related Employee entities along with the Department entity
       DataLoadOptions loadOptions = new DataLoadOptions();
       loadOptions.LoadWith<Team>(t => t.Gamers);
       dbContext.LoadOptions = loadOptions;
       foreach (Team team in dbContext.Teams)
       {
          Console.WriteLine("Team -----");
          Console.WriteLine(team);
          foreach (Gamer gamer in team.Gamers)
           {
              Console.WriteLine("Gamer -----");
              Console.WriteLine(gamer);
           }
          Console.WriteLine();
       }
   }
}
// 3. ===========
```

```
static void EagerLoading2()
       {
           using (SampleDataContext dbContext = new SampleDataContext())
            {
               //Write the generated sql query to the Console window
                dbContext.Log = Console.Out;
               var linqQuery = from team in dbContext.Teams
                               select new { Team = team, Gamers = team.Gamers };
               foreach (var linqQueryItem in linqQuery)
                {
                   Console.WriteLine("Team -----");
                   Console.WriteLine(linqQueryItem.Team);
                   foreach (Gamer gamer in linqQueryItem.Gamers)
                    {
                       Console.WriteLine("Gamer -----");
                       Console.WriteLine(gamer);
                    }
                   Console.WriteLine();
                }
            }
       }
   }
   public partial class Gamer
   {
       public override string ToString()
       {
           return $"Id=={Id}, Name=={Name}, Gender=={Gender}, Score=={Score}, Type=={Ty
pe},TeamId=={TeamId}";
       }
   }
   public partial class Team
   {
```

//EagerLoading2()

```
public override string ToString()
{
    return $"Id=={Id},Name=={Name},Type=={Type}";
}
}
```

3. Web Form App

Open Visual Studio, I am currently using VS2017

If you don't have it, you may following the instruction here to download.

http://ithandyguytutorial.blogspot.com/2017/10/ch00install-visual-studio-2017-offline.html

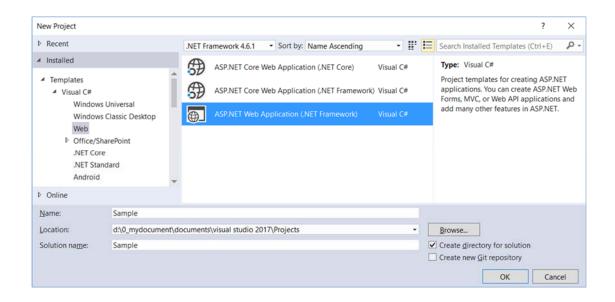
New Project --> Web --> ASP.NET Web Application (.Net Framework)

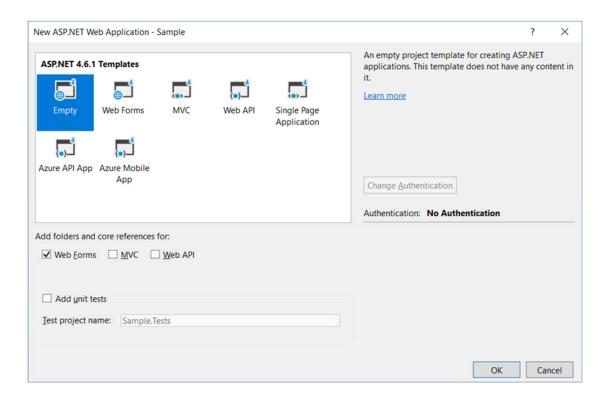
-->

Name:

Sample

--> Empty --> Select "Web Forms" --> OK





3.1. Web.config

Add connection String

If you use Linq to Sql, you don't have to set this connection string.

```
Web.config 'P X Sample

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 D<1--
3 For more information on how to configure your ASP.NET application, please visit
https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=169433
5 -->
6 D<2configuration>
7 D<2connectionStrings>
8 D<2connectionStrings>
8 D<2connectionStrings>
9 | cytoproiderName="System.Data.SqlClient" /> </connectionStrings>
11 D<2cystem.web>
12 | ccompilation debug="true" targetFramework="4.6.1"/>
```

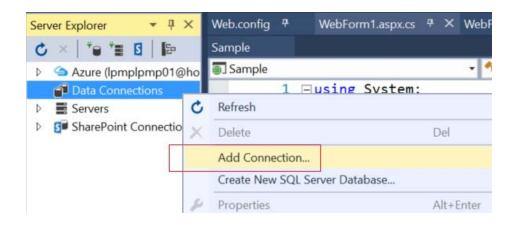
3.2. Linq to SQL

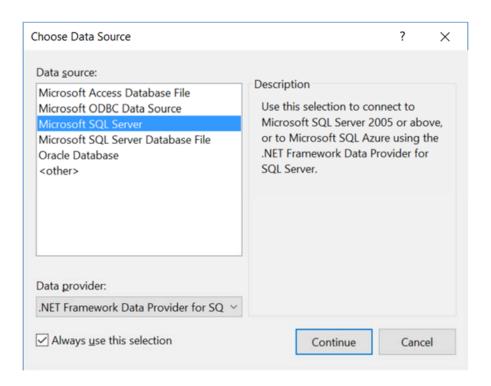
3.2.1. Add Connection

Server Explorer --> Data Connections --> Right click --> Add Connection...

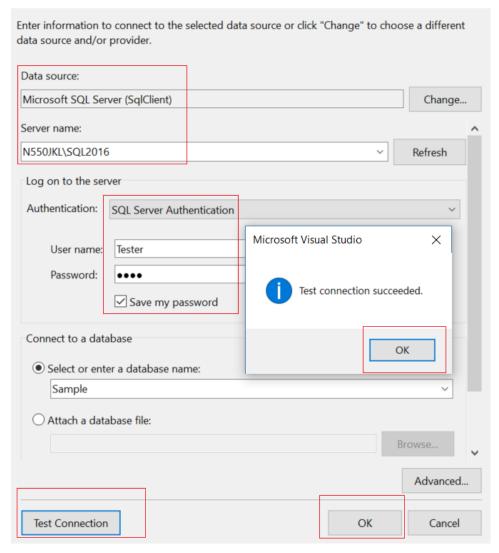
--> Microsoft SQL server -->

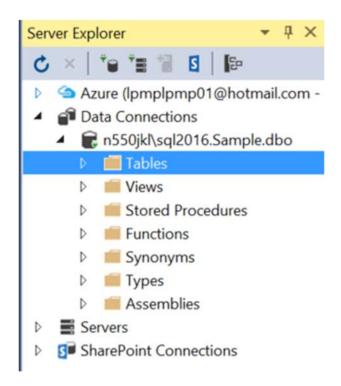
Enter your server and database details





Add Connection ? X





3.2.2. Sample.dbml

ProjectName --> Right Click --> Add --> New Item...

--> Linq to SQL classes -->

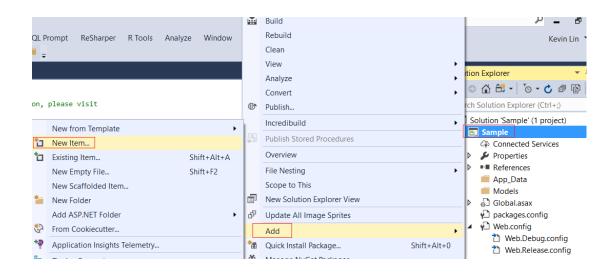
Name: Sample.dbml

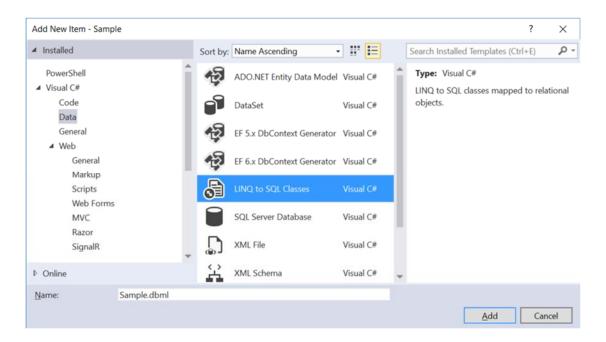
I name it as "Sample.dbml",

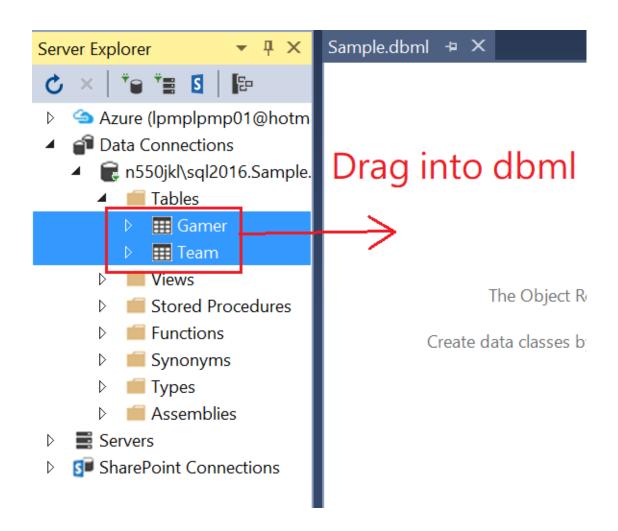
because I know this is for connection to "Sample" Database.

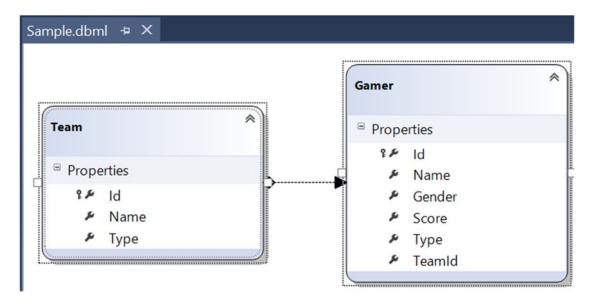
-->

Drag Table from Server Explorer into DBML



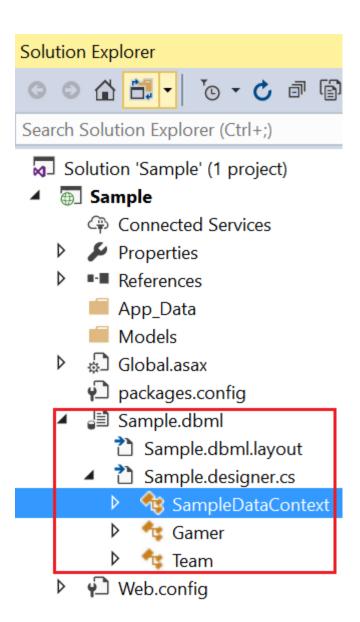






Save the dbml, it will generate the following files.

The DataContext context is the entry point to database.



3.3. WebForm1.aspx

3.3.1. WebForm1.aspx

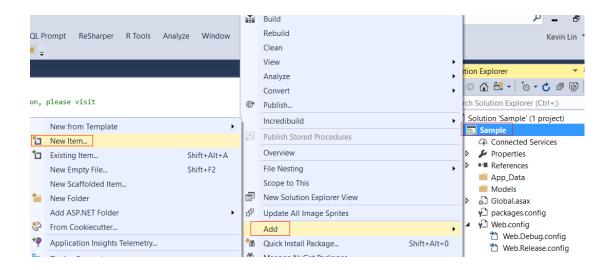
ProjectName --> Right Click --> Add --> New Item...

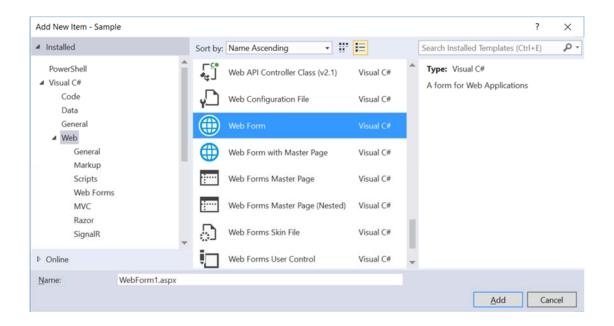
-->

WebForm

Name:

WebForm1.aspx





```
<div>
            <asp:GridView ID="gvTeams" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False">
                <Columns>
                     <asp:BoundField HeaderText="TeamId" DataField="Id" />
                     <asp:BoundField HeaderText="TeamName" DataField="Name" />
                     <asp:BoundField HeaderText="TeamType" DataField="Type" />
                     <asp:TemplateField HeaderText="Gamers">
                         <ItemTemplate>
                             <asp:GridView ID="gvGamers" runat="server"</pre>
                                 AutoGenerateColumns="false"
                                 DataSource='
'
# Eval("Gamers") %>'>
                                 <Columns>
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Id" HeaderText="Id" />
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name</pre>
"/>
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Ge</pre>
nder"/>
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Score" HeaderText="Sco</pre>
re" />
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Type" HeaderText="Type</pre>
"/>
                                 </Columns>
                             </asp:GridView>
                         </ItemTemplate>
                    </asp:TemplateField>
                </Columns>
            </asp:GridView>
            <br />
            <br />
            <asp:GridView ID="gvTeams2" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False">
                <Columns>
                     <asp:BoundField HeaderText="TeamId" DataField="Id" />
```

```
<asp:BoundField HeaderText="TeamName" DataField="Name" />
                     <asp:BoundField HeaderText="TeamType" DataField="Type" />
                     <asp:TemplateField HeaderText="Gamers">
                         <ItemTemplate>
                             <asp:GridView ID="gvGamers2" runat="server"</pre>
                                 AutoGenerateColumns="false"
                                 DataSource='
'
# Eval("Gamers") %>'>
                                 <Columns>
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Id" HeaderText="Id" />
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name</pre>
"/>
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Ge</pre>
nder"/>
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Score" HeaderText="Sco</pre>
re" />
                                      <asp:BoundField DataField="Type" HeaderText="Type</pre>
"/>
                                 </Columns>
                             </asp:GridView>
                         </ItemTemplate>
                     </asp:TemplateField>
                </Columns>
            </asp:GridView>
            <br />
            <br />
            <asp:Label ID="lbl3" runat="server" Text=""></asp:Label>
            <asp:GridView ID="gvTeams3" runat="server" AutoGenerateColumns="False">
                <Columns>
                     <asp:BoundField HeaderText="TeamId" DataField="Id" />
                    <asp:BoundField HeaderText="TeamName" DataField="Name" />
                    <asp:BoundField HeaderText="TeamType" DataField="Type" />
                     <asp:TemplateField HeaderText="Gamers">
```

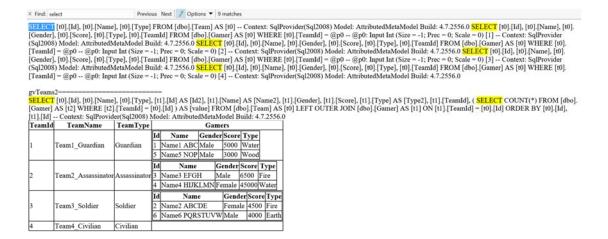
```
<ItemTemplate>
                              <asp:GridView ID="gvGamers3" runat="server"</pre>
                                  AutoGenerateColumns="false"
                                  DataSource='
'
# Eval("Gamers") %>'>
                                  <Columns>
                                       <asp:BoundField DataField="Id" HeaderText="Id" />
                                       <asp:BoundField DataField="Name" HeaderText="Name</pre>
"/>
                                       <asp:BoundField DataField="Gender" HeaderText="Ge</pre>
nder"/>
                                       <asp:BoundField DataField="Score" HeaderText="Sco</pre>
re" />
                                       <asp:BoundField DataField="Type" HeaderText="Type</pre>
"/>
                                  </Columns>
                              </asp:GridView>
                         </ItemTemplate>
                     </asp:TemplateField>
                 </Columns>
            </asp:GridView>
            <br />
            <br />
        </div>
   </form>
</body>
</html>
```

3.3.2. WebForm1.aspx.cs

```
using System;
using System.Data.Linq;
```

```
using System.Linq;
namespace WebApplication1
{
   public partial class WebForm1 : System.Web.UI.Page
   {
      protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
      {
          // 1. ==========
          LazyLoading();
          // 2. ===========
          EagerLoading();
          // 3. ===========
          EagerLoading2();
      }
      // 1. ===========
      private void LazyLoading()
      {
          using (SampleDataContext dbContext = new SampleDataContext())
          {
             ////Write the generated sql query to the Console window
             //dbContext.Log = Console.Out;
             //Write the generated sql query to the webform
              dbContext.Log = Response.Output;
             //IQueryable<Team> linqQuery =
                  from team in dbContext.Teams
             //
             //
                   select team;
             //Response.Write($"<br/>dbContext.GetCommand(linqQuery).CommandText<
br/>{dbContext.GetCommand(linqQuery).CommandText}<br/>');
              gvTeams.DataSource = dbContext.Teams;
              gvTeams.DataBind();
          }
      }
      // 2. ==========
```

```
private void EagerLoading()
       {
           using (SampleDataContext dbContext = new SampleDataContext())
           {
               Response.Write("<br/>br/>gvTeams2==========<br/>")
;
               //Write the generated sql query to the webform
               dbContext.Log = Response.Output;
               DataLoadOptions loadOptions = new DataLoadOptions();
               loadOptions.LoadWith<Team>(t => t.Gamers);
               dbContext.LoadOptions = loadOptions;
               gvTeams2.DataSource = dbContext.Teams;
               gvTeams2.DataBind();
           }
       }
       private void EagerLoading2()
       {
           using (SampleDataContext dbContext = new SampleDataContext())
           {
              var linqQuery = from team in dbContext.Teams
                              select new { Id = team.Id, Name=team.Name,
Type=team.Type, Gamers = team.Gamers };
               1b13.Text
= $"<br/>dbContext.GetCommand(linqQuery).CommandText<br/>fdbContext.GetCommand(linqQ
uery).CommandText}<br/>";
               gvTeams3.DataSource = linqQuery;
               gvTeams3.DataBind();
           }
       }
   }
}
```



TeamId		TeamType Guardian	Gamers										
			Id	Nan	1e	Gend	er	Score	Typ	e			
			1	Name1	1 ABC Male		5000		Water				
			5	Name5	NOP	Male 3000		Woo	od				
2	Team2_Assassinator	Assassinator	Id			Gender		ender	Score		Гуре		
			3			Male 65		6500	F	ire			
			4	Name4	HIJK	LMN	Fe	male	4500	0 V	Vater		
3	Team3_Soldier	Soldier	Id	Name				Gender Score T					
			2	Name2 ABCDE				Female		500	Fire		
			6	Name6 PQRSTUVV			W	V Male		000	Earth		
4	Team4_Civilian	Civilian											

dbContext.GetCommand(linqQuery),CommandText

SELECT [10],[Id], [10],[Name], [10],[Type], [11],[Id] AS [Id2], [11],[Name] AS [Name2], [11],[Gender], [11],[Score], [11],[Type] AS [Type2], [11],[TeamId], (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM [dbo], [Gamer] AS [12] WHERE [12],[TeamId] = [10],[Id] AS [10], [Id], [

TeamId	25 10.745 25	TeamType Guardian	Gamers									
			Id	Name	Gend	ler	Score	T	ype	1		
1			1	Name1 AB	C Male		5000	W	ater	1		
			5	Name5 NO	P Male		3000	W	ood	1		
2	Team2_Assassinator	Assassinator	Id	Nam	ie	Gender		Sc	Score		ype	
			3	Name3 EFGH		Male 65		65	500 I		Fire	
			4	Name4 HL	KLMN	Fe	emale	45	000	W	ater	
3	Team3_Soldier	Soldier	Id	Name			Gender Score T			Туре		
			2	Name2 ABCDE			Female		4500		Fire	
			6	Name6 PQ	RSTUV	W	Male		400	0	Earth	
4	Team4_Civilian	Civilian										

4. LazyLoading V.S. EagerLoading

1.

LazyLoading V.S. EagerLoading

Reference:

https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj574232(v=vs.113).aspx

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/97197/what-is-n1-select-query-issue

```
1.1.
```

LazyLoading

1.1.1.

We retrieve just the amount of data that we need in a single query.

When we need more data, then it issues more queries to the database.

That means we might have to request the data from database many times,

and this might cost the performance.

1.1.2.

LazyLoading might cause N+1 select problem.

E.g.

One Team can have many Gamers.

One Gamer can have one Team.

This isOne-to-Many relationship.

When we have N teams, and when we select for the Teams,

and then additional selects to retrieve the Gamers belonging to each Team.

That means we have to request the data from database additional N times.

This is N+1 select problem.

1.2.

EagerLoading

We retrieve all data that we need in a single query,

and then be cached to improve the application performance.

That means we just have to request the data from database once,

but this cost memory consumption.

1.3.

Conclusion

1.3.1.

If you need only Team data,

then "lazy loading" works best.

If you choose to use "Eager loading" in this case,

it will cost memory consumption.

1.3.2.

However, if you need Team data and its Gamers data, then "Eager loading" works best.

If you choose to use "lazy loading" in this case, it will request the data from database too many times, this cost application performance.