

Task No^o 7
Date: 23/09/25

PL/SQL procedures, Functions and loops.

Aim:- To implement PL/SQL procedures, Functions and loops on Number theory and business scenarios.

procedure:

PL/SQL is a combination of SQL along with the procedural features of programming languages. It was developed by Oracle Corporation in the early 90s to enhance the capabilities of SQL. PL/SQL is one of three key programming languages embedded in Oracle database, along with SQL itself and Java.

Simple program to print a sentence:

Syntax:

```
DECLARE
    <declaration section>
BEGIN
    <executable section>
EXCEPTION
    <exception handling>
END;
```

Program:

```
DECLARE
    message VARCHAR2(20) := 'booking closed';
BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line(message);
END;
```

Output:- booking closed.

Dynamic Input:

```
set serveroutput on;
declare
  x number(5);
  y number(5);
  z number(9);
begin
  x := 10;
  y := 12;
  z := x + y;
  dbms_output.put_line('sum is ' || z);
end;
```

/

output? sum is 22

```
declare
  var1 integer;
  var2 integer;
  var3 integer;
begin
  var1 := &var1;
  var2 := &var2;
  var3 := var1 + var2;
  dbms_output.put_line(var3);
end;
```

/

```
Enter value for var1 : 20
old 6 : var1 := &var1;
new 6 : var1 := 20;
Enter value for var2 : 30
old 7 : var2 := &var2;
new 7 : var2 := 30;
50
```


Declare

hid Number (3) := 100;

Begin

if (hid = 10) then

dbms_output.put_line('value of hid is 10');

else if (hid = 20) then

dbms_output.put_line('value of hid is 20');

else if (hid = 30) then

dbms_output.put_line('value of hid is 30');

else

dbms_output.put_line('None of the values is matching');

End if;

dbms_output.put_line('Exact value of hid is : ' || hid);

End;

Output:

None of the values is matching

Exact value of hid is :100

Declare

hid number(1);

oid number(1);

Begin

<<outer-loop>>

For hid in 1..3 loop

<<Inner-loop>>

For oid in 1..3 loop

dbms_output.put_line(hid is : ' || hid || ' and oid is : ' || oid);

END loop inner-loop;

END loop outer-loop;

END;

/

hid is : 1 and oid is : 1

hid is : 1 and oid is : 2

hid is : 1 and oid is : 3

hid is : 2 and oid is : 1

hid is : 2 and oid is : 2

hid is : 2 and oid is : 3

hid is : 3 and oid is : 1

hid is : 3 and oid is : 2

hid is : 3 and oid is : 3

program for only procedure:

create or replace procedure csinformation

<C-id in number, C-name in varchar2>

is

begin

dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || C-id);

dbms_output.put_line('Name: ' || C-name);

end;

/

procedure created

exec csinformation(101, 'raam');

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Set serveroutput on;

exec csinformation(101, 'raam');

ID: 101

Name: raam.

Program for only functions

create or replace function csinformation

(h-id in number, C-name in varchar2)

Return Varchar2

is

begin

if C-id > 200 then

Return('no booking available');

else

Return('booking open');

End if;

End;

Function created


```
declare  
msg varchar2(200);  
begin  
msg := csinformation2(102, 'room');  
dbms_output.put_line(msg);  
end;  
/
```

~~Vehicle available~~
output:- booking open.

```
declare  
msg varchar2(200);  
begin  
msg := csinformation2(206, 'room');  
dbms_output.put_line(msg);  
end;  
/
```

~~No vehicle available.~~

~~output:- no booking available~~

PL/SQL loops

procedure :-

1. Start a PL/SQL block or procedure.
2. Use a cursor (if required) to fetch customer IDs from a table.
3. For each ID, check whether it is a prime number using a loop.
4. Use For loop/while loop to demonstrate prime number checking.
5. print the result using dbms_output.put_line.
6. End the block.

Using while loop with cursor.

create or replace procedure print_prime_customers IS

cursor cust_cur IS

select customer_id from customers;

v_id Number;

v_is_prime Boolean;

v_i Number;

Begin

open cust_cur;

loop

Fetch cust_cur into v_id;

Exit when cust_cur%NOTFOUND;

If v_id < 2 then

v_is_prime := False;

Else

v_is_prime := True;

v_i := 2;

while v_i <= Trunc(sqrt(v_id)) LOOP

IF MOD(v_id, v_i) = 0 THEN

v_is_prime := FALSE;

EXIT;

END IF;

v_i := v_i + 1;

END LOOP;

END IF;


```

IF V-is-prime THEN
    DBMS-OUTPUT.PUT-LINE('prime customer ID: ' || V-id);
END IF;
END LOOP;
CLOSE CUST-CUR;
END;

```

procedure created

using For loop for First N prime Numbers.

create or Replace procedure print-first-n-primes (n NUMBER)

V-num := NUMBER := 2;

V-Count Number := 0;

V-is-prime Boolean;

Begin

while V-Count < n Loop

V-is-prime := TRUE;

FOR i IN 2..TRUNC(SQRT(V-num)) LOOP

IF MOD(V-num, i) = 0 THEN

V-is-prime := FALSE

EXIT;

END IF;

END LOOP;

IF V-is-prime THEN

DBMS-OUTPUT.PUT-LINE('prime: ' || V-num);

V-Count := V-Count + 1;

END IF;

V-num := V-num + 1;

END LOOP;

END;

Procedure Created.

Exit Begin

print-first-n-primes(10);

end;

VELTECH	
EX No.	7
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	6
RECORD (5)	1
TOTAL (20)	15
SIGN WITH DATE	

Result: The PL/SQL procedures, functions and loops were successfully implemented.

output:-

Prime: 2
prime: 3
prime: 5
prime: 7
Prime: 11
prime: 13
prime: 17
prime: 19
prime: 23
prime: 29