Question 1

$$\begin{aligned} & k_{c}(X_{i}, X_{j}) = \left\langle \phi_{c}(X_{i}), \phi_{c}(X_{j}) \right\rangle \\ & = \left\langle \phi_{c}(X_{i}), -\frac{1}{t} \sum_{p=1}^{L} \phi_{c}(X_{p}), \phi_{c}(X_{j}) - \frac{1}{t} \sum_{q=1}^{L} \phi_{c}(X_{q}) \right\rangle \\ & = \left\langle \phi_{c}(X_{i}), \phi_{c}(X_{j}) \right\rangle - \left\langle \frac{1}{t} \sum_{p=1}^{L} \phi_{c}(X_{p}), \phi_{c}(X_{j}) \right\rangle - \left\langle \phi_{c}(X_{i}), \frac{1}{t} \sum_{q=1}^{L} \phi_{c}(X_{q}) \right\rangle + \left\langle \frac{1}{t} \sum_{p=1}^{L} \phi_{c}(X_{p}), \frac{1}{t} \sum_{q=1}^{L} \phi_{c}(X_{p}), \phi_{c}(X_{q}) \right\rangle \\ & = k_{c}(X_{i}, X_{j}) - \frac{1}{t} \sum_{q=1}^{L} \left\langle \phi_{c}(X_{p}), \phi_{c}(X_{j}) \right\rangle - \frac{1}{t} \sum_{q=1}^{L} \left\langle \phi_{c}(X_{p}), \phi_{c}(X_{q}) \right\rangle + \frac{1}{t^{2}} \sum_{q=1}^{L} \left\langle \phi_{c}(X_{p}), \phi_{c}(X_{q}) \right\rangle \\ & = k_{c}(X_{i}, X_{j}) - \frac{1}{t} \sum_{q=1}^{L} k_{c}(X_{p}, X_{j}) - \frac{1}{t} \sum_{q=1}^{L} k_{c}(X_{i}, X_{q}) + \frac{1}{t^{2}} \sum_{q=1}^{L} k_{c}(X_{p}, X_{q}) \end{aligned}$$

Question 2

The prediction
$$y=\underset{k}{\text{arg max}} P(Y=k|X=x_i)$$

$$=\underset{k}{\text{arg max}} exp(\langle w_k, x_i \rangle)$$

To guarantee that
$$\frac{1}{Z} \exp(\langle WK, Xii \rangle)$$
 is a probability,
$$\sum_{k=1}^{K} \frac{1}{Z} \exp(\langle WK, Xii \rangle) = 1$$

$$Z = \sum_{k=1}^{K} \exp(\langle WK, Xii \rangle)$$