	Student's Name:
	Teacher's Initials:
Barker	
College	

RJW* LZM

YEAR 9

Tuesday PM 5th NOVEMBER

DXC LMD

PDJ

5.3 MATHEMATICS

TERM 4, 2019

SEMESTER 2 EXAMINATION

TOTAL TIME: 90 minutes

165 copies

DZP

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS:

This examination consists of TWO sections.

* Write your name and teacher's initials in the spaces indicated.

* A formula sheet is provided for use throughout the examination. Detach this sheet.

SECTION 1 : NON-CALCULATOR (20 minutes)

- Calculators must NOT be used in this section.
- * Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.
- Show ALL necessary working.
- Marks may not be awarded for careless or badly arranged work.
- Diagrams are NOT drawn to scale.

SECTION 2 : CALCULATOR

(70 minutes)

- * Calculators MAY be used in this section.
- * Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.
- Show ALL necessary working.
- * Marks may not be awarded for careless or badly arranged work.
- Diagrams are NOT drawn to scale.

* * * *

	Your Mark	Marks
SECTION 1		30
SECTION 2		82
TOTAL		112

SECTION 1: NON-CALCULATOR

1. Simplify
$$5x^3 + 2x + 6x^3 - x$$

3. Simplify
$$(y^4)^3 \div y^2$$

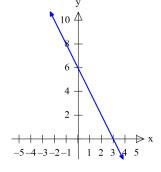
(a)
$$x^2 + 13x + 30$$

(b)
$$3a + 3b + ax + bx$$
 2

5. Given that
$$y = \frac{3a^2 + b^2}{a - b}$$
, find the value of y when $a = 2$ and $b = -1$.

(i) What is the y intercept?

What is the gradient?



7. A dodecagon is a polygon that has 12 sides.

What is the size of an exterior angle of a regular dodecagon?

8. Evaluate $125^{\frac{1}{3}}$

9. Lui used a stopwatch to measure in seconds, his speed in running a 30m sprint.



(i) What is the absolute error of Lui's recorded time?

(ii) What is the range in values in which the actual measurement could lie?

1

10. Find the simple interest earned if Ben invested \$300 at 10% per annum for 3 months.

2

2

11. A solid cube has a surface area of 150 cm². Determine its side length.

12. The midpoint of P(-4, 7) and Q(x, y) is M(3, -3).

Determine the values of x and y.

1

1

13. Simplify: $\frac{5}{x+4} - \frac{3}{(x+1)(x+4)}$.

- 3 -

14. Simplify:

(a)
$$\frac{2\sqrt{9^4}}{9+3^2}$$

3

(b)
$$\frac{(x^5y^2)^3y^2}{4^{-2}y^{-5}}$$

3

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15. Express
$$2^3 + 4^3 + 8^3 + 16^3$$
 in the form $m(2^2)$.

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SECTION 2: CALCULATOR

Time: 70 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS:

- Attempt ALL questions.
- Show ALL working.
- Approved calculators MAY be used.
- Write your answers in the spaces provided on the paper.
- Marks may not be awarded for careless or badly arranged work.
- Diagrams are NOT drawn to scale.
- A formula sheet is provided for use throughout this examination. Detach this sheet.

SECTION 2: There are **EIGHT** parts in this section.

Part	Торіс	Your Mark	Marks
A	Algebra, Products & Factors		11
В	Trigonometry		8
C	Earning Money		13
D	Equations		10
E	Geometry, Congruence & Similarity		10
F	Co-ordinate Geometry & Simultaneous Equations		13
G	Surface Area and Volume		8
Н	Mixed Questions		9
	Total		82

- 7 -

Part A: Algebra, Products & Factors (11 marks)

Question 1

Expand and simplify:

(a)
$$(3m+5)(4m-1)$$

2

(b)
$$(2x - 3y)^2$$

Question 2

Factorise completely:

(a)
$$2x^2 + 7x + 6$$

2

(b)
$$1 - 9x^2$$

Question 3

Fully factorise:

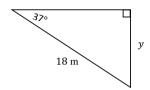
 $16(x+3)^2 - 25$

Part B: Trigonometry (8 marks)

Question 4

3

Find y correct to 2 decimal places.

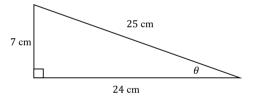


2

2

Question 5

Find θ to the nearest degree.



Question 6

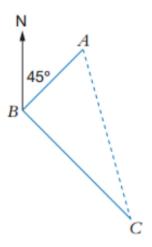
The following information is given about three towns Allas (A), Bray (B) and Cuffe (C):

- Allas lies 9 km north-east of Bray
- Bray lies 15.2 km north-west of Cuffe
- (i) Determine the size of angle $\angle ABC$.

1

(ii) Find the bearing (to nearest degree) of Allas from Cuffe.

3



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St	udent's Name:	
Part C: Earning Money (13 marks)	Teacher's Initials:	
Question 7 Aiden works at the local McDonalds. He gets paid a basic time-and-a-half for any Saturday work, and double time for Determine Aiden's weekly pay for the following hours: • Monday to Friday: 5 hours per day • Saturday: 4 hours • Sunday: 7 hours		2
Question 8 Michael paid \$22.80 to attend an exhibit. He had been give What was the original price?	en a 40% concessional discount.	2
Question 9 Matthew decided to put his piggy bank savings into an inv. \$848 into the account that earns simple interest at R% p.a. After 9 months had passed, his account had grown to \$906 Determine the annual rate of simple interest R% that is approximately account the same of th	·	3

- 13 -

Question 10

Charlie is an engineer who earned \$108 400 one financial year. He also earned \$2 150 in interest from his investment portfolio. Charlie has \$4 860 in allowable tax deductions.

Throughout the year Charlie has paid \$29 500 in PAYG instalments. The Medicare Levy is charged at 2% of **taxable income**

Resident tax rates 2019-20

Taxable income	Tax on this income
0 – \$18,200	Nil
\$18,201 - \$37,000	19c for each \$1 over \$18,200
\$37,001 - \$90,000	\$3,572 plus 32.5c for each \$1 over \$37,000
\$90,001 - \$180,000	\$20,797 plus 37c for each \$1 over \$90,000
\$180,001 and over	\$54,097 plus 45c for each \$1 over \$180,000

The above rates **do not** include the Medicare levy of 2%.

Show that Charlie's taxable income is \$105 690.

(iv) Determine the tax debt or tax refund amount payable.

ii)	Find the amount of income tax payable (not including the Medicare Levy).	2
iii)	Determine the Medicare Levy payable.	1

Student's Name:

Teacher's Initials:

2

3

2

Part D: Equations (10 marks)

Question 11

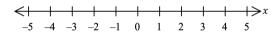
Solve:

$$6(2x+5) - 5(3x+2) = x$$

Question 12

Solve the following inequality and show the solution on the number line.

$$-5 \le 1 - 3x$$



Question 13

The equation relating temperature in degrees Fahrenheit to degrees Celsius is given by:

$$F = 32 + \frac{9}{5}C$$

Find the temperature in degrees Celsius that is equivalent to 140 degrees Fahrenheit.

Question 14

Make b the subject of the equation.

$$R = \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b+2}}$$

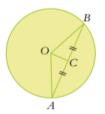
Student's Name:	••••••
Teacher's Initials	•

Part E: Geometry, Congruence & Similarity (10 marks)

Question 15

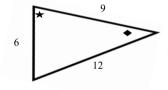
The circle below has centre O.

Prove that $\triangle AOC \equiv \triangle BOC$. Write a formal proof with full reasons.



Question 16

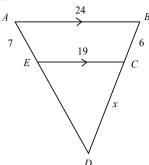
(a) Given that the triangles below are similar, determine the value of y. (NOT TO SCALE)





- 17 -

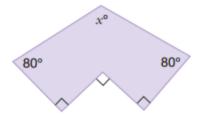
(b) Given that $\triangle DEC$ is similar to $\triangle DAB$, determine the value of x.



2

Question 17

- (i) Show that the interior angle sum of a shape with 6 sides is 720°.
 - Determine the value of x in the diagram below.



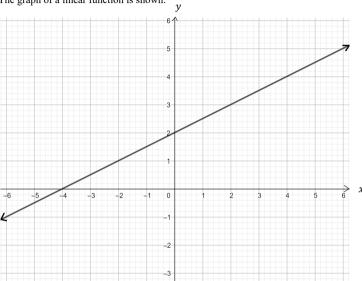
Student's Name:

Teacher's Initials:

Part F: Co-ordinate Geometry & Simultaneous Equations (13 marks)

Question 18

The graph of a linear function is shown.



What is the gradient of the line?

2

Sketch the line y = 5 - x on the axis above.

Using the graphical method or otherwise, solve the following equations simultaneously to find x and y.

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$$

$$y = 5 - x$$

- 19 -

Ouestion 19

For the points P(-1, 5) and Q(3, -1)

Find the exact length of PQ. Leave your answer as a surd. 2

Find the gradient of PQ.

2

(iii) What is the equation of the line parallel to PQ and passing through R(-6, 2)? Give your equation in gradient-intercept form.

2

3

Question 20

Solve the following equations simultaneously to find x and y.

$$2x - 2y = 10$$

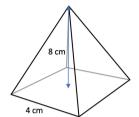
$$y = 1 - x$$

Part G: Surface Area & Volume (8 marks)

Question 21

A square-based right pyramid is shown.

(i) Determine the volume of the pyramid. (2 d.p.)



2

3

3

(ii) Determine the surface area of the pyramid. (2 d.p.)

Question 22

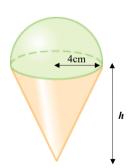
Roy's ice-cream parlour prepares ice-cream cones.

Each cone is completely filled and extra ice-cream is placed on top to make a perfect hemisphere.

Roy uses exactly 400 cm³ of ice cream in each one he makes.

The cones he uses each have a radius of 4 cm.

Determine the height h of the cones he uses, in centimetres, correct to three significant figures.



Part H: Mixed Questions (9 marks)

Question 23

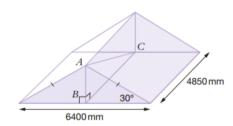
Fully simplify:

$$\frac{3x^2 - 48}{x^2 - 3x - 4} \div \frac{x^2 + 4x}{x^3 - x}$$

Question 24

The triangular prism shown represents part of a roof. A wooden beam is to be fitted along AC as bracing for the roof.

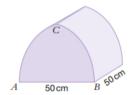
Find the value of AC correct to the nearest millimetre.



3

Question 25

Calculate the capacity, in litres, to two decimal places, of the solid shape shown below.



AC is an arc of a circle with centre B. BC is an arc of a circle with centre A.

3

End of Paper - 23 -

Year 9 5.3	
Semester 2 Exam	14a) 2 (94) =
Section 1	$ \begin{array}{c c} & 14a \\ \hline & 18 \\ & = 9 \\ & 6) & 16 \times 15 \times 13 \end{array} $
1) x3 + x	
z) 5.1048×104	$= 1170(2^{2})$
3) 40	Section Z. Part A
4)(2C+3)(3C+10) 6) (3+2c)(a+6)	la) 12m² + 17m - 5 b) 4x² - 12xy + 9y²
5) -13	(2x+3)(x+2) (1-3x)(1+3x)
$\begin{array}{ccc} 6i) & yint = 6 \\ ii) & m = -2 \end{array}$	3)(4(x+3)+5)(4(x+3)-5) $(4x+17)(4x+7)$
7) 30°	
8) 5	Part B.
9)1) 0.005 seconels ii) 4.265 -> 4.275 seconds	4) $\sin 37 = \frac{9}{18}$ y = 10.83m
	5) $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{24}$ $\theta = 16^{\circ}$
(10) \$7.50	$\theta = 16^{\circ}$
11) Sem	6i) 90° ii) tan 0 = 9
12) DC = 10 y=-13	ii) tan 0 = 9 0 = 30, 6299.
13) 5(x+1)-3 55c+2 (x+4)(5c+1) (x+4)(x+1)	Bearing A -> C = 04+270+45+30.6299. -04+346°

Part C	Part E
7) 25+(4x1.5)+(7x2)	15) In AAOC and A BOC
= 45 hours	13) 111 ZINOC WING ZI DEC
45 x 15.4 = \$693	AC = BC (given). OC is common
7-2-50-5	AO = BO (radii of circle are
8) x x 0.6 = ZZ.8	
sc = \$38	egual) AOC = ABOC (SSS)
9) 58= (848)(R)(0.75)	(6)a) y = 6
R = 9.127. (zdp)	
	y = 3 $by = 19$
101) 108400+2150-4860	b) >c - 19
= 105690	· x+6 24
11)20797+0.37 (105690-90000)	x = 22.8
=26602.30	
ji) 0.02 × 105690 =\$2113.80	17),) 7.20°
iv) 29500 - (266023+2113.8)	ii) 10°
=\$783.9 refund	
	Part F
Part D	18i) m= =
(1) (20c + 30 - 15x - 10 = x)	ii) yint of 5
∞ = 5	I int of 5
12) 3x \(\begin{align*}	(11) $x=2$ $y=3$
x 5 Z	
-3 2 -1 0 1 2 3 4	19);) d=2((B)-(-1))2+((-1)-(B)2
	d= V52
13) (140)= 32+9($(i) m = \frac{-3}{2}$
$C = 60^{\circ}$ $14) R^2 = ax$	
14) R - 14)	(11) $y-(2)=\frac{2}{5}(x-(-6))$
112 - 95	$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 7$
$b+2 = \underbrace{ax}_{R^2}$	20) sub () 1460 (2)
b = arc -	2x - 2(1-x) = 10 $2x = 3 (sub into (2))$
0 - u - Z	3 = 3 (500 "10 E)
	7 173 7 = -2
	•

Part (1 Z1) $V = 42.67cm^3$ 11) \sqrt{g} $z^2 = 8^2 + 2^2$ $x = \sqrt{68}$ $5A = 4(\frac{1}{2}(4)(\sqrt{66})) + (4x4)$ $= 81.97cm^2(20p)$ $22) V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h + \frac{1}{2}(\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3)$ $400 = \frac{1}{3}\pi(4)^2 h + \frac{2}{3}\pi(4)^3$ $h = 400 - \frac{2}{3}\pi(4)^3$	$y^{2} = x^{2} + (4850)^{2}$ $y^{2} = (1847.52)^{2} + (4850)^{2}$ $y = 5190 \text{ mm} \text{ (nemest mm)}$ $z = 500 \text{ mm}$ $A = 50 \text{ B}$ $\triangle ABC \text{ is equiliteral}$ $x^{2} = 50^{2} - 25^{2}$
$Z1i) V = 42.67cm^{3}$ $1i) \times 9 \times 2^{2} = 8^{2} + 2^{2}$ $1i) \times 9 \times 4 \times 4$	$\frac{G}{S} = \frac{5190 \text{ mm} \left(\text{newest mm} \right)}{6}$ $\frac{G}{Z} = \frac{50}{2} = \frac{50}{2} = \frac{1}{25}$ $\frac{G}{Z} = \frac{50}{2} = \frac{1}{25}$
SA = 4 (= (4) (VEB)) + (4×4) = 81.97cm² (20/p)	$\frac{G}{S} = \frac{5190 \text{ mm} \left(\text{newest mm} \right)}{6}$ $\frac{G}{Z} = \frac{50}{2} = \frac{50}{2} = \frac{1}{25}$ $\frac{G}{Z} = \frac{50}{2} = \frac{1}{25}$
SA = 4 (= (4) (188) + (4x4) = 81.97cm² (20/p)	$\frac{G}{S} = \frac{5190 \text{ mm} \left(\text{nevest mm} \right)}{6000000000000000000000000000000000000$
=81.97cm² (2dp)	A so B $\triangle ABC \times equiliteral$ $x^2 = 50^2 - 25^2$
=81.97cm² (2dp)	A so B $\triangle ABC \times equiliteral$ $x^2 = 50^2 - 25^2$
ALL POLYMENT CONTRACTOR AND A STATE OF THE S	A 50 B $\triangle ABC$ is equiliberal $2 = 50^{12} - 25^{2}$
$ZZ)V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^{2}h + \frac{1}{2}(\frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3})$ $400 = \frac{1}{3}\pi(4)^{2}h + \frac{2}{3}\pi(4)^{3}$ $h = 400 - \frac{2}{3}\pi(4)^{3}$	A so B $\triangle ABC \times equiliteral$ $x^2 = 50^2 - 25^2$
$400 = \frac{1}{2} \times (4)^{2} h + \frac{2}{3} \times (4)^{8}$ $h = 400 - \frac{2}{3} \times (4)^{3}$	$\triangle ABC$ is equiliberal $x^2 = 50^{12} - 25^{12}$
$h = 400 - \frac{2}{3} \times (4)^3$	$x^2 = 50^{\frac{1}{2}} - 25^{\frac{1}{2}}$
= \frac{1}{2} \tau (4)^2	x = V1875
h= 15.9cm	Area of the cross Section
Part H	Ac= 360 (mr2)+(1300 mr2)-(26h)
Part H 23) 3(x2-16) x(x2-1)	
(x-4)(x+1) x(x+4)	$=\frac{1}{6}(\pi.50^{2})+\left(\frac{1}{8}(\pi.50^{2})-\frac{1}{2}(50)(\sqrt{187})\right)$
3(x4)(x4) x(x1)(x-1)	= 15.35.462123cm²
(x+4)(x+1) × (x+4)	11-11
= 3(x-1)	U= Acc x depth = 1535.467\$23- x 50 = 76773.10616 cm3
	= 76773.10616 cm ³
24) x	
300	C = 76773.10616 m1
32.00	
$tan30 = \frac{3}{3200}$	C = 76.77 L
z=1847.52. mm	
7 . 9	
- Z	
4850	
,	