Statistical Inference assignment 2

Hsin-Wen Chang Saturday, August 22, 2015

Statistical Inference Course Project 2

Overview

Load the ToothGrowth data and perform some basic exploratory data analyses - Provide a basic summary of the data. - Use confidence intervals and/or hypothesis tests to compare tooth growth by supp and dose. (Only use the techniques from class, even if there's other approaches worth considering) - State your conclusions and the assumptions needed for your conclusions.

Load Data

```
# load neccesary libraries
library(ggplot2)

## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.0.3

library(datasets)
library(gridExtra)

## Warning: package 'gridExtra' was built under R version 3.0.3

## Loading required package: grid

library(GGally)

## Warning: package 'GGally' was built under R version 3.0.3

# The Effect of Vitamin C on Tooth Growth in Guinea Pigs
data(ToothGrowth)
toothGrowth <- ToothGrowth
toothGrowth$dose <- as.factor(toothGrowth$dose) # convert to factor</pre>
```

Basic Summary of the data

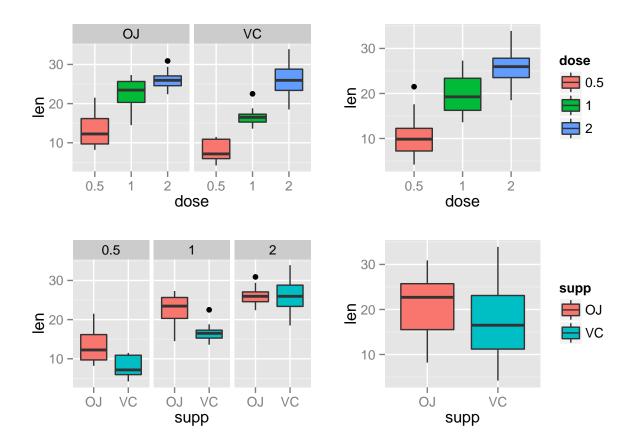
```
str(toothGrowth)

## 'data.frame': 60 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ len : num 4.2 11.5 7.3 5.8 6.4 10 11.2 11.2 5.2 7 ...
## $ supp: Factor w/ 2 levels "OJ", "VC": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ dose: Factor w/ 3 levels "0.5", "1", "2": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
```

summary(toothGrowth)

head(toothGrowth)

table(toothGrowth\$supp, toothGrowth\$dose)



Do some analysis based on (ANOVA)

```
anova.out <- aov(len ~ supp * dose, data=toothGrowth)
summary(anova.out)</pre>
```

```
##
               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                            Pr(>F)
## supp
                   205.4
                            205.4 15.572 0.000231 ***
                2 2426.4
                          1213.2 92.000 < 2e-16 ***
## dose
                   108.3
                                    4.107 0.021860 *
## supp:dose
                             54.2
## Residuals
               54
                   712.1
                             13.2
                      '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
```

The results show there is a notable interaction between the length (len) and dosage (dose) (F(1,54)=15.572;p<0.01)Also a very clear effect on length(len) by supplement type (supp) (F(2,54)=92;p<0.01). Last but not least there is a minor interaction between the combination of supplement type (supp) and dosage (dose) compared to the length (len) (F(2,54)=4.107;p<0.05).

```
TukeyHSD(anova.out)
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = len ~ supp * dose, data = toothGrowth)
##
```

```
## $supp
##
         diff
                    lwr
                              upr
                                       p adj
## VC-OJ -3.7 -5.579828 -1.820172 0.0002312
##
## $dose
##
           diff
                      lwr
                                upr
                                       p adj
## 1-0.5 9.130 6.362488 11.897512 0.0e+00
## 2-0.5 15.495 12.727488 18.262512 0.0e+00
## 2-1
          6.365
                 3.597488 9.132512 2.7e-06
##
## $`supp:dose`
##
                  diff
                              lwr
                                                  p adj
                                          upr
## VC:0.5-0J:0.5 -5.25 -10.048124 -0.4518762 0.0242521
## OJ:1-OJ:0.5
                  9.47
                         4.671876 14.2681238 0.0000046
## VC:1-0J:0.5
                  3.54
                        -1.258124 8.3381238 0.2640208
## OJ:2-OJ:0.5
                 12.83
                         8.031876 17.6281238 0.0000000
## VC:2-0J:0.5
                 12.91
                         8.111876 17.7081238 0.0000000
## OJ:1-VC:0.5
                 14.72
                         9.921876 19.5181238 0.0000000
## VC:1-VC:0.5
                  8.79
                         3.991876 13.5881238 0.0000210
## 0J:2-VC:0.5
                 18.08
                        13.281876 22.8781238 0.0000000
## VC:2-VC:0.5
                 18.16
                        13.361876 22.9581238 0.0000000
## VC:1-0J:1
                 -5.93 -10.728124 -1.1318762 0.0073930
## OJ:2-OJ:1
                        -1.438124 8.1581238 0.3187361
                  3.36
## VC:2-0J:1
                        -1.358124 8.2381238 0.2936430
                  3.44
## OJ:2-VC:1
                  9.29
                         4.491876 14.0881238 0.0000069
## VC:2-VC:1
                  9.37
                         4.571876 14.1681238 0.0000058
## VC:2-0J:2
                  0.08
                        -4.718124 4.8781238 1.0000000
```

The Tukey HSD analysis shows that there are significant differences between each of the groups in supp and dose Only the interactions between VC:0.5-OJ:0.5; VC:1-OJ:0.5; OJ:2-OJ:1; VC:2-OJ:1 and VC:2-OJ:2 are not significant

```
confint(anova.out)
```

##

##

Grand mean

VC

18.81333

supp ## supp

OJ ## 20.66 16.96

```
##
                     2.5 %
                              97.5 %
## (Intercept)
                10.9276907 15.532309
## suppVC
                -8.5059571 -1.994043
## dose1
                 6.2140429 12.725957
## dose2
                 9.5740429 16.085957
## suppVC:dose1 -5.2846186
                            3.924619
## suppVC:dose2 0.7253814 9.934619
print(model.tables(anova.out, "means"), digits=3)
## Tables of means
```

```
##
##
    dose
## dose
##
     0.5
             1
                    2
## 10.60 19.73 26.10
##
##
    supp:dose
       dose
##
## supp 0.5
              1
     OJ 13.23 22.70 26.06
##
     VC 7.98 16.77 26.14
```

Conclusions

Th results indicate that both the supplement as the dosage have clear indipendent effects on the length of teeth guinea pigs. OJ has a greater avarage teethgrowth in combination with dosages 0.5 and 1 then for the VC supplement, while teeth length for the VC supplement vs the OJ in combination with dosage 2 has no significant effect (almost same mean & same confidence interval)

The fact remains however that these assumpionts are based on the facts:

- The guinea pigs are repesentative for the population of guinea pigs,
- The dosage and supplement were randomly assigned and
- the the distribution of the means is normal.