

TP Réseau
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Inge4 - groupe 4

part 1 :

Q1.1) yes

Q1.2)

```
Router(config)#hostname R1
R1(config)#
```

Q1.3)

```
R1>show ip interface brief
Interface      IP-Address      OK? Method Status        Protocol
FastEthernet0/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
FastEthernet1/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
Serial2/0       unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
Serial3/0       unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
FastEthernet4/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
FastEthernet5/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
```

6 interfaces and no ip address assign to any

Q1.4)

en

config t

line console 0

password cisco

Press RETURN to get started!

User Access Verification

Password: _____

Q1.5)

en

sh running-config

```
!
!
line con 0
password cisco
login
!
line aux 0
!
line vty 0
password cisco
login
line vty 1 4
login
!
!
!
end
--More--
```

Q1.6) yes

```
Pinging 192.168.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>|
```

Q1.7) we could enter the password set for the line vty

Q1.8)

```
C:\>telnet 192.168.0.3
Trying 192.168.0.3 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:
R1>|
```

Q1.9) in router cli

en

config t

enable password mypassword

```
C:\>telnet 192.168.0.3
Trying 192.168.0.3 ...Open

User Access Verification

Password:
R1>en
Password:
R1#|
```

part 2 :

Q2.1) for a /8 mask : 8bit at 1 so 24 bit at 0, there is $2^{24} - 2$, so 16777214 possible ip address for a /26 mask : 62

Q2.2)

to attribute the address 10.0.0.1 to the interface FastEthernet0/0 :

#enable

#configure terminal

#interface FastEthernet0/0

#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

#no shutdown

```
Router0#show ip interface brief
Interface      IP-Address      OK? Method Status      Protocol
FastEthernet0/0 10.0.0.1        YES manual up          up
FastEthernet1/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
Serial2/0       200.200.200.1   YES manual up          up
Serial3/0       unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
FastEthernet4/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
FastEthernet5/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
```

Q2.3)

```
Router>show ip route
```

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP

i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area

* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR

P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

C 10.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0

C 200.200.200.0/24 is directly connected, Serial2/0

Q2.4) we get a reply

```
Pinging 10.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>|
```

Q2.5) we get a reply

```
Pinging 200.200.200.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.200.200.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 200.200.200.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 200.200.200.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255
Reply from 200.200.200.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 200.200.200.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

Q2.6) we get a reply because Router 1 is directly connected to router 0, through the network y.

```
C:\>ping 200.200.200.1

Pinging 200.200.200.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.200.200.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 200.200.200.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254
Reply from 200.200.200.1: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=254
Reply from 200.200.200.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=254

Ping statistics for 200.200.200.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 6ms, Average = 2ms

C:\>|
```

Q2.7) in order to communicate from the network x to the network z, we have to specify to the router 0 that ip like 156.12.0.0 /26 has to be send to the router 1 at the address 200.200.200.2. the router 1 has a direct access to network z.

we can do this with the following command :

#en

#config t

#ip route 156.12.0.0 255.255.0.0 200.200.200.2

```
Router>sh ip interface brief
Interface      IP-Address      OK? Method Status      Protocol
FastEthernet0/0 10.0.0.1        YES manual up          up
FastEthernet1/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
Serial2/0       200.200.200.1   YES manual up          up
Serial3/0       unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
FastEthernet4/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
FastEthernet5/0 unassigned      YES unset  administratively down down
Router>|
```

Q2.8) we get a reply. Pc 0 send data to the address 156.12.0.10. It goes by default to the router 0 by the address 10.0.0.1 (default gateway). The router 0 search in its routing table, and see that for address like 156.12.0.0/16, it has to send it to the router 1 with the address 200.200.200.2. Then the router 1 recive the data, and because it's directly connected to the pc 1, it can send it the data.

Q2.9) it work, because switch has no influence on ip address. It just take and redirect directly the data. No routing table.

Q2.10) pc on the same network can already communicate to each other. The router 0 don't need update because he has a hand on the ne network and network x. the routing table is already set to communicate with the network z. On the other side, we have to add a static route on the router 1, so the network z can communicate with the new network.

Part 3 :

Q3.1) pc7 : 192.168.2.168/27

```
C:\>ipconfig

FastEthernet0 Connection:(default port)

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix.:
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: FE80::201:C9FF:FE96:E59D
    IPv6 Address.....: ::
    IPv4 Address.....: 192.168.2.168
    Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.224
    Default Gateway.....: ::
                        192.168.2.164
```

pc8 : 192.168.2.172/27

```
C:\>ipconfig

FastEthernet0 Connection:(default port)

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix.:
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: FE80::20C:85FF:FE79:49A9
    IPv6 Address.....: ::
    IPv4 Address.....: 192.168.2.172
    Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.224
    Default Gateway.....: ::
                        192.168.2.164
```

pc9 : 192.168.2.176/27

```
C:\>ipconfig

FastEthernet0 Connection:(default port)

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix.:
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: FE80::230:F2FF:FE19:573D
    IPv6 Address.....: ::
    IPv4 Address.....: 192.168.2.176
    Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.224
    Default Gateway.....: ::
                        192.168.2.164
```

Q3.2)router 1

```
192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 5 subnets, 2 masks
C    192.168.2.32/27 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
C    192.168.2.64/27 is directly connected, Serial2/0
S    192.168.2.96/27 [1/0] via 192.168.2.64
C    192.168.2.128/25 is directly connected, FastEthernet1/0
S    192.168.2.160/27 [1/0] via 192.168.2.64
```

router 2

```
192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 5 subnets, 2 masks
S    192.168.2.32/27 [1/0] via 192.168.2.70
C    192.168.2.64/27 is directly connected, Serial2/0
C    192.168.2.96/27 is directly connected, FastEthernet1/0
S    192.168.2.128/25 [1/0] via 192.168.2.70
C    192.168.2.160/27 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
```

Q3.3)

```
C:\>ping 192.168.2.48

Pinging 192.168.2.48 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.2.48: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.48: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.48: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.48: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.2.48:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms
```

Q3.4)

```
C:\>ping 192.168.2.109

Pinging 192.168.2.109 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.2.109: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.109: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.109: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.109: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.2.109:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms
```

Q3.5)

```
Router>sh ip dhcp binding
IP address      Client-ID/      Lease expiration    Type
                Hardware address
```

Q3.6)

IP Configuration	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> DHCP	
<input type="radio"/> Static	
IPv4 Address	192.168.2.107
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.224

Q3.7)

IP Configuration	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> DHCP	
<input type="radio"/> Static	
IPv4 Address	192.168.2.171
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.224

Q3.8)

```
Router>sh ip dhcp binding
IP address    Client-ID/      Lease expiration  Type
             Hardware address
192.168.2.107 0005.5EE8.B044  --               Automatic
192.168.2.171 0001.C996.E59D  --               Automatic
```