

# (Unit) Testing iOS Apps

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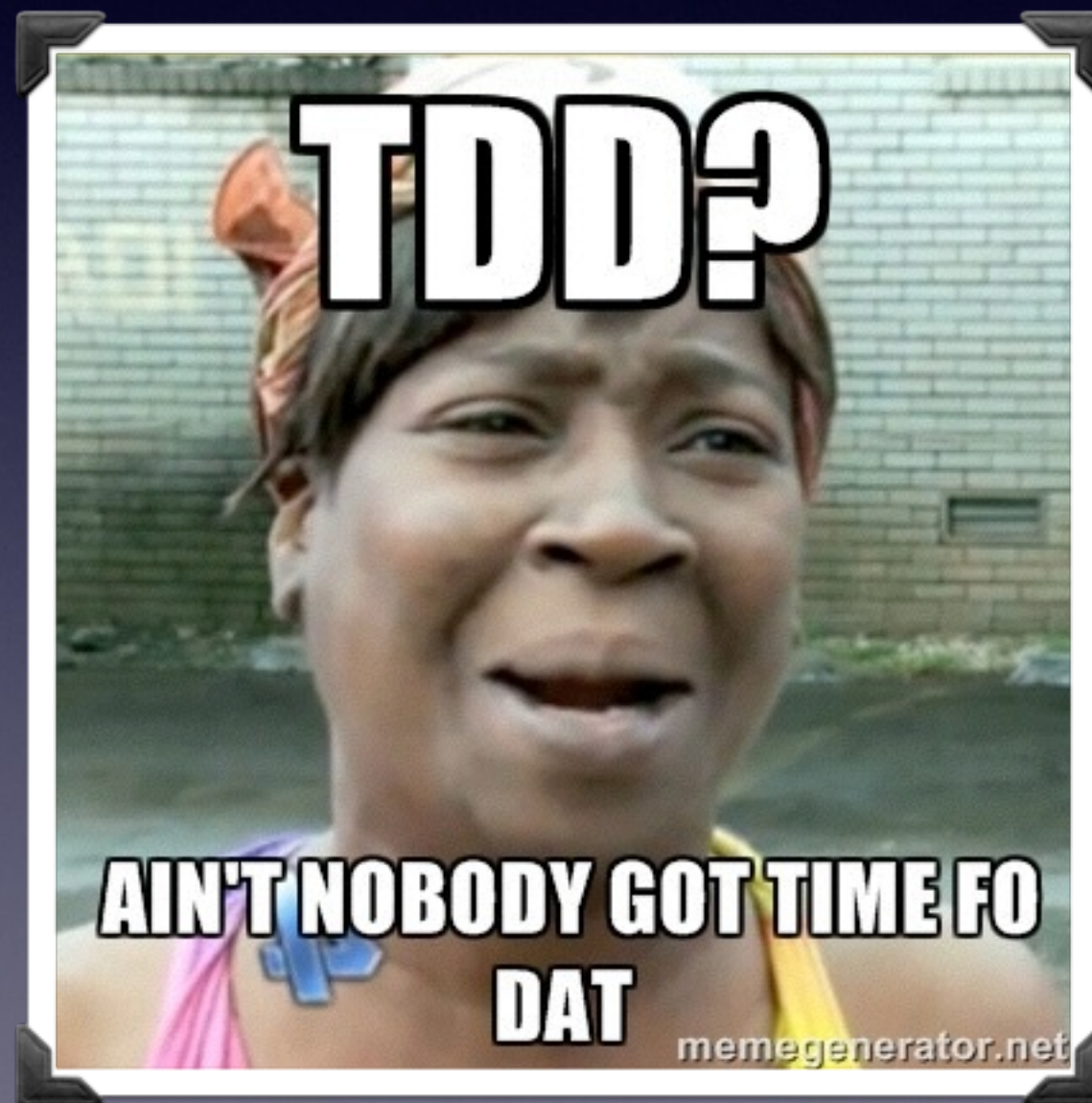
Why do we want to  
write tests?

# Reasons for testing

- Saved time
- Striving for better software
- Leads to better, more modularized codebase
- Faster development cycles
  - Being “confident” about your code
- Less code to write



# Common misconceptions



# Common misconceptions

- “It will take longer to write code” or “Time spent writing/refactoring tests is time lost”
- “It will take more time to modify existing system”

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Am I going to write  
poor software if I don't  
do tests?

Are unit tests an invaluable tool for writing great software? Heck yes.  
Am I going to produce a poor product if I can't unit test? Hell no.

Jonathan Rasmusson



Now that we know  
that writing tests is a  
good idea...

How can we do it?

# Warning

- You will feel confused
- You won't know how to start
- You will need help
- Conclusion: it's not easy to start

# Tips

- Never think of tests as tests
  - Think of a scenario, behavior, example
- Grab a mature project from github with tests included
- Find someone experienced and ask questions
- Program in pairs!



# Get on with it!

How can we test?

# TDD

- Test Driven Development
- Red, Green, Refactor
- Write failing test first
- Fix it
- Refactor

# BDD

Behavior Driven Development

How does BDD differ  
from TDD?



BDD builds upon TDD by formalising the good habits of the best TDD practitioners.

Matt Wynne,  
XP Evangelist

# Good habits

- Work outside-in
- Use examples to clarify requirements
- Use ubiquitous language

Thanks Matt!!

A little bit of  
terminology...

# Terminology

- Mocking (mocks & stubs)
- Expecting
- Matching
- Faking



# Testing in iOS

# Unit Tests

# OCUnit

- Oldest Mac testing framework - officially supported by Apple since 2005
- Integrated with XCode
- Built-in assertion macros

# OCUnit Syntax

- All test classes inherit from `SenTestCase`
- All tests begin with `test`
- Setup and teardown method
- Everything else is ignored by testing framework
  - Means you can use as additional setup methods!



# OCUnit

```
-(void)testFullName {  
    Person *person = [Person person];  
    person.firstName = @"Mariusz";  
    person.secondName = @"Testowniczek";  
    NSString *fullName = [person fullName];  
    NSString *expectedName = @"Mariusz Testowniczek";  
    STAssertTrue([fullName isEqualToString:expectedName], @"" );  
}
```

# OCUnit vs XCTest

# OCUnit vs XCTest

# Behavior “Tests”



# Kiwi and Cedar

- Nearly the same syntax
- Built-in stubs/mocks
- Built-in matchers

# Kiwi and Cedar Syntax

```
SPEC_BEGIN(PersonSpec)
```

```
describe(@"Person", ^{  
    __block Person *person;
```

```
    beforeEach(^{  
        person = [[Person alloc] init];  
        person.firstName = @"Mariusz";  
        person.lastName = @"Fixture Last Name";  
    });
```

```
    describe(@"full name", ^{
```

```
        __block NSString *fullName;
```

```
        beforeEach(^{  
            fullName = [person fullName];  
        });
```

```
        it(@"should return the full name", ^{  
            expect(fullName).to(equal(@"Mariusz Testowniczek"));  
        });
```

```
    });  
});
```

```
SPEC_END
```

*Example*



# Helper libraries

# Helper libraries

- Mocking: OCMock, OCMockito
- Expecting: Expecta
- Matching: OCHamcrest

Most the presented  
libraries offer similar  
functionality

It all depends on syntax.

# iOS Testing Tips



# Testing UI Layout

- Hard to maintain (as can change rapidly when GD goes on a rampage)
- Gives little value (quickly noticed by QA if something is off)

# System Singletons

`[UIDevice currentDevice]`

`[UIScreen mainScreen]`

- Makes hard to test if accessed directly
- Nice candidate for putting in a property
- Using singletons - generally discouraged

# UIViewController transitions

- Pushing new view controllers on nav controller stack or using transitions API
- Use helper class
- Tests - check if a given method was called on the helper class

# Testing UIView animations

- Easiest way is to use the block-based API
- Helper class similar to transitions
- Tests - use fake to immediately call the animation block



# Common caveats

- Don't set mocks on `[UIViewController view]`
- Avoid using categories to override system properties or existing behaviour
- Keychain and most of system objects are unavailable when tests are run from command line w/o simulator
- Don't test objects that are fakes or partial mocks

# Things worth talking about but cut due to time limitations

- Frank / KIF - Application Tests
- Specta - yet another BDD style testing framework
- Objection, Typhoon - Dependency injection

# Summary

# Summary

- Testing is a great way to help developers
- Better codebase, faster iterations
- Invaluable for larger projects



# Resources & Contact

## Code Examples

[github.com/paweldudek](https://github.com/paweldudek)

## Contact

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