Project Proposal: Propeller Twist Efficiency

1 Question

Imagine we are designing an RC aircraft. How does propeller twist affect efficiency? Twist defines the angle of incidence of the propeller. This varies from the hub to the tip of the prop due to the different speeds along the blade as it spins.

2 Experiment

How will we determine the propeller's efficiency? Using an arm designed to mount a DC Motor and Speed Controller, we will measure the thrust force and the power used. The speed of the motor will be controlled via PWM generator communicating through the speed controller. For consistency, the same PWM signal will be supplied for all tests. We will use strain gages placed at the root of the arm as shown in Figure 1 to measure the propeller thrust at the tip. With a power supply, we can ensure that the same input voltage is supplied and from a watt-meter we can gather the electrical power consumption.

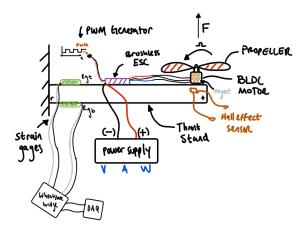


Figure 1: Hypothetical Experiment Setup

We will experiment with a number of propellers of different twist but same diameter. We can test the consistency of the motor's RPM and how it compares to the manufacturer's K_v with a hall-effect sensor. With a ratio of the propeller thrust and electrical power consumption we can determine the "efficiency" (power loading) of the propeller and how it is affected by twist.

3 List of Equipment

- 1. Strain Gages, with dummy resistors and DAQ
- 2. Hall Effect Sensor and Miniature Magnet
- 3. BLDC Motor with the proper rated Brushless Electronic Speed Controller
- 4. Power Supply supplying operational voltage, with Voltmeter, Ammeter, and Watt-meter
- 5. PWM Wave Generator or PWM/Servo Tester
- 6. 3-5 Two-Blade Propellers of same diameter, dependent on the motor specifications, and different twist
- 7. Thrust Stand/Arm with mounting for BLDC Motor