



# *Network Security Today:* **Finding Complex Attacks at 100Gb/s**

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<http://www.icir.org/robin>



TU München, September 2012

Informatik-Kolloquium, TU München



# Outline

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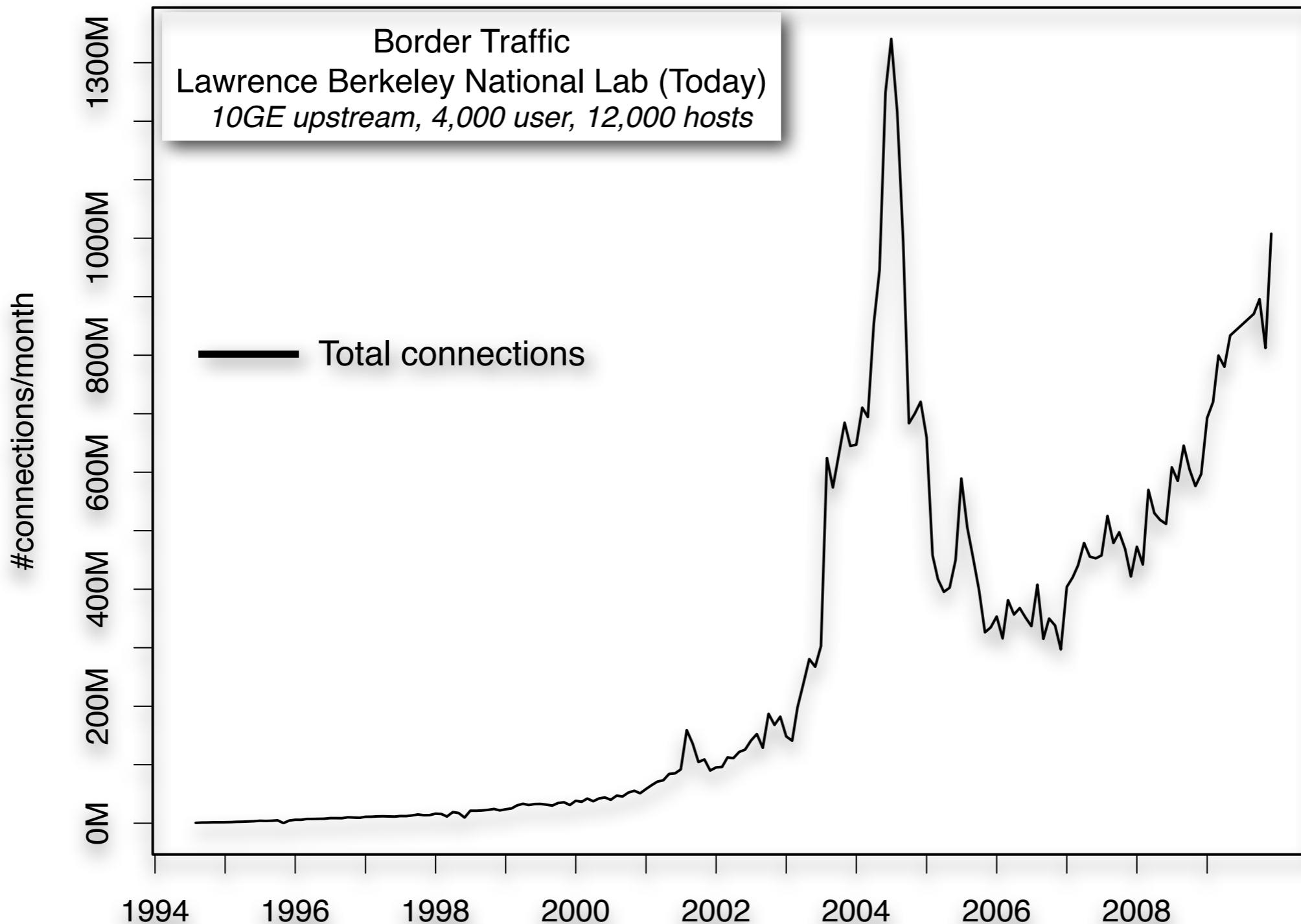
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Today's Threats.

Deep Packet Inspection at High Speed.

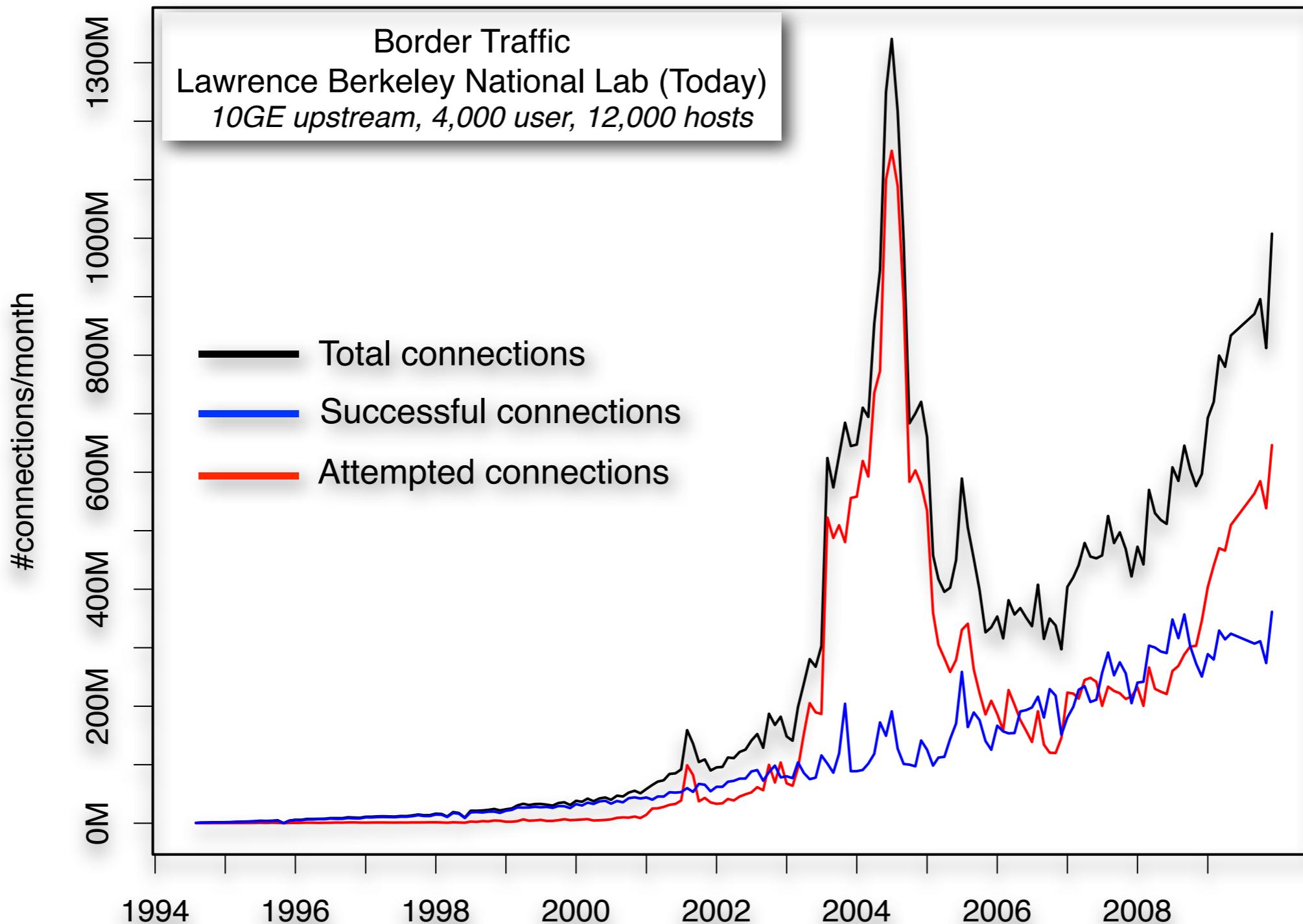
Collective Intelligence.

# The Old Days ...



Data: Lawrence Berkeley National Lab

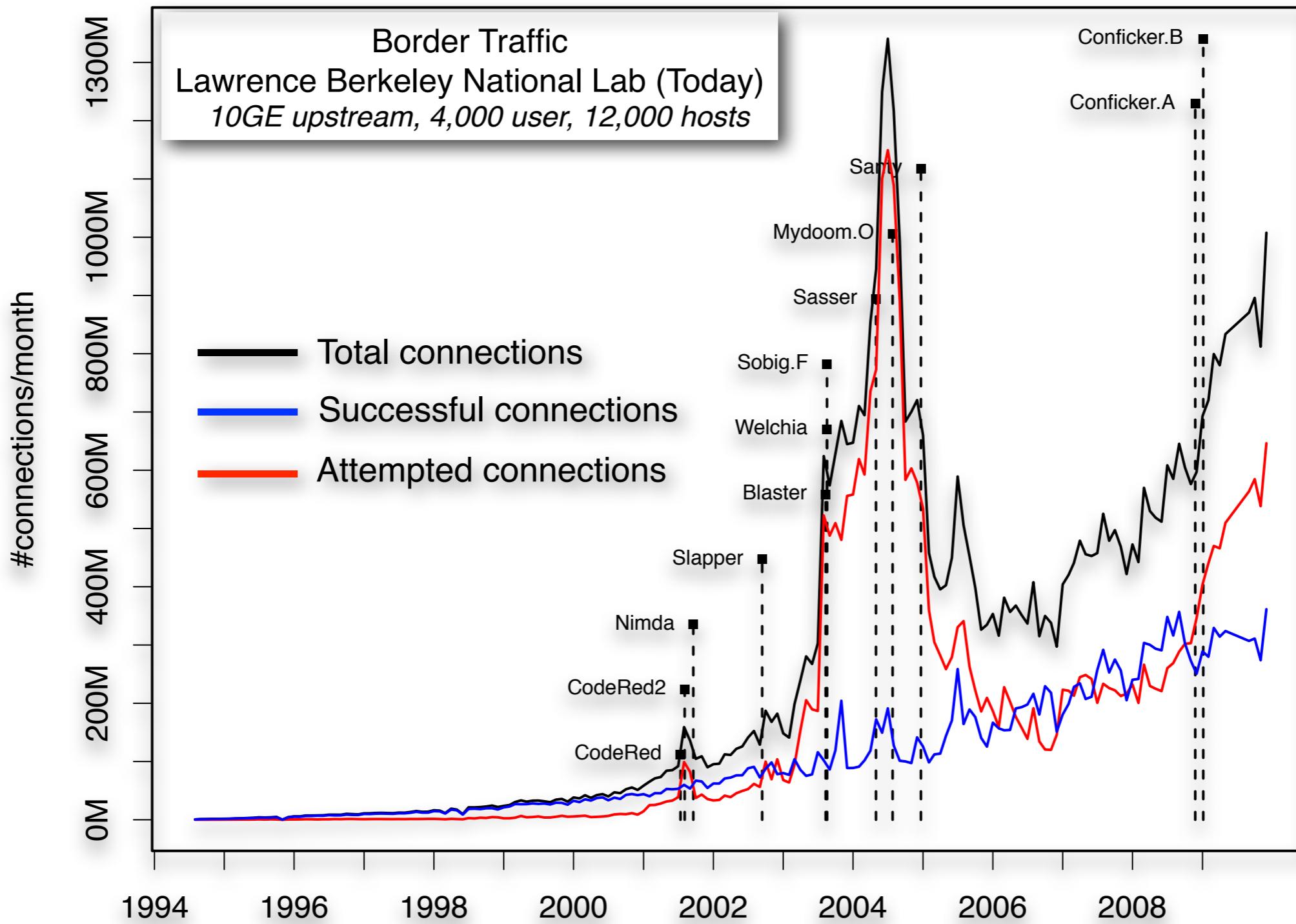
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# Trend 1: Commercialization of Attacks

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Attacks aimed at making a profit.

Selling (illegal) goods and services.

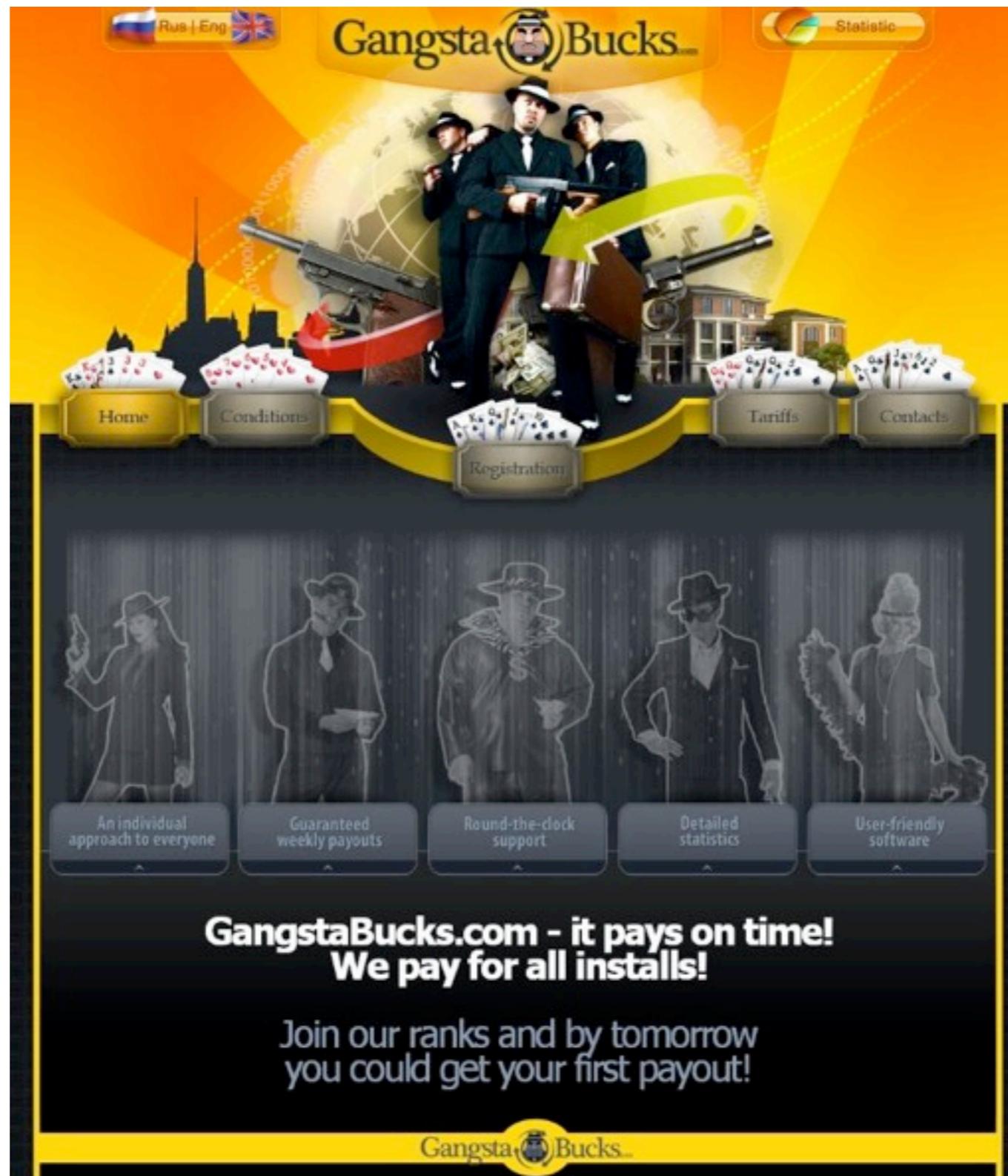
Exfiltrating information.

Thriving underground economy.

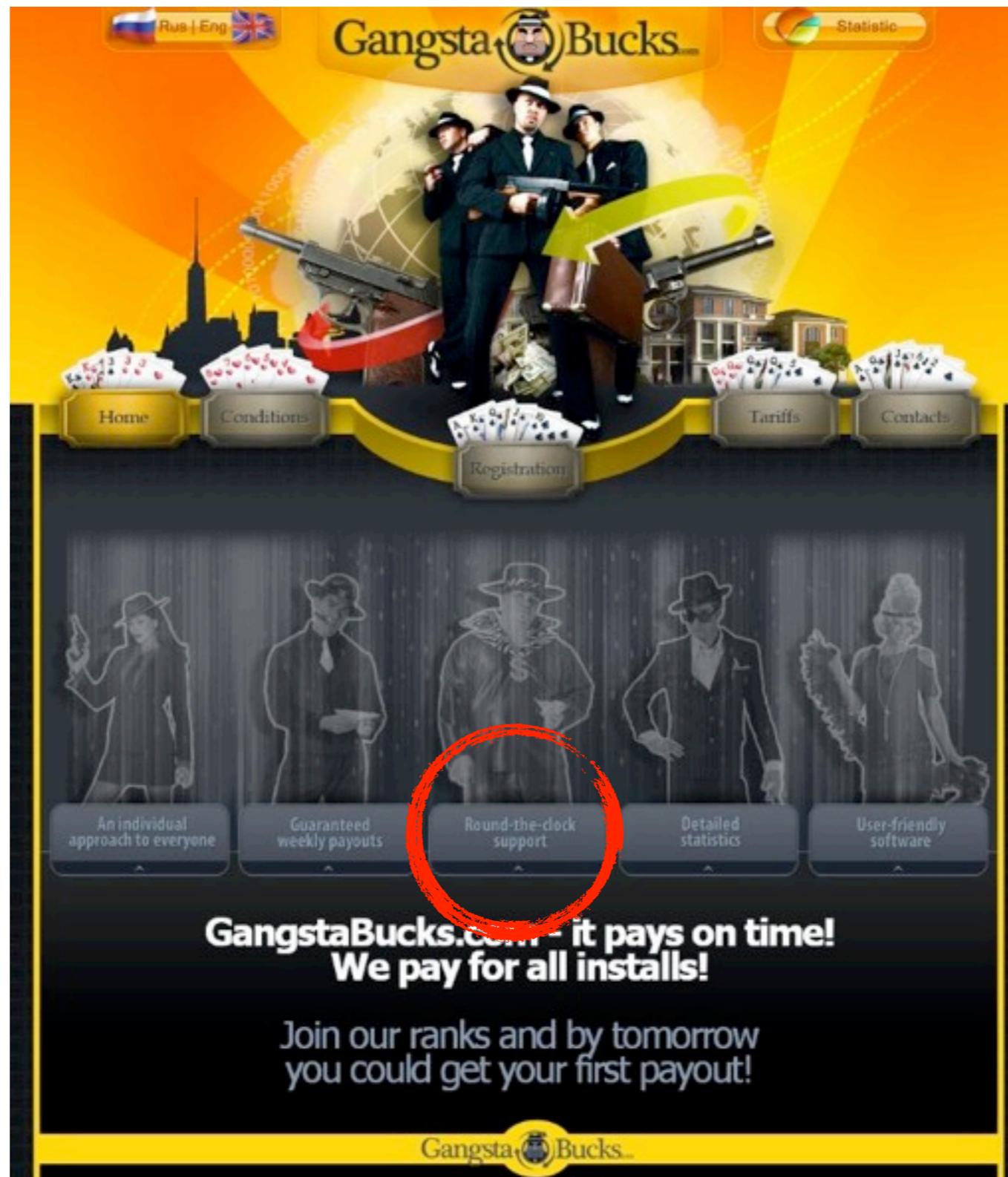
Empowered by virtually endless supply of “bots”.

Everything is on sale (“crime-as-a-service”).

# “Pay Per Install” Services



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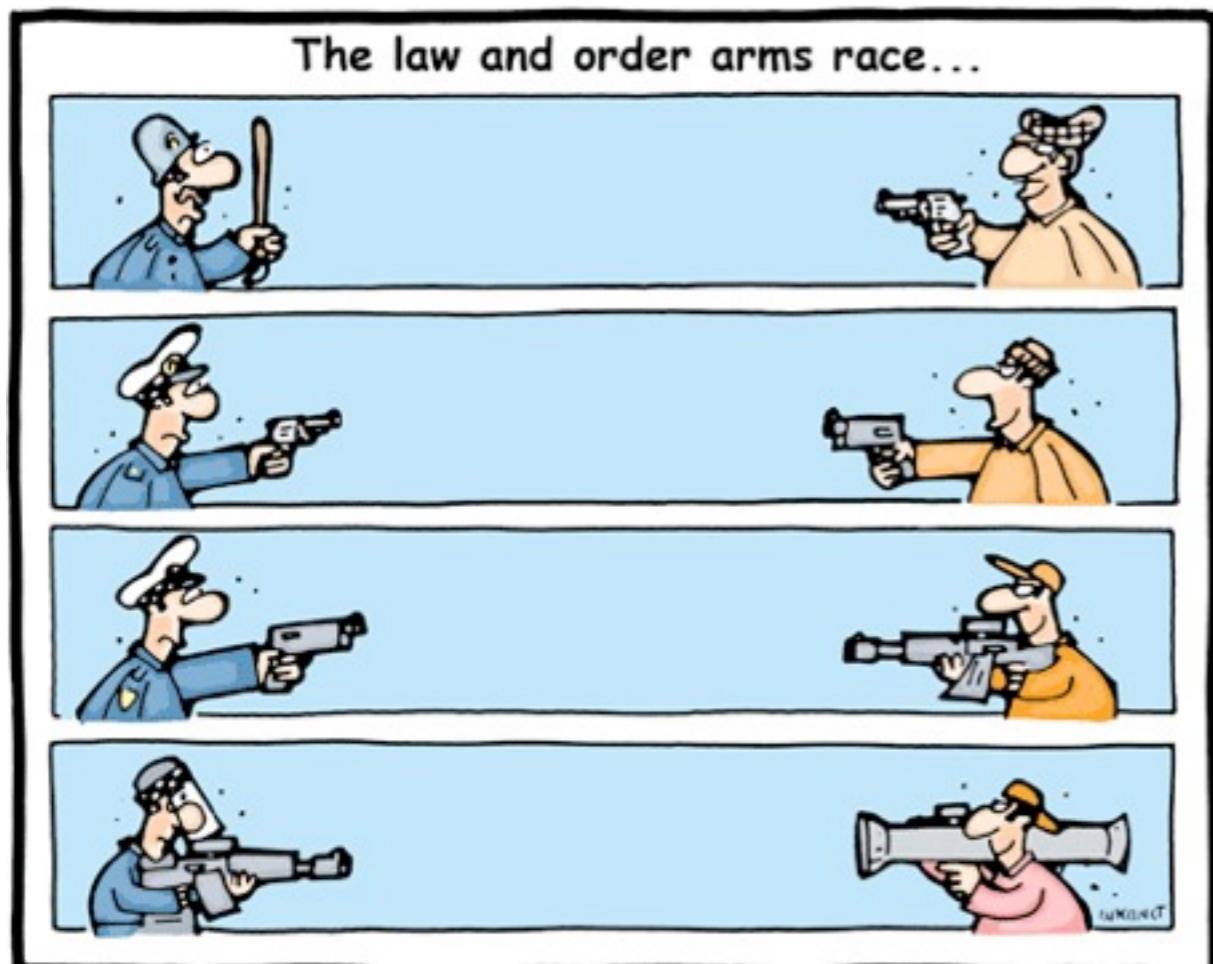


# Crime Economics

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**Accelerated arms race.**  
Innovative, fast moving attackers.



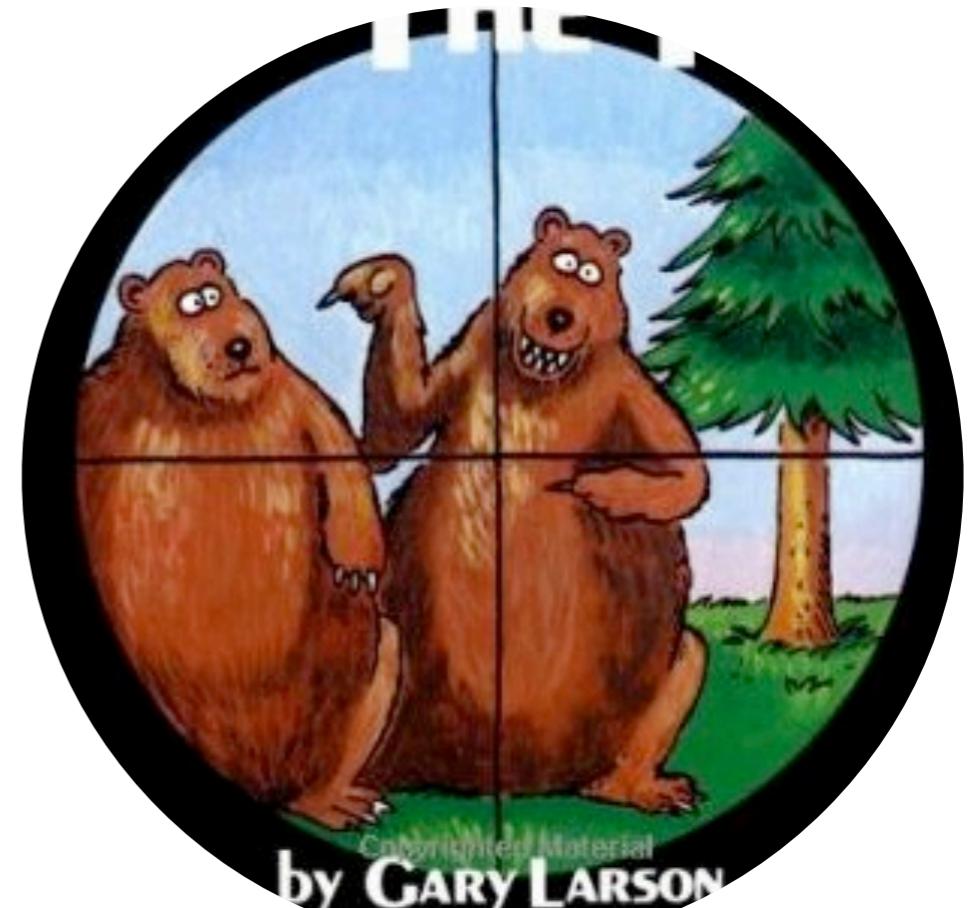
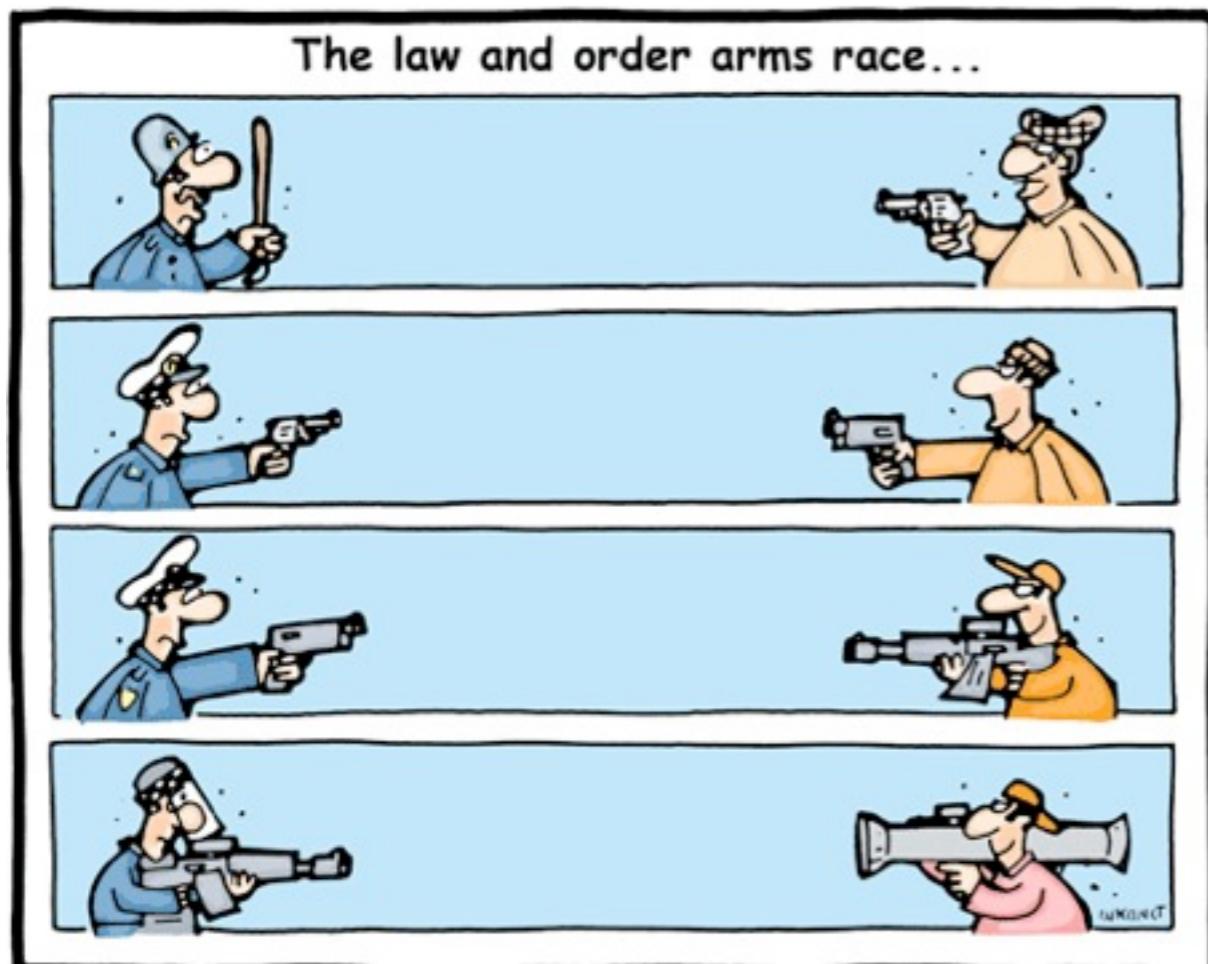
# Crime Economics

## Accelerated arms race.

Innovative, fast moving attackers.

## Bear race.

If attack pays, it's good enough.



# Trend 2: Highly Targeted Attacks

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High-skill / high-resource attacks.

Targeting **you**.

Extremely hard to defend against.

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Typical Instances

Activist hacking.

“Advanced Persistent Threats”.

# Trend 2: Highly Targeted Attacks

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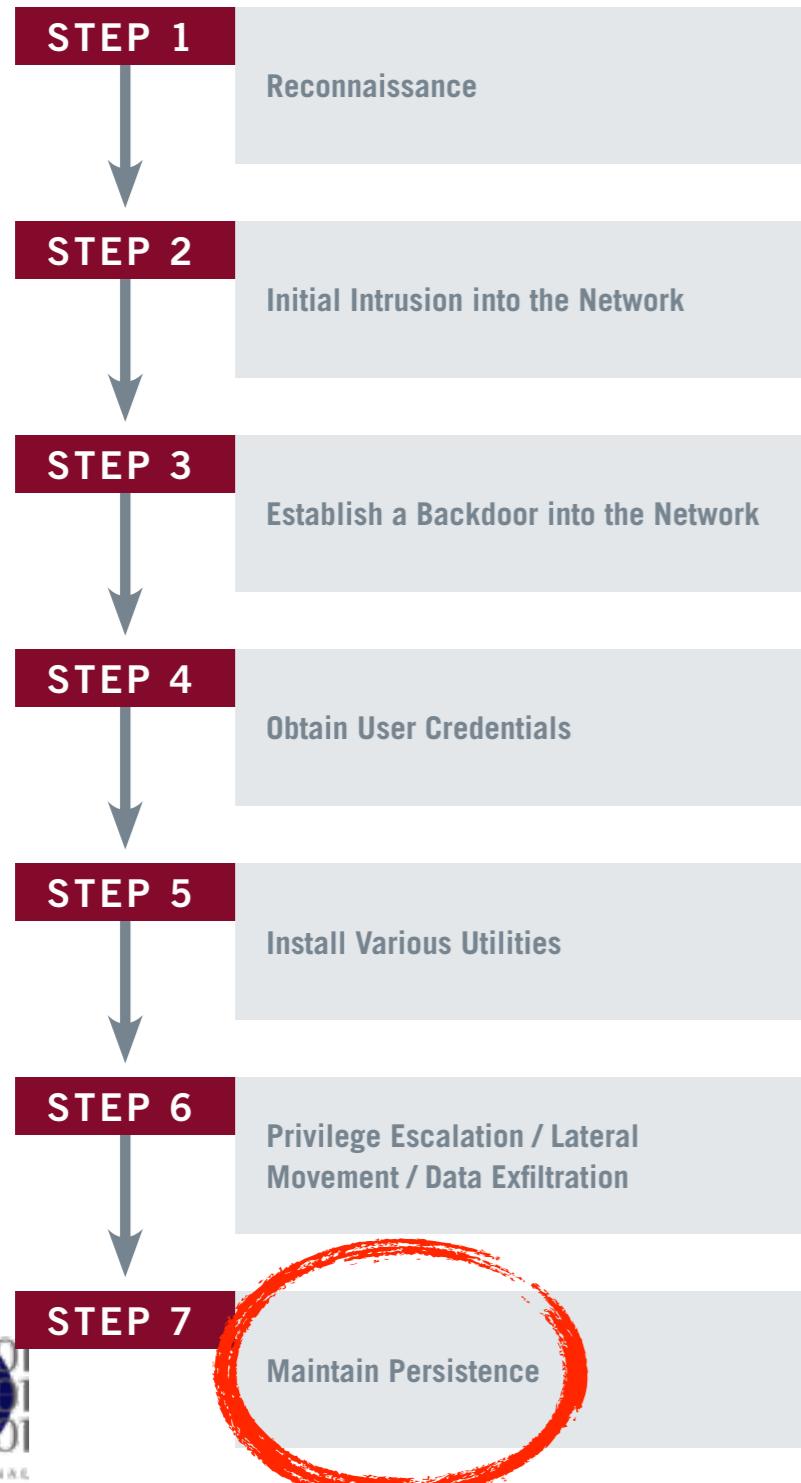
## Typical Instances

Advanced Persistent Threat (APT). MANDIANT defines the APT as a group of sophisticated, determined and coordinated attackers that have been systematically compromising U.S. government and commercial computer networks for years. The vast majority of

Source: MANDIANT

# Targeted Attacks: APTs

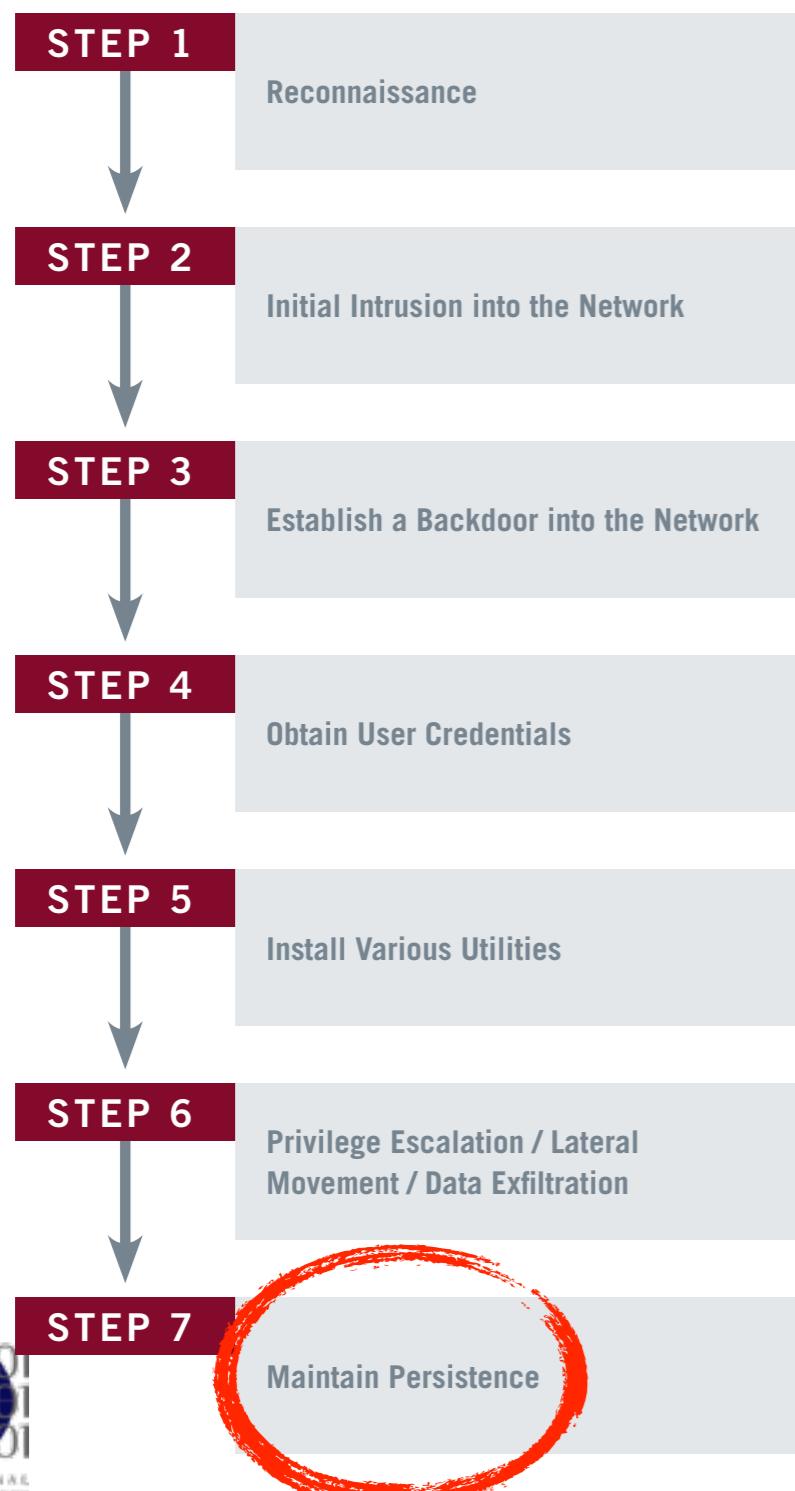
## EXPLOITATION LIFE CYCLE



Source: MANDIANT

# Targeted Attacks: APTs

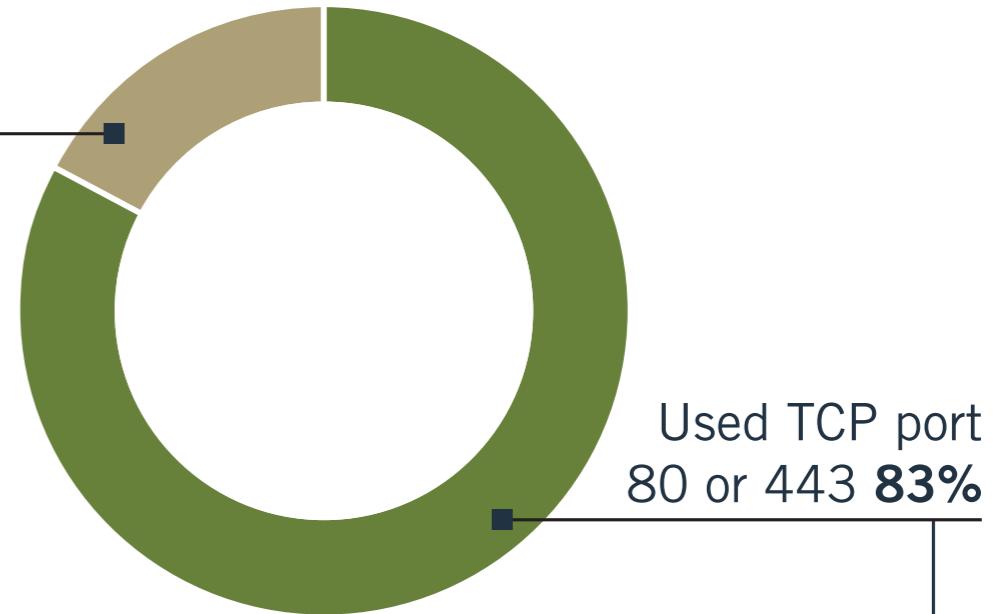
## EXPLOITATION LIFE CYCLE



## APT MALWARE COMMUNICATION

100% of APT backdoors made only outbound connections

Used another port **17%**



In no instance was any APT malware written or configured to listen for inbound connections.

Source: MANDIANT

# Challenges for Defenders

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Varying threat models.  
No ring rules them all.

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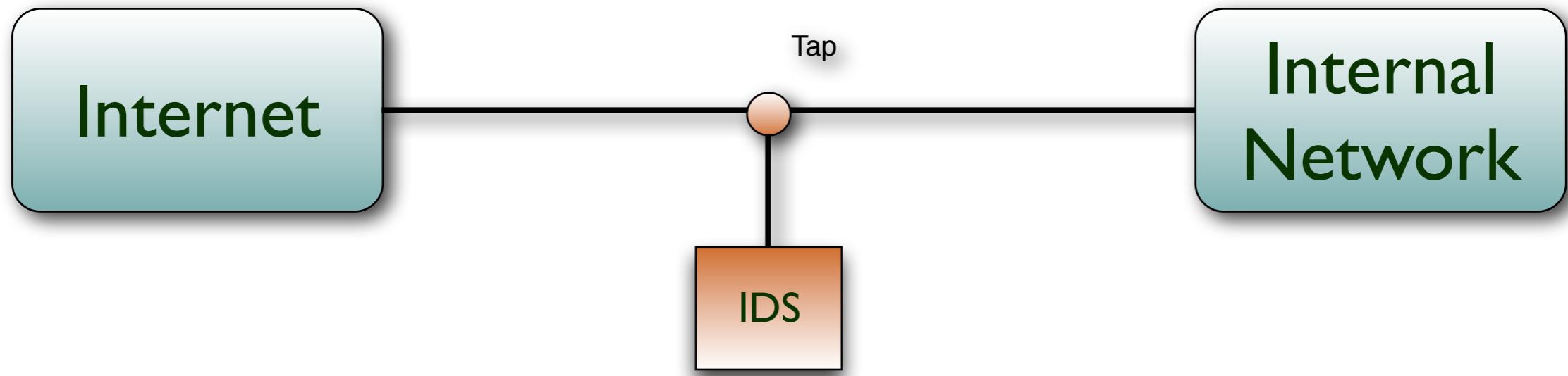
Semantic complexity.  
The action is really at the application-layer.

# Analyzing Semantics

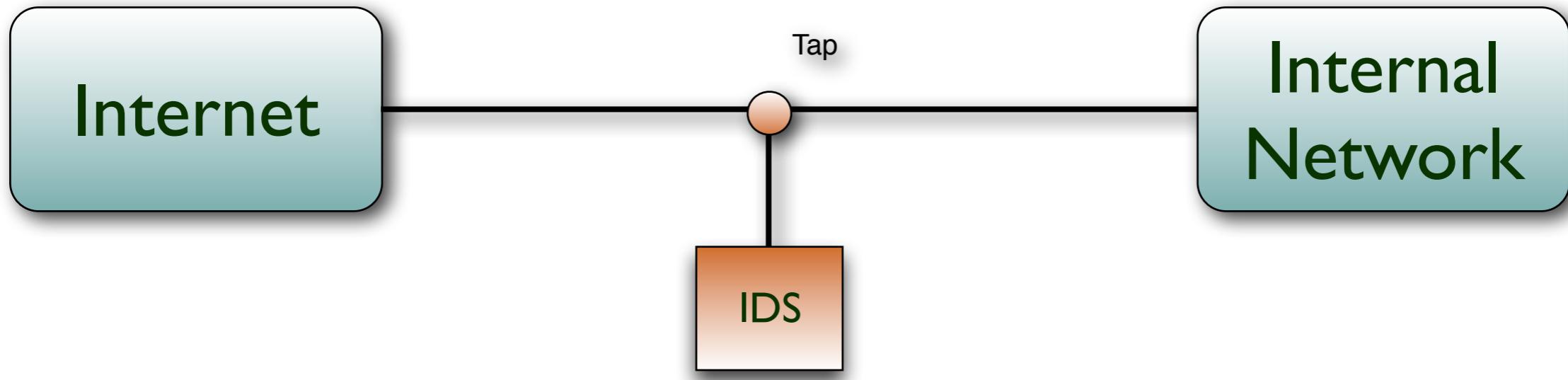
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# Analyzing Semantics



# Analyzing Semantics



Example: Finding downloads of known malware.

1. Find and parse all Web traffic.
2. Find and extract binaries.
3. Compute hash and compare with database.
4. Report, and potentially kill, if found.

# Deep Packet Inspection at High Speed

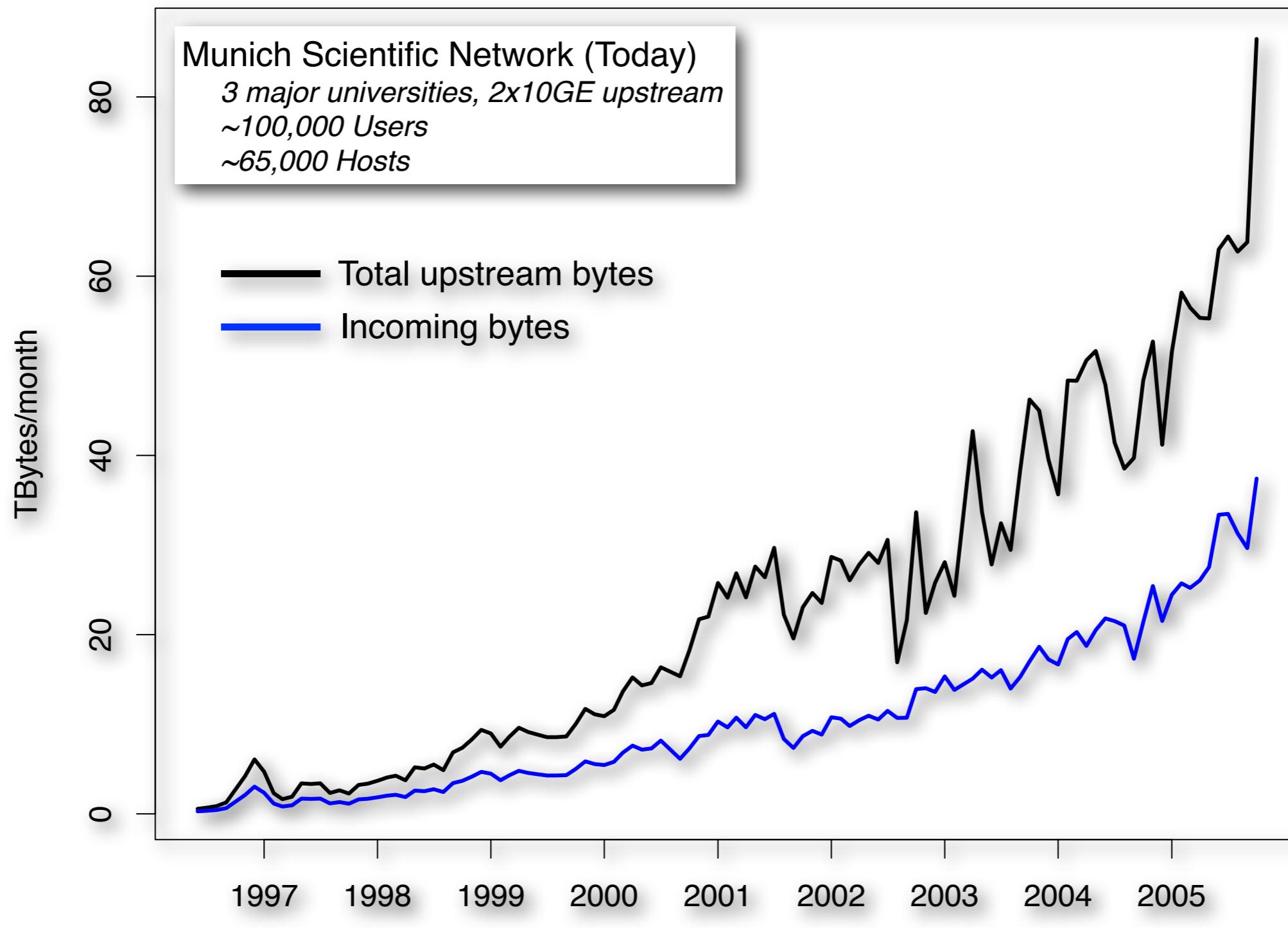
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# Back in 2005 ...

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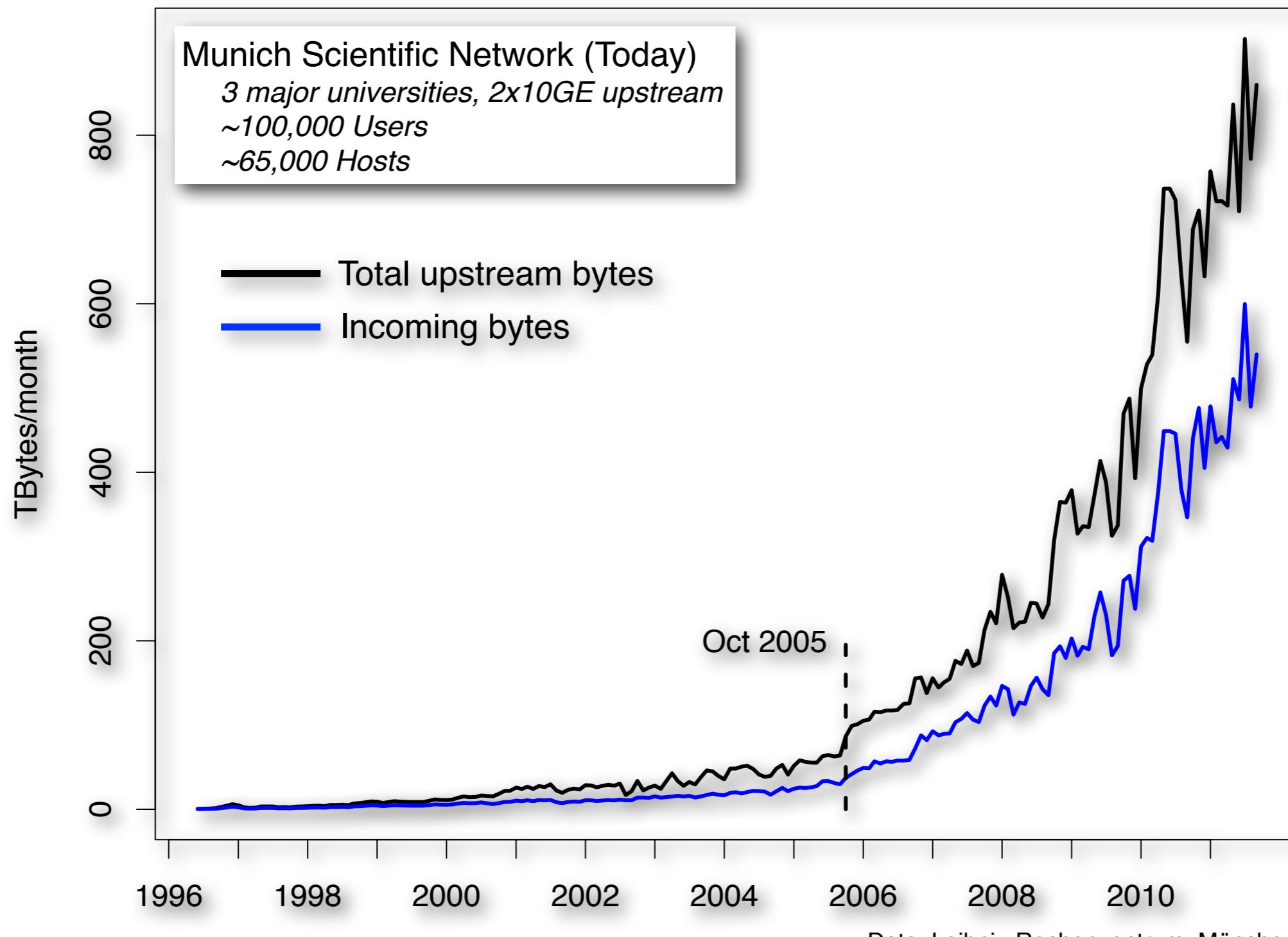
# Back in 2005 ...



# Today ...

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# Traditional Gap: Research vs. Operations

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Conceptually simple tasks can be hard in practice.  
Academic research often neglects operational constraints.  
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Academic research often neglects operational constraints.

Operations cannot leverage academic results.

We focus on working *with* operations.

Close collaborations with several large sites.

Extremely fruitful for both sides.

# Research Platform: Bro

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Originally developed by Vern Paxson in 1996.

Open-source, BSD-license, maintained at ICSI.

In operational use since the beginning.

*Conceptually very different from other IDS.*



<http://www.bro-ids.org>



# Bro Script Example: Matching URLs

*Task: Report all Web requests for files called “passwd”.*

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```
event http_request(c: connection,           # Connection.  
                    method: string,        # HTTP method.  
                    original_URI: string,  # Requested URL.  
                    unescaped_URI: string, # Decoded URL.  
                    version: string)      # HTTP version.  
  
{  
    if ( method == "GET" && unescaped_URI == /.*\bpasswd\b/ )  
        NOTICE(...); # Alarm.  
}
```

# “Who’s Using It?”

## Installations across the US

Universities  
Research Labs  
Supercomputer Centers  
Industry

### Examples

Lawrence Berkeley National Lab  
Indiana University

National Center for Supercomputing Applications  
National Center for Atmospheric Research

*... and many more sites*



## Fully integrated into **Security Onion**

Popular security-oriented Linux distribution



## Recent User Meetings

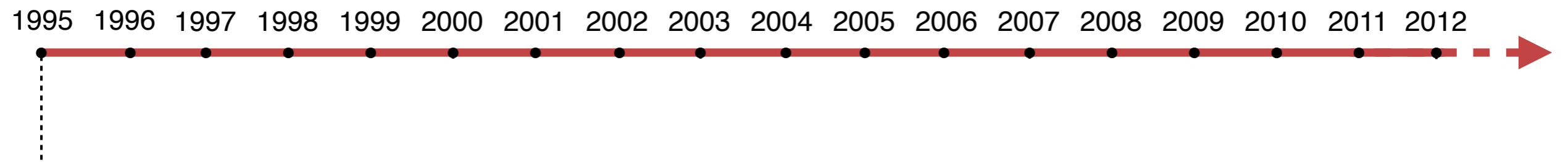
Bro Workshop 2011 at NCSA  
Bro Exchange 2012 at NCAR

Each attended by about 50 operators from  
from 30-35 organizations





# Bro History

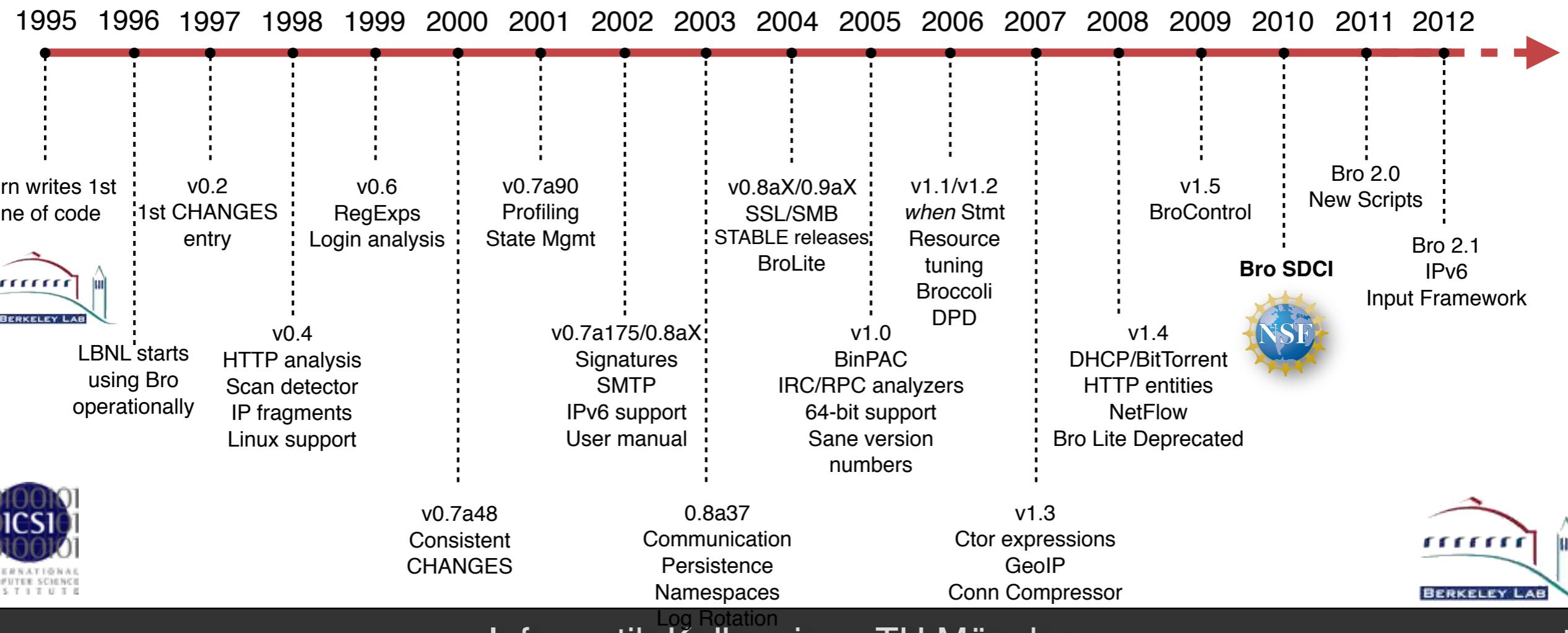


Vern writes 1st  
line of code

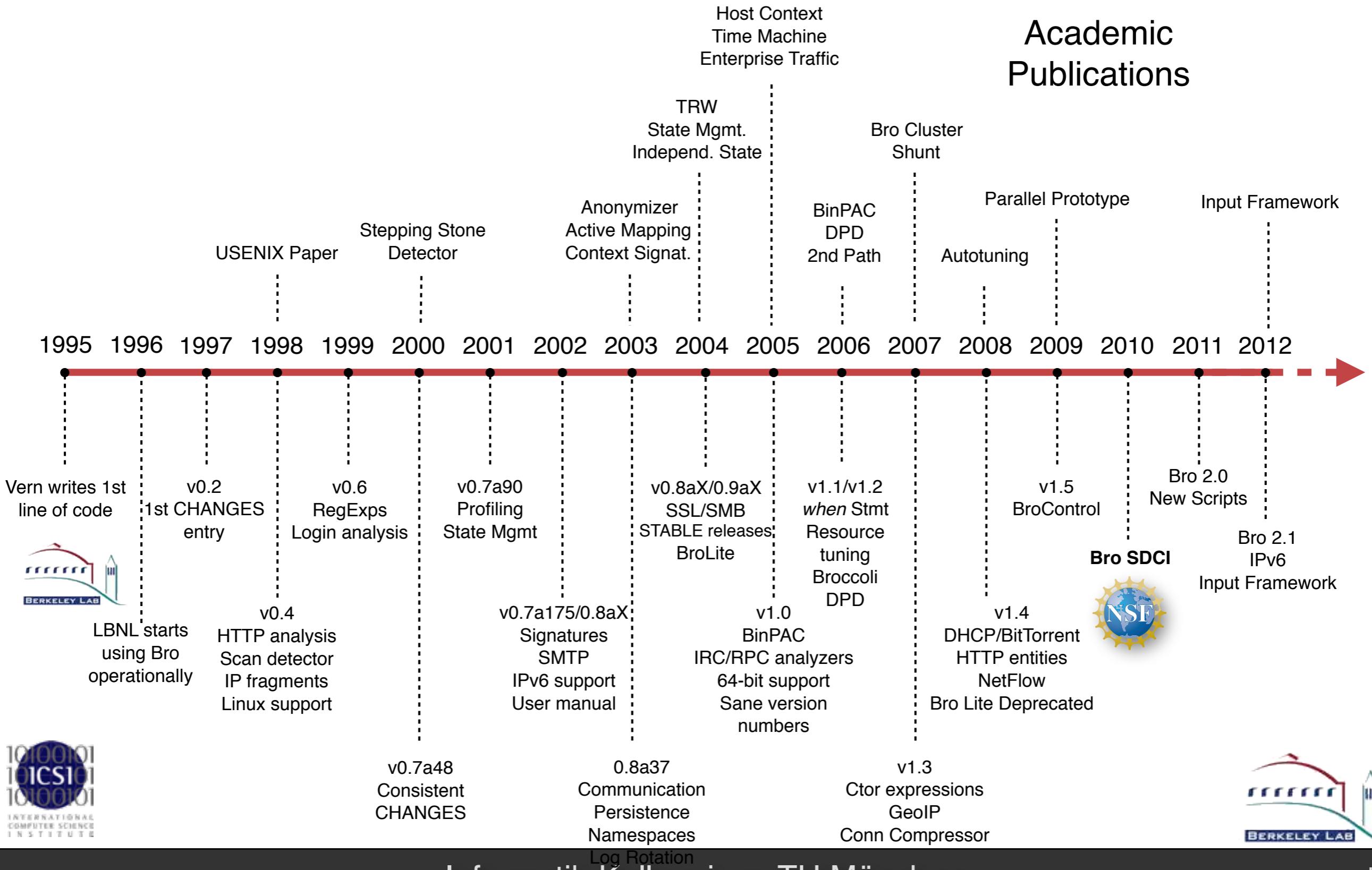




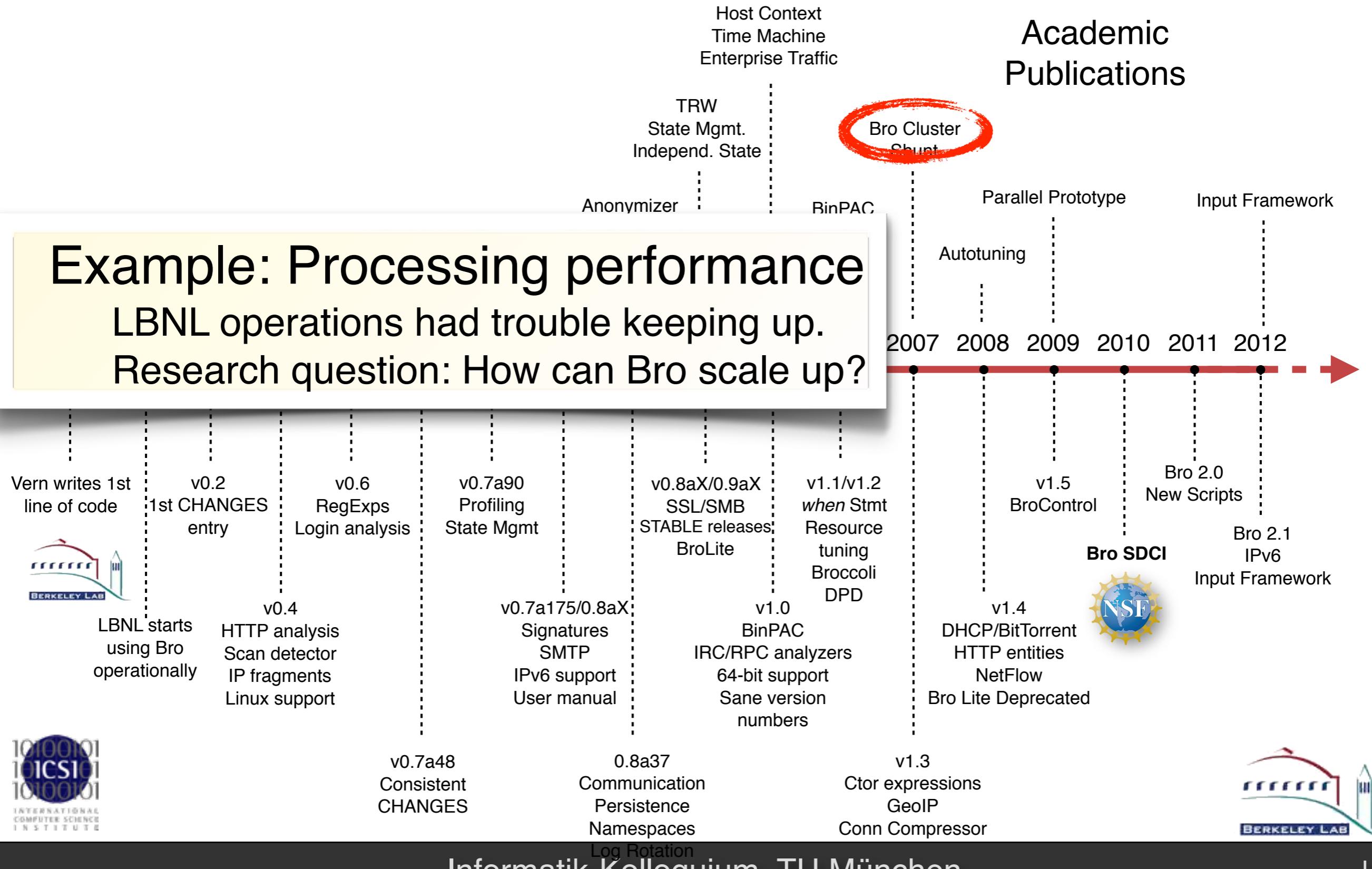
# Bro History



# Bro History



## Academic Publications

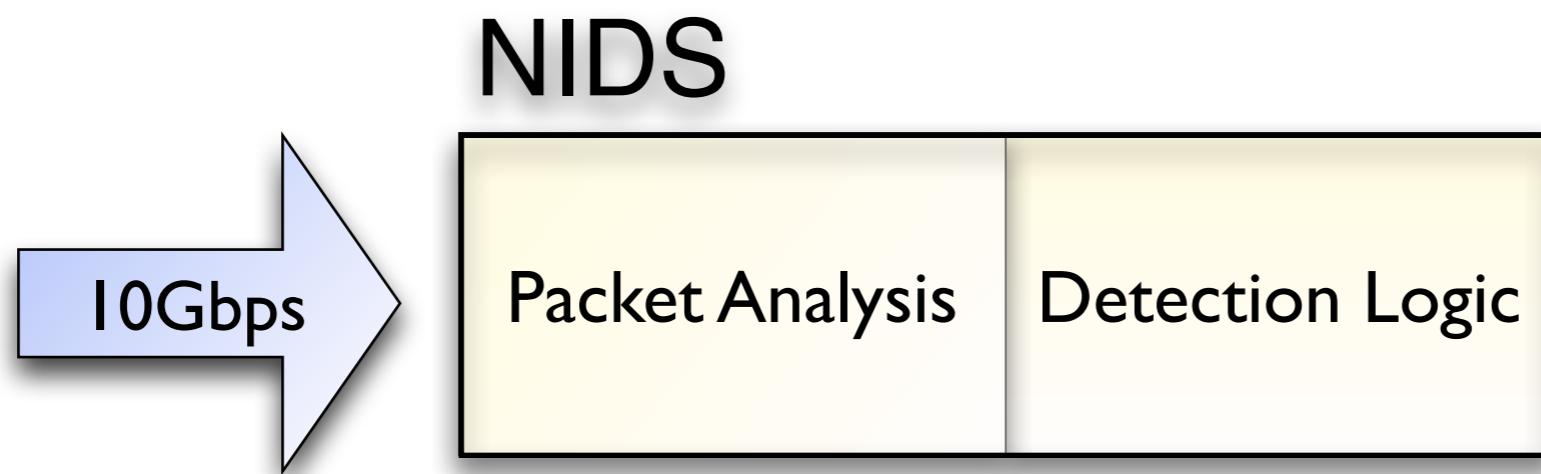


# Load-balancing Architecture

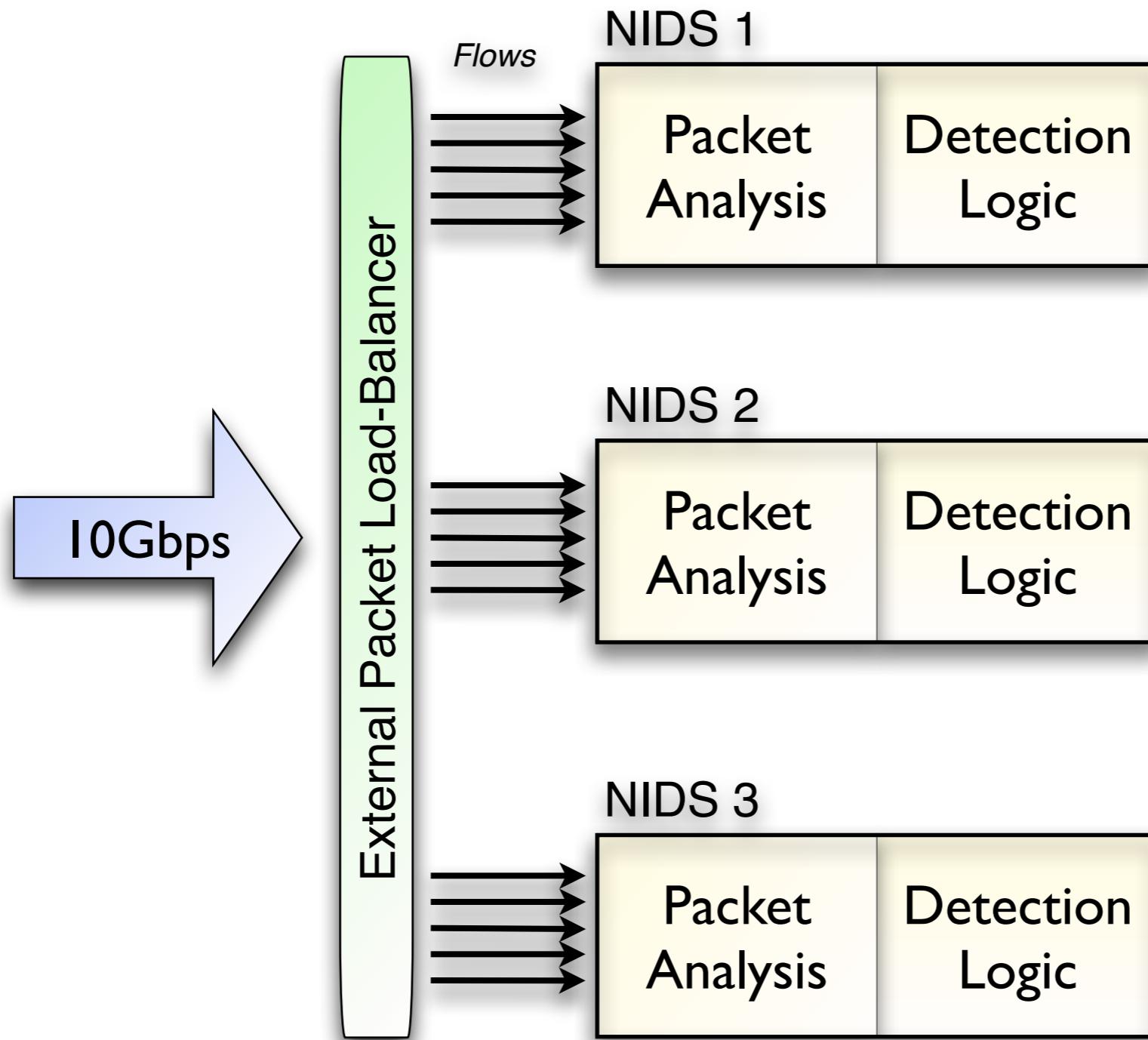
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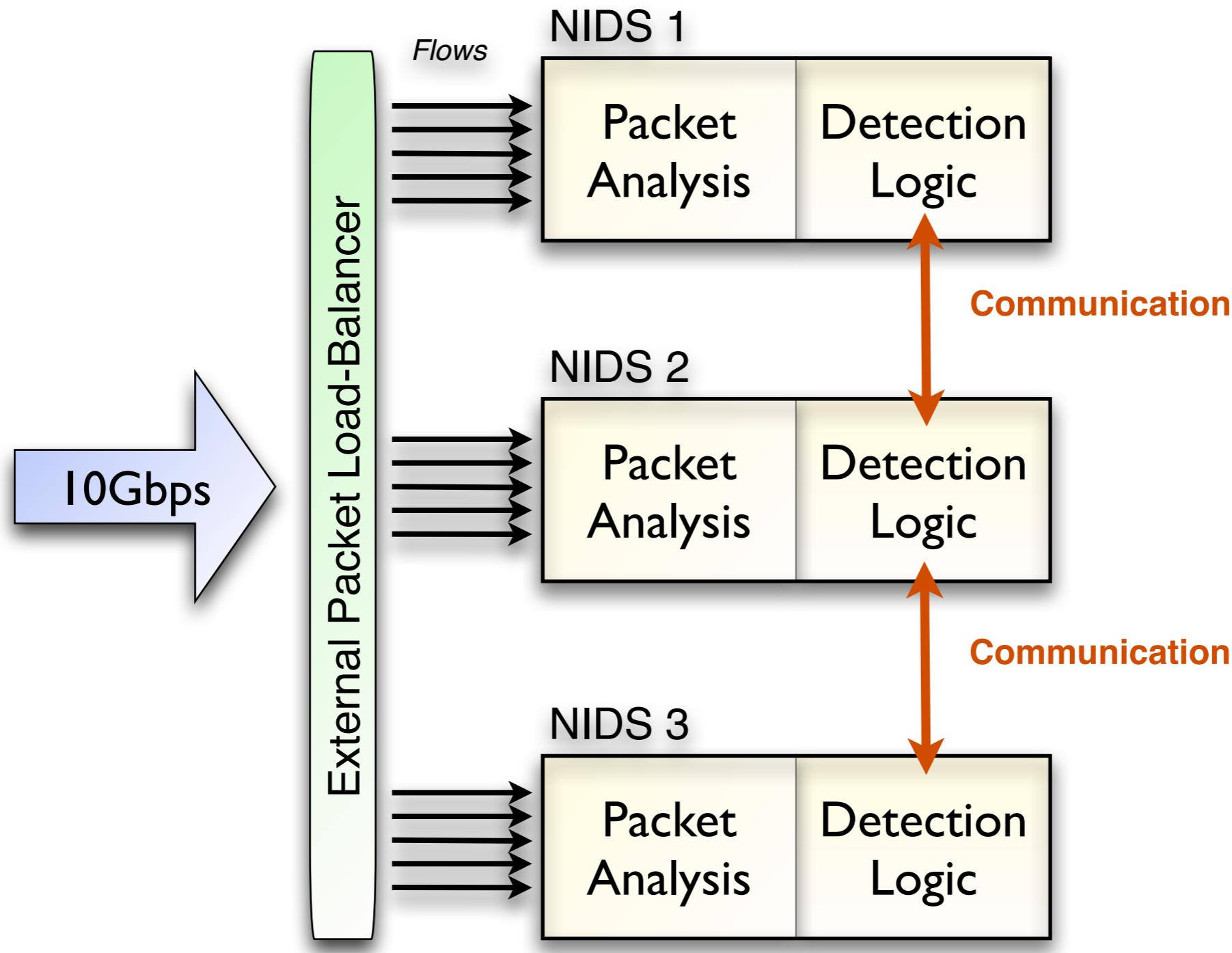
# Load-balancing Architecture



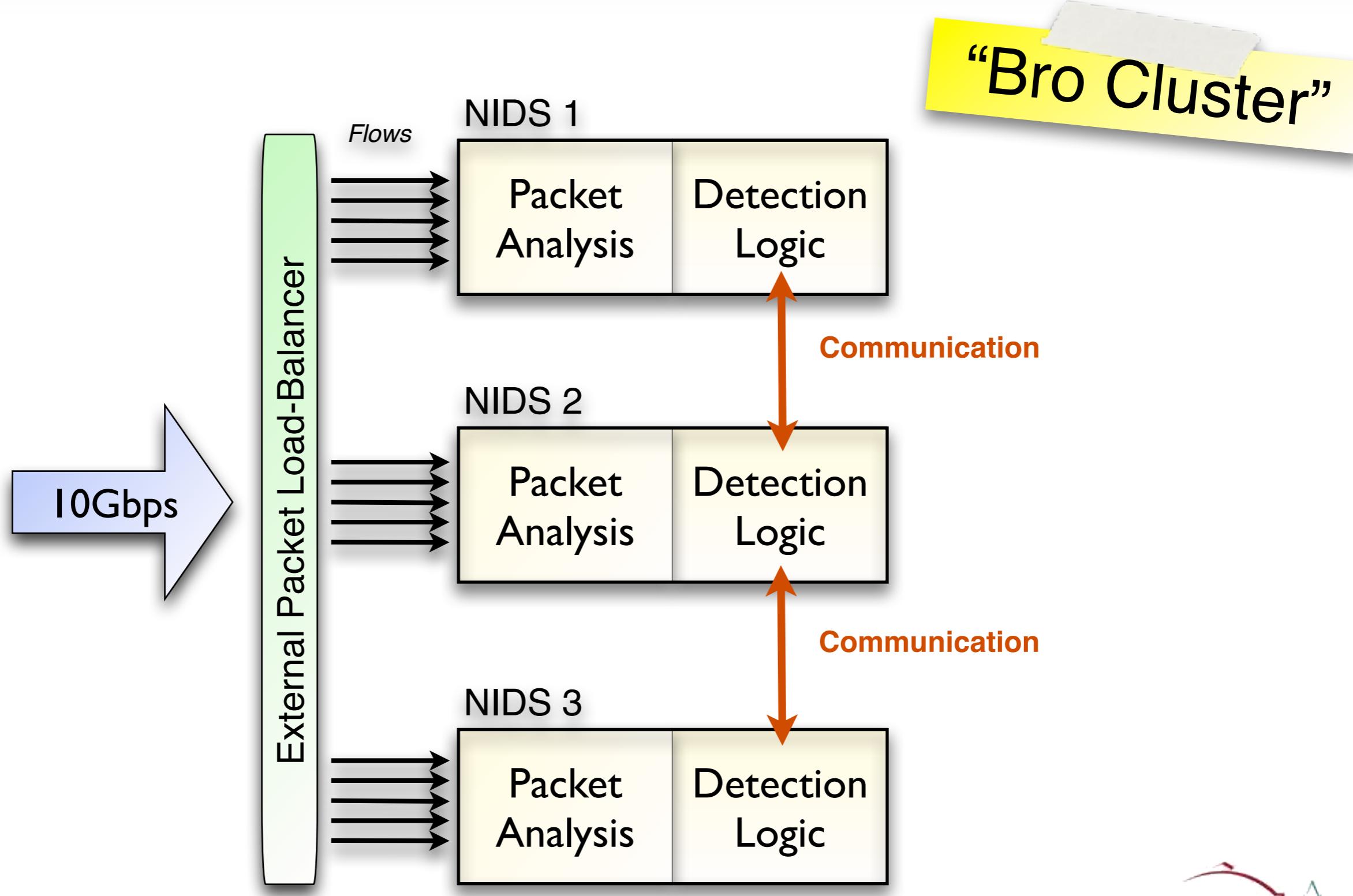
# Load-balancing Architecture



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# Cluster goes Operation

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Load-balancer operates a line-rate.

1. Receive packet.
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Research prototype limited to 2 Gb/s.

Linux box using kernel-level *Click*.

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Research prototype limited to 2 Gb/s.

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LBNL wanted reliable 10 Gb/s device.

No robust line-rate solution available in 2007.

Eventually contracted vendor to build device.

# A Production Load-Balancer

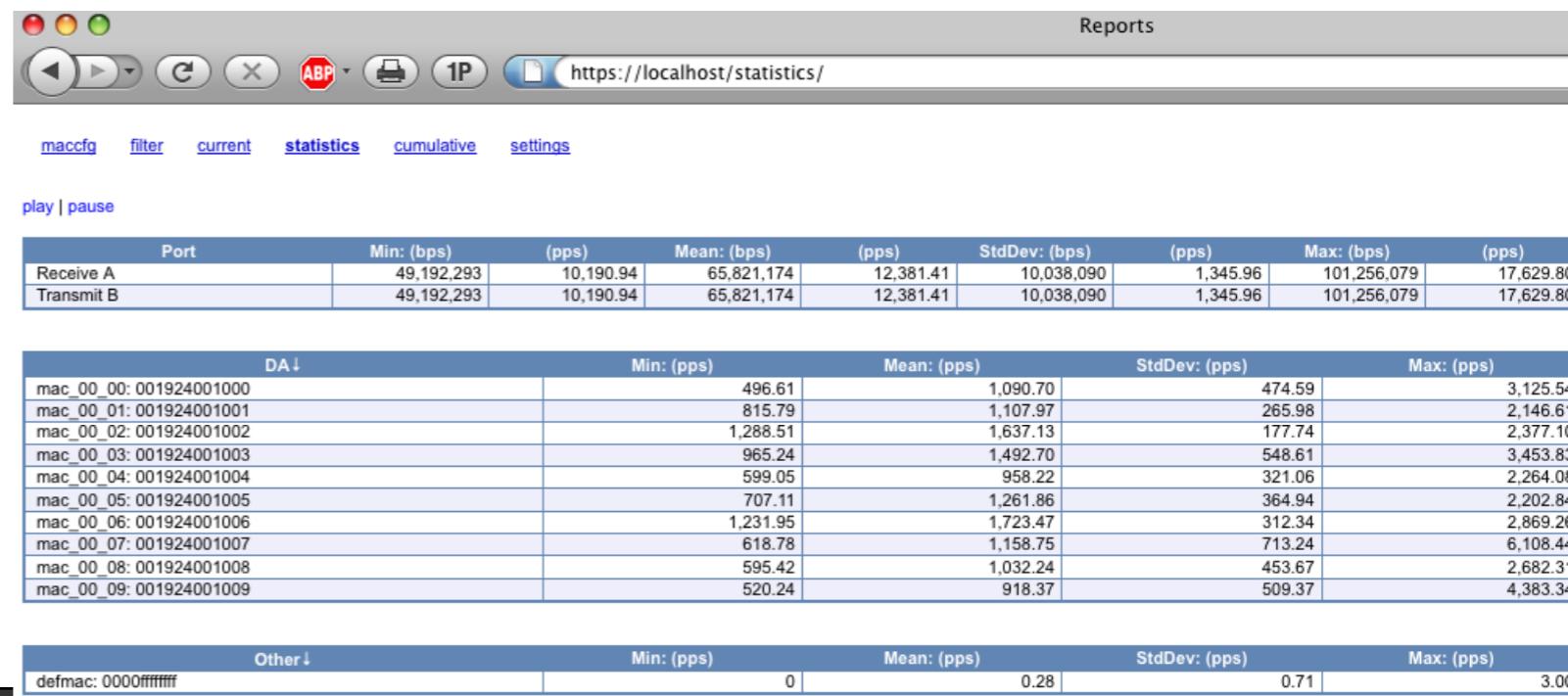
cFlow: 10GE line-rate, stand-alone load-balancer



10 Gb/s in/out  
Web & CLI  
Filtering capabilities



*Available from cPacket*



# A Production Load-Balancer

**cPacket cVu 320G**  
32 x 10G SFP+ Traffic Monitoring Switch  
Aggregation, Complete Packet Inspection Filtering, Automatic Flow Balancing

The image shows a screenshot of the cPacket cVu 320G traffic monitoring switch interface. The interface has a light blue header with the cPacket logo. Below the header is a 4x8 grid of port icons, each with a small number above it. Port 1 is labeled 'MST' and port 2 is labeled 'AUX'. A callout box points to port 1 with the text 'cPacket Networks cVu 320G'. To the right of the grid is a navigation bar with icons for up, down, left, right, and a red 'X'. At the bottom of the interface, there is a table with two rows of data.

	Max: (bps)	(pps)
mac_00_03: 001924001003	345.96	101,256,079
mac_00_04: 001924001004	345.96	101,256,079
mac_00_05: 001924001005		
mac_00_06: 001924001006		
mac_00_07: 001924001007		
mac_00_08: 001924001008		
mac_00_09: 001924001009		

Available from cPacket



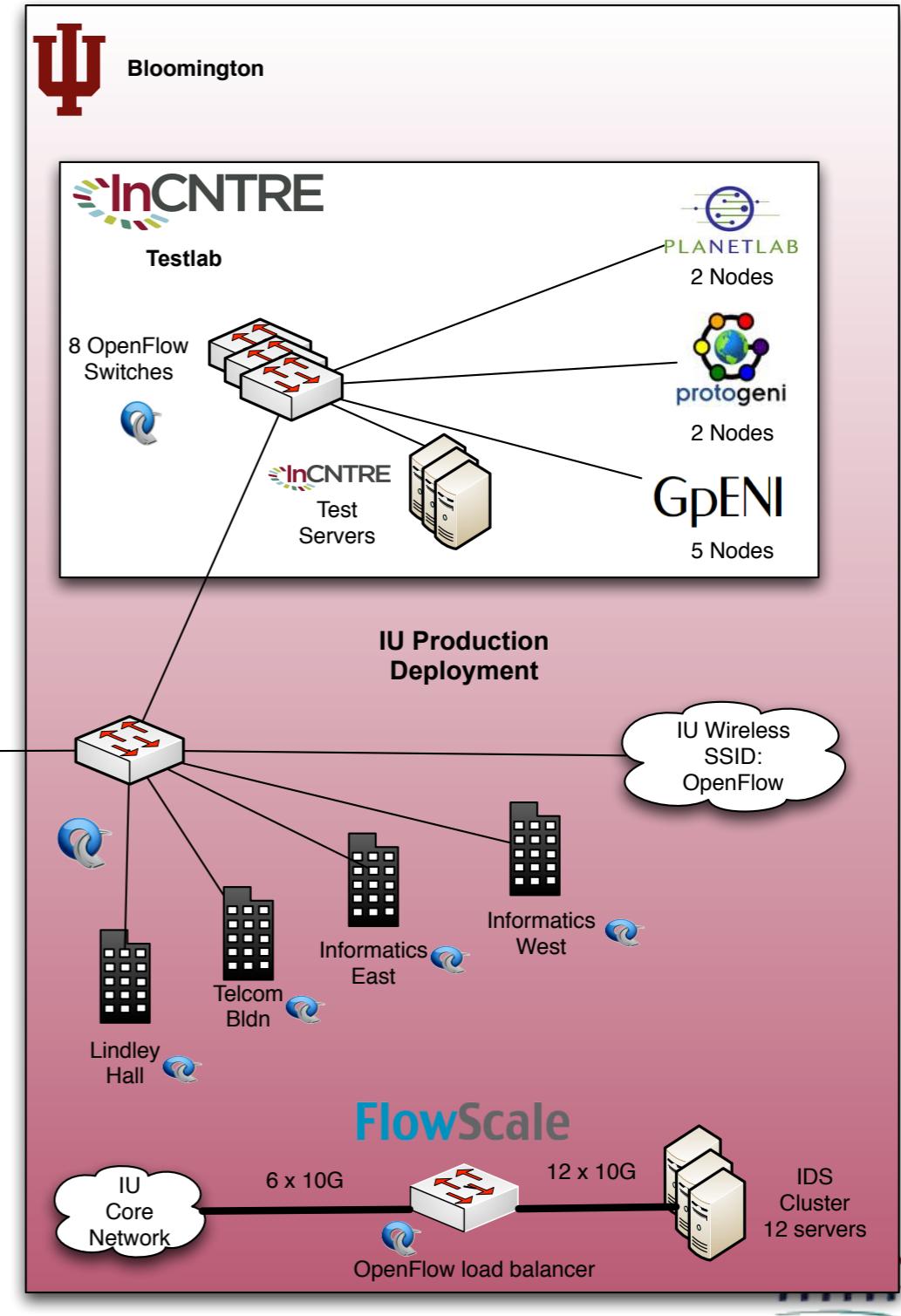
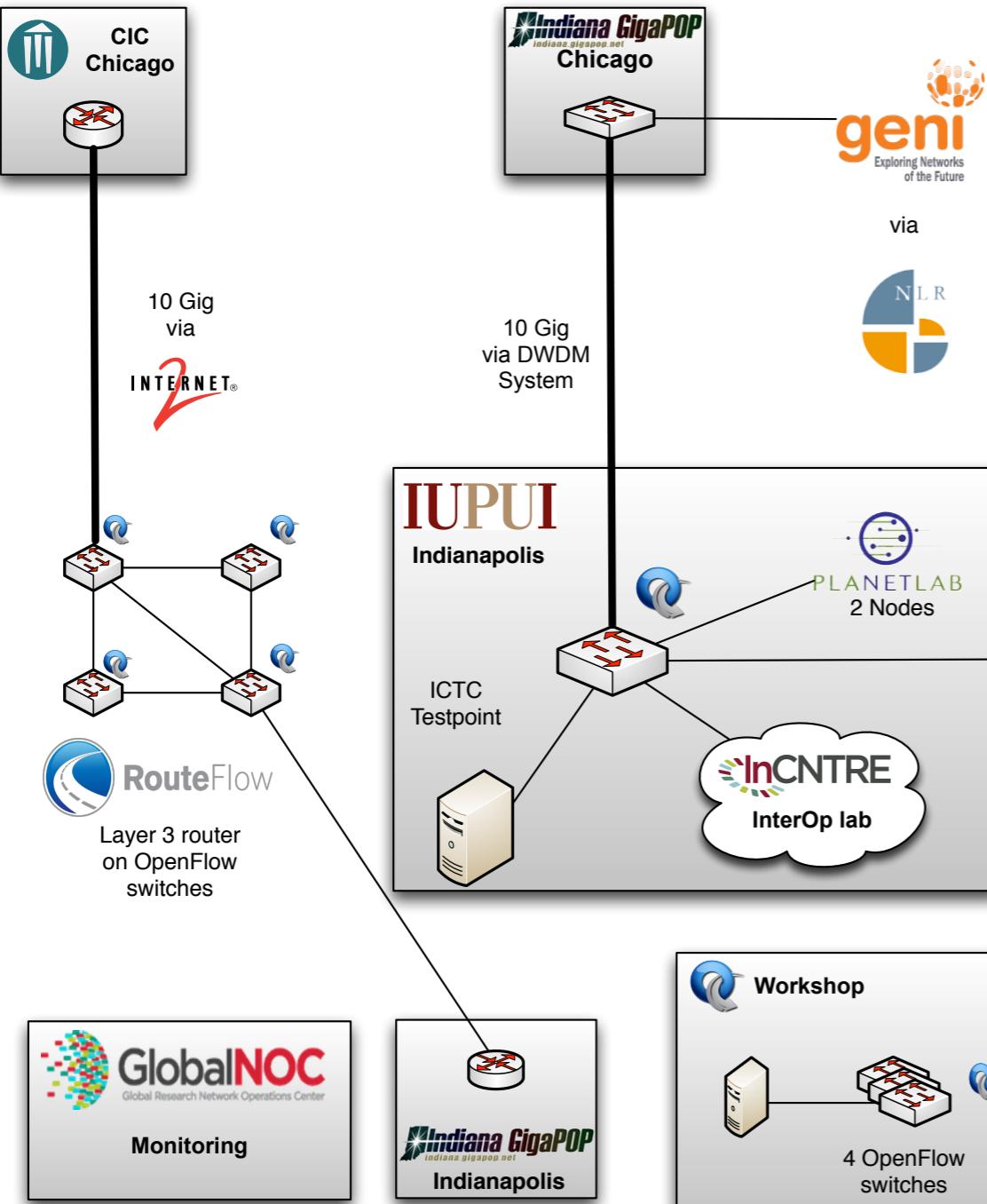
INTERNATIONAL  
COMPUTER SCIENCE  
INSTITUTE

	Other ↓	Min: (pps)	Mean: (pps)	StdDev: (pps)	Max: (pps)
defmac: 0000ffff		0	0.28	0.71	3,000.00

# Indiana University

## Indiana University OpenFlow Deployment

v.1.0

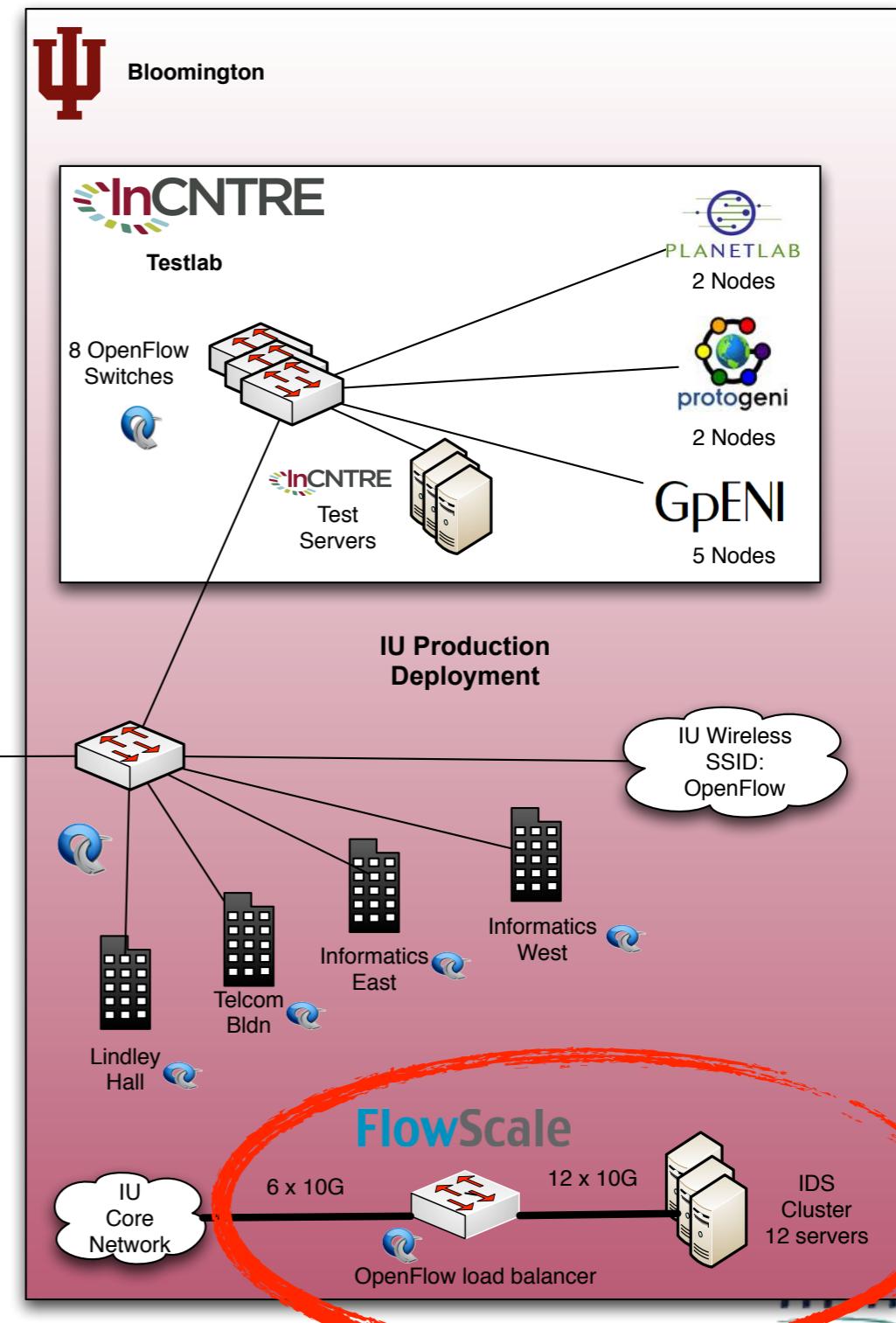
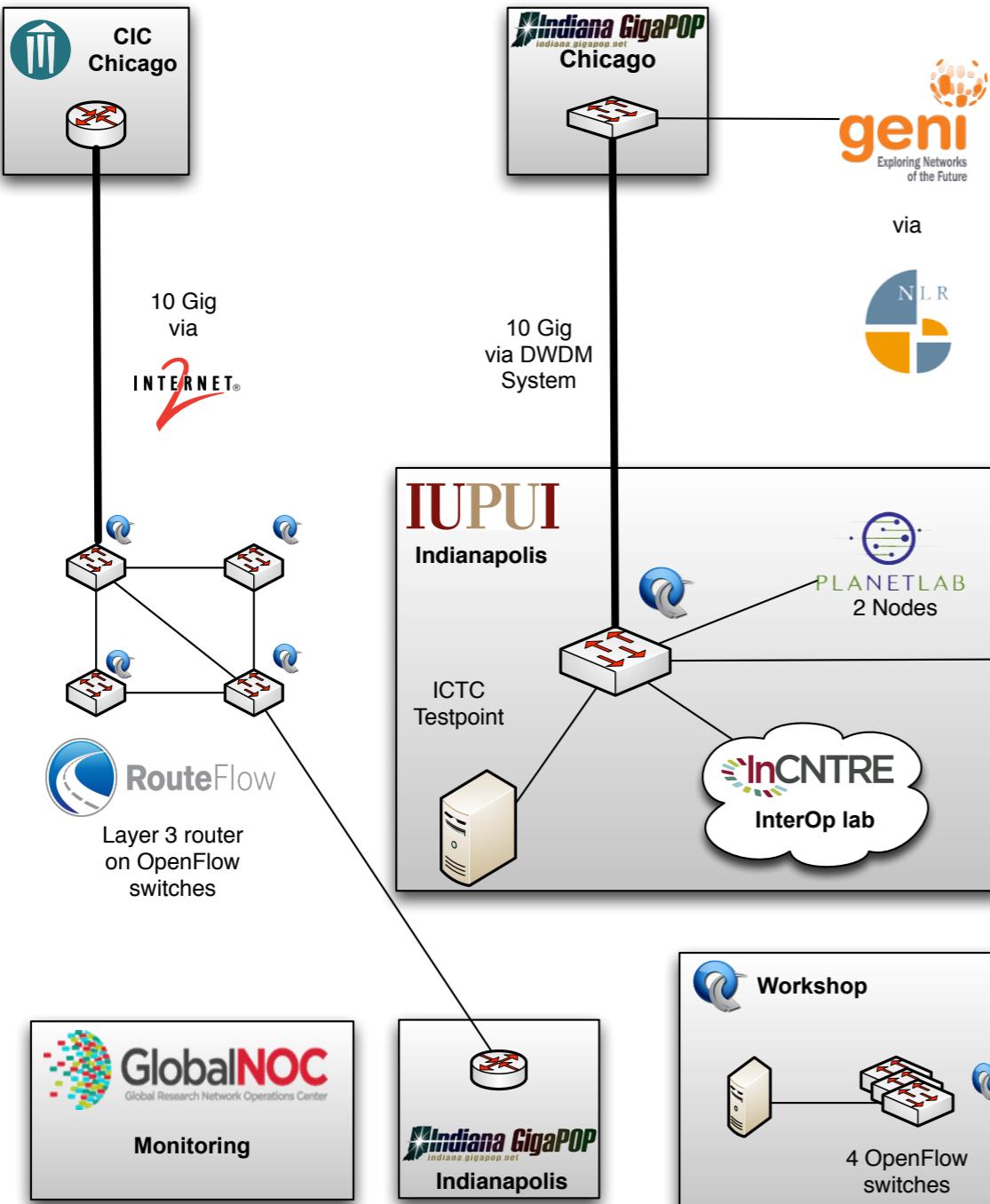


Source: Indiana University

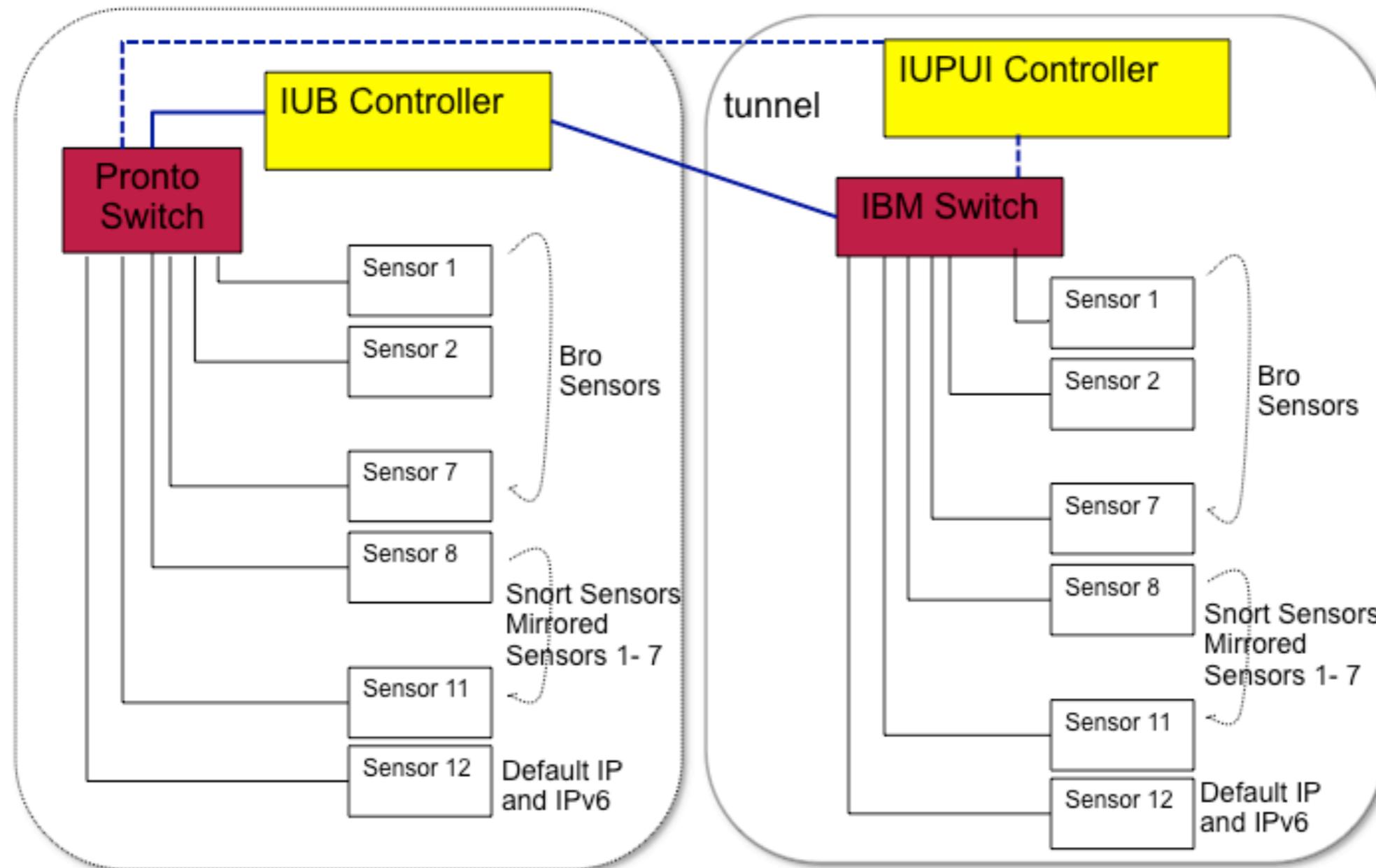


# Indiana University

## Indiana University OpenFlow Deployment v.1.0



# Open-Flow Cluster at Indiana University



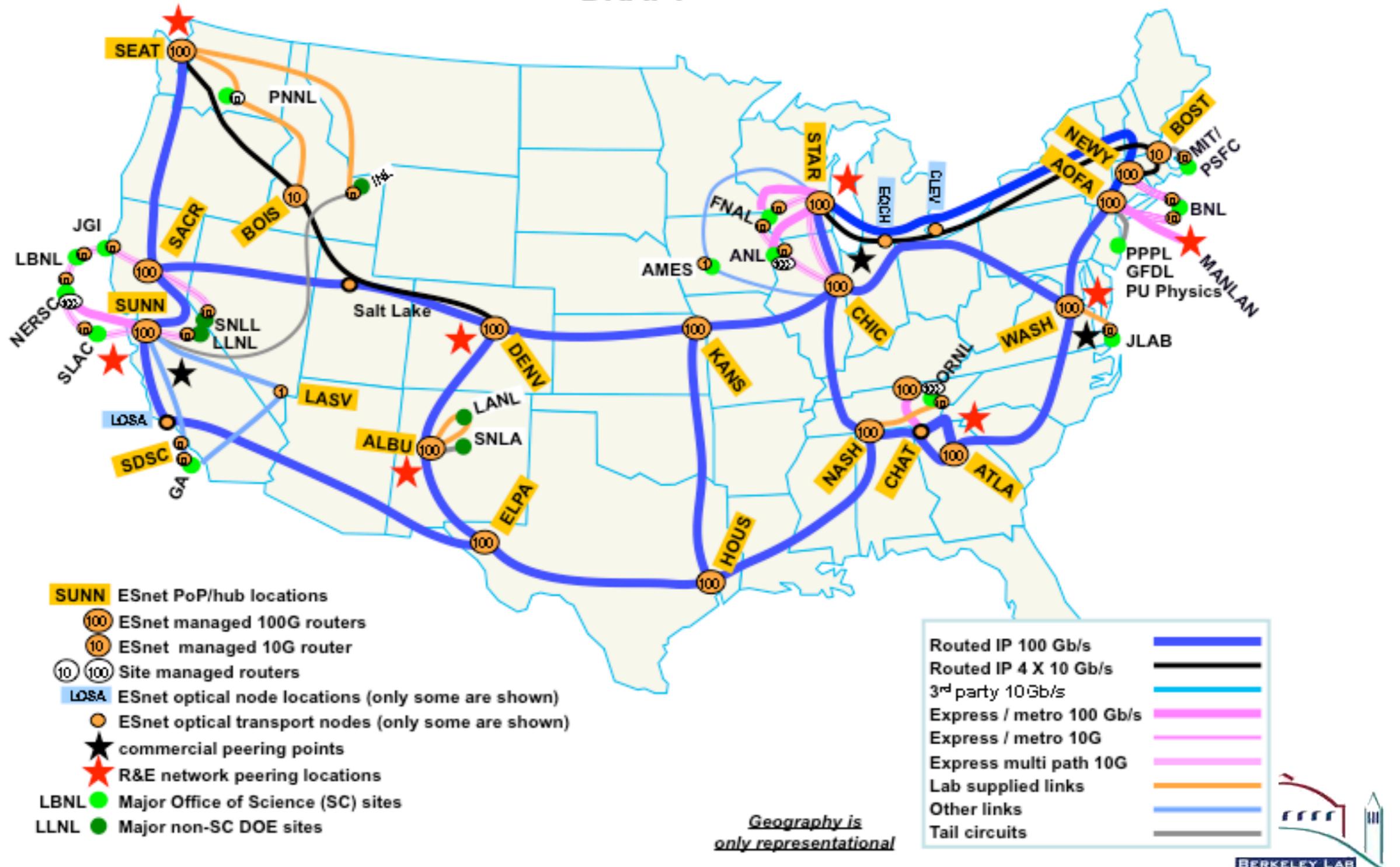
Source: Indiana University

# Next Stop: 100 Gb/s



# Production Backbone in Planning

ESnet5 Routed Network November 2012  
DRAFT



# 100 Gb/s Load-balancer

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# 100 Gb/s Load-balancer



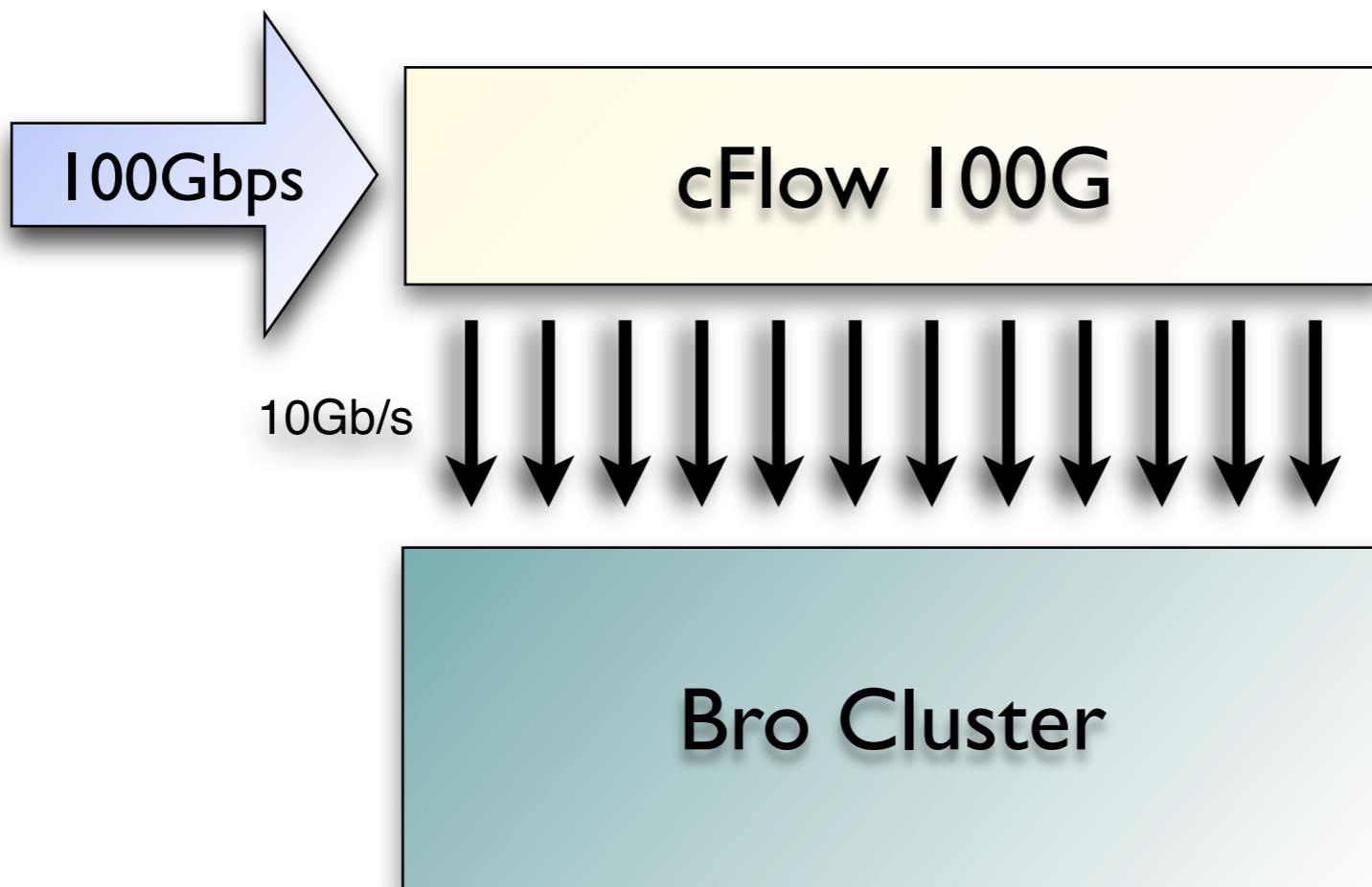
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

Office of  
Science

cpacket™  
NETWORKS

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101CS101  
10100101  
INTERNATIONAL  
COMPUTER SCIENCE  
INSTITUTE

**NERSC**



# 100 Gb/s Load-balancer



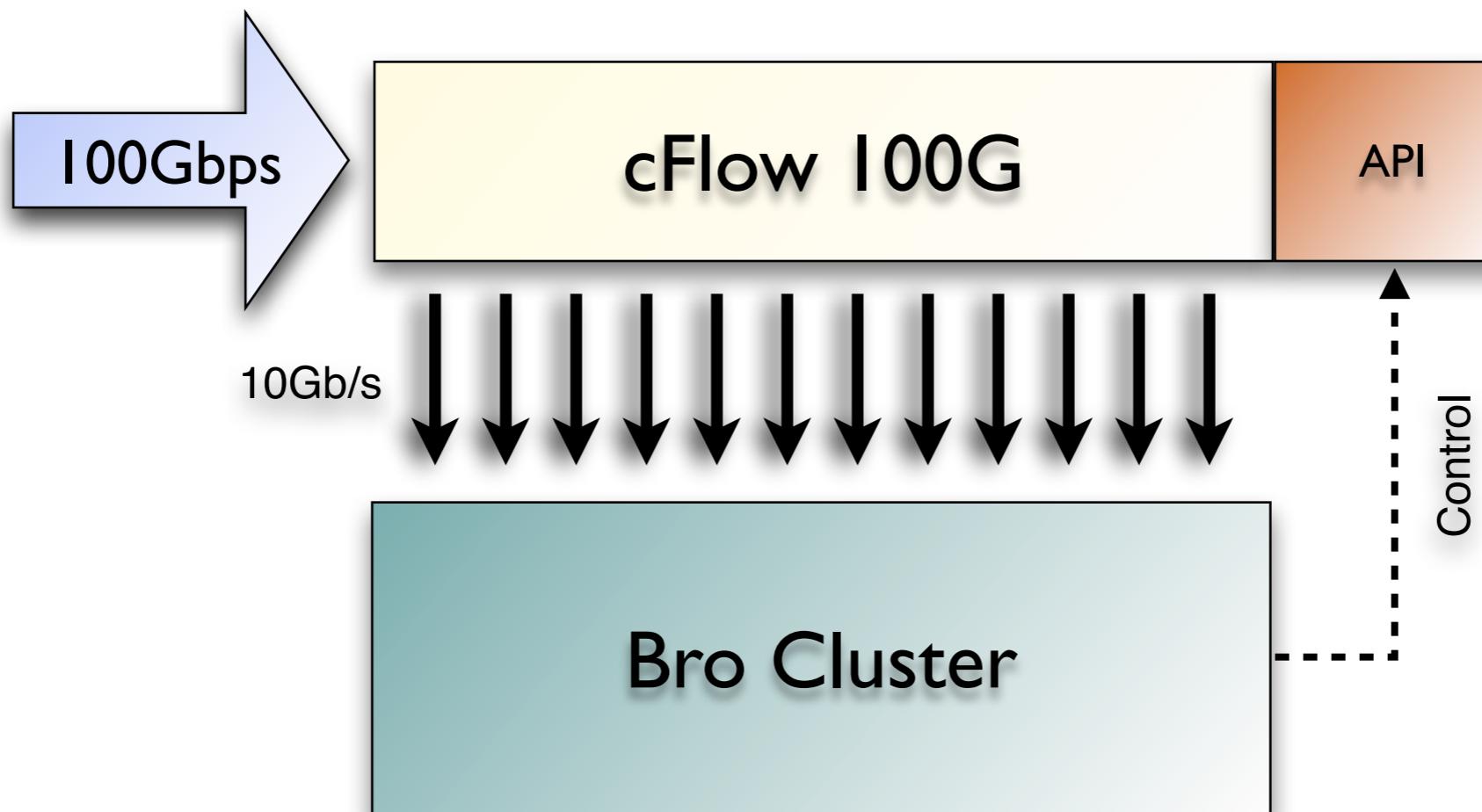
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# Going Multi-Core

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## Bro is single-threaded

Backends have multiple cores, which are mostly idling.  
Work-around: “Cluster in a box”

# Going Multi-Core

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## We *really* want multi-threading.

Must scale well with increasing numbers of cores.  
Must be transparent to the operator.

# Going Multi-Core

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## Bro is single-threaded

Backends have multiple cores, which are mostly idling.  
Work-around: “Cluster in a box”

## We *really* want multi-threading.

Must scale well with increasing numbers of cores.  
Must be transparent to the operator.

## For some IDS, that's not so hard.

For others, it is ...

# Research: Multi-Threaded DPI

---

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Traffic is “almost” embarrassingly parallel.  
Most activity is independent.

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Analysis can be structured around *units*.  
Simulations predict excellent scalability.

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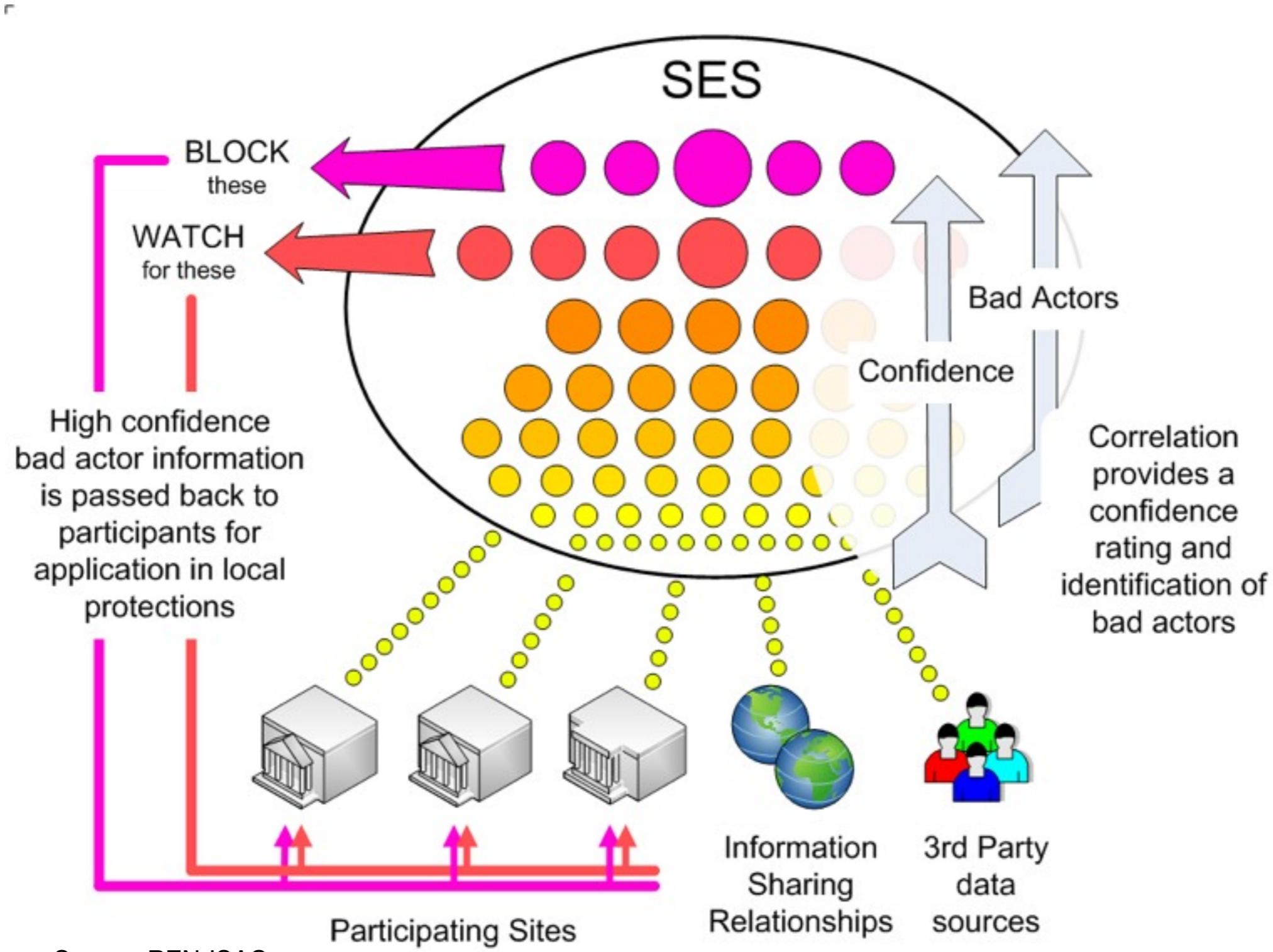
Incorporate architecture-level properties.  
Memory hierarchy, non-standard CPUs / bus systems.

# *Working Together*

# Collective Intelligence

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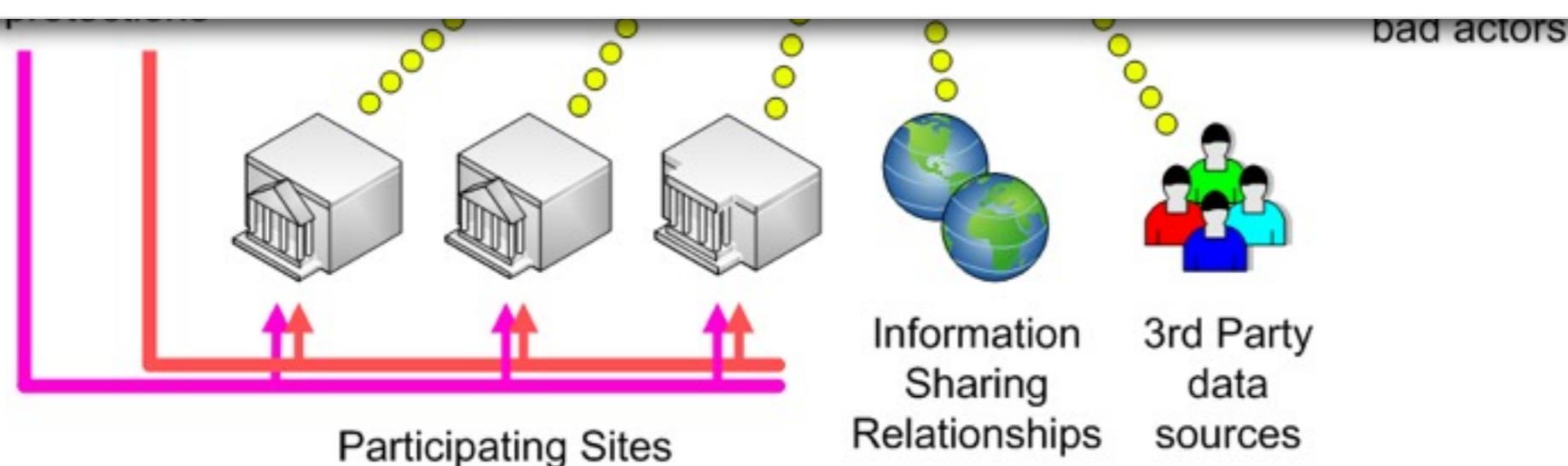
# REN-ISAC's Security Event System



# REN-ISAC's Security Event System

## Example: Basic blacklist

IP	Reason	Timestamp
66.249.66.1	Connected to honeypot	1333252748
208.67.222.222	Too many DNS requests	1330235733
192.150.186.11	Sent spam	1333145108



Source: REN-ISAC



# How to Leverage Intelligence?

---

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*IDS State*

	Network State	Configuration
Volume	High	Low
Update frequency	High	Static
Examples	<i>Connection State</i>	<i>IDS rules</i>

# How to Leverage Intelligence?

## *IDS State*

	Network State	Intelligence	Configuration
Volume	High	Low/Medium	Low
Update frequency	High	Low/Medium	Static
Examples	<i>Connection State</i>	<i>Blacklists, Network Configuration</i>	<i>IDS rules</i>

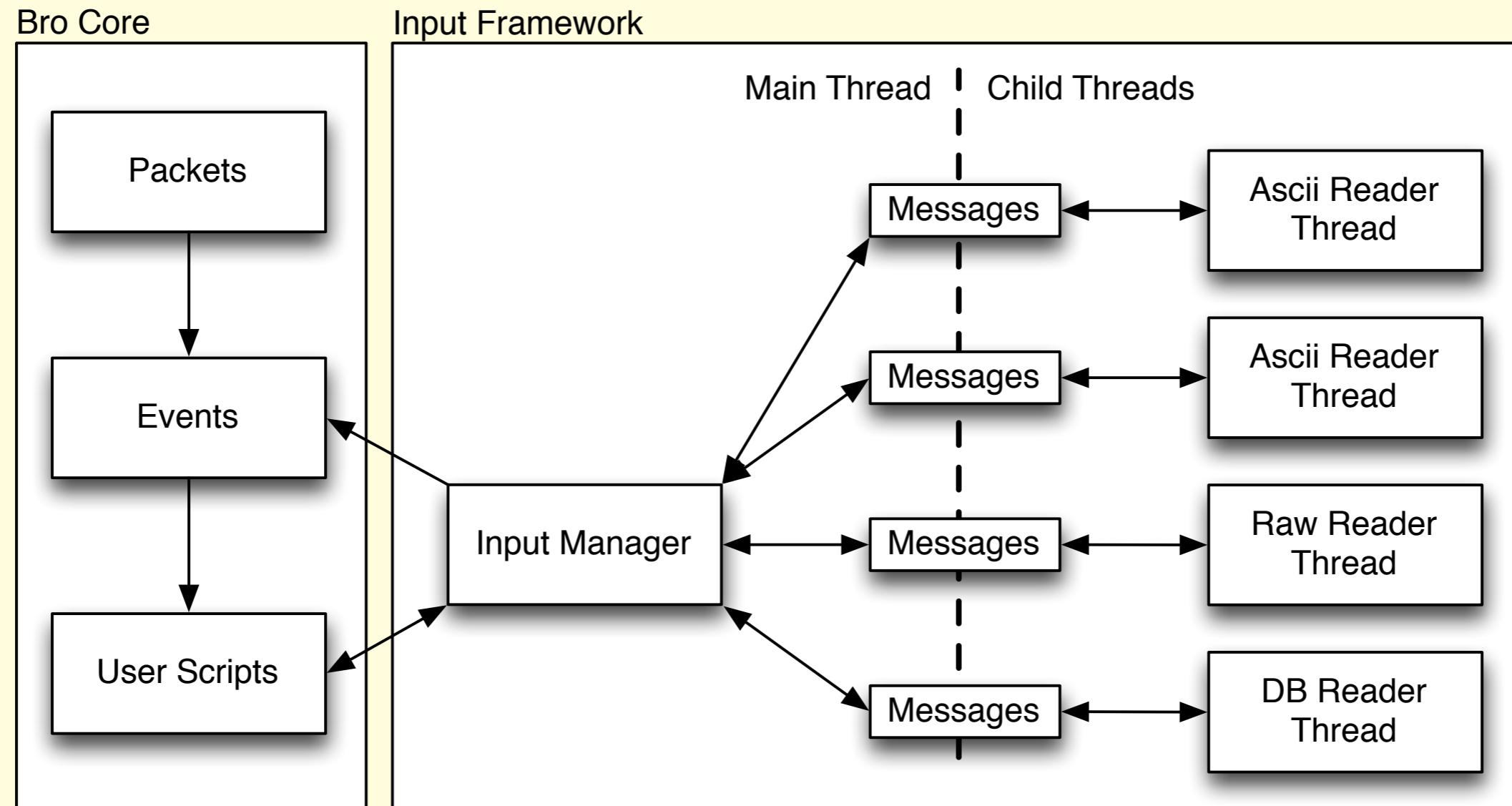
# Getting Intelligence Into Bro



Bernhard Amann, Robin Sommer, Aashish Sharma, Seth Hall  
**A Lone Wolf No More: Supporting Network Intrusion Detection with Real-Time Intelligence**  
*Proc. Symposium on Research in Attacks, Intrusions and Defenses (RAID), September 2012*



# Getting Intelligence Into Bro



# Getting Intelligence Out of Bro

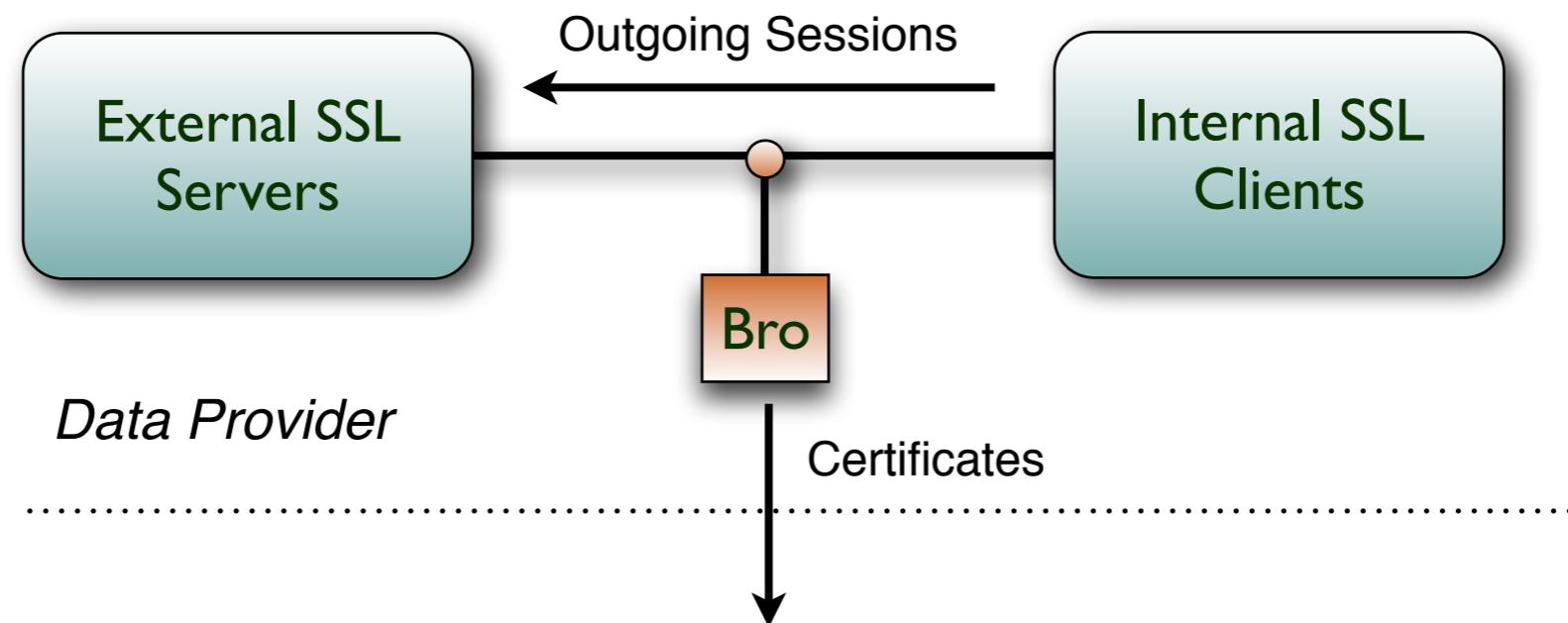
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SSL Notary: Independent Perspective on Certificates



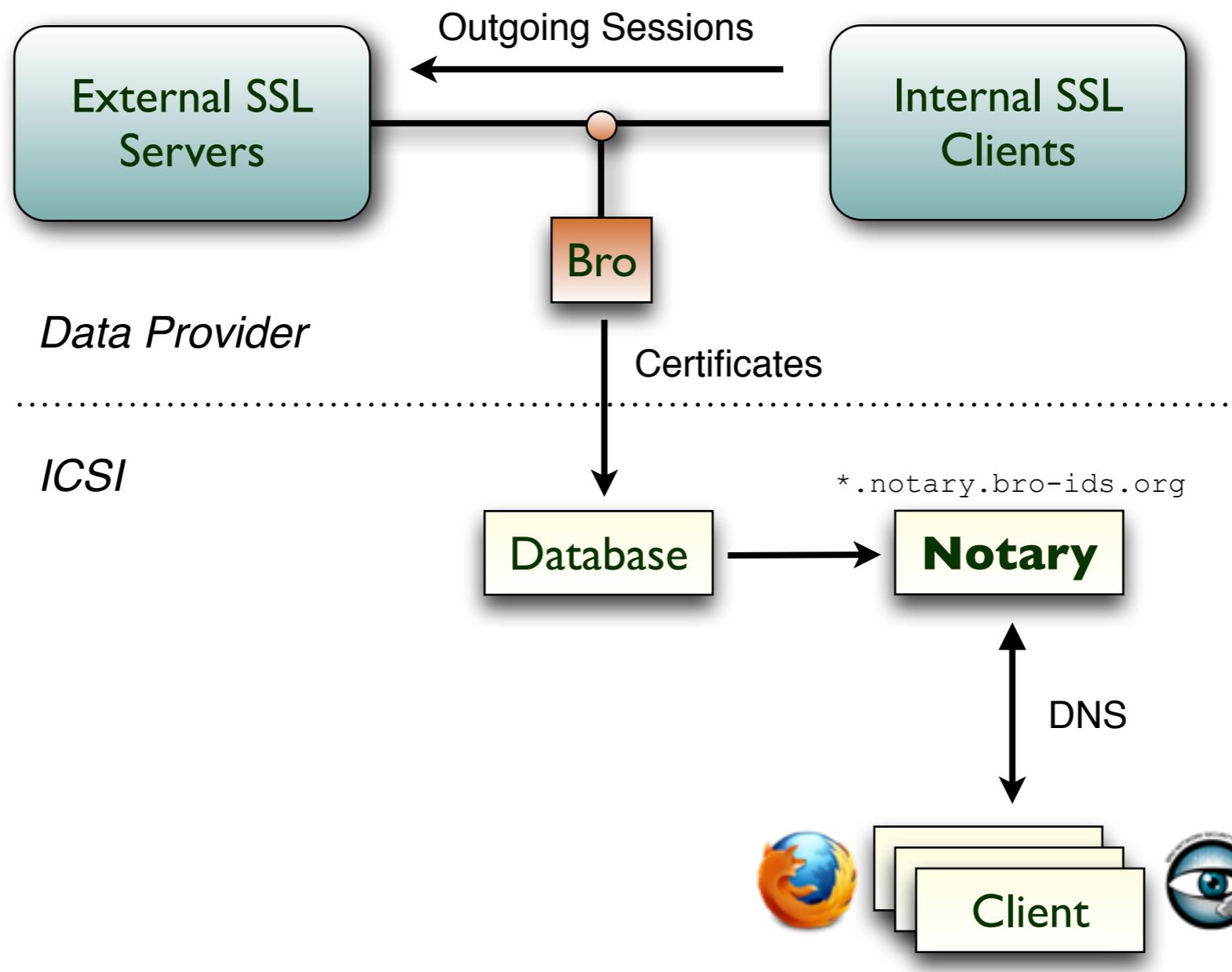
# Getting Intelligence Out of Bro

## SSL Notary: Independent Perspective on Certificates



# Getting Intelligence Out of Bro

## SSL Notary: Independent Perspective on Certificates



# Notary: Data Providers

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# Notary: Data Providers

Site	Users	Certificates Total	Certificates Notary	Sessions	Duration (days)
University 1	60000	17.6M	222K	2.8B	162
University 2	50000	328K	185K	2.4B	170
University 3	3000	13K	9K	13M	138
University 4	90000	19K	17K	13M	3
Research Lab 1	250	155K	22K	40M	191
Research Lab 2	4000	93K	64K	420M	170
Government Network	50000	92K	90K	250M	151
<b>Total (unique)</b>	<b>257250</b>	<b>18M</b>	<b>340K</b>	<b>5.6B</b>	

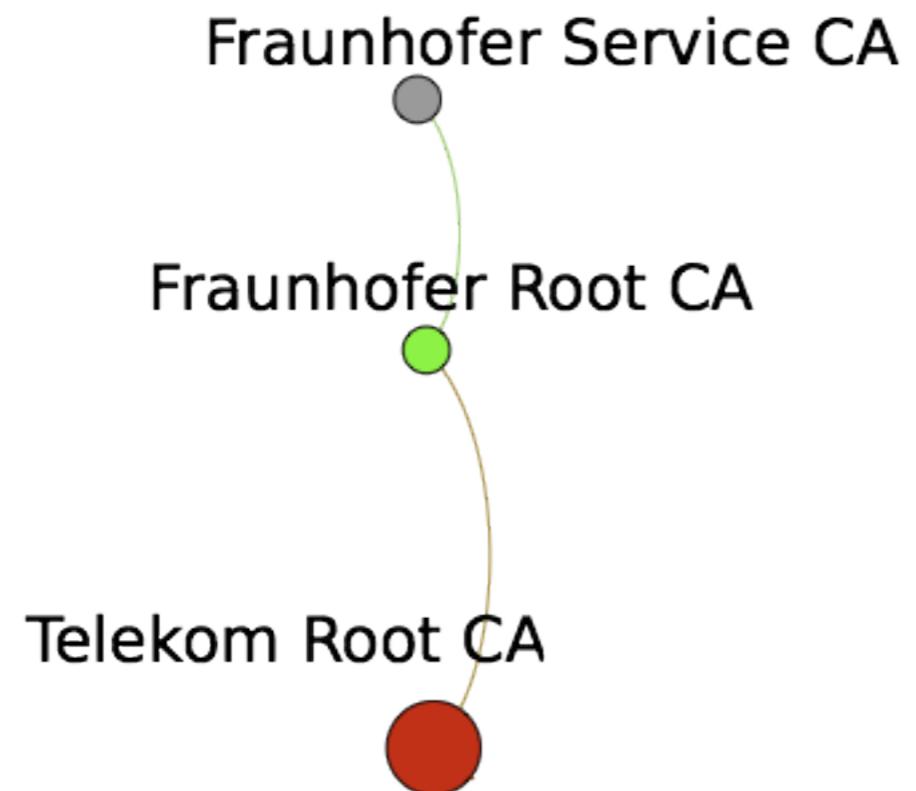
September, 2012

# Notary: Data Providers

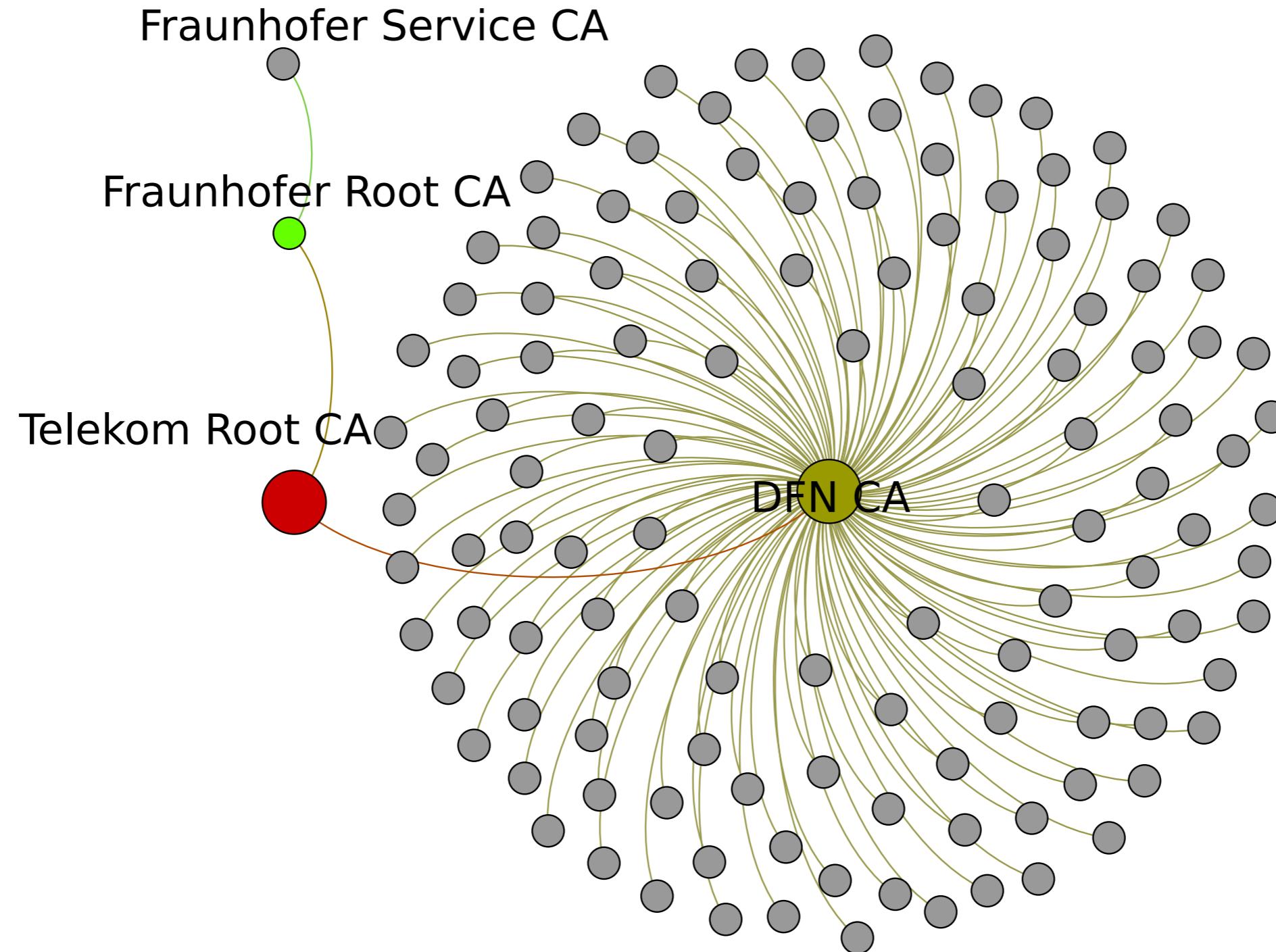
Site	Users	Certificates Total	Certificates Notary	Sessions	Duration (days)
University	<b>Collected Features</b>				2.8B 162
University	Server Certificate			2.4B	170
University	Available ciphers				
University	Client SSL Extensions			13M	138
University	Server SSL Extensions			13M	3
Research Lab	Hash(Client, Server)				
Research Lab	Hash(Client, SNI)			40M	191
Government Network	Hash(Client Session ID)			420M	170
Government Network	Hash(Server Session ID)				
<b>Total (unique)</b>	Selected Cipher			250M	151
	Server Name Indication				
	Ticket Lifetime Hint				
	Timestamp				
	SSL Protocol Version			5.6B	

# Using it for Measurements, too ...

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# Using it for Measurements, too ...



# Summary

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New Attack Trends.

Underground economy; targetted attacks.

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From research to operations.

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Collective Intelligence.

Sharing information in real-time.

# Thanks for your attention.

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